

Code Documentation

This document is created to give a general overview of the code for the means of reviewing and tracking progress as well as for training purposes.

Important! Read the introductions to every section very carefully because the trees usually represent different things in different sections.

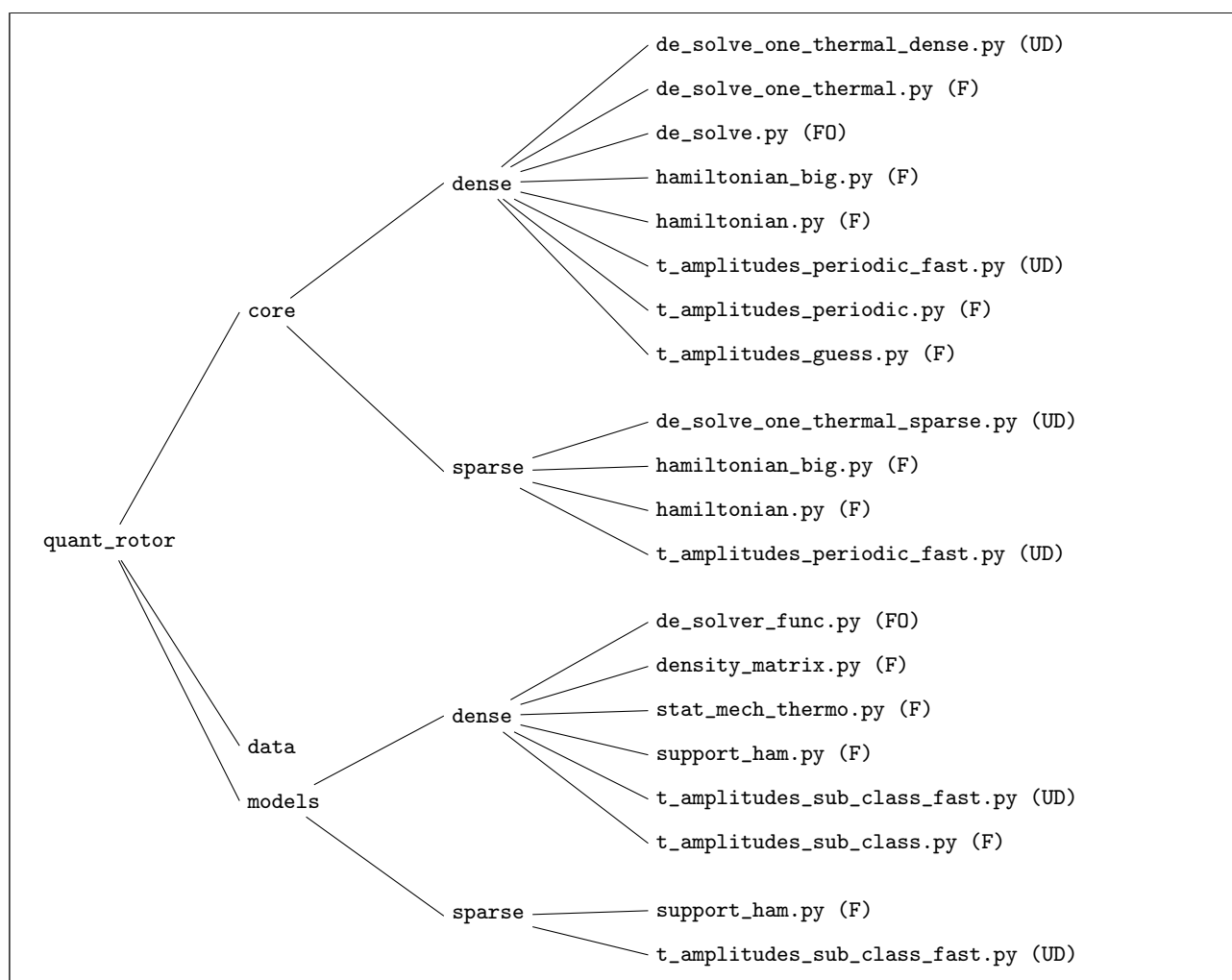
The GitHub repository contains more files that could be useful, but this document would only talk about the "quant_rotor" library. The files in a discarded folder are either completed projects or discarded ideas; files that are in the main folder are usually files with the work in progress.

Library File Structure and Breakdown

This section will provide a general overview for the library structure as well as a small note on every file and a reference to more material about those files.

