# **= KIMAX 2**









# Installation- and Instruction manual

Software version 1.3—2.56

# Table of contents:

- 0. Introduktion
- 1. Daily use
- 2. Quick guide
- 3. Calibration
- 4. Configuration
- 5. Protecting your setup
- 6. Electrical installation
- 7. Air-sensor installation
- 8. SG Sensor installation
- 9. Optional sensors installation
- 10. OBC serial output
- 11. Accessories
- 12. Frequently asked questions
- 13. Technical specifications
- 14. Appendix

This manual is edited for Kimax 2 radio and Kimax 2 sensor, menus and diagrams are referring to layout of Kimax 2 radio. However Kimax 2 universal have equal function and menus as Kimax 2 radio. When connection diagrams or layouts are different, additional diagrams are present for Kimax 2 universal.

Daily use

#### Warranty

Kimax 2 radio, Kimax 2 universal, Kimax 2 sensor are all covered by Sense-Tech Weighing Systems ApS guarantee. Electronic failure and broken components caused by normal use are repaired or exchanged when nessecary, when send to the factory Damage to your vehicle caused by installation of Kimax instruments or loss of time caused by recalibration or repairments of Kimax instruments are not covered by Sensetech Weighing Systems ApS in any case.

#### Basic safety rules:

Before you start the installatation procedure, make sure that the instruments has not suffered any damage during transport.

Note that the KIMAX 2 instruments must be installed and connected in accordance with the regulations valid for the vehicle and country in question.

The KIMAX 2 instruments must be protected from gravel, water spray from wheels and other factors that may damage the instruments.

We recommend to mount the instruments in a position where it is protected from water jets and rinse water.

Once you have decided where the instrument is to be mounted in the cabin, you have to consider the cable routing.

Special attention should be given to potential damaging factors such as e.g. hinging point for tilting the cab.

Once you have decided where the instrument is to be mounted on the chassis, you have to consider the cable routing. Special attention should be given to tensile forces, cuts and other factors that may damage the cables and hoses.

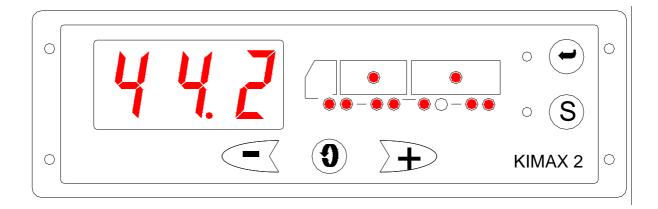
#### Connection of compressed air.

Before you carry out any installation work related to the air suspension, make sure that the suspension has been brought to the lowest possible position.

# How does it work

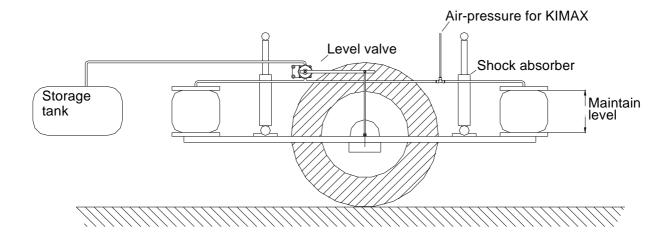
The KIMAX 2 on board scale is an axle pressure meter that measures the pressure on the air suspension system to indicate the load on each axle for the entire vehicle.

The KIMAX 2 has a 3-digit display indicating the actual weight of the vehicle or the weight of the individual axles. LEDs warns the driver in case of overload.



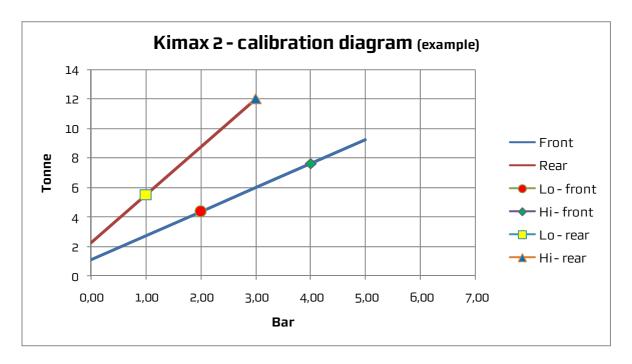
A mechanical system on the vehicle maintain a fixed level of the chassis height through a level valve which add or subtract compressed air to the bellows according to the actual load on the vehicle.

Top of bellows, shock absorber and level valve are fixed on the chassis of the vehicle.

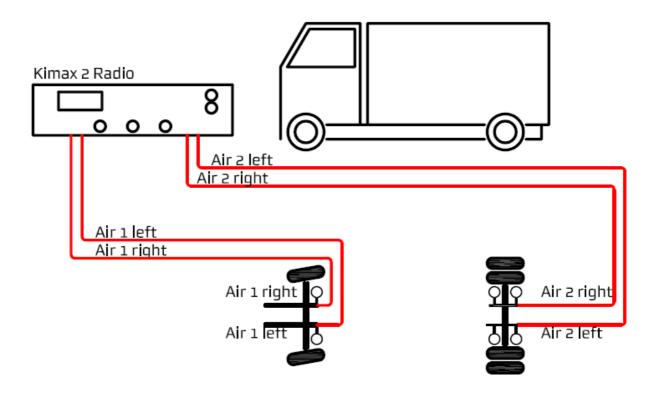


Each axle has to be calibrated after installation, before you can rely on your new onboard scale. The calibration is carried out by weighing each axle of the vehicle on a weighing bridge. While you truck is standing on the weighing bridge you must give in the empty (Lo) weight and loaded (Hi) weight, when the vehicle is empty respective loaded.

Setup



Air pressure are measured on right and left side on each axle and routed to the Kimax instrument, due to get the most accuracy weighing results under different circumstances.



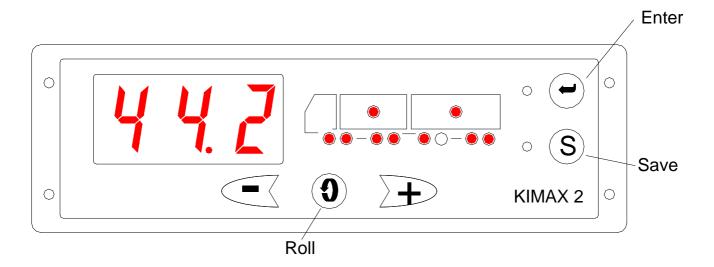
Daily use

When you switch on your KIMAX 2 system, it will show the total weight of the entire vehicle in the 3-digit display measured in tonne.

The active axle LEDs as well as the load LED are on too.

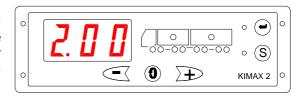
When a trailer is connected to your vehicle, the active axle LEDs and load LED for the trailer is turned on too.

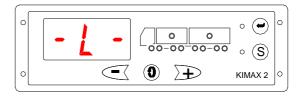
When you disconnect the trailer from your vehicle, the axle and load indications for the trailer disappear after a few seconds, as well as the displayed weight is reduced by the weight of the trailer.



When you switch on the power for your Kimax 2, you read a 3-digit number in the display for about 3 seconds. The number equals the software version of your instrument.

Next read out is an indication of your degree of the protection of the setup and calibration of your instrument. A - L- indicates that the instrument is protected against changing the setup and calibration, a -U-means your unit is unlocked, calibration and setup can be changed.





By use of the Roll button and the +/- buttons, you can display the individual weight of each axle, the load you are carrying and the total weight of your vehicle.

The following pages show a short walk around through the buttons, it shows you the easy way of reading and printing values from your KIMAX 2.

Calibration

When you press the Roll button once, the KIMAX 2 display the actual weight of axle #1 and only the axle LED #1 is lit up.

Pressing the + button once, change the axle LED to the next active axle on the right. In this case axle LED #2 is lit up and the display reads the actual weight of axle #2.

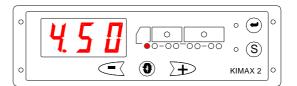
Pressing the + button once again, the axle LEDs changes to the next active axle, which are the boogie axle #3 and #4. The common weight of axle #3 and #4 is displayed.

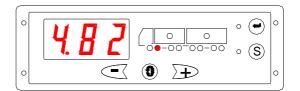
Pressing the + button once again, change the axle LED to the next active axle on the right, in this case axle #5, which is the 1. axle on the trailer. The belonging weight is read out on the display.

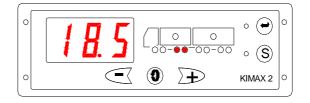
Pressing the + button once again, the axle LED changes to the next active axle, which are the boogie axle #6 and #7. The common weight of axle #6 and #7 is displayed.

