# CVrefDB package vignette

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## 1 Introduction

Cross Validation (CV) of DNA barcodes reference databases (refDB) using blast.

The main aim of this package is to repeatedly blast sequences of a DNA barcode reference database against itself to evaluate the quality of the taxonomic assignments at various taxonomic levels and using different strategies.

There are two main functions:

- CV\_blastn(): This function will repeatedly extract a random sample of sequences from a DNA barcode reference database in fasta format, then blast these query sequences against the remainder of the database (k-fold cross-validation) or the whole database (leaked cross-validation) and return the output of the top blast hits with the true and predicted taxonomies and blastn statistics (bit score, identity,...).
- assign\_taxonomy(): This function will assign a taxonomy to sequences based on their top blastn hits. It can use different methods for the assignment based on the best bit score, the consensus score and it allows optionally to specify the minimum identity, length and E-value to take into consideration for each taxonomic level. The output contains a taxonomic assignment for each taxonomic level (species, genus, family,...) and identity and consensus scores that can be used to decide to dismiss untrustworthy assignments

# 2 Simple example

```
# load the packages necessary to run the examples
library(CVrefDB)
library(Biostrings) # from Bioconductor
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(pander) # just to print tables
```

### 2.1 Load a fasta reference database and its taxonomy

Retrieve an example reference database (fasta file) and its corresponding taxonomic information (in a separate tsv file) from the package data examples. This example contains ~1000 sequences for the ITS2 barcode of plants from the order "Rosales" restricted to a portion of the gene amplified by a given primer used in metabarcoding.

```
fasta_path <- system.file("extdata/ITS2_Rosales_Restricted.fasta",</pre>
                                                 package = "CVrefDB")
taxonomy_path <- system.file("extdata/ITS2_Rosales_Restricted.tsv",</pre>
                                                       package = "CVrefDB")
# Read the fasta and tsv files
fasta <- Biostrings::readDNAStringSet(fasta_path)</pre>
reftaxo <- read.table(taxonomy_path, sep = "\t", header = TRUE)</pre>
# inspect the content of these files :
fasta
#> DNAStringSet object of length 932:
#>
                width sea
#>
                   338 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGGTTACCCGCTGAATTTAA AB762287.1
                    163 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTTTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...GATGGGACGGATGATGGCCTCCCGTGTGCCCGGTCACGCGGTTG AB894161.1
#>
                    241\ TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...GTCCAAAAATCGATTCCCCCGTCACGTCGTCTTGGCAACAGGTA\ AF165415.1
#>
                    350 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGATTACCCGCTGAATTTAA AF223066.1
                    332 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGGTTACCCGCTGAATTTAA AF362711.1
#>
#>
#> [928]
                    337 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGGTTACCCGCTGAATTTAA MN905585.1
                     339 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGGTTACCCGCTGAATTTAA MN905594.1
      [929]
#>
     [930]
                    338 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGGTCACCCGCTGAATTTAA MN905578.1
#> [931]
                    336 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGGTTACCCGCTGAATTTAA MN905586.1
#> [932]
                    332 TGCAGAATCCCGTGAACCATCGAGTCTTTGAACGCAAGTTGCGCC...TTCAACGCGACCCCAGGTCAGGCGGGGTTACCCGCTGAATTTAA MW474729.1
head(reftaxo)
#> 1 KM037198.1
#> 2 KP858847.1
#> 3 KM037495.1
#> 4 KP858908.1
#> 5 KP858891.1
#> 6 KR086741.1
#>
#> 1
                                            k\_Viridiplantae;\ p\_Streptophyta;\ c\_Magnoliopsida;\ o\_Rosales;\ f\_Rosaceae;\ g\_Rubus;\ s\_cf.
#> 2
                    \verb|k__Viridip| lantae; p__Streptophyta; c__Magnoliopsida; o__Rosales; f__Urticaceae; g__Elatostema; s__balansae| lantae| lant
#> 3
                            k\_Viridiplantae; p\_Streptophyta; c\_Magnoliopsida; o\_Rosales; f\_Rosaceae; g\_Rubus; s\_perrobustus
\#>4 k__Viridiplantae; p__Streptophyta; c__Magnoliopsida; o__Rosales; f__Urticaceae; g__Poikilospermum; s__acuminatum
               k__Viridiplantae; p__Streptophyta; c__Magnoliopsida; o__Rosales; f__Urticaceae; q__Elatostema; s__hypoglaucum
                k\_Viridiplantae; \ p\_Streptophyta; \ c\_Magnoliopsida; \ o\_Rosales; \ f\_Cannabaceae; \ g\_Aphananthe; \ s\_cuspidata
```

