

# Rprogramming notes

me

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## Objects

create any vector by `vector()` list can include explicitly wants a integer suffix L 1(num) 1L(int) `attributes()` can modify names, dimensions, class, length etc. `c()` is a func to be used to create vectors of objects finally, by using `vector()` "datatype", length=.. you can set the vector as you wanted then uses `class(x)` to know the datatype currently

```
x<- c(0.5, 0.6)      ## numeric
x<- c(TRUE, FALSE)   ## logical
x<- c(T, F)          ## logical
x<- c("a","b","c")   ## charac
x<- 9:29              ## integer
x<- c(1+0i, 2+3i)     ## complex

x <- vector("numeric", length =10)
x
```

```
## [1] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

```
class(x)
```

```
## [1] "numeric"
```

## mixed objects

```
y <- c(2,"y") ## character
y
```

```
## [1] "2" "y"
```

```
y <- c(TRUE, 3) ## numeric
y
```

```
## [1] 1 3
```

```
y <- c("a", TRUE) ## character
y
```

```
## [1] "a"      "TRUE"
```

using `as.datatype(x)`

```
x <- 0:8
x
```

```
## [1] 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
```

```
class(x)
```

```
## [1] "integer"
```

```
as.logical(x)
```

```
## [1] FALSE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE  TRUE
```

```
as.numeric(x)
```

```
## [1] 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
```

```
as.character(x)
```

```
## [1] "0" "1" "2" "3" "4" "5" "6" "7" "8"
```

```
as.complex(x)
```

```
## [1] 0+0i 1+0i 2+0i 3+0i 4+0i 5+0i 6+0i 7+0i 8+0i
```

```
b <- c("1", "2", "3")
class(b)
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

```
as.logical(b)
```

```
## [1] NA NA NA
```

```
as.numeric(b)
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3
```

## lists

every elements in the lists can be different classes and length (dataframe, same length and within cols and rows)

```
x <- list( TRUE, 2+3i, "g", 3)
x
```

```
## [[1]]
## [1] TRUE
##
## [[2]]
## [1] 2+3i
##
## [[3]]
## [1] "g"
##
## [[4]]
## [1] 3
```

## matrices <- vectors that have dimensions

matrix same class with cols and rows create a matrix by 3 ways 1. `matrix(3:10, ncol=3, nrow = 4)` 2. made a sequence first, then attribute dimension

```
m <- 1:15
dim(m)<-c(5, 3)
m
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]    1    6   11
## [2,]    2    7   12
## [3,]    3    8   13
## [4,]    4    9   14
## [5,]    5   10   15
```

3. combine vectors into matrix

```
x <- 1:4
y<- 10:13
cbind(x,y)
```

```
##      x  y
## [1,] 1 10
## [2,] 2 11
## [3,] 3 12
## [4,] 4 13
```

```
rbind(x,y)
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## x      1    2    3    4
## y     10   11   12   13
```

you can use `dim()` for knowing the col and row for the matrix and you've learned `matrix(3:10, ncol=3, nrow = 4)`cbind(a,b)`rbind(x,y)`.

## factors

factors are used for represent categorical data

```
x<- factor(c("yes", "yes", "no", "yes", "no"))
x
```

```
## [1] yes yes no  yes no
## Levels: no yes
```

```
table(x)
```

```
## x
##  no yes
##   2   3
```

```
unclass(x)
```

```
## [1] 2 2 1 2 1
## attr("levels")
## [1] "no"  "yes"
```

`table()` can show you how many levels are there and `unclass()` can tell you how it's calculate as a integer in R, it attribute 1 as no and 2 as yes, this follows the order of the alphabet, n go forward than y, so if you want to redefine the baseline of the factor, you may use `levels = c("yes", "no")` in the factor func.

```
x <- factor(c("yes", "no", "yes", "yes", "no"), levels =c("yes","no"))
x
```

```
## [1] yes no  yes yes no
## Levels: yes no
```

subset of is not set up for use with latex!!