The library is broken down into three main folders:

- "core" contains the main files that are to be run or imported. They have the most high-level functions.
- "data" was designed to hold any input or output of the code it is not in use at the moment.
- "models" holds all supporting files and code which are used by "core".



Looking more specifically at the files They are marked with letters in parentheses as such:

UD - for under development

F - finished file

FO - finished files gotten from external sources

Additionally "core" and "models" are separated on two sub-folders which generally contain the same files but optimized for sparse or dense matrix handling.(consult Wikipedia for sparse matrices and sparse in python Scipy)

File descriptions

This section provides a short description of relevant files and their interactions.

Additionally, this section will present the description of the functions and function structure as well as notes on the ways to test them.

1 "Models" files description

This section describes files in "models". Take note of "..." they are usually hyperlinks to the omitted parts.

1.1 Supporting functions for constructing the hamiltonian: "support_ham.py (dense)"

Approach to constructing one site and two sites operators and potential and kinetic hamiltonian operators. (consult Configurational Coupled Cluster document Sections 1 & 2)

1.1.1 File and Function structure

The first tree shows the file structure and right after the associated function structure. The files which are on the same level with functions mean that you can find those function in the associated files.

File structure of dense support_ham:

Doesn't use any imported files.

Function structure of dense support_ham:

```
graph LR
    write_matrix_elements --- free_one_body
    write_matrix_elements --- interaction_two_body_coplanar
    basis_m_to_p_matrix_conversion --- create_inverse_index_map
    create_inverse_index_map --- m_to_p
    H_kinetic
    H_potential
```

File structure of sparse support_ham:

Doesn't use any imported files.

Function structure of sparse support_ham:

```
graph LR
    build_V_prime_in_p --- vector_in_p
    vector_in_p --- m_to_p
    build_V_in_p --- vector_in_p
    vector_in_p --- m_to_p
    H_kinetic_sparse
    H_potential_sparse
```

1.1.2 Testing procedures

This section will talk about how to test each of the functions. Ideally for the simplicity and speed one would test the functions with the previous iteration of the function but in absence of that option there are tests that can be done to ensure the correctness.

Dense support_ham:

build_V_prime_in_p: —fill—
—fill—

build_V_in_p: —fill—
—fill—

H_kinetic_sparse: —fill—
—fill—

H_potential_sparse: —fill—
—fill—

1.2 Density matrix calculation: "density_matrix.py" (dense)

Approach to constructing one site and two sites reduced density matrices (RDM). (consult Configurational Coupled Cluster document Section 9)

1.2.1 File and Function structure

The first tree shows the file structure and right after the associated function structure. The files which are on the same level with functions mean that you can find those function in the associated files.

File structure of dense density_matrix:

```
...density_matrix
└── support_ham
```

Function tructure of dense density_matrix:

```
└── density_matrix_1
    ├── density_matrix_2
    └── dencity_energy
        ├── write_matrix_elements
        │   └── ...
        ├── basis_m_to_p_matrix_conversion
        │   └── ...
        ├── density_matrix_1
        └── density_matrix_1
```

1.2.2 Testing procedures

This section will talk about how to test each of the functions. Ideally for the simplicity and speed one would test the functions with the previous iteration of the function but in absence of that option there are tests that can be done to ensure the correctness.

Dense density_matrix:

write_matrix_elements: ...

basis_m_to_p_matrix_conversion: ...

density_matrix_1: —fill—
—fill—

density_matrix_2: —fill—
—fill—

density_energy: —fill—
—fill—

1.3 Defining dense operator for Coupled Cluster: "t_amplitudes_sub_class.py" & "t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast.py" (dense and sparse)

These files construct CCC operators which are used in the iterative scheme. (consult Configurational Coupled Cluster document Sections 3, 5, 6 and 7) The files are the updated and optimized versions of each other in the order of newer to older: "t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast" (sparse) -> "t_amplitudes_periodic_fast" (dense) -> "t_amplitudes_sub_class".

The file and function structure as well as the ways to test them are universal between files t_amplitudes_sub_class.py & t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast.py (dense and sparse).