#### 2.2 Cross-validation with blast

Proceed to the cross validation step with CV\_blastn: by default it is a 10-folds cross-validation retrieving for each query sequence the 15 top blast hits.

We examine then the output for one of the query sequences corresponding to Prunus pseudocerasus (column Species\_true). The best blast hit is Prunus avium (which is incorrect, see Column Species corresponding to the matching sequence) with an identity score of 99.69%, while the 7 next hits correspond to Prunus pseudocerasus (which is correct) with Identity scores ranging between 98.2% and 99.1%.

```
output_10FoldCV <- CV_blastn(fasta_db = fasta, taxo = reftaxo, seed = 12, verbose = FALSE)
dim(output_10FoldCV)
#> [1] 14062
# examine the results for one queried sequence
output 10FoldCV %>%
    # drop some columns so that the output fits and A4 page...
    select(-c(Label, Fold, E_value, Kingdom_true, Phylum_true, Class_true,
             Order_true, Family_true,
             Species_orig_true, Kingdom, Phylum, Class, Order, Family, Species_orig)) %>%
   filter(TaxID_query == "KF241102.1")
                                   Species_true TaxID_blast Bit_score Length Identity Genus
     TaxID_query Genus_true
                                                                                                         Species
     KF241102.1 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus FJ899097.1
KF241102.1 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241127.1
#> 1
                                                                 606
                                                                      332 99.699 Prunus
                                                                             99.094 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
#> 2
                                                                 595
                                                                       331
                                                                 590 331 98.792 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
#> 3
     KF241102.1 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241110.1
                                                                       331 98.792 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
      KF241102.1 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241130.1
                                                                 590
#> 4
#> 5
      KF241102.1
                    Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241119.1
                                                                  590
                                                                        331
                                                                              98.792 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
                 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241103.1
Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241103.1
                                                                             98.792 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
#> 6
      KF241102.1
                                                                  590
                                                                        331
     KF241102.1 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241125.1
                                                                 584
#> 7
                                                                        331 98.489 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
#> 8 KF241102.1 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241111.1
                                                                  584
                                                                        331 98.489 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
      KF241102.1 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KF241116.1
                                                                  579
                                                                        331 98.187 Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus
#> 9
                                                                                             Prunus cornuta
#> 10 KF241102.1
                                                                  556
                                                                        331
                    Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus GQ179666.1
                                                                              96.979 Prunus
                  Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus FJ606753.1
#> 11 KF241102.1
                                                                  553
                                                                        333
                                                                             96.697 Prunus
                                                                                                     Prunus sp.
                  Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KC862377.1
#> 12 KF241102.1
                                                                  551
                                                                        331 96.677 Prunus Prunus lusitanica
#> 13 KF241102.1
                  Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus FJ572043.1
                                                                       331 96.375 Prunus
                                                                                                  Prunus dulcis
                    Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus MN215998.1
                                                                 379
                                                                              87.390 Sorbus Sorbus tianschanica
#> 14 KF241102.1
                                                                        341
#> 15 KF241102.1
                    Prunus Prunus pseudocerasus KC896708.1
                                                              375
                                                                       338
                                                                              87.278 Rubus Rubus cochinchinensis
```