## missing values

`nan c na nan only` finds nan `na finds both nan and na`

```
x <- c(1,2,NaN, NA,4)
is.nan(x)
```

```
## [1] FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE
```

```
is.na(x)
```

```
## [1] FALSE FALSE TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

## Data frame

dataframe doesn't need same class or same length. and every row have a name

```
x <- data.frame(foo = 1:4, bar = c(T,T,F,F))
x
```

```
##   foo   bar
## 1    1  TRUE
## 2    2  TRUE
## 3    3 FALSE
## 4    4 FALSE
```

```
nrow(x)
```

```
## [1] 4
```

```
ncol(x)
```

```
## [1] 2
```

—————error—————

```
a<- c(" ", "list","matrix","dataframe","same class","X","0","X", "cols and rows","X","0","0","same length")
dim(a)<- c(4,4)
a
```

```
##      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
## [1,] " "      "same class" "cols and rows" "same length"
## [2,] "list"    "X"        "X"        "X"
## [3,] "matrix"  "0"        "0"        "0"
## [4,] "dataframe" "X"      "0"        "X"
```

```
b <- data.frame(sameclass = ("X","0","X"),cols&rows <- c("X","0","0"), same_length <-c("X","0","X"))
b
```

—————fixed————— prac on my own by constructing vectors forwardly, then combine them using  
data.frame(col = vec)

```
sameclass <- c("X","0","X")
sameclass
```

```
## [1] "X" "0" "X"
```

```
colrow <- c("X","0","0")
colrow
```

```
## [1] "X" "0" "0"
```

```
same_length <-c("X","0","X")
same_length
```

```
## [1] "X" "0" "X"
```

```
data1<- c("list","matrix", "data frame")
data1
```

```
## [1] "list"      "matrix"    "data frame"
```

```
c <- data.frame(datatype = data1, sameclass = sameclass, colrow = colrow, same_length = same_length)
c
```

```
##      datatype sameclass colrow same_length
## 1      list         X      X           X
## 2     matrix         0      0           0
## 3 data frame         X      0           X
```

## name attribute

```
x <- 1:3
names(x)
```

```
## NULL
```

```
names(x) <- c("1st","2nd","3rd")
names(x)
```

```
## [1] "1st" "2nd" "3rd"
```

```
x
```

```
## 1st 2nd 3rd
##   1   2   3
```

```
x <- list(x=1,y=2,c=3)
x
```

```
## $x
## [1] 1
##
## $y
## [1] 2
##
## $c
## [1] 3
```

```
m <- matrix(1:6, nrow = 3, ncol = 2)
m
```

```
##      [,1] [,2]
## [1,]    1    4
## [2,]    2    5
## [3,]    3    6
```

```
dimnames(m) <- list(c("a","b","c"),c("one","two"))
m
```

```
##   one two
## a   1   4
## b   2   5
## c   3   6
```

## reading data

`read.table()` `read.table()` set the `comment.char = ""` if there are no commented line in my file. `colClasses= "numeric"` will be written in the read function, and it's really important, it can run FASTER, it'll don't need to figure out the `colClasses` on its own.

## dput/dget and dump()

made up a dataframe, then dput it and d get it. unlike writing out a table or csv file, dput and dump preserve the metadata (like the pic with json, formatted), so that another user doesn't have to specify it all over again. adv : it's textual + metadata, it won't need reconstruct

```
y <- data.frame(a=1, b="a")
y
```

```
##   a b
## 1 1 a
```

```
dput(y)
```

```
## structure(list(a = 1, b = "a"), class = "data.frame", row.names = c(NA,  
## -1L))
```

```
dput(y,file = "dputtest.R")  
new.callldput <- dget("dputtest.R")  
new.callldput
```

```
##    a b  
## 1 1 a
```

dput can only be used in 1 r object, dump() can be used on multiple r obj.

```
x <- "w"  
y <- data.frame(a=1 , b = "a")  
dump(c("x","y"),file = "dumptry.R")  
rm(x,y)  
source("dumptry.R")  
y
```

```
##    a b  
## 1 1 a
```

```
x
```

```
## [1] "w"
```

i still cannot figure out what does source means

## reading files from external

there are file() url() bzfile() gzfile() don't forget close the connection after using it by close().