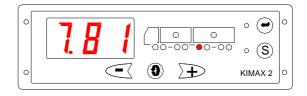
Pressing + button once again return the display to #1 axle, pressing the button returns the display to axle #5.

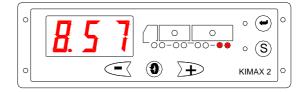
Pressing the - button reverse the axle LED to the next active axle on the left, in this case axle #3 and #4.











When you press the Roll button in any of the single axle modes, you go to display the load on your vehicle, indicated by litting up the load LED.

Press the + or - button, and you toggle between the load on your vehicle and the load on your trailer.

When no trailer is present, pressing the + or - button will not affect the displayed value.

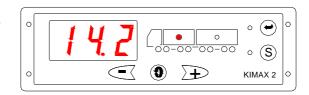
When you press the Roll button in any of the load modes, you will go to display the total weight of your vehicle. This mode is displayed by litting both the load LED and the axle LEDs on the vehicle.

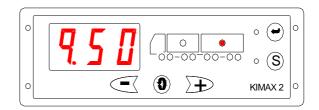
Press the + or - button, and you toggle between the total weight of your vehicle and the total weight of your trailer.

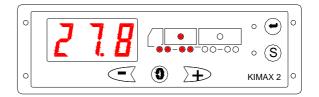
When no trailer is present, pressing the + or - button will not affect the displayed value.

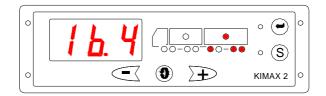
When you press the Roll button in any of the total weight modes, you will go to display the load on your vehicle + trailer.

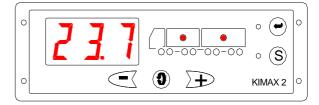
Pressing the Roll button once again return you to the total weight of your vehicle + trailer.

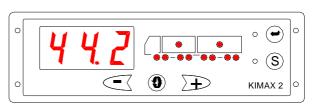






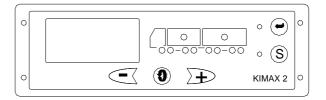




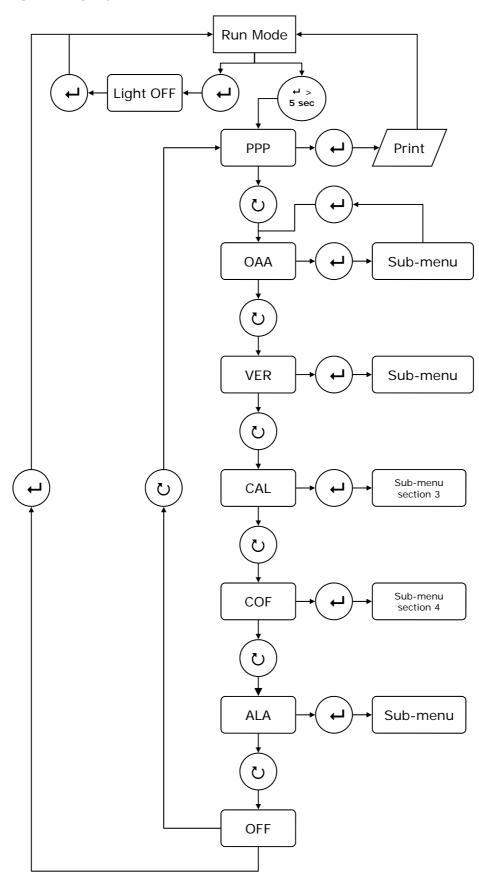


In any display mode, - pressing the Enter button shortly, blank your display, - pressing Enter once again turn on your display.

While the display is blanked during your ride, the alarm output A2 and the OBC signal is still active and broadcasted.



# Main menu:



# Entering the Kimax 2 sevice menu

Through an easy to use menu, you have access to print out actual weight of your vehicle on a printer.

Further more you can read some additional setup values on the display, helping you understand how your weighing system works.

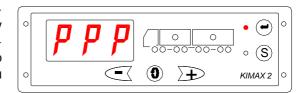
By pressing the Enter button for 5 seconds, you will get access to the service menu in your Kimax 2, - while you are in the menus, the LED next to the Enter button lit up. By pressing the Roll button once or several times, when you are in menu mode, you can

scroll through the following sub-menus.

You can leave the service menu when you continue scrolling the display reads OFF, then you can leave the menu by pressing Enter.

# PPP - print-out

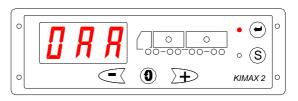
The first position is the printing menu, press the Enter button once again shortly and you will get a printed copy of your actual load, when a printer is connected to the Kimax 2. The Kimax 2 leaves the menu and returns to normal read out.



# OAA - diagnostic menu

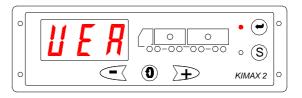
Press Enter shortly and you get a relative value, ranging from 0,5% to 99,5%, displaying the actual load on your 1. axle. In this position you can rotate between your active axles #1 to #8 by pressing +

or - . You leave the OAA menu by pressing Enter shortly.



# VER - software version

Press Enter shortly and you get a 3 digit code for your currently software version in the Kimax instrument. Pressing Roll button in this menu, will show the software version of the trailer, when a trailer is present in your system.

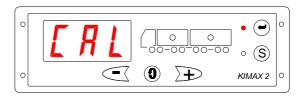


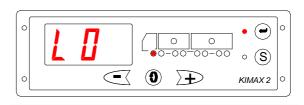
# CAL - calibration

Press Enter shortly and you will get access to the LO - HI - ADL - ADH - OFF submenus.

Rotate between readings by pressing Roll. Press Enter once again when LO / HI / ADL / ADH is displayed and you get an axle LED indication and a 3-digit value, which equals the value which was save previously.

In this position you can rotate between your active axles #1 up to #8 by pressing Roll. You leave actual menu by pressing Enter shortly, rotate by Roll to OFF and press Enter once again.





# **COF** - configuration

Press Enter shortly and you will get access to the configuration menu **CF** - **HFA** - **ID** - **OFF** submenu.

Rotate between readings by pressing Roll. Press Enter once again when **CF** / **HFA** / **ID** is displayed.

# CF - configuration

Press Enter once again in the CF menu, Kimax 2 displays which axle LEDs are assigned to which input. You can rotate between your active axles #1 to #8 by pressing Roll. You leave the CF menu by pressing Enter shortly.

# HFA - configuration

Press Enter once and the Kimax 2 displays the HFA setting: 000, 010, 020 or 030. Change this setting by pressing either + or - button and save it by pressing the S button. Leave the HFA menu by pressing Enter shortly.

# ID - configuration

Press Enter once and the Kimax 2 displays the ID setting: 000—255. Change this setting by pressing either + or - button and save it by pressing the S button. Leave the ID menu by pressing Enter shortly.

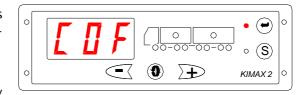
# ALA - alarms

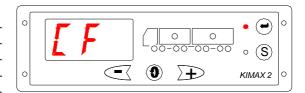
Press Enter shortly and you get access to the **A1 - A2 - OFF** sub-menus.

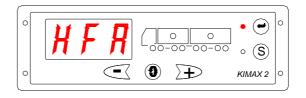
Rotate between readings by pressing Roll. Press Enter once again when A1 is displayed and you get a 3-digit value and one or more of the axle LEDs will be lit. By pressing either + or - you can change the value and save it by pressing the S button. If the Kimax 2 exceeds this value for the chosen axle the axle LEDs will flash. By pressing the roll button the display reads the value for axle LED number 2, which can be altered like axle LED number 1. You leave actual submenu by pressing Enter shortly, rotate by Roll to A2. Press Enter shortly and the Kimax 2 displays a 3-digit value, change this value by pressing either + or - and save it by pressing the S button. If the Kimax 2 exceeds this value a relay will activate. You leave actual submenu by pressing Enter shortly, rotate by Roll to **OFF** and press Enter once again.

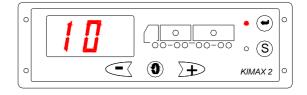
#### OFF - leave menu

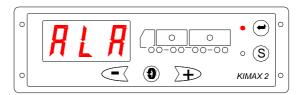
You leave this menu by pressing Enter when you read OFF in the display.

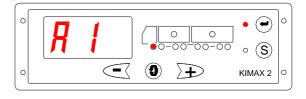


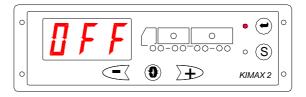












#### Calibration

Once you have finished the installation and setup of your Kimax system, you must calibrate it, this means you link an actual unloaded weight of an axle together with a **LO** reading on this axle, - and you link a loaded weight of an axle together with a **HI** reading on this axle.