### 2.3 Assign taxonomy based on blast outputs

Then, we assign the taxonomy with assign\_taxonomy() which will use the previous results to assign the taxonomy to each query sequence with 4 different methods by default based on the Bit score and/or on the consensus score (% of hits among the top 10 by default agreeing on a given taxonomy). We look again at the output of the same query sequence.

```
assigned_long <-
assign_taxonomy(output_10FoldCV, taxo = reftaxo,
              Order = NA # Ignore the order level
assigned_long %>%
   filter(ID == "KF241102.1")
#> # A tibble: 12 x 10
   Method
             Tax level Level ID
                                                             Bit Length Ident Cons Taxon true
#>
     \langle chr \rangle
               < fct > < fct > < chr >
                                        <chr>
                                                            <dbl> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
               Family f KF241102.1 Rosaceae
                                                            606
                                                                   332 99.7 100 Rosaceae
#>
   1 TopHit
               Genus
                        g KF241102.1 Prunus
s KF241102.1 Prunus avium
f KF241102.1 Rosaceae
#>
   2 TopHit
                                                              606
                                                                    332 99.7 100
                                                                                   Prunus
#> 3 TopHit
                                                                   332 99.7 10
                                                             606
               Species
                                                                                   Prunus pseudocerasus
  4 TopHitPlus Family
                                                            606 332 99.7 100
                                                                                  Rosaceae
                                                            606
                                                                                   Prunus
#> 5 TopHitPlus Genus
                        g KF241102.1 Prunus
                                                                   332 99.7 100
   606
6 TopHitPlus Species s KF241102.1 Prunus avium 606
7 TopN Family f KF241102.1 Rosaceae 606
                                                                    332 99.7 10
                                                                                   Prunus pseudocerasus
               Family
Genus
#>
                                                                    332 99.7 100
                                                  606 332 99.7 100
606 332 99.7 100
                                                                                   Rosaceae
#> 8 TopN
                            KF241102.1 Prunus
                        9
                                                                                   Prunus
             Species s KF241102.1 Prunus pseudocerasus 595 331 99.1 80
#> 9 TopN
                                                                                  Prunus pseudocerasus
#> 10 TopNPlus Family f KF241102.1 Rosaceae 606 332 99.7 100
                                                                                   Rosaceae
               Genus
#> 11 TopNPlus
                        9
                              KF241102.1 Prunus
                                                              606
                                                                     332 99.7 100
                                                                                   Prunus
#> 12 TopNPlus
               Species s
                            KF241102.1 Prunus pseudocerasus 595
                                                                    331 99.1 88.9 Prunus pseudocerasus
```

This output table is sometimes easier to read when we have only one row for each query sequence and each method and that the various taxonomic levels are displayed in column. This can be done with the function pivot\_assign\_taxonomy() (based on tidyr::pivot\_wider()).

```
assigned_wide <- pivot_assign_taxonomy(assigned_long)</pre>
assigned_wide %>%
             select(!starts_with("f_")) %>%
              select(!matches("Bit|Length")) %>%
             filter(ID == "KF241102.1")
 #> # A tibble: 4 x 10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  s_laxon
<chr>
                                                    ID g_Taxon_true g_Taxon g_Ident g_Cons s_Taxon_true

<chr> <chr > <chr > <chr > <chr > <chr > <ch > <c
#> Method ID
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 s\_Ident\ s\_Cons
               \langle chr \rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       <dbl> <dbl>
#> 1 TopHit KF241102.1 Prunus
                                                                                                                                             Prunus
                                                                                                                                                                                 99.7 100 Prunus pseudocerasus Prunus avium
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            99.7 10

        Prunus
        99.7

        Prunus
        99.7

 #> 2 TopHitPlus KF241102.1 Prunus
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       100 Prunus pseudocerasus Prunus avium
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            99.7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   100 Prunus pseudocerasus Prunus pseudocerasus
#> 3 TopN KF241102.1 Prunus
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             99.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       80
 #> 4 TopNPlus KF241102.1 Prunus
                                                                                                                                                Prunus 99.7 100 Prunus pseudocerasus Prunus pseudocerasus 99.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       88.9
```

At the species level, the methods TopHit and TopHitPlus both select (wrongly) "Prunus avium" because they are based on the best blast hit (best Bit Score) while TopN and TopNPlus methods select "Prunus pseudocerasus" because they are mainly based on the consensus score (s\_Cons). With TopN, the species level consensus score is 70% because 7 out of the 10 best blast hits correspond to this species. For TopNplus, this consensus score is higher (87.5%) because this method will first filter out the hits which do not fulfill some criteria. For example, here the Identity score must be at least 97% for the species level identifications. As a consequence, the 9th and 10th best hits are discarded and the consensus score is 7/8.

