Homework03

April 21, 2023

1 Stats 21 - HW 3 - Due 4/29/2023 by 11:59PM

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Homework is generally an opportunity to practice coding and to train your problem solving and critical thinking skills. Putting Python to use is where learning happens.

Copying and pasting another's solutions takes away your learning opportunities. It is also academic dishonesty.

ChatGPT is always allowed in this class, but do remember, it is not foolproof and if your solution looks too much like another submission, I am required to file a report

Please use this document as your homework template and submit both the modified .ipynb file and a PDF export.

1.2 Assignment

1.2.1 1. Functions/lists (2pts)

Define a function called insert_into(listname, index, iterable). It will accept three arguments, a currently existing list, an index, and another list (or a tuple) that will be inserted at the index position.

Python's built-in function, list.insert() can only insert one object.

```
def insert_into(listname,index,iterable):
    newlist = list(range(0,(len(listname)+len(iterable))))
    i = 0
    for j in range(index-1):
        newlist[i] = listname[j]
        i = i+1
    for j in range(len(iterable)):
        newlist[i] = iterable[j]
        i = i+1
    for j in range(index,len(listname)):
        newlist[i] = listname[j]
        i = i+1
```

```
print(newlist)
```

```
[25]: # do not modify. We will check this result for grading
l = [0,'a','b','c',4,5,6]
i = ['hello', 'there']
insert_into(1, 3, i)
```

```
[0, 'a', 'hello', 'there', 'c', 4, 5, 6, 8]
```

1.3 2. Recursion (3pts)

The Ackermann function, A(m, n), is defined:

$$A(m,n) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} n+1 & \text{if } m=0 \\ A(m-1,1) & \text{if } m>0 \text{ and } n=0 \\ A(m-1,A(m,n-1)) & \text{if } m>0 \text{ and } n>0 \end{array} \right.$$

See http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ackermann_function . Write a function named ack that evaluates the Ackermann function. Use your function to evaluate a few test cases. Don't test with $m \ge 4$ as it grows very fast very quickly.

```
[28]: def ack(m,n):
    if m == 0:
        return(n+1)
    elif m>0 and n==0:
        return(ack(m-1,1))
    else:
        return(ack(m-1,ack(m,n-1)))
```

```
[29]: # test case, should be 61 ack(3, 3)
```

[29]: 61

```
[30]: # test case, should be 125 ack(3, 4)
```

[30]: 125

1.4 3. String search (2 pts)

Please download list of words word list.txt:

https://github.com/lewv/SP23STAT21/blob/main/WEEK03/word_list.txt

The write code that reads word_list.txt and prints out only the words with at least 10 characters.

```
[45]: # please write your code here
```

```
file = open("word_list.txt", "r")
contents = file.read().split()

for i in contents:
    if len(i)>=10:
        print(i)
```

administration collection commercial conference democratic development difference discussion environment environmental especially everything experience generation government ${\tt individual}$ information institution interesting international investment management opportunity organization participant particular particularly performance population production professional relationship Republican responsibility significant successful technology television

themselves throughout traditional understand

4. Removing duplicates (3 pts) 1.5

Write a function called no_dups that takes a list and returns a new list with duplicates removed. It should not modify the original list.

You can assume that the list will not have nested lists.

```
[70]: import string
      def no_dups(t):
          newlist = []
          for i in t:
              if i not in newlist:
                  newlist.append(i)
          print(newlist)
[71]: no_dups(['a','b','c'])
     ['a', 'b', 'c']
```

```
[72]: no_dups([-9, -5, 20, 12, 13, 4, 16, -7, 16, 12, 9, 8, 11,
               7, -7, 11, 2, 20, 8, -1, -3, 6, -4, 6, 0, 15, -10,
               2, 6, 4, 7, 1, -1, -1, -5, 5, 15, 14, 12, 9, 0, 2,
               6, -10, 7, 20, 5, -9, -3, 2, 19, 11, -8, 12, 15, 3,
               -2, 11, 14, 8, 5, 10, 8, -3, 2, 19, 4, 11, 20, -2, 0,
               -8, -8, 8, 7, -5, -1, 1, -9, 5, 19, -4, 14, 15, 16, 2,
               5, 8, 8, 15, 7, -10, 3, 10, -10, -6, -9, 6, -7, 9])
```

[-9, -5, 20, 12, 13, 4, 16, -7, 9, 8, 11, 7, 2, -1, -3, 6, -4, 0, 15, -10, 1, 5,14, 19, -8, 3, -2, 10, -6]

```
[73]: no_dups(['a','b','c','a', 16, -7, 16, 12])
```

['a', 'b', 'c', 16, -7, 12]