**LO** and **HI** calibration has to be carried out on all axles or axle groups. The actual weight of each axle on your vehicle has to be measured on a weighing bridge.

#### LO weighing

For calibration of the **LO** values on each individual axle, you have to weigh a unloaded vehicle in the following positions on a weighing bridge, showed in the table. The table is showing a example for a 3 axle vehicle.

LO	Position Axle #1	Position Axle #1 + 2	PUSITION Axle #1 + 2 + 3
Weighing bridge Reading	3,1 T	5,2 T	7,2 T
Axle 1	Axle 1:  3,1 T  Axle 1 LO weight value Axle 1 = Weighing bridge Axle #1	Axle 1:  3,1 T  Type here the LO weight value for axle 1  Axle 2:  2,1 T	Axle 1:  3,1 T  Type here the LO weight value for axle 1  Axle 2:  2,1 T
Axle 2		Axle 2 LO value. To find the LO value for Axle 2 (Weighing bridge Axle #1+2) - Axle 1 = Axle 2	Type here the LO weight value for axle 2
Axle 3			Axle 3:  2,0 T  Axle 3 LO value. To find the LO value for Axle 3 (Weighing bridge axle #1+2+3) - (Axle 1 + Axle 2) = Axle 3

The measured values for the axles must be given in right away in the Kimax instrument while the vehicle is carrying the actual measured weight and is parked on an even surface without any brakes active.

installation

Daily use

#### HI weighing

For calibration of the **HI** values on each individual axle, you have to weigh a loaded vehicle in the following positions on a weighing bridge, showed in the table. The table is showing a example for a 3 axle vehicle.

HI	Position Axle #1	Position Axle #1 + 2	Position Axle #1 + 2 + 3
Weighing Bridge Reading	3,6 T	6,7 T	9,7 T
Axle 1	Axle 1:  3,6 T  Axle 1 HI weight value Axle 1 = Weighing bridge Axle #1	Axle 1:  3,6 T  Type here the HI weight value for axle 1	Axle 1:  3,6 T  Type here the HI weight value for axle 1
Axle 2		Axle 2:  3,1 T  Axle 2 HI value. To find the HI value for Axle 2 (Weighing bridge Axle #1 + 2) - Axle 1 = Axle 2	Axle 2:  3,1 T  Type here the HI weight value for axle 2
Axle 3			Axle 3:  3,0 T  Axle 3 HI value. To find the HI value for Axle 3 (Weighing bridge Axle #1+2+3) - (Axle 1 + Axle 2) = Axle 3

The measured values for the axles must be given in right away in the Kimax instrument while the vehicle is carrying the actual measured weight and is parked on an even surface without any brakes active.

Daily use

# Communication setup

Configuration is a one time customizing of your Kimax 2 instrument making it specific for your vehicle. This has to be done to make the system work proberly.

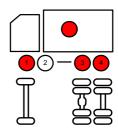
Through the **HFA** menu you can set up your Kimax 2 radio panel up for either a display with or without sensors.

Through the **BCD** rotary switch you can set up your Kimax 2 Sensorbox up for working on a truck or on a trailer. The Kimax 2 Universial display unit you can set up with either the HFA menu or with the BCD rotary switch. Through the COF menu you can assign certain axle LEDs to each of the 8 analogue channels.

The factory setting for the instruments is that each channel lights up one LED.

#### Example 1:

You have a 3 axle truck with air suspension as shown in scenario 1. In this example you do not have to change a thing. Factory setting is HFA 0.10 and channel 1 lights up Axle-LED 1, channel 2 lights up Axle-LED 3 and channel 3 lights up Axle-LED 4.



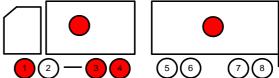
#### Example 2:

You own a 3 axle truck with air suspension and a 3 axle trailer also with air suspension. You would like to be able to read out the load on your trailer outside the cabin and therefore you have decided to buy instruments like scenario 3.

As in example 1 you do not have to change a thing in the MMS instrument.

When you change the HFA setting in the SL2 instrument to HFA 0.30 you also have to change the Axle-LED settings.

The instruments will look like this after HFA change:

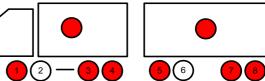


Enter the CF-submenu and and press the roll button until the display reads 4. Now Axle -LED 1 will be lit press either + or - button to make the Axle-LED flash. When the Axle-LED flashes you can change its setting by pressing S-button, now the instrument only reads 4 in the display. Press either + or - to make the first Axle-LED of the trailer flash and press S to change its setting.

Press the roll button and the display now reads 5 and Axle-LED 3 will be lit. Press either + og - to make it flash and press S to change its setting. Press either + or - to make Axle-LED 7 on the trailer flash and press S to change its setting.

Press the roll button and the display now reads 6 and Axle-LED 4 will be lit. Press either + og - to make it flash and press S to change its setting. Press either + or - to make Axle-LED 8 on the trailer flash and press S to change its setting.

Now leave the menu by pressing Enter and Roll until the display reads OFF. Press Enter and Roll until the display reads OFF and press Enter. The instruments should look like this:

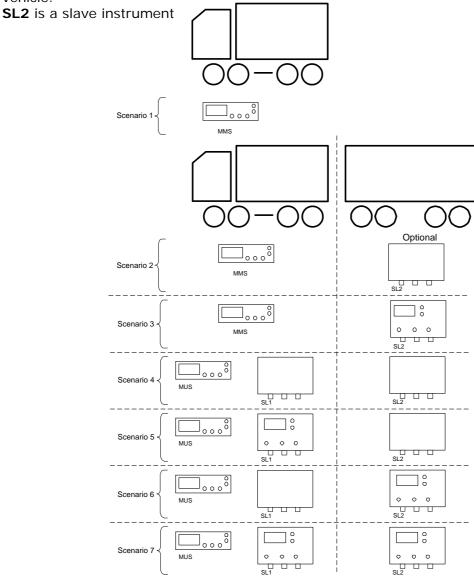


Find your combination of instruments below.

**MUS** is a master instrument without sensors.

**MMS** is a master instrument with sensors.

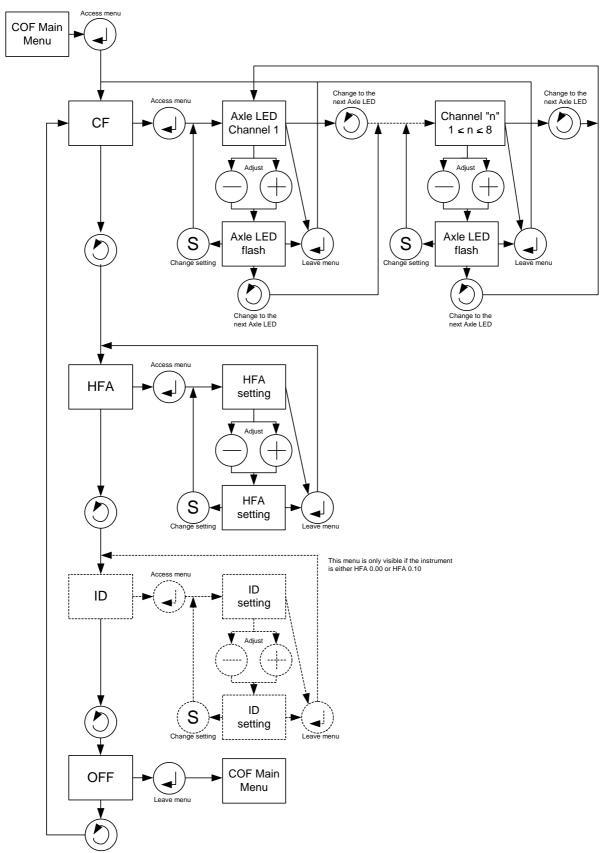
**SL1** is a slave instrument, it only works properly when a MUS is also installed on the vehicle.



Setup	MUS	MMS	SL1	SL2 (Optional)
Scenario 1		HFA 0.10		
Scenario 2		HFA 0.10		BCD 2
Scenario 3		HFA 0.10		HFA 0.30 or BCD 2
Scenario 4	HFA 0.00		BCD 1	BCD 2
Scenario 5	HFA 0.00		HFA 0.20 or BCD 1	BCD 2
Scenario 6	HFA 0.00		BCD 1	HFA 0.30 or BCD 2
Scenario 7	HFA 0.00		HFA 0.20 or BCD 1	HFA 0.30 or BCD 2

Once you have made the communication setup you are ready to customize the instrument(s) to your vehicle. This has to be done in order to make the system work properly.

