

NAME: GINI CHACKO

SEMESTER: IV

CLASS: SE COMPS B

BATCH: B

ROLL: 8942

TOPIC: MP EXPERIMENT 1 :

8 bit ADDITION

8 bit SUBTRACTION

8 bit MULTIPLICATION

8 bit DIVISION

❖ 8 bit ADDITION :

CODE:

```
.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 07h
num2 db 0Ah
result db ?
.code
start:
mov ax, @data
mov ds, ax
mov al, num1
add al, num2
mov result, al
mov ah, 4ch
int 21h
end start
```

```

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program:  EDIT
File Edit Search View Options Help
C:\TASM\ADD8BIT.ASM

.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 07h
num2 db 0Ah
result db ?
.code
start:
mov ax,0data
mov ds, ax
mov al,num1
add al,num2
mov result,al
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
end start

F1=Help Line:1 Col:1

```

OUTPUT:

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program: TD

File Edit View Run Breakpoints Data Options Window Help READY

CPU 80486 1

cs:0000 B8AE48	mov ax,48AE	ax 4811	c=0
cs:0003 8ED8	mov ds,ax	bx 0000	z=0
cs:0005 A00400	mov al,[0004]	cx 0000	s=0
cs:0008 02060500	add al,[0005]	dx 0000	o=0
cs:000C A20600	mov [0006],al	si 0000	p=1
cs:000F B44C	mov ah,4C	di 0000	a=1
cs:0011 CD21	int 21	bp 0000	i=1
cs:0013 0007	add [bx],al	sp 0000	d=0

[]=Dump 2=[]

ds:0000 4C CD 21 00 07 0A 11 00	L=?
ds:0008 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
ds:0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
ds:0018 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	

es:0000 CD 20 FF 9F 00 EA FF FF	= f R
es:0008 AD DE E0 01 C5 15 AA 01	
es:0010 C5 15 89 02 20 10 92 01	
es:0018 01 03 01 00 02 FF FF FF	

ss:0002 6474

ss:0000 0000

F1-Help F2-Bkpt F3-Mo F4-Here F5-Zoom F6-Next F7-Trace F8-Step F9-Run F10-Menu

❖ 8 bit SUBTRACTION :

CODE:

```
.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 07h
num2 db 0Ah
result db ?
.code
start:
mov ax, @data
mov ds, ax
mov al, num2
sub al, num1
mov result, al
mov ah, 4ch
int 21h
end start
```

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program: EDIT

File Edit Search View Options Help

C:\TASM\SUB8BIT.ASM

```

.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 07h
num2 db 0Ah
result db ?
.code
start:
mov ax,0data
mov ds, ax
mov al,num2
sub al,num1
mov result,al
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
end start

```

F1=Help Line:1 Col:1

OUTPUT:

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program: TD

File Edit View Run Breakpoints Data Options Window Help READY

CPU 80486

cs:0000 BBAE48	mov ax,48AE	ax 4803	c=0
cs:0003 BED8	mov ds,ax	bx 0000	z=0
cs:0005 A00500	mov al,[0005]	cx 0000	s=0
cs:0008 2A060400	sub al,[0004]	dx 0000	o=0
cs:000C A20600	mov [0006],al	si 0000	p=1
cs:000F B44C	mov ah,4C	di 0000	a=0
cs:0011 CD21	int 21	bp 0000	i=1
cs:0013 0007	add [bx],al	sp 0000	d=0
cs:0015 0A03			
cs:0017 0000			
cs:0019 0000			
cs:001B 0000			
cs:001D 0000			

[]=Dump 2=[] []

ds:0000 4C CD 21 00 07 0A 03 00	L=!
ds:0008 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
ds:0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
ds:0018 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	

es:0000 CD 20 FF 9F 00 EA FF FF	= f 0
es:0008 AD DE E0 01 C5 15 AA 01	i x 0 S 0
es:0010 C5 15 89 02 20 10 92 01	+Se 0 0 0
es:0018 01 03 01 00 02 FF FF FF	0 0 0 0

ss:0002 6474
ss:0000 0000

F1=Help F2=Bkpt F3=Mod F4=Here F5=Zoom F6=Next F7=Trace F8=Step F9=Run F10=Menu

❖ 8 bit MULTIPLICATION :

CODE:

```
.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 07h
num2 db 0Ah
result dw ?
.code
start:
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
mov al,num1
mov bl,num2
mul bl
mov result,ax
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
end start
```

```

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program:  EDIT
File Edit Search View Options Help
C:\TASM\MUL8BIT.ASM

.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 07h
num2 db 0Ah
result dw ?
.code
start:
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
mov al,num1
mov bl,num2
mul bl
mov result,ax
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
end start
F1=Help Line:1 Col:1

```

OUTPUT:

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program: TD

File Edit View Run Breakpoints Data Options Window Help **READY**

CPU 80486

cs:0000 B8AE48	mov ax,48AE	ax 0046	c=0
cs:0003 8ED8	mov ds,ax	bx 000A	z=0
cs:0005 A00600	mov al,[0006]	cx 0000	s=0
cs:0008 8A1E0700	mov bl,[0007]	dx 0000	o=0
cs:000C F6E3	mul bl	si 0000	p=0
cs:000E A30800	mov [0008],ax	di 0000	a=0
cs:0011 B44C	mov ah,4C	bp 0000	i=1
cs:0013 CD21	int 21	sp 0000	d=0

