Long Run Macroeconomics

Prof. Giacomo Rondina University of California, San Diego Spring, 2023

Lecture 8 (note: this lecture will be recorded)

Looking ahead to the Midterm

- April 25, 27: The Solow Model
- May 2: How firms make investment decisions
- May 4: Review ahead of Midterm
- Monday May 8:

Out-of-Class Midterm, 7 pm – 9 pm, Solis 107

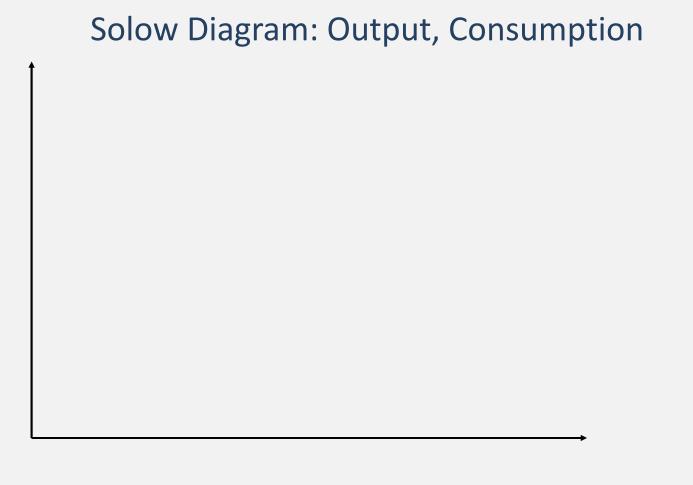
Econ 110A - Housekeeping

Problem Set 3 is posted

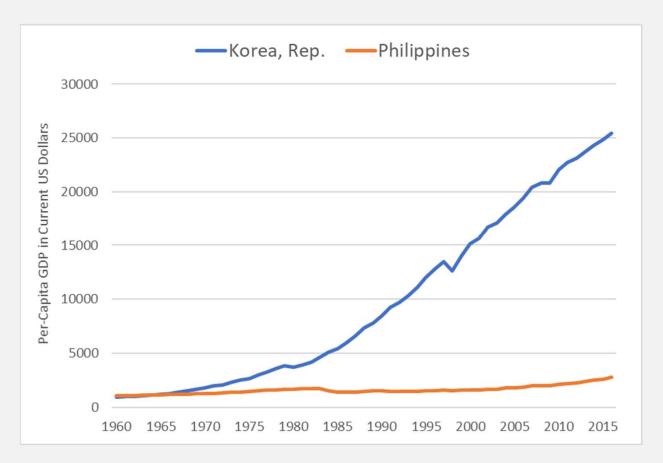
 No live class today, please watch recordings of Lectures 8 and 9 from Spring 2022 (see Canvas announcement for details)

Plan for Lecture 8

- The Solow Model
 - The Solow Diagram (cont'd)
 - Recap
 - The Steady State
 - A first look at data
 - Experiment 1 and 2



Two Pictures from 1960



The Solow Model: quick recap

The Force in the Solow Model





Long Run: Steady State Capital

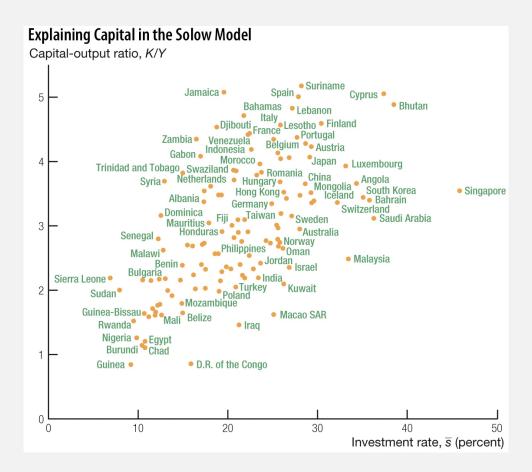
Long Run: Steady State Output

Aside: The Real Interest Rate

Amount of output a person can earn by saving one unit of output for a year, or amount of output a person must pay to borrow one unit of output for a year.

A first look at data using the Solow model

Capital/Output Ratio and the Investment Rate



Is the Solow model successful in predicting the relationship between capital/output ratio (K/Y) and the investment (saving) rate \bar{s} we see in the data?

TFP: Solow vs. Production Model

What is the role of TFP in Solow compared to the production model?