# Configuration menu



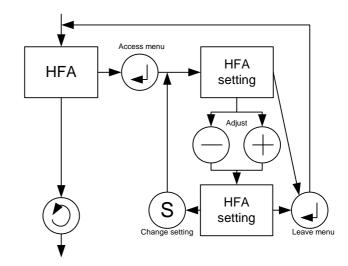
# How to set up HFA and the BCD rotary switch

Enter the HFA-menu to make sure the setting is correct otherwise change it.

Enter the menu and change the setting, remember to save the setting by pressing S.

To change the BCD rotary switch you must turn off the power and remove the front of the Kimax 2 instrument. Locate the BCD rotary switch on the printed circuit board and change the setting. Put the front back on and switch the power on.

When you have finished setting up these settings you must continue to the next part "Setting up the LEDs"



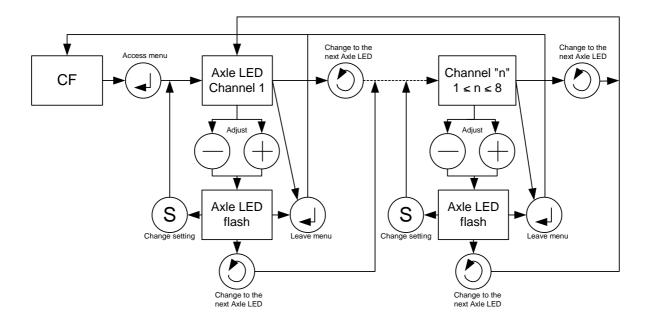
# Setting up the Axle-LEDs

Enter the CF-menu to assign LED's to the individual inputs:

When the LED is flashing you can change its settings by pressing the S-button, to make a LED flash press either + or - button. Change to the next input by pressing the roll-

You can assign several LEDs to one input but you cannot assign one LED to two or more inputs.

LED 1-4 is available on the truck instrument and LED 5-8 is available on the trailer instrument.



# Protecting your setup and calibration

When your setup, configuration and calibration is done, you can protect these settings and values by activating a software lock on Kimax 2 radio, Kimax 2 universal and Kimax 2 sensor.

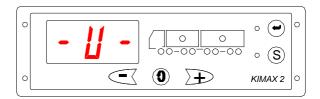
In the locked position you are able to read all measured values from your Kimax instrument. Further more you can read the values in the service menus, - you are not able to change the setup, configuration or calibration by accident.

The software lock is not 'hacker' proof protection, you can easily (decide to) unlock your instrument in order to modify the calibration.

#### Locking Kimax 2 radio and universal

The factory setting is unlocked when you get a new instrument, you read a - U - when you power your instrument up.

After the setup, configuration and calibration is done you can lock your Kimax 2 radio and Kimax 2 universal by powering up the instrument once again while you press Enter and Roll button.

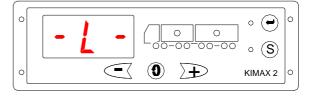


#### Unlocking Kimax 2 radio and universal

When you decide to recalibrate your system, you need to unlock the Kimax 2 radio or universal.

A locked instrument is displayed as a - L - when you power it up.

Pressing both Enter and Roll button while you are powering the instrument up once again will unlock the menus, and you will have access to all setup, configuration and calibration menus again.



You can lock and unlock your Kimax instrument as often as you like.

When your Kimax 2 radio or Kimax 2 universal is connected to a Kimax 2 sensor, you need to lock your Kimax 2 sensor separately, as described on the next page.

The Kimax instruments is a reliable instrument, which show you the real weight of your vehicle when it is properly calibrated. However it is your responsibility to maintain the calibration of your instrument. Sense-tech Weighing Systems ApS do not in any case take over the responsibility for the accuracy of your calibration.

When you setup your Kimax 2 sensor, you have decided is it a Slave 1 or a Slave 2 instrument (described in section 4 of this manual).

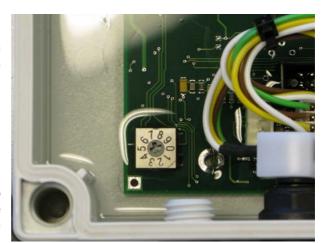
Locking a Kimax 2 sensor is carried out by setting the rotary switch located on the lower left corner on the PCB inside the sensor box.

#### Locking Kimax 2 sensor

The factory setting is unlocked SL 2 when you get a new Kimax 2, this means it is intended for a trailer or a semitrailer.

When your trailer or semitrailer is set up, configurated and calibrated you can lock it by rotating the switch from unlocked position 2 to locked position 4.

In order to rotate the switch you need to open the box by means of untighten the 4 screws on the top and remove the cover.



When you are using your Kimax 2 sensor as a Slave 1 instrument, typical application is on your truck in combination with a display in your cabin, the rotary switch has to be in position 1 for unlocked set up configuration and calibration and in position 3 for locked position.

All sensor boxes has to be locked individually by rotary switch, you can not lock them through your Kimax 2 radio and Kimax 2 universal.

	SL1	SL 2
Unlocked	32/000	2000 2000 2000 2000
locked	50000 50000	19 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

# **Electrical installation**

#### **Electrical connection**

Always disconnect the battery before you perform any installation work on the system of the vehicle.

Do not route the cables next to ignition cables or other cables carrying large current. Make sure that the cables are not exposed to tensile or shearing forces. Protect the cables with rubber grommet if you route the cables through holes.

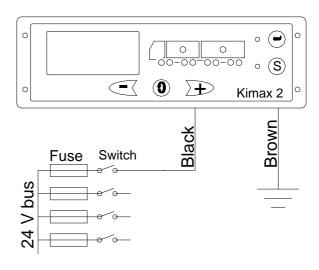
For connecting cables use crimp connectors or another approved method. Avoid short-circuting the system by faulty connections or Squeezed cables.

Fasten the cables at suitable intervals.

#### **Basic installation**

When you use your Kimax 2 radio instrument on a single vehicle, you only need to connect the brown wire from pin 1 in the cable set to chassis (- supply) and the black wire from pin 2 to +24 V through a (ignition) switch and a fuse and you are done.

Unused wires in the cable set are kept insulated from chassis and any other conducting circuits.



#### Standard installation truck—trailer

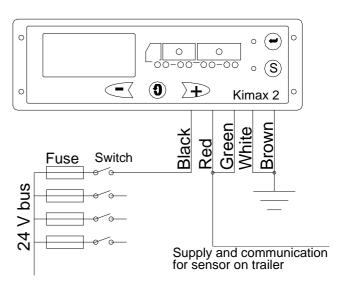
#### Kimax 2 in the cabin:

In a standard truck trailer installation the brown wire to chassis (- supply) and the black wire to the +24 V through switch and fuse.

The communication circuit is established by connecting the white wire to chassis together with the brown wire and by routing the red and green wire as a "new" wire from truck to trailer.

This "new" wire is conducting both the supply and communication for the sensor on the trailer. The "new" supply through the red wire, has a limited capacity of 200 mA and must not be used for anything else than Kimax sensor boxes.

Unused wires in the cable set are kept insulated from chassis and any other conducting circuits.



#### Kimax 2 on the trailer:

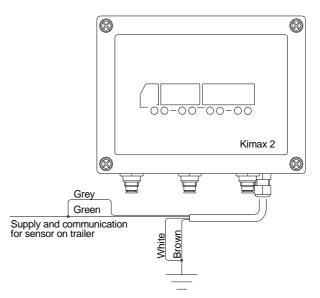
Introduction

In a standard truck trailer installation the brown wire to chassis (- supply) and the gray and green wire to the "new" +24 V.

The communication circuit is established by connecting the white wire to chassis together with the brown wire and by routing the grey and green wire as a "new" wire from trailer to truck.

This "new" wire is conducting both the supply and communication for the sensor on the trailer. The "new" supply through the red wire, has a limited capacity of 200 mA and must not be used for anything thing else as Kimax sensors.

Unused wires in the cable set are kept insulated from chassis and any other conducting circuits.



#### Advanced truck—trailer installation:

On a lot of trucks you are able to use the existing electrical wires routed in-between the truck and on the trailer, which means you do not have to add an extra connector to the truck and trailer.

#### Kimax 2 in the cabin (advanced):

Normally you can use the left side indication light cable for supply and communication between the truck and trailer instruments.

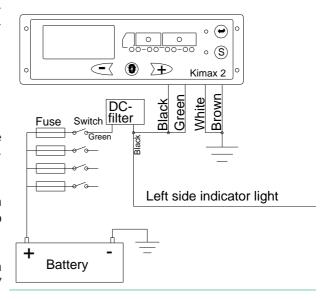
You need to put in a Kimax DC filter in the supply line in order to improve the power-line communication.