### 2.4 Exploit the results

### 2.4.1 % of correct identifications at each taxonomic level and for each method

You can then explore the results in many different ways.

We can for example compute the % of correct identifications for each taxonomic level and each method (NB the missing assignments are not counted here as correct identification but this could be subject to discussion)

```
accuracy <-
assigned_long %>%
    mutate(CorrectID = Taxon == Taxon_true & !is.na(Taxon)) %>%
    group_by(Method, Tax_level) %>%
    summarize(CorrectID = sum(CorrectID)*100/n()) %>%
    arrange(Tax_level)
accuracy
#> # A tibble: 12 x 3
#> # Groups: Method [4]
                Tax_level CorrectID
#>
     Method
      <chr>
                 <fct>
#> 1 TopHit
                 Family
                               99.8
   2 TopHitPlus Family
#>
                                99.8
#>
   3 TopN
                 Family
                                98.2
                Family
   4 TopNPlus
#>
                                98.6
#> 5 TopHit
                 Genus
                                91.8
#>
   6 TopHitPlus Genus
                                91.8
   7 TopN
                 Genus
                                84.1
#> 8 TopNPlus
                 Genus
                               87.7
#> 9 TopHit
                               15.9
                Species
#> 10 TopHitPlus Species
                                16.8
#> 11 TopN
                 Species
                                13.3
#> 12 TopNPlus
               Species
# x11(width = 10/2.54, height = 5/2.54)
plot_accuracy <-</pre>
accuracy %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Tax_level, y = CorrectID, fill = Method)) +
    geom_col(position = position_dodge()) +
    coord_flip() +
    scale_fill_manual(values = (c("red4", "orangered", "orange", "gold"))) +
    xlab("") + ylab("% correct taxonomic assignment")+
    theme_bw(8)
plot_accuracy
```

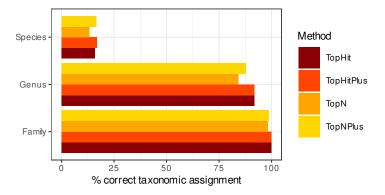


Figure 1:

#### 2.4.2 Relationship between % of correct assignments and Identity or Consensus score

We can explore also the relationship between the identity or consensus score with the proportion of correct identification (with a binomial GLM). This might be useful to determine thresholds under which the identification should not be trusted.

```
# x11(width = 17/2.54, height = 6.5/2.54)
plot_identity <-</pre>
assigned_long %>%
    mutate(CorrectID = Taxon == Taxon_true & !is.na(Taxon)) %>%
    filter(Method == "TopHitPlus") %>%
    ggplot(aes(y = as.numeric(CorrectID), x = Ident)) +
    facet_wrap(~Tax_level, nrow = 1) +
    geom_point(alpha = 0.1, size = 0.75,
               position = position_jitter(width = 0, height = 0.1)) +
    stat_smooth(method = "glm", se = FALSE, method.args = list(family = binomial))+
    ylab("Proportion of \ncorrect identification") +
    xlab("Identity score (%)") +
    theme_bw(10)
plot_consensus <-
assigned_long %>%
    mutate(CorrectID = Taxon == Taxon_true & !is.na(Taxon)) %>%
    filter(Method == "TopHitPlus") %>%
    ggplot(aes(y = as.numeric(CorrectID), x = Cons)) +
    facet_wrap(~Tax_level, nrow = 1) +
    geom_point(alpha = 0.1, size = 0.75,
               position = position_jitter(width = 0, height = 0.1)) +
    stat_smooth(method = "glm", se = FALSE, method.args = list(family = binomial))+
    ylab("Proportion of \ncorrect identification") +
    xlab("Consensus score (%)") +
    theme_bw(10)
plot_identity
plot_consensus
```

The plots show for example that at the genus level the proportion of correct identification drops very quickly when the % of identity is < 95-97%. The situation is rather different at species level though: even when the % of Identity is very close to 100%, the proportion of correct identification remains very low. High consensus scores (>20-30%) are a good indication that the species level identification is correct, however this concerns only a very small proportion of the data.