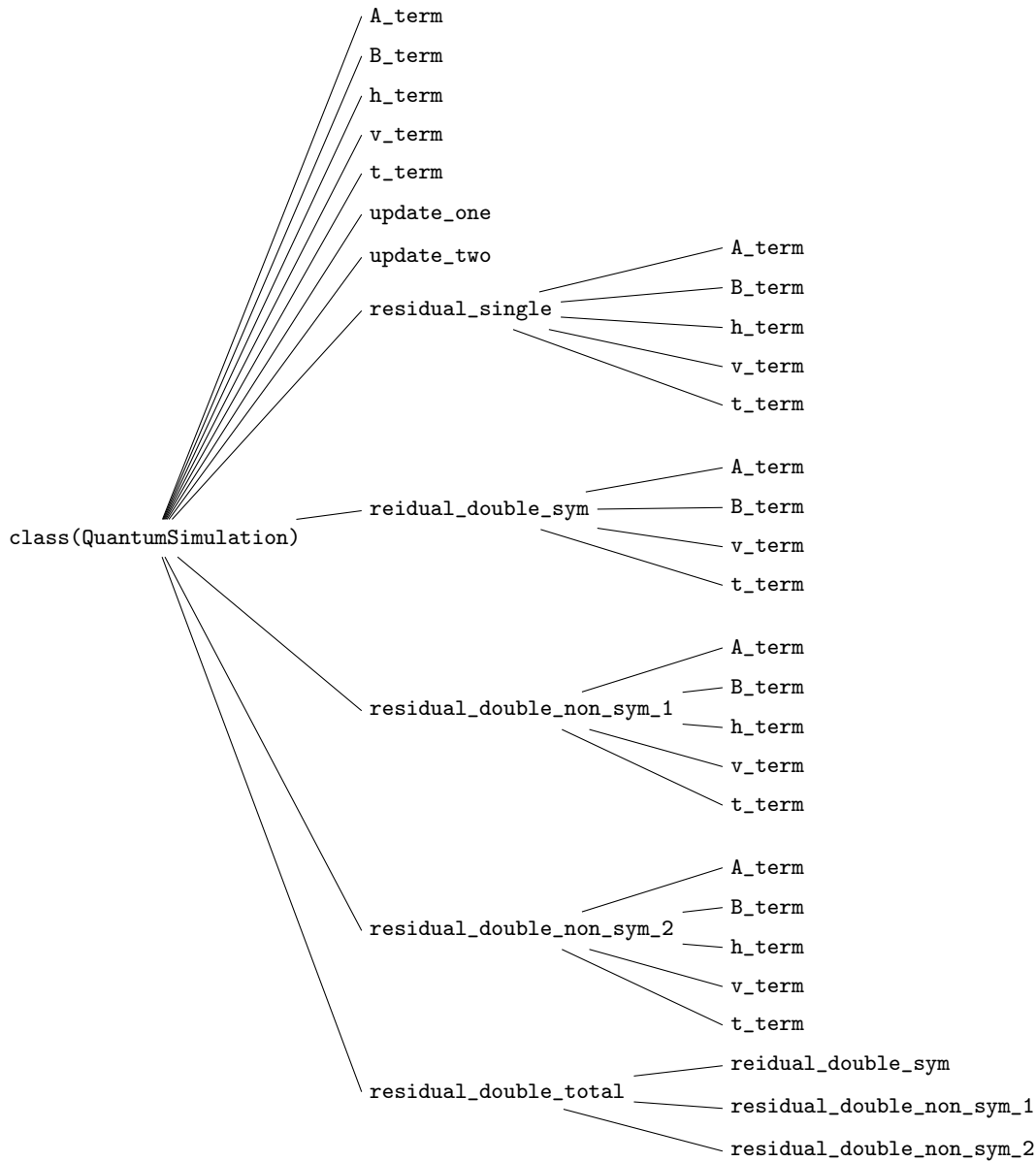
1.3.1 File and Function structure

The first tree shows the file structure and right after the associated function structure. The files which are on the same level with functions mean that you can find those functions in the associated files.

File structure of dense t_amplitudes_sub_class.py & t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast.py (dense and sparse):

Doesn't use any imported files.

Function structure of dense t_amplitudes_sub_class.py & t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast.py (dense and sparse):



1.3.2 Testing procedures

This section will talk about how to test each of the functions. Ideally for the simplicity and speed one would test the functions with the previous iteration of the function but in absence of that option there are tests that can be done to ensure the correctness.

Dense `t_amplitudes_sub_class.py` & `t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast.py` (dense and sparse):

A_term: —fill—
—fill—

B_term: —fill—
—fill—

h_term: —fill—
—fill—

v_term: —fill—
—fill—

t_term: —fill—
—fill—

update_one: —fill—

—fill—

update_two: —fill—

—fill—

residual_single: —fill—

—fill—

reidual_double_sym: —fill—

—fill—

residual_double_non_sym_1: —fill—

—fill—

residual_double_non_sym_2: —fill—

—fill—

2 "Core" files description

This section describes files in "core". Take note of "..." they are usually hyperlinks to the omitted parts.

