

W2L1.

$\mathbb{C} \in$ 度量空间 & 拓扑空间. 开, 闭, 紧, 连通, 等概念.

$$\rho(z_1, z_2) = |z_1 - z_2| \Rightarrow \underline{\text{完备性}}.$$

\downarrow
闭区间套

$\sim \mathbb{R}^2, (\mathbb{R}^n)$ 欧氏空间. 有界闭 \Leftrightarrow 紧.

有了空间的性质

\downarrow
建立函数. 积分 (测度) ...
复值函数. 性质

$$\mathbb{C}^1 \text{ 化} \Rightarrow \mathbb{C} \subseteq S^2$$

平面几何

\downarrow 在 S^2 上新的度量.

球面几何.

1. ∞

$$\mathbb{C} \ni a \pm \infty = \infty$$

$$\frac{a}{\infty} = 0$$

$$0 \neq b \cdot \infty = \infty$$

$$\frac{b}{0} = \infty$$

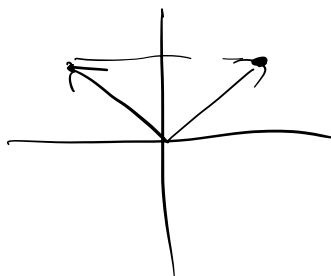
极限. $|z| \rightarrow +\infty$

2.

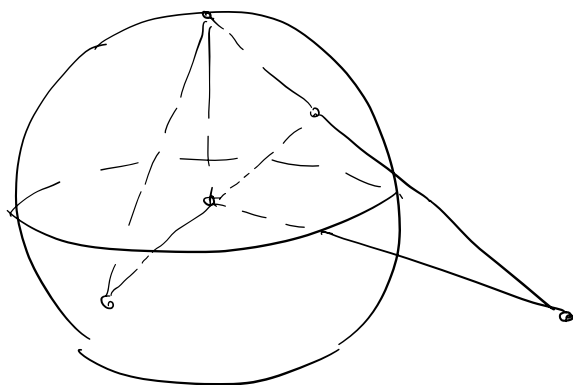
$$\Rightarrow \frac{2x_1}{|z|^2+1} = - \frac{2x_2}{|w|^2+1}$$

$$\frac{2y_1}{|z|^2+1} = - \frac{2y_2}{|w|^2+1}$$

$$\frac{|z|^2-1}{|z|^2+1} = - \frac{|w|^2-1}{|w|^2+1}$$



$$|z|^2|w|^2 - \cancel{|w|^2+1} \cancel{|z|^2-1} = (-1) (|z|^2|w|^2 + \cancel{|w|^2-1} \cancel{|z|^2-1})$$



$$|z|^2|w|^2 = 1$$

$$|z||w| = 1$$

$$|z| = \frac{1}{|w|}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x_1}{\frac{1}{|w|^2}+1} = \frac{-x_2}{|w|^2+1}$$

$$\frac{|w|^2 x_1}{1+|w|^2} = \frac{-x_2}{|w|^2+1}$$

$$\frac{y_1}{\frac{1}{|w|^2}+1} = \frac{-y_2}{|w|^2+1}$$

$$|w|^2 x_1 = -x_2$$

$$|w|^2 y_1 = -y_2$$

$$\frac{y_1}{x_1} = \frac{y_2}{x_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow z \cdot \bar{w} = (x_1 + iy_1)(x_2 - iy_2)$$

$$= x_1 x_2 + (x_2 y_1 - x_1 y_2)i + y_1 y_2$$

$$= x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2$$

$$= |w|^2 (x_1^2) + |w|^2 (-y_1^2)$$

$$= -|w|^2 |z|^2 = -1$$

\Leftarrow 1. 有 $\begin{cases} x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2 = -1 \\ x_1 y_1 - x_2 y_2 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{y_1}{y_2} = \frac{x_1}{x_2} =: t$

$|w||z| = 1$

$t x_2^2 + t y_2^2 = -1$

$\left(\frac{2x_1}{|z|^2+1}, \frac{2y_1}{|z|^2+1}, \frac{|z|^2-1}{|z|^2+1} \right)$