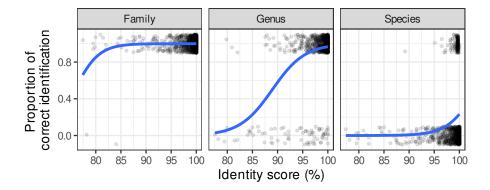


Figure 2:

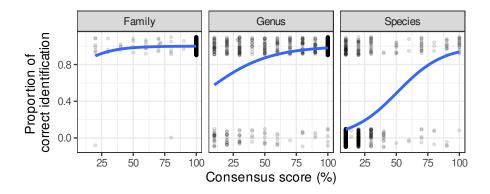


Figure 3:

We can also examine how the correct/incorrect identification are distributed in a 2 dimensional space formed by the identity and consensus scores. This approach does not help much however in our small study case. For example, at species level, when the consensus score is 20 or 30% we can still have both wrong and correct identification even when the Identity is close to 100%

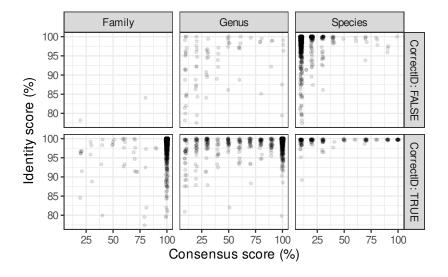


Figure 4:

#### 2.4.3 Compare with another approach: leaked CV

Note however that all these results are using 10 folds cross validation. This means that when we blast a query sequence, this sequence has been removed from the reference database. So, if a species is only represented by one sequence in the database (e.g. because of the absence of intraspecific variation or because the species is rare or the database incomplete) blast can never match the right taxon at the species level. This means that these estimates are probably pessimistic relative to the true accuracy.

We can easily compute the same statistics but with a "leaked cross-validation" approach in which the blasted query sequences remain in the reference database. We just need to change the default option k=10 (for 10 folds CV) to k=1:

The accuracy is better at the species level but we still have at least 20% of sequences that are not correctly identified at species level. There is again a clear advantage for the TopHit and TopHitPlus methods.

```
# recycle previous graph by just changing the dataset with ggplot %+% operator
plot_accuracy %+% accuracy_leakedCV
```

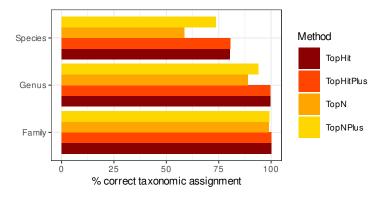


Figure 5:

The next graphs show that almost all hits have 100% identity even though at species level only 80% of the identifications are correct. This means that in this case the identity is not a good indicator of the trustworthiness of the identification (or we can consider that we need at least 100%).

We can also see that at the species level, we have relatively few errors when the consensus score is > 20%, however, this concerns only a very small part of the sequences as most of the results have consensus scores <= 20% including correct and incorrect identifications.

plot\_identity %+% tmp

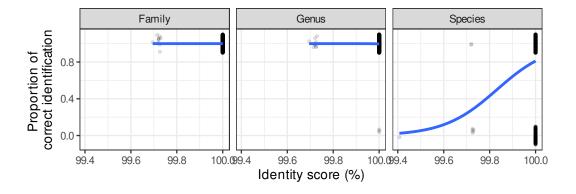


Figure 6:

plot\_consensus %+% tmp

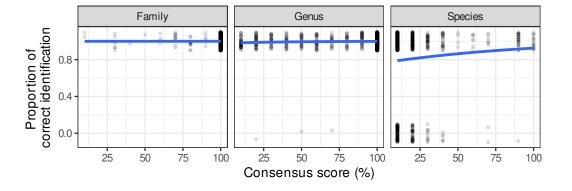


Figure 7:

#### 2.4.4 Scores per taxon

We might also want to explore how each family or each genus performs separately. The function score\_per\_taxon() allows you to explore these questions in one way among many other ways.