```
con <- file("midterm.csv")  
x <- readLines(con, 10)  
x
```

```
## [1] "id,sex,age,group,irb" "1 ,1 ,45 ,1 ,1 "      "2 ,2 ,72 ,2 ,0 "  
## [4] "3 ,1 ,55 ,1 ,0 "      "4 ,1 ,79 ,2 ,1 "      "5 ,1 ,18 ,1 ,1 "  
## [7] "6 ,1 ,33 ,2 ,0 "      "7 ,1 ,66 ,1 ,1 "      "8 ,2 ,68 ,2 ,1 "  
## [10] "9 ,1 ,68 ,1 ,1 "
```

```
hey <- url("https://www.jhsph.edu","r")  
x <- readLines(hey,10)  
head(x)
```

```
## [1] "<!DOCTYPE html>"  
## [2] "<html lang=\"en\">"  
## [3] ""  
## [4] "<head>"  
## [5] "<meta charset=\"utf-8\" />"  
## [6] "<title>Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health</title>"
```



## subsetting

`[]` returns `[]` \$

```
x <- c("a", "b", "c", "c", "d", "a")
x
```

```
## [1] "a" "b" "c" "c" "d" "a"
```

```
x[1]
```

```
## [1] "a"
```

```
x[2]
```

```
## [1] "b"
```

```
x[2:5]
```

```
## [1] "b" "c" "c" "d"
```

```
x[3:7]
```

```
## [1] "c" "c" "d" "a" NA
```

```
x[x> "b"]
```

```
## [1] "c" "c" "d"
```

```
u <- x > "b"
u
```

```
## [1] FALSE FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
x[u]
```

```
## [1] "c" "c" "d"
```

subsetting lists

```
x <- list(foo = 1:4, bar = 0.6)
x ## it'll print 2 list with name and sequence
```

```
## $foo
## [1] 1 2 3 4
##
## $bar
## [1] 0.6
```

```

x[1] ## the first list

## $foo
## [1] 1 2 3 4

## same returns : the sequence of the first list
x[[1]]

## [1] 1 2 3 4

x[["foo"]]

## [1] 1 2 3 4

x$f

## [1] 1 2 3 4

x[["f", exact = FALSE]]

## [1] 1 2 3 4

x["bar"] ## the 2nd list

## $bar
## [1] 0.6

x$bar ## $ is similar to [[]]

## [1] 0.6

x[[2]]

## [1] 0.6

x$b

## [1] 0.6

x<- list(foo = 1:4, bar = 0.6, baz = "hello")
x ## can see 3 lists

## $foo
## [1] 1 2 3 4
##
## $bar
## [1] 0.6
##
## $baz
## [1] "hello"

```

```
x[c(2,3)] ## choosing multiple ele
```

```
## $bar  
## [1] 0.6  
##  
## $baz  
## [1] "hello"
```

```
name <- "foo"  
x[name] ## whole list
```

```
## $foo  
## [1] 1 2 3 4
```

```
x[[name]] ## sequence only
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4
```

```
x$name ## NULL $ can only be used with literal name
```

```
## NULL
```

```
x$foo ## sequence
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4
```

```
x <- list(a= list(11,13,15),b = c(3.14,2.81))  
x ## a as a list will have index. b does not
```

```
## $a  
## $a[[1]]  
## [1] 11  
##  
## $a[[2]]  
## [1] 13  
##  
## $a[[3]]  
## [1] 15  
##  
##  
## $b  
## [1] 3.14 2.81
```

```
x[[c(1,2)]]
```

```
## [1] 13
```

```
x[[1]][[3]]
```

```
## [1] 15
```

```
x[[c(2,1)]]
```

```
## [1] 3.14
```

```
x[[2]][[2]]
```

```
## [1] 2.81
```

subsetting matrix

```
x <- matrix(1:6,2,3) ## data row col
x
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]    1    3    5
## [2,]    2    4    6
```

```
x[1,2] ## row=1 col=2 but only number returns
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
x[1,2,drop = FALSE] ## one by one matrix
```