$t = \frac{-1}{|w|^2} = -|z|^2$

$\Rightarrow x_1 = -|z|^2 x_2$

$y_1 = -|z|^2 y_2$

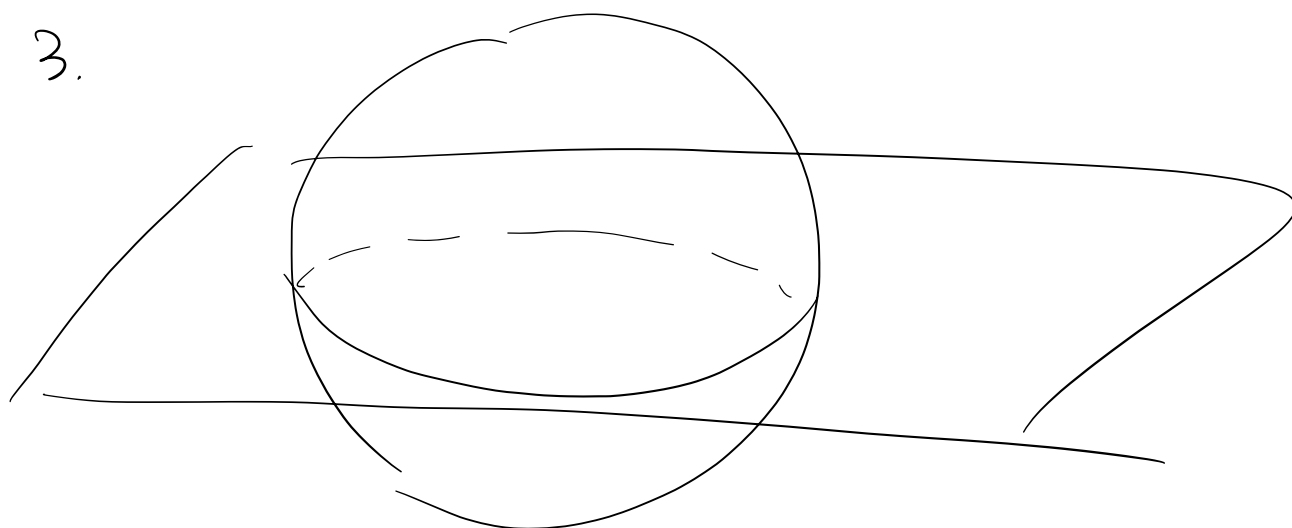
$\left(\frac{2x_2}{|w|^2+1}, \frac{2y_2}{|w|^2+1}, \frac{|w|^2-1}{|w|^2+1} \right)$

$\Rightarrow \frac{|z|^2-1}{|z|^2+1} = - \frac{|w|^2-1}{|w|^2+1}$

$\frac{2x_1}{|z|^2+1} + \frac{2x_2}{|w|^2+1} = \frac{2(|w|^2 x_1 + x_2)}{|w|^2+1}$

\square

3.



$$\psi(z) = \psi(x+iy) = \left(\frac{2x}{|z|^2+1}, \frac{2y}{|z|^2+1}, \frac{|z|^2-1}{|z|^2+1} \right)$$

$$\psi\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) = \psi\left(\frac{1}{x-iy}\right) = \psi\left(\frac{x+iy}{x^2+y^2}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\frac{2x}{x^2+y^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2+y^2}+1}, \frac{\frac{2y}{x^2+y^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2+y^2}+1}, \frac{\frac{1}{x^2+y^2}-1}{\frac{1}{x^2+y^2}+1} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{2x}{|z|^2+1}, \frac{2y}{|z|^2+1}, \frac{1-|z|^2}{1+|z|^2} \right)$$

4. $\phi(z) = f(z) + g(z) + h(z)$

$$\begin{cases} f(\omega z) = f(z) \\ g(\omega z) = \omega g(z) \\ h(\omega z) = \omega^2 h(z) \end{cases}$$

Construction

$$f(z) = \frac{\phi(z) + \phi(\omega z) + \phi(\omega^2 z)}{3}$$

$$h(z) = \frac{\phi(z) + \omega \phi(\omega z) + \omega^2 \phi(\omega^2 z)}{3} \quad \phi(\omega x) + \omega \phi(\omega^2 x) + \omega^2 \phi(x)$$

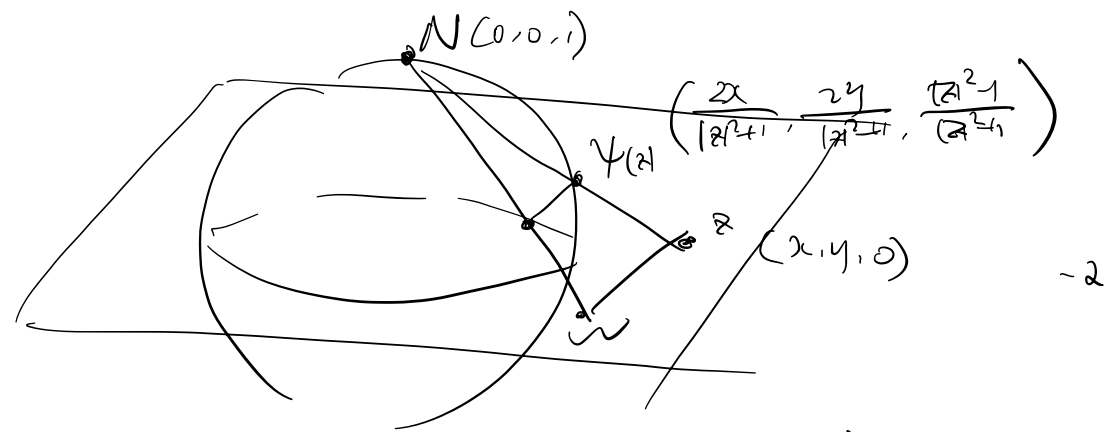
$$g(z) = \frac{\phi(z) + \omega^2 \phi(\omega z) + \omega \phi(\omega^2 z)}{3}$$

唯一性? 设 $\phi = f + g + h = f' + g' + h'$

$$f - f' = -(g - g') - (h - h')$$

$$\text{由 } f, f', g, g', h, h' \text{ 全在 } \overline{D} \Rightarrow f - f' = g - g' = h - h' = 0$$

5. $N_z. N \overline{\psi}(z)$



$$(x^2+y^2+1) \cdot \left(\frac{4x^2+4y^2+4}{(x^2+1)^2} \right)$$

$$= (x^2+y^2+1) \frac{4(x^2+y^2+1)}{(x^2+y^2+1)^2} = 4$$