Simply interrupt the connection from fuse to indicator light bus, and connect the Kimax DC filter as indicated.

Black supply— and green communication wire from Kimax 2 has to be connected to the "light" side of the DC filter.

Brown supply— and white communication wire has to be connected to ground/ chassis of the vehicle.

Unused wires in the cable set are kept insulated from chassis and any other conducting circuits.



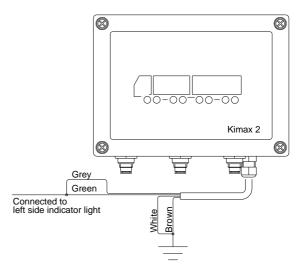
#### Kimax 2 on the trailer (advanced):

In the advanced truck trailer installation the brown and white wire to chassis (supply) and the grey and green wire to the left side indication light.

The communication and supply circuit is established through the existing wires and connectors.

When you always use exactly the same circuit for supply and communication on all your vehicles (for example left side indicator light) you can change to any trailer in your fleet and athe system will work.

Unused wires in the cable set are kept insulated from chassis and any other conducting circuits.



Some CAN-bus systems are very sensitive and respond immediately when you load circuits with additional power consumption. In these cases we recommend the standard truck - trailer installation. The power consumption of one Kimax 2 equals the consumption of a 3 W lamp on a 24 Volt system.

#### Getting your system to work:

When you have connected your Kimax 2 radio and your Kimax 2 sensor to the electrical system on your vehicle, you need to go to section 4 of this manual for instruction on setting up the communication between Kimax 2 radio and Kimax 2 sensor and learn how to customize the Kimax system to fit exactly to your vehicle.

When you have finished the setup of your system, you need to go to section 3 of this manual for instruction on calibrating the Kimax system.

When you have finished the calibration of your Kimax system, you can go to section 5 of this manual learning how to protect your setup, configuration and calibration.

The Kimax 2 radio is calibrated together with the bellows and the actual weight of the truck.

The sensor on the trailer is calibrated together with the bellows and the actual weight of the trailer.

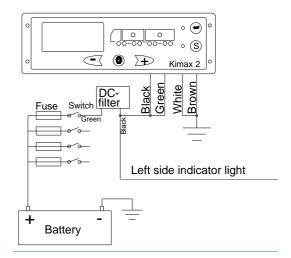
In this way you can swap from one trailer to another trailer and you still can read the actual weight of the entire vehicle on the Kimax 2 radio (both trailers have to be equipped with a Kimax sensor).

When you have finished your electrical installation, you need to go to section 4 in order to arrange the setup and configuration of the system.

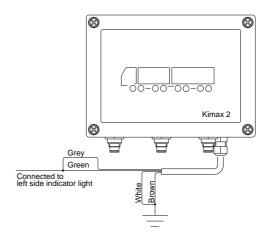
#### Advanced truck-trailer installation version 2:

On some trucks it is possible to install a Kimax 2 radio as display only without sensors, when you do not want to route air tubes in your cabin or when you have limited available space behind your dashboard.

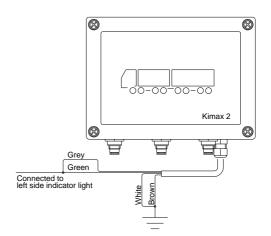
Kimax 2 radio without sensors in the cabin



Kimax 2 sensor as slave 1 on the truck chassis



Kimax 2 sensor as slave 2 on the trailer chassis



Daily use

# Air-sensor installation

#### Connection of compressed air.

Before you carry out any installation work related to the air suspension, make sure that the suspension has been brought to the lowest possible position and all compressed air are released.

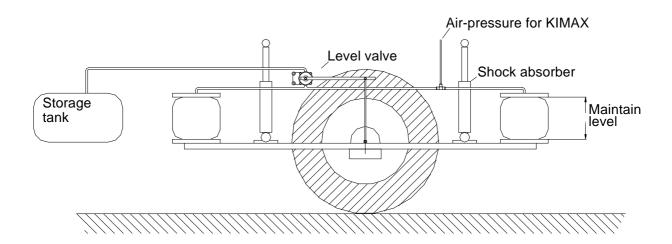
It is important to install the hoses in such a way that they are not affected by other components. The hoses must be fixed at suitable intervals

Route the hoses in such a way that they are not exposed to exhaust heat and other heating sources that may lead to the permissible temperature being exceeded.

Avoid damages from gravel, friction and contact with sharp edges.

Avoid excessive tension of the hoses.

#### **Basic installation:**



First of all you have to identify the supply hoses for the bellows.

Depending on the layout of your vehicle you can have one or two bellows each side on each axle.

Your air suspension system can be deviated in a left-hand side and a right-hand side with individual air circuits and individual level controlling valves due to minimizing rolling.

In all cases you will get the best accuracy and the fasted response, when you use Kimax 2 Instruments with double air-inlet for each axle.

In cases of steering axles or rear axles with common air circuit you can use a single input Kimax 2 instrument in order to save cost in installation and investment.

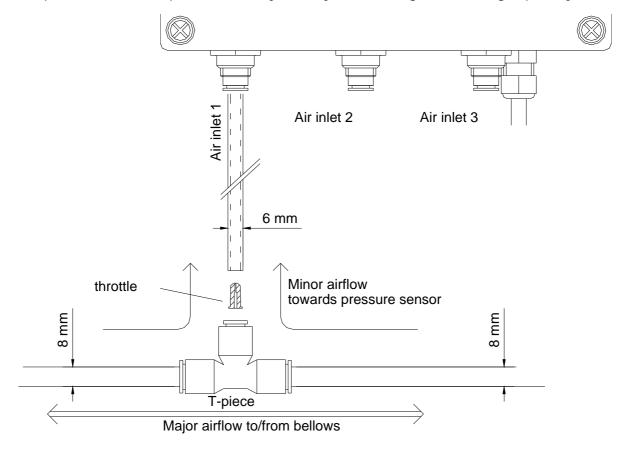
Cut the supply hose between the level valve and the bellow, assemble the hose again by using a T-piece.

Connect the instrument to the air bellows by means of an approved  $\emptyset 6$  x 1 mm polyure-thane hose.

A throttle has to be put in every 6 mm hose at the T-piece end. It is important to mount the throttle in T-piece end of the hose, it will not work i the correct way, when you put it in the sensor end of the connecting hose.

The throttles protect the pressure sensors in the Kimax 2 instruments against burst-pressure. Further more the throttles protect the air circuit against unexpected leakage when one of the 6 mm hoses has a damage.

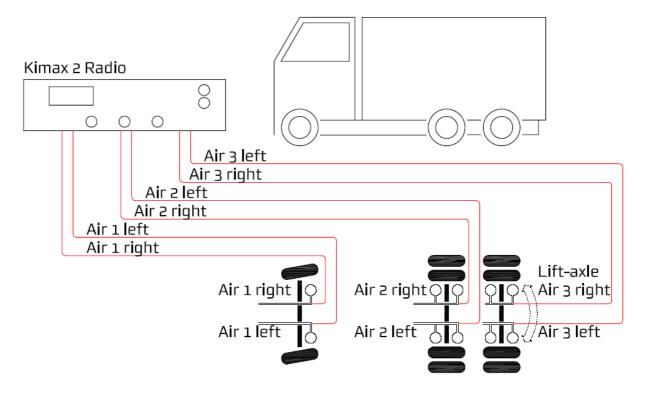
Unexpected loss of compressed air may affect your breaking and steering capability.



#### Air-sensor installation on your vehicle

When you suspension system is deviated in a left hand side and in a right hand side by use of a level control valve in both left and right side, you can connect a KIMAX instrument by using the standard fitting you get together with your instrument according to the below diagram.