```
##      [,1]
## [1,]    3
```

```
x[2, ] ## row =2 col=
```

```
## [1] 2 4 6
```

```
x[2, ,drop = FALSE]
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]    2    4    6
```

## partial matching

a tool that saves you from typing

```
x <- list(allthatbase = 1:5)
x$a
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5
```

```
x[["a"]] ## [[]] needs the exact name, no partial mathching
```

```
## NULL
```

```
x[["a", exact = FALSE]] ## Turn off the default
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5
```

## reremoving NA values

using `is.na()` to return the logical response and `x[!bad]` to exclude the ele that reach `is.na()`

```
x <- c(1, 2, NA, 4, NA, 5)
x
```

```
## [1] 1 2 NA 4 NA 5
```

```
x[3]
```

```
## [1] NA
```

```
bad <- is.na(x) ## is.na() is a function of NA logical return
bad
```

```
## [1] FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE
```

```
x[!bad]
```

```
## [1] 1 2 4 5
```

`complete.cases()` is a func to record the index of complete cases in the list, watch out for using wrong index!!

```
x <- c(1, 2, NA, 4, NA, 5, NA)
y <- c("a", "b", NA, "d", NA, "f", "g")

xgood <- complete.cases(x)
xgood
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE
```

```
ygood <- complete.cases(y)
ygood
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE
```

```
allgood <- complete.cases(x,y)
allgood
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE
```

```
x[ygood]
```

```
## [1] 1 2 4 5 NA
```

```
x[xgood]
```

```
## [1] 1 2 4 5
```

```
y[ygood]
```

```
## [1] "a" "b" "d" "f" "g"
```

```
cc <- data.frame(x = x, y = y)
cc
```

```
##      x      y
## 1  1      a
## 2  2      b
## 3 NA <NA>
## 4  4      d
## 5 NA <NA>
## 6  5      f
## 7 NA      g
```

```
cc <- complete.cases(cc)
cc
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE
```

```
airquality[1,2]
```

```
## [1] 190
```

```
airquality[1:10, ]
```

```
##      Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day
## 1      41      190  7.4   67     5    1
## 2      36      118  8.0   72     5    2
## 3      12      149 12.6   74     5    3
## 4      18      313 11.5   62     5    4
## 5      NA       NA 14.3   56     5    5
## 6      28       NA 14.9   66     5    6
## 7      23      299  8.6   65     5    7
## 8      19       99 13.8   59     5    8
## 9       8       19 20.1   61     5    9
## 10     NA      194  8.6   69     5   10
```

```
good <- complete.cases(airquality)
airquality[good, ][1:10, ]
```

```
##      Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day
## 1      41      190  7.4   67     5   1
## 2      36      118  8.0   72     5   2
## 3      12      149 12.6   74     5   3
## 4      18      313 11.5   62     5   4
## 7      23      299  8.6   65     5   7
## 8      19       99 13.8   59     5   8
## 9       8       19 20.1   61     5   9
## 12     16      256  9.7   69     5  12
## 13     11      290  9.2   66     5  13
## 14     14      274 10.9   68     5  14
```

