Programmieren in JAVA – https://www.iai.kit.edu/~javavorlesung
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Bereich: Java 8 **Arbeiten mit Streams** Musterlösung Package: de.dhbwka.java.exercise.java8.soccer Klasse: Soccer package de.dhbwka.java.exercise.java8.soccer; /** * Part of lectures on 'Programming in Java'. Baden-Wuerttemberg * Cooperative State University. * (C) 2018 by W. Geiger, T. Schlachter, C. Schmitt, W. Suess * @author DHBW lecturer * @version 1.0 public class Player { /** * Number of player private final int number; * Name of player private final String name; /** * Position of player private final String position; /** * Birthday of player private final String birthday; /** * Club of player private final String club; /** * Games of player private final int games; * Goals of player private final int goals;



```
* Create player
* @param number number of the player
* # @param name name of the player
* @param position position of the player
* @param birthday birthday of the player
* @param club club of the player
* @param games games of the player
* @param goals goals of the player
public Player( int number, String name, String position, String birthday,
     String club, int games, int goals ) {
  super();
  this.number = number;
  this.name = name;
  this.position = position;
  this.birthday = birthday;
  this.club = club;
  this.games = games;
  this.goals = goals;
}
/**
* Get the number of the player
* @return number of the player
public int getNumber() {
  return this.number;
}
/**
* Get the name of the player
* @return name of the player
public String getName() {
  return this.name;
* Get the position of the player
* @return position of the player
public String getPosition() {
  return this.position;
}
* Get the birthday of the player
* @return birthday of the player
public String getBirthday() {
  return this.birthday;
}
```



```
* Get the club of the player
   * @return club of the player
   public String getClub() {
     return this.club;
   /**
   * Get the games of the player
   * @return games of the player
   public int getGames() {
     return this.games;
   * Get the goals of the player
   * @return goals of the player
   public int getGoals() {
     return this.goals;
   }
   * {@inheritDoc}
  @Override
   public String toString() {
     + this.games + " games, " + this.goals + " goals";
   }
}
package de.dhbwka.java.exercise.java8.soccer;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;
import java.nio.file.Files;
import java.nio.file.Path;
import java.nio.file.Paths;
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Objects;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
* Part of lectures on 'Programming in Java'. Baden-Wuerttemberg
 * Cooperative State University.
 * (C) 2018 by W. Geiger, T. Schlachter, C. Schmitt, W. Suess
 * @author DHBW lecturer
 * @version 1.0
```



```
public class Soccer {
     Application entry point
      @param args
                command line arguments
   public static void main( String[] args ) {
         Path path = Paths.get( "33 Java8 Aufgaben TeamDE.txt" );
         List<Player> players =
               Files.readAllLines( path, StandardCharsets.UTF_8 )
                      .stream().map( Soccer::parsePlayer )
                      .filter( Objects::nonNull )
                      .collect( Collectors.toList() );
         System.out.println( "Players sorted by number:" );
         players.stream().sorted( Soccer::comparePlayerByNumber )
                .forEach( System.out::println );
         System.out.println( "----" );
         System.out
                .println( "Players with more than 50 games, sorted by name:" );
         players.stream().filter( p -> p.getGames() > 50 )
                .sorted( Soccer::comparePlayerByName )
                .forEach( System.out::println );
         System.out.println( "----" );
System.out.println( "All clubs of the players:" );
         players.stream().map( Player::getClub ).distinct()
         .forEach( System.out::println );
         System.out.println( "----" );
         System.out.println( "Count of players with less than 5 goals: "
               + players.stream().filter( p -> p.getGoals() < 5 ).count() );</pre>
         System.out.println( "Count of goals of all players: "
               + players.stream().mapToInt( Player::getGoals ).sum() );
      } catch ( IOException e ) {
         e.printStackTrace();
      }
   }
   // continued on next page
```



```
* Parse player from CSV line
     @param line
                line to parse
     @return created player instance
   public static Player parsePlayer( String line ) {
     String[] p = line.split( ";" );
     if ( p.length == 7 ) {
         return new Player( Integer.parseInt( p[0] ), p[1], p[2], p[3], p[4],
               Integer.parseInt( p[5] ), Integer.parseInt( p[6] ) );
     } else {
         return null;
      }
   }
   * Compare player by number
     @param p1
                player 1
     @param p2
                player 2
     @return result for {@link Comparator#compare(Object, Object) comparison}
              of number of the players
   public static int comparePlayerByNumber( Player p1, Player p2 ) {
     return p1.getNumber() - p2.getNumber();
   }
     Compare player by name
     @param p1
                player 1
     @param p2
                player 2
     @return result for {@link Comparator#compare(Object, Object) comparison}
              of name of the players
   public static int comparePlayerByName( Player p1, Player p2 ) {
     return p1.getName().compareTo( p2.getName() );
   }
}
```