2.1 Classic approach of constructing a Hamiltonian: "hamiltonian" (dense), & "hamiltonian" (sparse)

Classical approach to constructing a Hamiltonian. (consult Configurational Coupled Cluster document Section 1 and 2)

The files are updated and optimized versions of each other in the order of newer to older: "hamiltonian" (sparse) -> "hamiltonian" (dense).

2.1.1 File and Function structure

The for the files the first tree shows the file structure and right after the associated function structure. The files which are on the same level with functions mean that you can find those function in the associated files.

File tructure of dense hamiltonian:

```
...hamiltonian
└─ quant_rotor.models.dense.support_ham
```

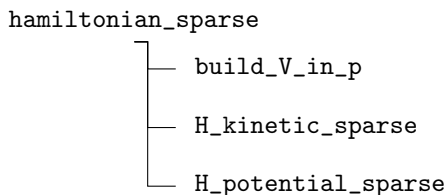
Function tructure of dense hamiltonian:

```
hamiltonian_dense
├─ write_matrix_elements
├─ basis_m_to_p_matrix_conversion
├─ H_kinetic
└─ H_potential
```

File structure of sparse hamiltonian:

```
...hamiltonian
└─ quant_rotor.models.sparse.support_ham
```

Function structure of sparse hamiltonian:



2.1.2 Testing procedures

This section will talk about how to test each of the functions. Ideally for the simplicity and speed one would test the functions with the previous iteration of the function but in absence of that option there are tests that can be done to ensure the correctness.

Dense hamiltonian:

`write_matrix_elements:` ...

`basis_m_to_p_matrix_conversion:` ...

`H_kinetic:` ...

`H_potential:` ...

`hamiltonian_dense:` —fill—
—fill—

Sparse hamiltonian:

`build_V_in_p:` ...

`H_kinetic_sparse:` ...

`H_potential_sparse:` ...

`hamiltonian_sparse:` —fill—
—fill—

2.2 Natural Orbitals Approximation: "hamiltonian_big.py" (dense) & "hamiltonian_big.py" (sparse)

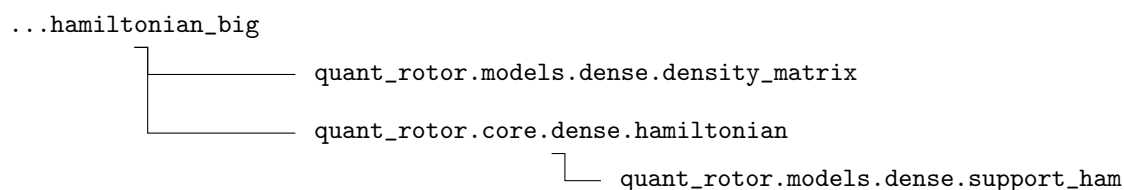
Approach to constructing a hamiltonian by approximation through reduced density matrices. (consult Configurational Coupled Cluster document Section 9)

The files are updated and optimized versions of each other in the order of newer to older: "hamiltonian_big" (sparse) -> "hamiltonian_big" (dense).

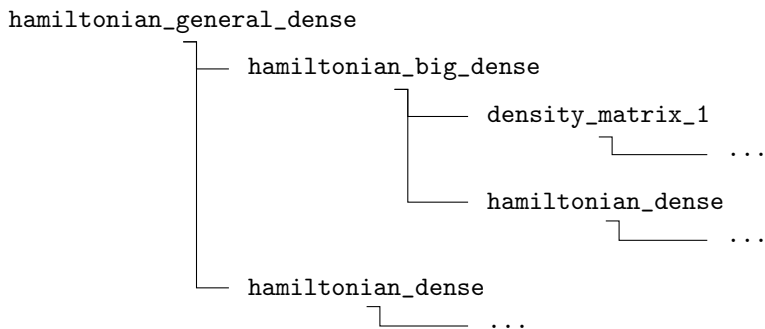
2.2.1 File and Function structure

The first tree shows the file structure and right after the associated function structure. The files which are on the same level with functions mean that you can find those function in the associated files.