Production model:
$$\underbrace{\frac{y_{\text{rich}}^*}_{y_{\text{poor}}^*} = \underbrace{\frac{\overline{A}_{\text{rich}}}{\overline{A}_{\text{poor}}}}_{70} \cdot \underbrace{\left(\frac{\overline{k}_{\text{rich}}}{\overline{k}_{\text{poor}}}\right)^{1/3}}_{5}$$

Solow model:

The Solow Model: Taking Stock

1. Is there sustained growth in the Solow model?

2. What is the main force that brings the economy to a steady state?

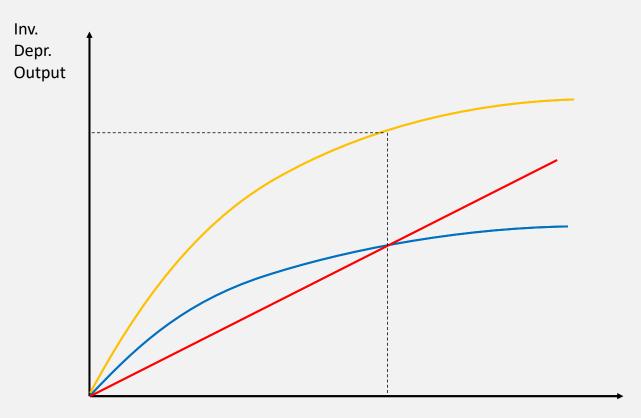
3. Does population size matter for living standards in the Solow model?

Experiments with the Solow Model

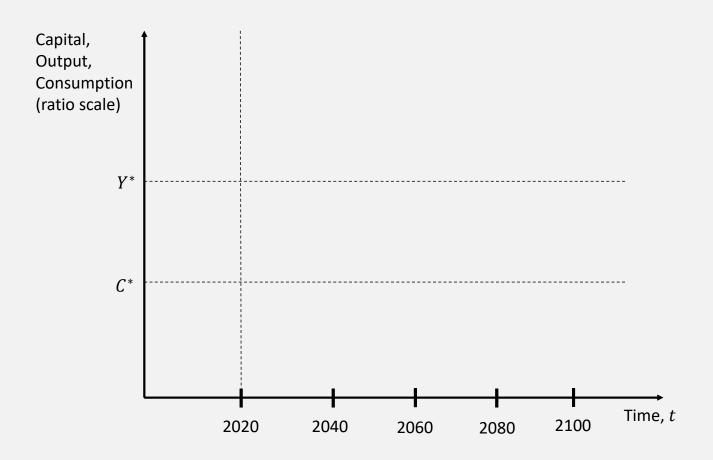
Experiment 1

Suppose the economy is in the steady state of the Solow model. Unexpectedly, there is a permanent increase in the **Investment rate** \bar{s} . What happens to capital, output and consumption according to the model?

Experiment 1: Increase in the **Investment rate** \bar{s}



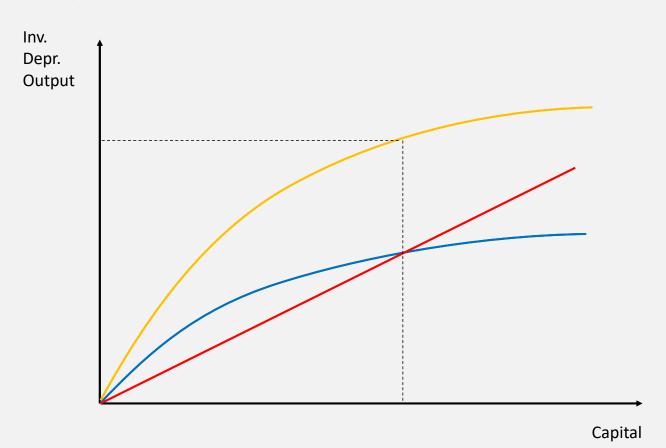
Experiment 1: Impulse Response



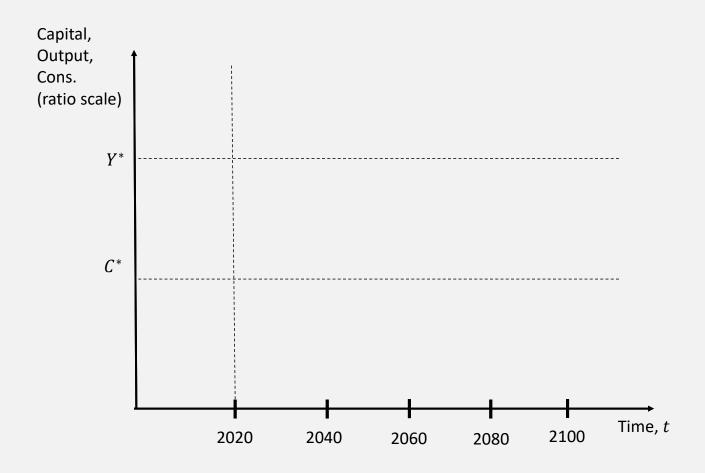
Experiment 2

Suppose the economy is in the steady state of the Solow model. Unexpectedly, there is a permanent increase in the **Depreciation Rate** \overline{d} . What happens to capital, output and consumption according to the model?

Experiment 2: Increase in the **Depreciation Rate** $\overline{m{d}}$



Experiment 2: Impulse Response



Experiment 3

Experiment 3: Suppose the economy is in the steady state of the Solow model. Unexpectedly, there is a permanent increase in **Population**, \overline{L} . What happens to capital, output and consumption according to the model?

Experiment 3: Increase in **Population**, \overline{L}