```
data.frame(airquality = airquality[good, ])
```

```
##      airquality.Ozone airquality.Solar.R airquality.Wind airquality.Temp
## 1              41              190              7.4              67
## 2              36              118              8.0              72
## 3              12              149             12.6              74
## 4              18              313             11.5              62
## 7              23              299              8.6              65
## 8              19               99             13.8              59
## 9               8               19             20.1              61
## 12             16             256              9.7              69
## 13             11             290              9.2              66
## 14             14             274             10.9              68
## 15             18              65             13.2              58
## 16             14             334             11.5              64
## 17             34             307             12.0              66
## 18              6              78             18.4              57
## 19             30             322             11.5              68
## 20             11              44              9.7              62
## 21              1               8              9.7              59
## 22             11             320             16.6              73
## 23              4              25              9.7              61
## 24             32              92             12.0              61
## 28             23              13             12.0              67
## 29             45             252             14.9              81
## 30            115             223              5.7              79
## 31             37             279              7.4              76
## 38             29             127              9.7              82
## 40             71             291             13.8              90
## 41             39             323             11.5              87
## 44             23             148              8.0              82
## 47             21             191             14.9              77
## 48             37             284             20.7              72
## 49             20              37              9.2              65
## 50             12             120             11.5              73
## 51             13             137             10.3              76
## 62            135             269              4.1              84
```

## 63	49	248	9.2	85
## 64	32	236	9.2	81
## 66	64	175	4.6	83
## 67	40	314	10.9	83
## 68	77	276	5.1	88
## 69	97	267	6.3	92
## 70	97	272	5.7	92
## 71	85	175	7.4	89
## 73	10	264	14.3	73
## 74	27	175	14.9	81
## 76	7	48	14.3	80
## 77	48	260	6.9	81
## 78	35	274	10.3	82
## 79	61	285	6.3	84
## 80	79	187	5.1	87
## 81	63	220	11.5	85
## 82	16	7	6.9	74
## 85	80	294	8.6	86
## 86	108	223	8.0	85
## 87	20	81	8.6	82
## 88	52	82	12.0	86
## 89	82	213	7.4	88
## 90	50	275	7.4	86
## 91	64	253	7.4	83
## 92	59	254	9.2	81
## 93	39	83	6.9	81
## 94	9	24	13.8	81
## 95	16	77	7.4	82
## 99	122	255	4.0	89
## 100	89	229	10.3	90
## 101	110	207	8.0	90
## 104	44	192	11.5	86
## 105	28	273	11.5	82
## 106	65	157	9.7	80
## 108	22	71	10.3	77
## 109	59	51	6.3	79
## 110	23	115	7.4	76
## 111	31	244	10.9	78
## 112	44	190	10.3	78
## 113	21	259	15.5	77
## 114	9	36	14.3	72
## 116	45	212	9.7	79
## 117	168	238	3.4	81
## 118	73	215	8.0	86
## 120	76	203	9.7	97
## 121	118	225	2.3	94
## 122	84	237	6.3	96
## 123	85	188	6.3	94
## 124	96	167	6.9	91
## 125	78	197	5.1	92
## 126	73	183	2.8	93
## 127	91	189	4.6	93
## 128	47	95	7.4	87
## 129	32	92	15.5	84



## 130	20	252	10.9	80
## 131	23	220	10.3	78
## 132	21	230	10.9	75
## 133	24	259	9.7	73
## 134	44	236	14.9	81
## 135	21	259	15.5	76
## 136	28	238	6.3	77
## 137	9	24	10.9	71
## 138	13	112	11.5	71
## 139	46	237	6.9	78
## 140	18	224	13.8	67
## 141	13	27	10.3	76
## 142	24	238	10.3	68
## 143	16	201	8.0	82
## 144	13	238	12.6	64
## 145	23	14	9.2	71
## 146	36	139	10.3	81
## 147	7	49	10.3	69
## 148	14	20	16.6	63
## 149	30	193	6.9	70
## 151	14	191	14.3	75
## 152	18	131	8.0	76
## 153	20	223	11.5	68
##	airquality.Month	airquality.Day		
## 1	5	1		
## 2	5	2		
## 3	5	3		
## 4	5	4		
## 7	5	7		
## 8	5	8		
## 9	5	9		
## 12	5	12		
## 13	5	13		
## 14	5	14		
## 15	5	15		
## 16	5	16		
## 17	5	17		
## 18	5	18		
## 19	5	19		
## 20	5	20		
## 21	5	21		
## 22	5	22		
## 23	5	23		
## 24	5	24		
## 28	5	28		
## 29	5	29		
## 30	5	30		
## 31	5	31		
## 38	6	7		
## 40	6	9		
## 41	6	10		
## 44	6	13		
## 47	6	16		
## 48	6	17		

## 49	6	18
## 50	6	19
## 51	6	20
## 62	7	1
## 63	7	2
## 64	7	3
## 66	7	5
## 67	7	6
## 68	7	7
## 69	7	8
## 70	7	9
## 71	7	10
## 73	7	12
## 74	7	13
## 76	7	15
## 77	7	16
## 78	7	17
## 79	7	18
## 80	7	19
## 81	7	20
## 82	7	21
## 85	7	24
## 86	7	25
## 87	7	26
## 88	7	27
## 89	7	28
## 90	7	29
## 91	7	30
## 92	7	31
## 93	8	1
## 94	8	2
## 95	8	3
## 99	8	7
## 100	8	8
## 101	8	9
## 104	8	12
## 105	8	13
## 106	8	14
## 108	8	16
## 109	8	17
## 110	8	18
## 111	8	19
## 112	8	20
## 113	8	21
## 114	8	22
## 116	8	24
## 117	8	25
## 118	8	26
## 120	8	28
## 121	8	29
## 122	8	30
## 123	8	31
## 124	9	1
## 125	9	2

