Homework 01

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1 Solution to Section 1.4

1.1 Solution to Part A

Part A states that we need to set up a linearly separable data set with size 20. There is a webstie for this that professor Rivas recommended we use. This website is found at The Data Science Lab. The code from this website is saved in the baker-01 folder as Perceptron.py. After importing this class, there was one edit I had to make. The edit was to import the pyplot class from matplotlib as plt. The result of this is 1

1.2 Solution to Part B

Part B states that we need to run the perceptron learning algorithm on the plot from part A. The code uses the pla method from the Perceptron class. Included are three iterations of the algorithm running. The first picture, 2, is the first iteration that was clearly visible on the plot. The second picture, 3, is much closer to the target function than the first picture, but still not there yet. The last picture, 4, is when the algorithm stopped. While the hypothesis g is close to the function f, the slope is visibily off.

1.3 Solution to Part C

Part C states that we need to run the perceptron learning algorithm on a different set of 20 points. The code uses the pla method from the Perceptron class. Included are three iterations of the algorithm running. The first picture, 5, is one of the iterations that got close. The second picture, 6, is the iteration after the first picture. This was a little weird to see. The last picture, 7, is when the algorithm stopped. While the hypothesis g is close to the function f, the slope is visibily off, just like the function in Part B.

1.4 Solution to Part D

Part D states that we need to run the perceptron learning algorithm on a set of 100 points. Included are three iterations of the algorithm running. In the first picture, 8, the machine has gotten a start on finding f. The second picture, 9, has the g function nowhere near the target function, which is interesting considering this picture was 30 iterations later. The last picture, 10, is when the algorithm stopped. Compared to both of the runs using 20 plot points, the finished hypothesis function is much closer to the target function, with only a small change in slope.

1.5 Solution to Part E

Part E states that we need to run the perceptron learning algorithm on a set of 1000 points. I hope my computer can handle this one. Included are three iterations of the algorithm running. In the first picture, 11, the machine has gotten a start on finding f, and has no idea where it's going. The second picture, 12, has the g function much closer to the target function, but granted this is after the algorithm has done around 290 more iterations. The last picture, 13, is when the algorithm stopped, after exactly 332 iterations. If that's not nailing the target function, I don't know what is. Compared to both of the runs using 20 plot points and the 100 point one, the finished hypothesis function of this iteration is infinitely more accurate, to the point where I can't distinguish the target function from the hypothesis.

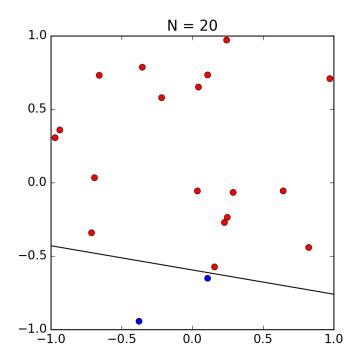


Figure 1: Part A plot with target function f.

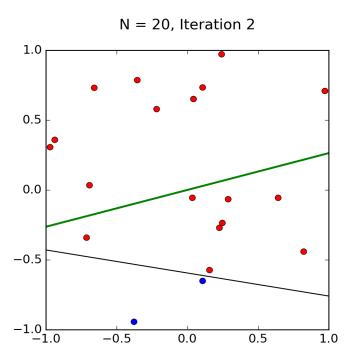


Figure 2: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm.

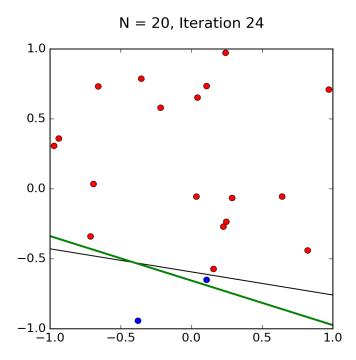


Figure 3: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm.

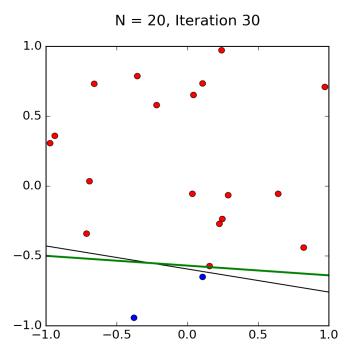


Figure 4: The last iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm.