[]=Dump 2=[]

cs:0017 0A4600	ds:0000 00 B4 4C CD 21 00 07 0A	L=!
cs:001A 0000	ds:0008 46 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F	
cs:001C 0000	ds:0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
cs:001E 0000	ds:0018 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	

es:0000 CD 20 FF 9F 00 EA FF FF	= f R	ss:0002 6474 ss:0000 0000
es:0008 AD DE E0 01 C5 15 AA 01	i R S	
es:0010 C5 15 89 02 20 10 92 01	S R	
es:0018 01 03 01 00 02 FF FF FF	R R	

F1-Help F2-Bkpt F3-Mod F4-Here F5-Zoom F6-Next F7-Trace F8-Step F9-Run F10-Menu

❖ 8 bit DIVISION :

CODE:

```
.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 72h
num2 db 02h
rem db ?
quo db ?
.code
start:
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
mov al,num1
mov ah,0h
div num2
mov rem,ah
mov quo,al
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
end start
```


DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program: EDIT

File Edit Search View Options Help

C:\TASM\DIU8BIT.ASM

```

.8086
.model small
.data
num1 db 72h
num2 db 02h
rem db ?
quo db ?
.code
start:
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
mov al,num1
mov ah,0h
div num2
mov rem,ah
mov quo,al
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
end start

```

F1=Help Line:1 Col:1

OUTPUT:

DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program: TD

File Edit View Run Breakpoints Data Options Window Help READY

CPU 80486 1

cs:0000 B8AE48	mov ax,48AE	ax 0039	c=0
cs:0003 8ED8	mov ds,ax	bx 0000	z=0
cs:0005 A00A00	mov al,[000A]	cx 0000	s=0
cs:0008 B400	mov ah,00	dx 0000	o=0
cs:000A F6360B00	div byte ptr [000]	si 0000	p=0
cs:000E 88260C00	mov [000C],ah	di 0000	a=0
cs:0012 A20D00	mov [000D],al	bp 0000	i=1
cs:0015 B44C	mov ah,4C	sp 0000	d=0

[]=Dump 2-[]

cs:0017 CD21	ds:0000 0C 00 A2 0D 00 B4 4C CD ? 6F {L=
cs:0019 007202	ds:0008 21 00 72 02 00 39 00 00 ? r 9
cs:001C 0039	ds:0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
cs:001E 0000	ds:0018 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
cs:0020 0000	

es:0000 CD 20 FF 9F 00 EA FF FF = f 9	
es:0008 AD DE E0 01 C5 15 AA 01 i 0 0 0 0	
es:0010 C5 15 89 02 20 10 92 01 + 0 0 0 0	ss:0002 6474
es:0018 01 03 01 00 02 FF FF FF 0 0 0 0	ss:0000 0000

F1=Help F2=Bkpt F3=Mod F4=Here F5=Zoom F6=Next F7=Trace F8=Step F9=Run F10=Menu

POSTLAB QUESTIONS:

1.] Write the 8086 CPU architecture.

Page No.:
 Date:
 youva

ANS: • 8086 Microprocessor is an enhanced version of 8085 Microprocessor that was designed by Intel in 1976.

- It is a 16-bit microprocessor having 20 address lines and 16 data lines that provides up to 1MB storage.
- It consists of powerful instruction set, which provides operations like multiplication and division easily.
- It supports two modes of operation, i.e. maximum mode and minimum mode.
- Maximum mode is suitable for system having multiple processors and minimum mode is suitable for system having a single processor.

Features of 8086

- 1) The 8086, has an instruction queue, which is capable of storing six instruction bytes from the memory resulting in faster processing.
- 2) It was the first 16-bit processor having 16-bit ALU, 16-bit registers, internal data bus, and 16-bit external data bus resulting in faster processing.
- 3) It is available in 3 versions based on the frequency of operation.
- 4) It uses 2 stages of pipelining, i.e. fetch stage and execute stage.
- 5) Execute stage executes these instructions.
- 6) It has 256 vectored interrupts and 29,000 transistors.

2.] Give the syntax to write assembly instruction format.

ANS: 1) The assembly text is usually divided into fields, separated by spaces and tabs. A format for a typical line from assembly language program can be given as

Label: Mnemonic Operand1, Operand2; comment

- 2) The first field, which is optional, is the label field, used to specify symbolic labels. A label is an identifier that is assigned to the address of the first byte of the instruction in which it appears. The label provides a symbolic name that can be used in branch instructions to branch to the instruction.
- 3) The second field is mnemonic, which is compulsory. All instructions, must contain a mnemonic.
- 4) The third and following fields are operands. The presence of the operands depends on the instruction. Some instructions have no operands, some have one, and some have two.
- 5) The last field is a comment field. It begins with a delimiter such as the semicolon and continues to the end of the line.
- 6) The comments are for our benefits, they tell us what the program is trying to accomplish.