```
## 126          9          3
## 127          9          4
## 128          9          5
## 129          9          6
## 130          9          7
## 131          9          8
## 132          9          9
## 133          9         10
## 134          9         11
## 135          9         12
## 136          9         13
## 137          9         14
## 138          9         15
## 139          9         16
## 140          9         17
## 141          9         18
## 142          9         19
## 143          9         20
## 144          9         21
## 145          9         22
## 146          9         23
## 147          9         24
## 148          9         25
## 149          9         26
## 151          9         28
## 152          9         29
## 153          9         30
```

```
data.frame(airquality[good, ])
```

```
##      Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day
## 1      41      190  7.4   67     5   1
## 2      36      118  8.0   72     5   2
## 3      12      149 12.6   74     5   3
## 4      18     313 11.5   62     5   4
## 7      23     299  8.6   65     5   7
## 8      19       99 13.8   59     5   8
## 9       8       19 20.1   61     5   9
## 12     16     256  9.7   69     5  12
## 13     11     290  9.2   66     5  13
## 14     14     274 10.9   68     5  14
## 15     18       65 13.2   58     5  15
## 16     14     334 11.5   64     5  16
## 17     34     307 12.0   66     5  17
## 18       6       78 18.4   57     5  18
## 19     30     322 11.5   68     5  19
## 20     11       44  9.7   62     5  20
## 21       1        8  9.7   59     5  21
## 22     11     320 16.6   73     5  22
## 23       4       25  9.7   61     5  23
## 24     32       92 12.0   61     5  24
## 28     23       13 12.0   67     5  28
## 29     45     252 14.9   81     5  29
## 30    115     223  5.7   79     5  30
```

## 31	37	279	7.4	76	5	31
## 38	29	127	9.7	82	6	7
## 40	71	291	13.8	90	6	9
## 41	39	323	11.5	87	6	10
## 44	23	148	8.0	82	6	13
## 47	21	191	14.9	77	6	16
## 48	37	284	20.7	72	6	17
## 49	20	37	9.2	65	6	18
## 50	12	120	11.5	73	6	19
## 51	13	137	10.3	76	6	20
## 62	135	269	4.1	84	7	1
## 63	49	248	9.2	85	7	2
## 64	32	236	9.2	81	7	3
## 66	64	175	4.6	83	7	5
## 67	40	314	10.9	83	7	6
## 68	77	276	5.1	88	7	7
## 69	97	267	6.3	92	7	8
## 70	97	272	5.7	92	7	9
## 71	85	175	7.4	89	7	10
## 73	10	264	14.3	73	7	12
## 74	27	175	14.9	81	7	13
## 76	7	48	14.3	80	7	15
## 77	48	260	6.9	81	7	16
## 78	35	274	10.3	82	7	17
## 79	61	285	6.3	84	7	18
## 80	79	187	5.1	87	7	19
## 81	63	220	11.5	85	7	20
## 82	16	7	6.9	74	7	21
## 85	80	294	8.6	86	7	24
## 86	108	223	8.0	85	7	25
## 87	20	81	8.6	82	7	26
## 88	52	82	12.0	86	7	27
## 89	82	213	7.4	88	7	28
## 90	50	275	7.4	86	7	29
## 91	64	253	7.4	83	7	30
## 92	59	254	9.2	81	7	31
## 93	39	83	6.9	81	8	1
## 94	9	24	13.8	81	8	2
## 95	16	77	7.4	82	8	3
## 99	122	255	4.0	89	8	7
## 100	89	229	10.3	90	8	8
## 101	110	207	8.0	90	8	9
## 104	44	192	11.5	86	8	12
## 105	28	273	11.5	82	8	13
## 106	65	157	9.7	80	8	14
## 108	22	71	10.3	77	8	16
## 109	59	51	6.3	79	8	17
## 110	23	115	7.4	76	8	18
## 111	31	244	10.9	78	8	19
## 112	44	190	10.3	78	8	20
## 113	21	259	15.5	77	8	21
## 114	9	36	14.3	72	8	22
## 116	45	212	9.7	79	8	24
## 117	168	238	3.4	81	8	25