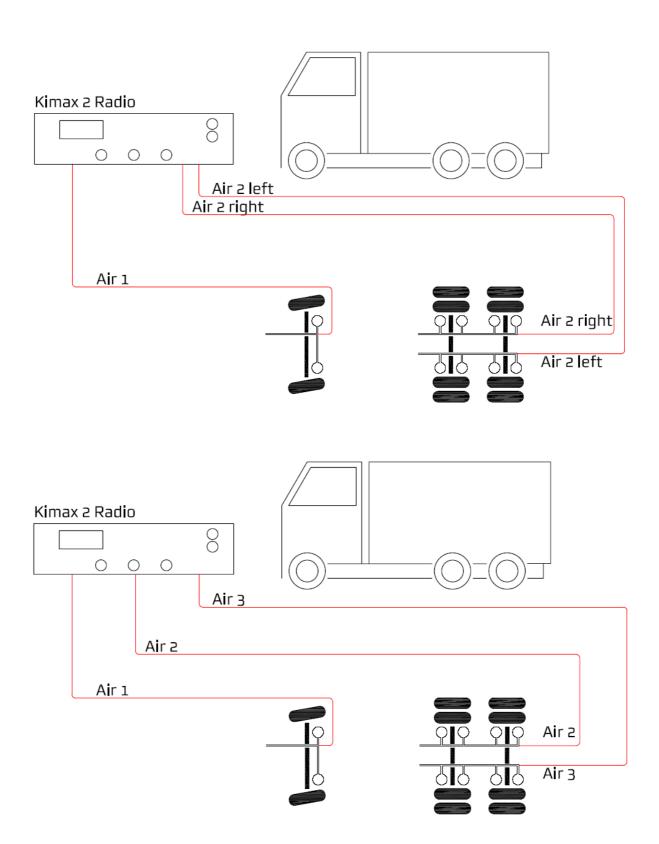
#### **Basic layout**



When your lift-axle is engaged, the pressure in air 3 left equals air 2 left and the pressure in air 3 right equals air 2 right, axle 2 and 3 share the weight of the rear of your vehicle.

When your lift-axle is disengaged (lifted from the road) the pressure in air 3 right and

# **Optional layout**



You can find additional layout on different vehicles in the appendix to this manual section 14 and on www.kimax.com.

Daily use

# SG-sensor installation

#### Front axle installation

On vehicles with steel spring suspension (parable springs or leave springs) e.g. on front axles, we recommend SG sensors.

The SG sensor senses the bending of the front axle caused by load of the vehicle.

The SG sensor has to be glued on the front axle in order to read the bending of the front axle (more precise—to read the strain in the front axle).

Gluing the SG Sensor to the front axle has to be done with a lot of care, when it is carried out.

Both the SG sensor and the front axle needs to be at 20 °C at least, not only on the surface of the axle, but the entire axle needs to be at 20 °C! - Typically that means that the vehicle has to stay in the workshop one night over before you start the gluing process.

The surface of the front axle, where you are going to fit the SG sensor must be extremely clean and without of any dust, oil and grease.

#### Cleaning:

The very best way to clean the axle from dust and spots of oil, is to wash it with

warm water and soap, and then you clean the axle surface with a oil removing chemical.

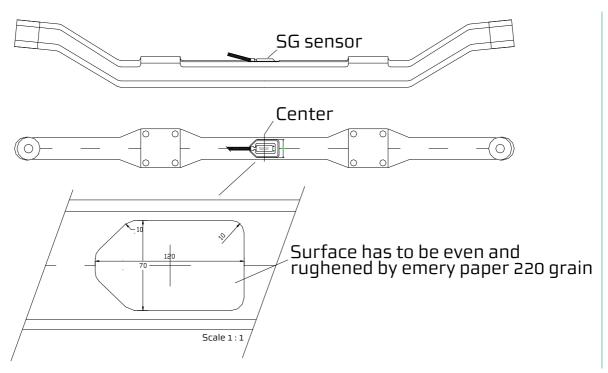
The optimal position for fitting the SG sensor is on the top of the centreline in the middle of the axle, as indicated on the drawing below.

You have to remove all paint and corrosion protecting materials from the axle in an area at least with the dimension as described in the below drawing. This area has to be even, dry and clean.

The easiest way to make the surface even is to use a grinding machine with emery paper first grain 80-120 later grain 180-220.

All dust from grinding the front axle, has to be remove by washing the grinded area with cleaning solvent and white cleaning paper. You have to continue the wiping process until you does not pick up any dirt by using white cleaning paper.

The SG sensor itself has to be grinded slightly by emery paper grain 220 and wiped off with cleaning solvent and cleaning paper on the 12 x 18 mm pad on the bottom side immediately before gluing the sensor to the axle.

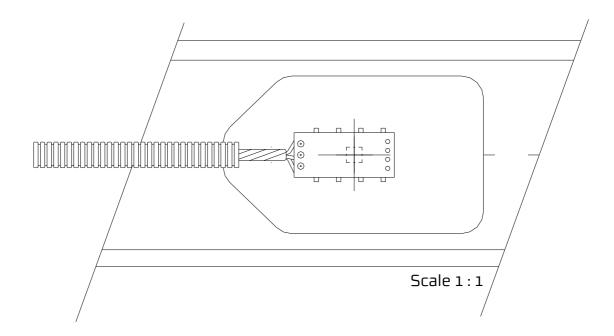


#### Gluing:

Apply a tiny drop of Z70 on the  $12 \times 18$  mm pad on the bottom side of the SG sensor and put it immediately in position upon the axle and press it with your thumb for 2 minutes until the glue has cured.

The position of the SG sensor has to be like it is in the drawing below. After curing the SG sensor fix the flex tube shielding of the cables to the axle by mean of cable strips.

Now you are ready to connect and test the SG sensor.



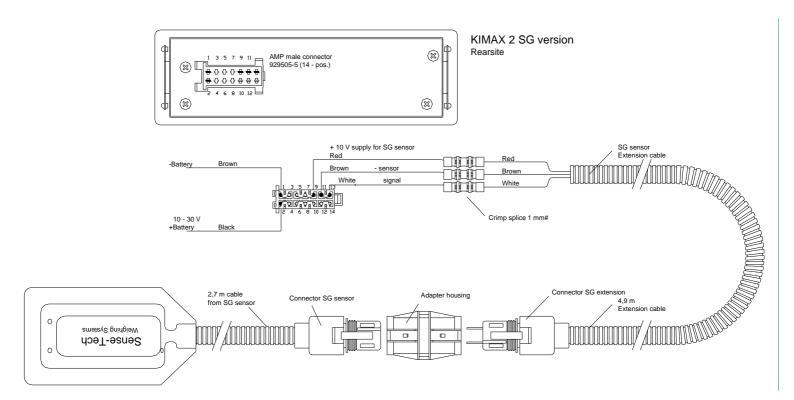
#### Testing:

Connect the SG sensor to the KIMAX 2 instrument through the SG extension cable according to the circuit diagram. You will get a waterproof junction when you connect the SG sensor and the SG extension with the adapter.

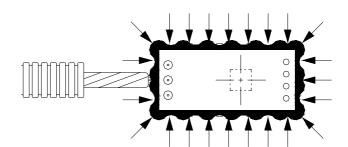
Switch on the KIMAX 2 instrument and go to the OAA reading for the relevant axle (in most cases the front axle) you will typically get a reading in the range 5.00 to 15.0 which is a relative value, ranging up to 99.9 %.

Load the axle (when testing a front axle make some people enter the cabin, 4 adults  $\sim$  300 kg) and you read an increasing OAA value—100 kg  $\sim$  0,1 % increasing OAA value.

#### Electrical installation SG sensor

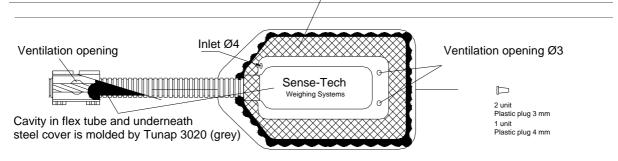


Protecting the SG sensor





The steel cover is glued to the axle and to the flextube in the shaded area with Tunap 3040 (black)



#### Step 1

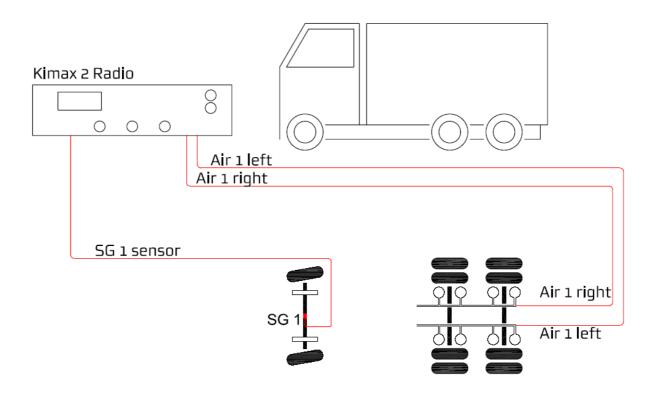
The steel cover is glued to the axle and to the flex tube in the shaded area with Tunap 3040 (black), the curing time is 24 hours at 20 °C, the cover can be fixed with two cable strips around the axle.

#### Step 2

The steel cover is moulded completely with Tunap 3020 (gray) through Ø4 mm opening, until the Tunap 3020 is floating out of the Ø3 ventilation openings and the flex tube stub is filled too.