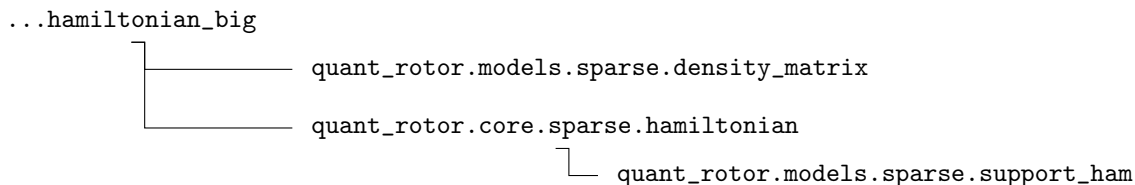
File structure of dense hamiltonian_big:



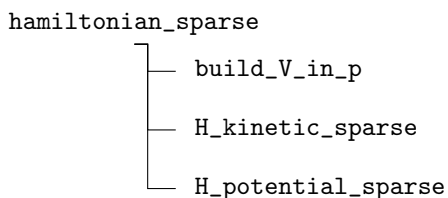
Function tructure of dense hamiltonian_big:



File structure of sparse hamiltonian_big:



Function structure of sparse hamiltonian_big:

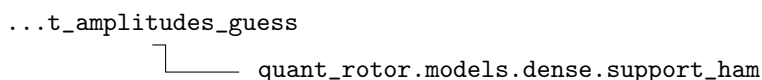


2.3 Iterative procedure to solve for residuals: "t_amplitudes_periodic_fast" (dense and sparse) & "t_amplitudes_periodic" & "t_amplitudes_guess"

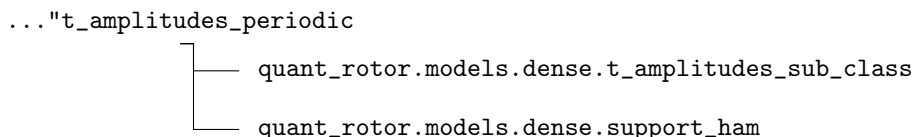
These files provide iterative approach to CCC.(consult Configurational Coupled Cluster document Sections 3, 5, 6 and 7) The files are the updated and optimized versions of each other in the order of newer to older: "t_amplitudes_periodic_fast" (sparse)-> "t_amplitudes_periodic_fast" (dense)-> "t_amplitudes_periodic".

The "t_amplitudes_guess" file is used to make a prediction which than later be given to the iterative solver. Was introduce in attempt to medigate the problem of bit g. (consult Configurational Coupled Cluster document Section 8)

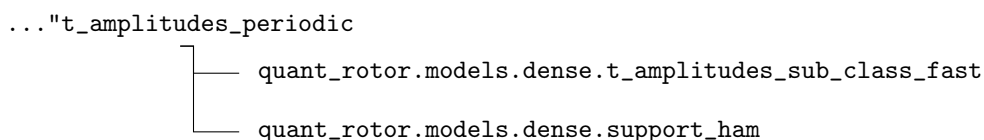
Structure of t_amplitudes_guess:



Structure of "t_amplitudes_periodic:



Structure of dense "t_amplitudes_periodic_fast:



Structure of sparse "t_amplitudes_periodic_fast:


```

... "t_amplitudes_periodic
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.sparse.t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.sparse.support_ham
    |

```

2.4 Time-dependent CCC approach: "de_solve_one_thermal_dense" & "de_solve_one_thermal" & "de_solve" & de_solve_one_thermal_sparse

This files provides a Runge Kutta method for solving a differential equation to find the first and second residuals by time probagation.(consult Configurational Coubled Cluster document Section 10) The files are updated and optimised versions of each other in the order of newer to older: "de_solve_one_thermal_sparse" -> "de_solve_one_thermal_dense" -> "de_solve_one_thermal" -> "de_solve".

Structure of de_solve_one_thermal & de_solve:

```

... de_solve_one_thermal_dense & de_solve
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.dense.de_solver_func
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.dense.t_amplitudes_sub_class
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.dense.support_ham
    |

```

Structure of de_solve_one_thermal_dense:

```

... de_solve_one_thermal_dense
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.dense.de_solver_func
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.dense.t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.sparse.support_ham
    |

```

Structure of de_solve_one_thermal_sparse:

```

... de_solve_one_thermal_sparse
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.dense.de_solver_func
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.sparse.t_amplitudes_sub_class_fast
    |
    | quant_rotor.models.sparse.support_ham
    |

```