```
## 118    73    215  8.0   86    8  26
## 120    76    203  9.7   97    8  28
## 121   118    225  2.3   94    8  29
## 122    84    237  6.3   96    8  30
## 123    85    188  6.3   94    8  31
## 124    96    167  6.9   91    9   1
## 125    78    197  5.1   92    9   2
## 126    73    183  2.8   93    9   3
## 127    91    189  4.6   93    9   4
## 128    47     95  7.4   87    9   5
## 129    32     92 15.5   84    9   6
## 130    20    252 10.9   80    9   7
## 131    23    220 10.3   78    9   8
## 132    21    230 10.9   75    9   9
## 133    24    259  9.7   73    9  10
## 134    44    236 14.9   81    9  11
## 135    21    259 15.5   76    9  12
## 136    28    238  6.3   77    9  13
## 137     9     24 10.9   71    9  14
## 138    13    112 11.5   71    9  15
## 139    46    237  6.9   78    9  16
## 140    18    224 13.8   67    9  17
## 141    13     27 10.3   76    9  18
## 142    24    238 10.3   68    9  19
## 143    16    201  8.0   82    9  20
## 144    13    238 12.6   64    9  21
## 145    23     14  9.2   71    9  22
## 146    36    139 10.3   81    9  23
## 147     7     49 10.3   69    9  24
## 148    14     20 16.6   63    9  25
## 149    30    193  6.9   70    9  26
## 151    14    191 14.3   75    9  28
## 152    18    131  8.0   76    9  29
## 153    20    223 11.5   68    9  30
```

```
bb <- data.frame(airquality[good, ])
bb[1:10,] ## without this method, how to add the length into the dataframe??
```

```
##      Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day
## 1      41      190  7.4   67     5   1
## 2      36      118  8.0   72     5   2
## 3      12      149 12.6   74     5   3
## 4      18      313 11.5   62     5   4
## 7      23      299  8.6   65     5   7
## 8      19       99 13.8   59     5   8
## 9       8       19 20.1   61     5   9
## 12     16      256  9.7   69     5  12
## 13     11      290  9.2   66     5  13
## 14     14      274 10.9   68     5  14
```

## quiz

16. how many missing values are in the Ozone col of this data frame?