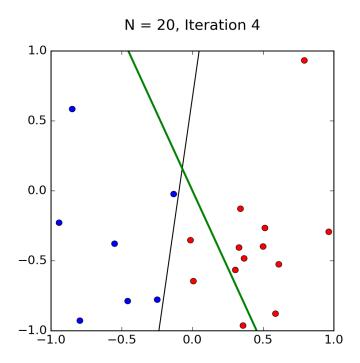


Figure 5: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm.

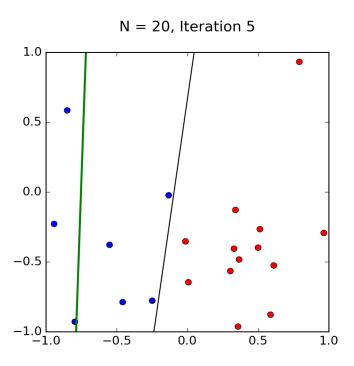


Figure 6: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm.

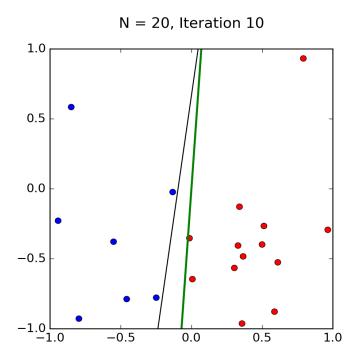


Figure 7: The final iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm using a different set of plot points.

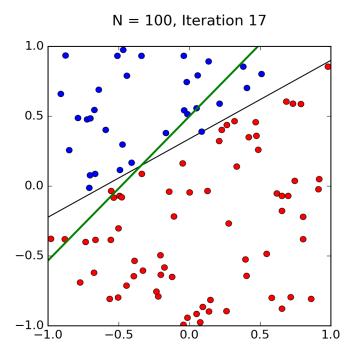


Figure 8: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm using 100 plot points.

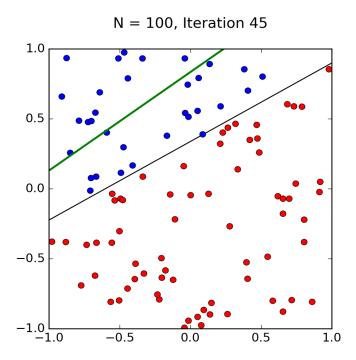


Figure 9: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm using 100 plot points.

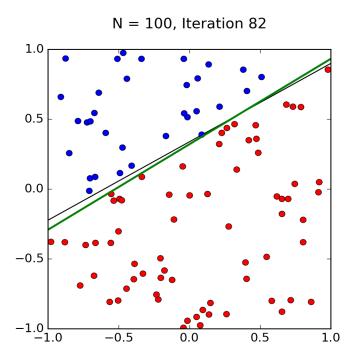


Figure 10: The final iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm using a set of 100 plot points.

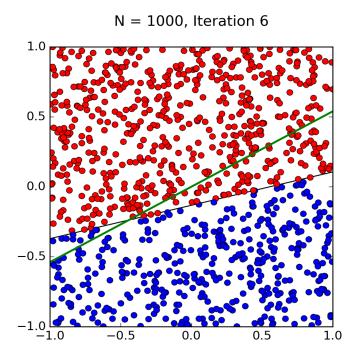


Figure 11: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm using 1000 plot points.

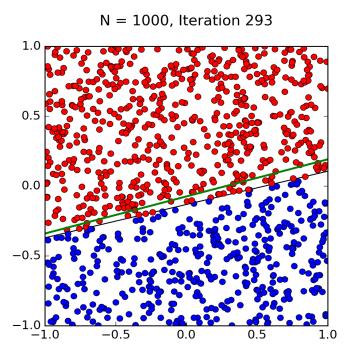


Figure 12: An iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm using 1000 plot points.

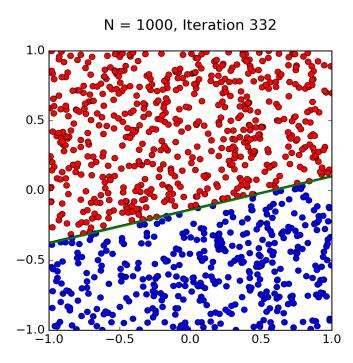


Figure 13: The final iteration of the perceptron learning algorithm using a set of 1000 plot points.