For example with the following code we can see that among the 29 sequences (N) in the family Elaeagnaceae (column Grouping\_taxon), 100%, 100% and 82.7% are correctly predicted (column Pct) at the family, genus and species level respectively (column Tax\_level). In contrast for the Rosaceae family the assignments are correct in 100%, 93.9% and 7.6% of the cases at family, genus and species level.

Method	Tax_level	Level	$Grouping\_taxon$	Pct	N
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Elaeagnaceae	100.000	29
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Rhamnaceae	100.000	10
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Rosaceae	100.000	460
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Ulmaceae	100.000	14
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Urticaceae	100.000	248
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Moraceae	99.383	162
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Cannabaceae	88.889	9
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Elaeagnaceae	100.000	29
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Moraceae	97.531	162
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Rosaceae	93.913	460
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Ulmaceae	92.857	14
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Cannabaceae	88.889	9
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Urticaceae	85.081	248
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Rhamnaceae	50.000	10
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Elaeagnaceae	82.759	29
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Ulmaceae	57.143	14
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Cannabaceae	55.556	9
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Rhamnaceae	30.000	10
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Urticaceae	27.823	248
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Moraceae	8.025	162
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Rosaceae	7.609	460

We can look at similar results but using the leaked CV assignments. The genus level assignments are always very good but the family Rosaceae performs clearly worse than the others at the species level with only 66.3% of correct assignment even when the true sequence is in the reference database...

Method	${\bf Tax\_level}$	Level	$Grouping\_taxon$	Pct	N
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Cannabaceae	100.000	9
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Elaeagnaceae	100.000	29
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Moraceae	100.000	162
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Rhamnaceae	100.000	10
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Rosaceae	100.000	460
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Ulmaceae	100.000	14
TopHitPlus	Family	f	Urticaceae	100.000	248
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Cannabaceae	100.000	9
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Elaeagnaceae	100.000	29

Method	${\bf Tax\_level}$	Level	$Grouping\_taxon$	Pct	N
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Moraceae	100.000	162
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Rhamnaceae	100.000	10
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Ulmaceae	100.000	14
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Rosaceae	99.783	460
TopHitPlus	Genus	g	Urticaceae	99.194	248
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Cannabaceae	100.000	9
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Rhamnaceae	100.000	10
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Elaeagnaceae	96.552	29
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Urticaceae	94.355	248
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Moraceae	93.827	162
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Ulmaceae	92.857	14
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Rosaceae	66.304	460

We can try to look at what is happening in the Rosaceae family by computing the % of correct assignments for each genus at species level. We display only the genus with less than 100% of correct predictions with leaked CV. We can see for example that the difficult genus Rubus with 262 sequences is correctly predicted only 46.9% of the time and this is certainly decreasing the global performance of the family Rosaceae.

Method	Tax_level	Level	Grouping_taxon	Pct	N
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Cliffortia	96.296	27
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Hippophae	96.154	26
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Elatostema	95.614	114
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Boehmeria	95.455	22
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Debregeasia	92.857	14
<b>TopHitPlus</b>	Species	s	Ficus	92.857	140
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Nanocnide	92.308	13
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Prunus	89.474	19
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Spiraea	87.500	8
<b>TopHitPlus</b>	Species	s	Rosa	83.333	6
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Rhaphiolepis	80.000	15
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Parietaria	76.923	13
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Poikilospermum	75.000	4
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Pourthiaea	75.000	4
<b>TopHitPlus</b>	Species	s	Prinsepia	75.000	4
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Vauquelinia	75.000	4
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Zelkova	75.000	4
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Amelanchier	69.231	13
<b>TopHitPlus</b>	Species	s	Phippsiomeles	66.667	3
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Pipturus	66.667	3
TopHitPlus	Species	s	Rubus	46.947	262
TopHitPlus	Species	$\mathbf{s}$	Sarcochlamys	0.000	1