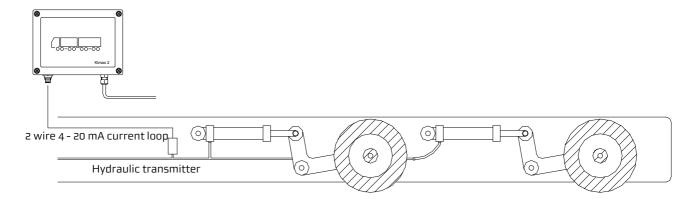
#### Typical application:

SG sensor on fron taxle combined with air suspension on rear axles.

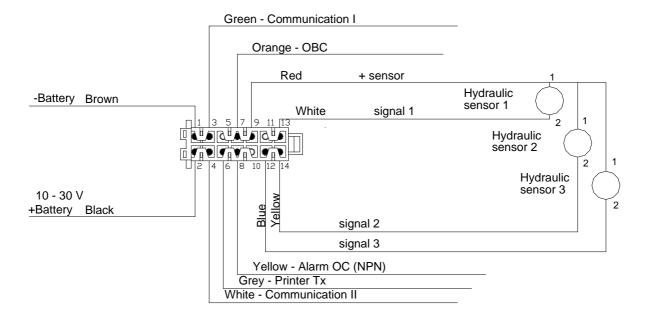


# Optional sensor installation

Hydraulic suspension is often used on heavy load low bed trailers. In order to measure the load on this kind of vehicles, hydraulic sensors are used in cooperation with Kimax instruments, which can be Kimax 2 radio, Kimax 2 sensor as well as Kimax 3 sensor.

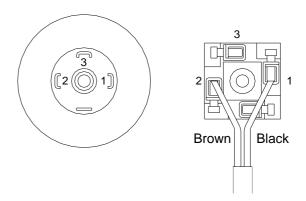


When you use Kimax 2 radio for hydraulic sensors, you have to connect the sensor(s) as indicated on the below circuit diagram. The 2-wire hydraulic sensor has to be supplied either from Kimax 2 sensor supply (pin 9) or from the 24 V supply net directly.



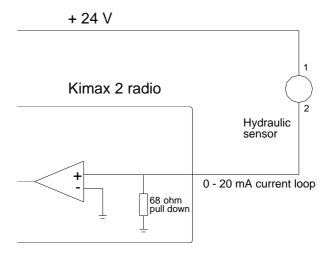
When you use Kimax 2 universal or Kimax 2 sensor, each unit is equipped with a cable and belonging connector, which fits directly on to the hydraulic sensor.

The hydraulic sensor is connected as indicated on this diagram.



The hydraulic sensor act as a 2-wire current loop sensor, which is connected to the Kimax instrument by means of an internal pull down resistor.

When you are supplying the hydraulic sensor directly from the 24 V net on your vehicle, please make sure this net is referring to the same ground potential (chassis) as the Kimax instrument does.



# **OBC** serial output

The Kimax II radio panel offers you a RS-232 serial output, displaying the measured values you can read on the display. The string of data is broadcasted every 3 second and can be picked up by a GPRS unit for instance a FM 200 unit.

For test you can set up a "HyperTerminal" on your laptop with the below parameters:

Setup

Bit pr sec 9.600
Data bit 8
Parity N
Stopbit 1
Flowcontrol N

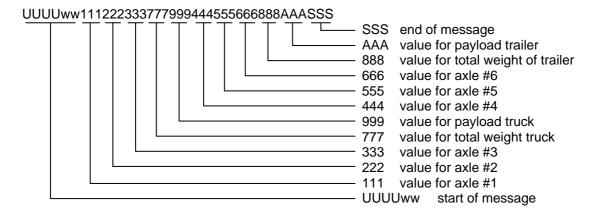
and you can read the broadcasted values as numeric characters.

You need to set up your GPRS or FM200 to receive on the above parameters too.

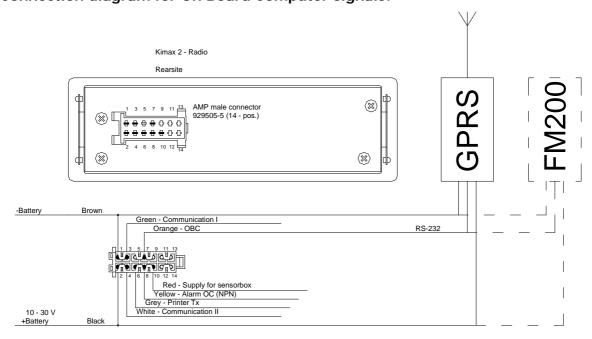
In order to retransmit the Kimax values through your GPRS unit, or receive the data in a FM200, you can set up a mask: "UUUUww ..... SSS" framing 10 x 3 digits.

When you want to retransmit the total weight of the truck and the trailer, you need to pick up digit 10+11+12 for the truck and digit 25+26+27 for the trailer.

#### Protocol:



#### Connection diagram for On Board Computer signals:



Daily use

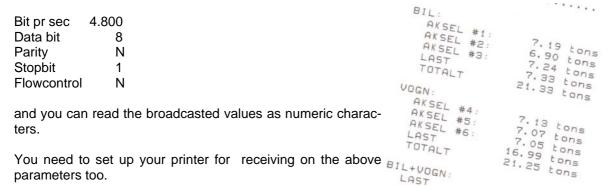
# Printer serial output

The Kimax 2 radio panel offers you a RS-232 serial output, for printers.

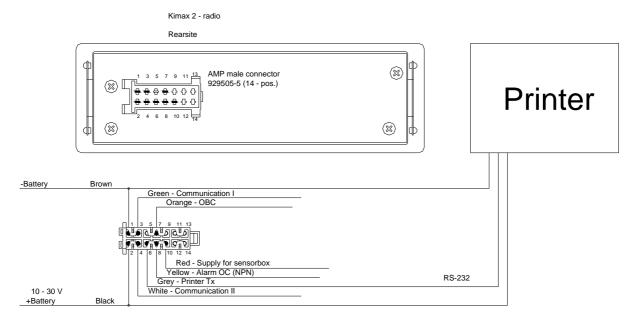
Setup

The string of data is broadcasted every time you access the printer function in the menu.

For test you can set up a "HyperTerminal" on your labtop with the below parameters,



#### Connection diagram for serial printer:



#### **Alarms**

Kimax 2 offers you two different alarm levels.

**A1** which is an individual alarm level for each axle, when the A1 level is exceeded, the associated axle diode starts flashing.

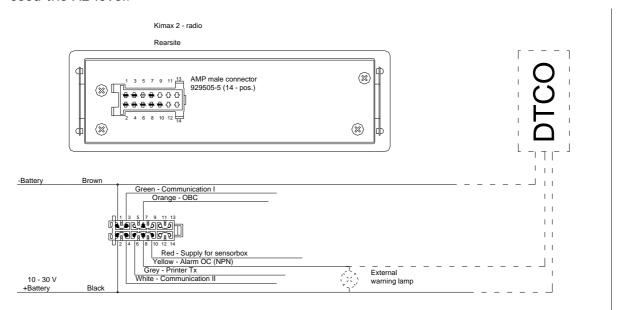
A2 is an external vehicle alarm. When the A2 level is exceeded the output on the yellow wire is switched to ground through a NPN open collector output.

The A2 output has a 10 K pull up resistor and is protected by a diode. The load of A2 output is limited to 200 mA DC.

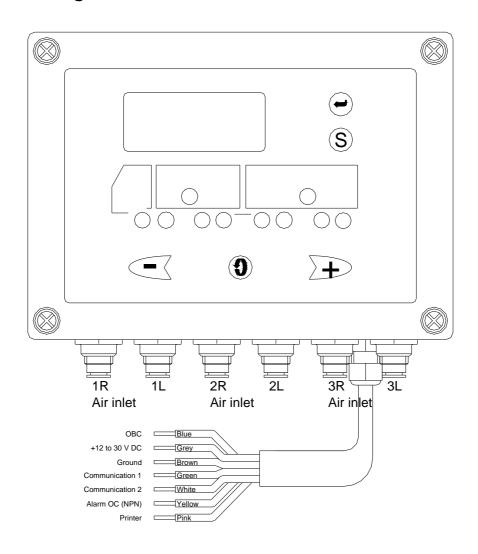
Typical external alarms are warning lamps mounted in such a way that they are visible from outside the vehicle. You will need a lamp on the truck and a lamp on the trailer.

# Connection diagram for external alarms and DTCO:

The A2 alarm output can be connected to a DTCO to log when and for how long you exceed the A2 level.