```
x <- read.csv("hw1_data.csv")
y = subset(x, is.na(Ozone))
y
```

```
##      Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day
## 5      NA      NA 14.3   56     5   5
## 10     NA     194   8.6   69     5  10
## 25     NA      66  16.6   57     5  25
## 26     NA     266  14.9   58     5  26
## 27     NA      NA   8.0   57     5  27
## 32     NA     286   8.6   78     6   1
## 33     NA     287   9.7   74     6   2
## 34     NA     242  16.1   67     6   3
## 35     NA     186   9.2   84     6   4
## 36     NA     220   8.6   85     6   5
## 37     NA     264  14.3   79     6   6
## 39     NA     273   6.9   87     6   8
## 42     NA     259  10.9   93     6  11
## 43     NA     250   9.2   92     6  12
## 45     NA     332  13.8   80     6  14
## 46     NA     322  11.5   79     6  15
## 52     NA     150   6.3   77     6  21
## 53     NA      59   1.7   76     6  22
## 54     NA      91   4.6   76     6  23
## 55     NA     250   6.3   76     6  24
## 56     NA     135   8.0   75     6  25
## 57     NA     127   8.0   78     6  26
## 58     NA      47  10.3   73     6  27
## 59     NA      98  11.5   80     6  28
## 60     NA      31  14.9   77     6  29
## 61     NA     138   8.0   83     6  30
## 65     NA     101  10.9   84     7   4
## 72     NA     139   8.6   82     7  11
## 75     NA     291  14.9   91     7  14
## 83     NA     258   9.7   81     7  22
## 84     NA     295  11.5   82     7  23
## 102    NA     222   8.6   92     8  10
## 103    NA     137  11.5   86     8  11
## 107    NA      64  11.5   79     8  15
## 115    NA     255  12.6   75     8  23
## 119    NA     153   5.7   88     8  27
## 150    NA     145  13.2   77     9  27
```

```
nrow(y)
```

```
## [1] 37
```

17. What is the mean of the Ozone column in this dataset? Exclude missing values (coded as NA) from this calculation.

```
z = subset(x, !is.na(Ozone), select = Ozone)
z
```

```
##      Ozone
## 1      41
## 2      36
## 3      12
## 4      18
## 6      28
## 7      23
## 8      19
## 9       8
## 11      7
## 12     16
## 13     11
## 14     14
## 15     18
## 16     14
## 17     34
## 18      6
## 19     30
## 20     11
## 21      1
## 22     11
## 23      4
## 24     32
## 28     23
## 29     45
## 30    115
## 31     37
## 38     29
## 40     71
## 41     39
## 44     23
## 47     21
## 48     37
## 49     20
## 50     12
## 51     13
## 62    135
## 63     49
## 64     32
## 66     64
## 67     40
## 68     77
## 69     97
## 70     97
## 71     85
## 73     10
## 74     27
## 76      7
## 77     48
## 78     35
```

## 79	61
## 80	79
## 81	63
## 82	16
## 85	80
## 86	108
## 87	20
## 88	52
## 89	82
## 90	50
## 91	64
## 92	59
## 93	39
## 94	9
## 95	16
## 96	78
## 97	35
## 98	66
## 99	122
## 100	89
## 101	110
## 104	44
## 105	28
## 106	65
## 108	22
## 109	59
## 110	23
## 111	31
## 112	44
## 113	21
## 114	9
## 116	45
## 117	168
## 118	73
## 120	76
## 121	118
## 122	84
## 123	85
## 124	96
## 125	78
## 126	73
## 127	91
## 128	47
## 129	32
## 130	20
## 131	23
## 132	21
## 133	24
## 134	44
## 135	21
## 136	28
## 137	9
## 138	13
## 139	46



```
## 140    18
## 141    13
## 142    24
## 143    16
## 144    13
## 145    23
## 146    36
## 147     7
## 148    14
## 149    30
## 151    14
## 152    18
## 153    20
```

```
colMeans(z)
```

```
##      Ozone
## 42.12931
```

```
apply(z,2,mean) ## what does fun = 2 means?
```

```
##      Ozone
## 42.12931
```

*## for a matrix 1 indicates rows, 2 indicates columns*

18.Extract the subset of rows of the data frame where Ozone values are above 31 and Temp values are above 90. What is the mean of Solar.R in this subset?

```
b <- subset(x, Ozone > 30 & Temp > 90, select = Solar.R)
colMeans(b)
```

```
## Solar.R
##    212.8
```

19.What is the mean of “Temp” when “Month” is equal to 6?

```
c <- subset(x, Month == 6, select = Temp:Month)
colMeans(c)
```

```
## Temp Month
## 79.1    6.0
```

What was the maximum ozone value in the month of May (i.e. Month = 5)?

```
d <- subset(x, Month == 5 & !is.na(Ozone), select = Ozone)
## must except the NAs , max will uses the NAs
apply(d, 2, max)
```

```
## Ozone
##    115
```