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Bereich: Java 8 Zahlenraten (3) Musterlösung Package: de.dhbwka.java.exercise.java8 Klasse: NumberGuessJava8 package de.dhbwka.java.exercise.java8; import java.awt.GridLayout; import java.awt.event.ActionEvent; import java.io.FileWriter; import java.nio.file.Files; import java.nio.file.Paths; import java.util.Optional; import java.util.StringTokenizer; import java.util.function.Consumer; import java.util.stream.Stream; import javax.swing.JButton; import javax.swing.JFrame; import javax.swing.JLabel; import javax.swing.JPanel; import javax.swing.JTextField; * Part of lectures on 'Programming in Java'. Baden-Wuerttemberg * Cooperative State University. * (C) 2018 by W. Geiger, T. Schlachter, C. Schmitt, W. Suess * @author DHBW lecturer * @version 1.0 @SuppressWarnings("serial") public class NumberGuessJava8 extends JFrame { private int numberToGuess; private int countAttempts; private int limit = 1000; private JButton btnExit = new JButton("Exit"); private JButton btnOk = new JButton("OK"); private JButton btnNew = new JButton("New Game"); private JButton btnStat = new JButton("Best Player"); private JTextField txtName = new JTextField("Name", 20); private JTextField txtGuess = new JTextField(10); private JTextField txtOutput = new JTextField(40); private String statFileName = "stat.txt"; // continued on next page



```
public NumberGuessJava8() {
   super( "Number Guessing Game" );
  JPanel panName = new JPanel();
   JPanel panNumberinput = new JPanel();
   JPanel panButtons = new JPanel();
  JPanel panOutput = new JPanel();
   panName.add( new JLabel( "Player Name" ) );
   panName.add( this.txtName );
  panNumberinput.add(
         new JLabel( "Enter number beween 1 and " + this.limit ) );
   panNumberinput.add( this.txtGuess );
  // add all four buttons by streaming
   // and invoke panButtons.add for all of them
  Stream.of( this.btnNew, this.btnOk, this.btnStat, this.btnExit )
         .forEach( panButtons::add );
  panOutput.add( this.txtOutput );
  this.setLayout( new GridLayout( 4, 1 ) );
  // add all four panels by streaming
  // and invoke this.add for all of them
  Stream.of( panName, panNumberinput, panButtons, panOutput )
         .forEach( this::add );
  this.addEventHandling();
  this.createRandomNumber();
  this.setSize( 500, 250 );
  this.setDefaultCloseOperation( JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE );
  this.setVisible( true );
}
* Add event handling and use lambda expressions to do so
public void addEventHandling() {
  this.btnNew.addActionListener( e -> this.createRandomNumber() );
  this.btnExit.addActionListener( e -> System.exit( 0 ) );
  // okActionListener matches signature of ActionListener#actionPerformed
  this.txtGuess.addActionListener( this::okActionListener );
  this.btnOk.addActionListener( this::okActionListener );
  this.btnStat.addActionListener( e -> this.showBestPlayer() );
}
// continued on next page
```



```
public void okActionListener( ActionEvent event ) {
  try {
      int guess = Integer.parseInt( this.txtGuess.getText() );
      this.countAttempts++;
      this.txtGuess.setText( "" );
     // since all texts for output are being constructed from
      // this.countAttempts and guess, for correct inputs,
      // it is possible to define a consumer which just takes
      // the string to pass to String.format and then sets the
     // correct text for this.txtOutput
     Consumer<String> outputSetter = s -> {
         this.txtOutput
               .setText( String.format( s, this.countAttempts, guess ) );
     };
      if ( guess > this.numberToGuess ) {
         outputSetter.accept( "Attempt #%s: %s => too big!" );
      }
      else if ( guess < this.numberToGuess ) {</pre>
         outputSetter.accept( "Attempt #%s: %s => too small!" );
      }
     else {
         outputSetter.accept( "Attempt #%s: %s => correct!!! New Game!" );
         this.writeStatFile();
         this.createRandomNumber();
   } catch ( NumberFormatException nfe ) {
      this.txtOutput.setText( "Bad input!" );
   }
}
private void writeStatFile() {
  try ( FileWriter f = new FileWriter( this.statFileName, true ) ) {
     String name = this.txtName.getText();
      f.write( name + " " + this.countAttempts + " attempts\n" );
   } catch ( Exception e ) {
   }
}
// continued on next page
```



```
/**
 * Show best player and use NIO + streaming to find minimum attempts
private void showBestPlayer() {
  try {
      Optional<PlayerHelper> bestPlayer =
            // read all lines as list
            Files.readAllLines( Paths.get( this.statFileName ) )
                  // stream this list of strings
                  .stream()
                  // Convert string line to player helper object,
                  .map( PlayerHelper::new )
                  // Stream now contains these helper object items,
                  // no longer strings!
                  // => Find minimum attempts by comparing
                  .min( ( a, b ) -> Integer.compare( a.getAttempts(),
                        b.getAttempts() ) );
     if ( bestPlayer.isPresent() ) {
         PlayerHelper player = bestPlayer.get();
         this.txtOutput
               .setText( "Best Player: " + player.getName() + ", "
                     + player.getAttempts() + " attempts" );
      }
   } catch ( Exception ex ) {
private void createRandomNumber() {
  this.txtGuess.setText( "" );
  this.txtOutput.setText( "New Game!" );
  this.numberToGuess = (int) (Math.random() * this.limit + 1);
  this.countAttempts = 0;
  // For debugging purposes
  System.out.println( "Number to guess: " + this.numberToGuess );
}
public static void main( String args[] ) {
  new NumberGuessJava8();
}
// continued on next page
```



```
* Helper class to store name and points separately to better utilize
    * streaming features
   private class PlayerHelper {
      private String name;
      private int attempts = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
      public PlayerHelper( String line ) {
         StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer( line );
         this.name = st.nextToken();
         try {
            this.attempts = Integer.parseInt( st.nextToken() );
         } catch ( Exception e ) {
      }
      public int getAttempts() {
         return this.attempts;
      public String getName() {
         return this.name;
   }
}
```