# Connection diagram Kimax 2 Universal:



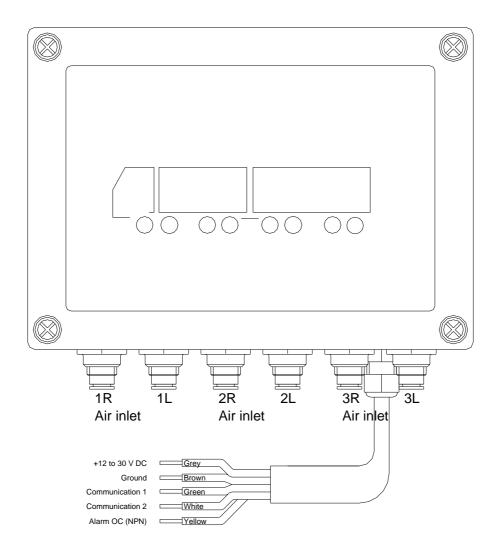
Kimax 2 Universal has equal functionality as the Kimax 2 Radio have.

The Kimax 2 Universal is build in another box and has different type of cable for electrical connection as the Kimax 2 Radio have.

For connection diagram please reefer to drawing above. Basically all menus are identical with the menus on Kimax 2 Radio.

Kimax 2 Universal is able to communicate with Kimax 2 Radio and with Kimax 2 Sensor. For communication setup details please reefer to section 4.

# Connetion diagram Kimax 2 Sensor:



Kimax 2 Sensor is able to communicate with Kimax 2 Radio and Kimax 2 Universal. For communication setup details please reefer to section 4.

Kimax 2 Sensor is build in the same box as Kimax 2 Universal. For connection diagram please reefer to the drawing above.

Calibration

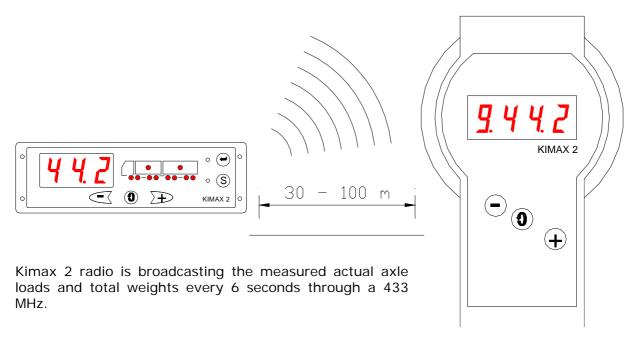
Daily use

## **Accessories**

#### Kimax 2 wireless

Optional your Kimax 2 radio and Kimax 2 universal can be equipped with a wireless terminal, making it possible to read all the weight readings on a portable display in a distance of 30—100 m from your Kimax 2 instrument.

You can easily code the wireless terminal for your individual Kimax 2 radio, by means of 255 individual ID codes.



## Displayed menus

When you activate your wireless terminal, it starts displaying the axle position like it was displaying when it powered off last.

Until a valid reading is received, it displays Axle #. - - . -

Individual weight for axle #1 is displayed as 1.04.5, - first digit is the actual axle no, the next 3 digits is formatted as xx.x tonne

When an axle is not present, the read out is displayed as Axle #.00.0

Your wireless terminal has to be coded with exactly the same ID code as the actual Kimax 2 radio you want to monitor.





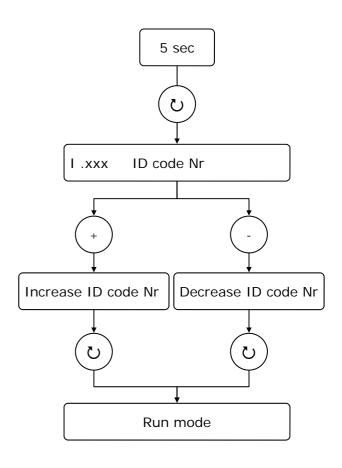




In normal run mode the wireless terminal powers off automatic after approx 2 minutes without any activation of buttons.

In the ID mode the wireless terminal continues on until you leave the menu by pressing the Roll button.

When you do not get a readout after pressing Roll for a second, - then check the battery.



9.xx.x Truck + Trailer total

# **Frequently Asked Questions:**

Test a Kimax 2 in the workshop How to refit my Kimax on a new vehicle Why is my measured values very unstable Why is my Kimax 2 ignoring when i save new values Why is the configuration and calibration not done by the manufacturer Introduction Sensor Electrical Setup Calibration Protecting Daily use Additional installation Installation Setup Calibration Protecting Calibration Daily use

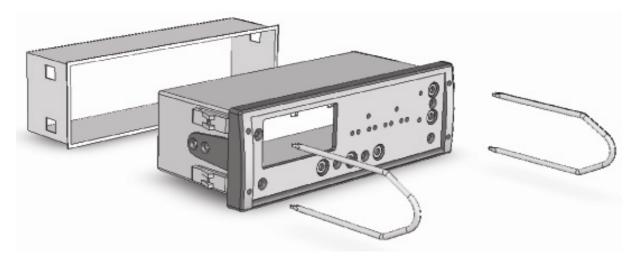
**Frequently Asked Questions:** 

# **Technical specifications**

### How to build Kimax 2 radio in:

Kimax 2 radio is designed to fit directly into one of your free DIN radio slots. Your kit contains a mounting frame which can be placed in your free DIN radio slot when no frame is present already.

Connect the cable set to the electrical circuit on the vehicle and connect the Kimax 2 radio to the cable set connector before you snap it in into the frame.



In order to replace the Kimax 2 radio, you need to use the two belonging forks for releasing the snaps before you can pull the instrument out of the frame.

## How to build Kimax 2 universal an sensor in:

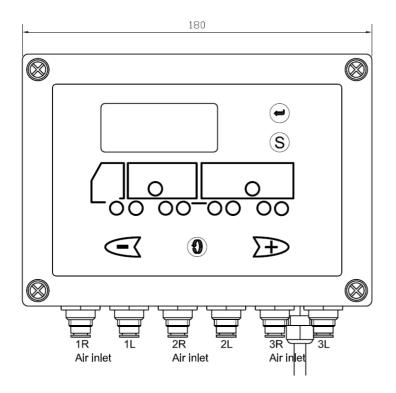
Kimax 2 universal and sensor is designed for panel mounting through 4 screws.

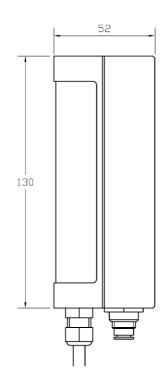
In order to access the slots for the mounting screws, you need to open the box by means of loosen the 4 plastic screws you see on the front of the instruments. Be carefully and do not harm the rubber gasket between case and cover. Behind the cover of the instrument you find 4 slots, one in each corner of the case, through these slots you can mount the instrument to your panel by means of 4 pieces of 4 mm or 5 mm screws.

You find detailed drawings on next page.

Even through the Kimax casing is basically IP67 proof when the cover is properly installed, we recommend you to install your Kimax instrument in dry conditions on your truck or trailer.

### How to build Kimax 2 universal and sensor in:







## Technical specification Kimax 2 radio:

10 ... 30 Volt direct current Supply voltage

Current consumption max 90 mA Alarm 1 Flashing display

Output open collector NPN max. 0.2 A/ 50 VDC Alarm 2

Display Three-digits 7-segment LED,

character height 20.3 mm

Measuring accuracy ±2 % of maximum load

at 0 °C - +50 °C

Air connection Quick release connection,

6 mm hose

Maximum pressure 15.5 bar (225 psi) Operating pressure range 0 to 10.5 bar

(0 to 150 psi)

SG Sensor 0-20 mA input RS-232 serial Printer On-Board Computer RS-232 serial

Device bus Power line communication

Operating temperature -25 °C...+70 °C -40 °C...+70 °C Storage temperature Dimensions(DIN format) 182 x 53 x 75 mm Weiaht approx. 550 g

Approval CE and e1

#### Set includes:

### Kimax 2 radio 1 + 1 x 2 sensors

Part number 10167

1 x display unit, cabin

1 x mounting frame + connection cable

3 x angle fittings

3 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

3 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

#### Kimax 2 radio 2 x 2 sensors

Part number 10169

1 x display unit, cabin

1 x mounting frame + connection cable

4 x angle fittings

4 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

4 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

#### Kimax 2 radio 3 x 2 sensors

Part number 10171

1 x display unit, cabin

1 x mounting frame + connection cable

6 x angle fittings

6 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

6 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

#### Kimax 2 radio 1SG + 2 x 2 sensors

Part number 10173

1 x display unit, cabin

1 x mounting frame + connection cable

1 x SG Sensor + extension cable

4 x angle fitting

4 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

4 x T-fitting dia. 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

### Technical specification Kimax 2 universal:

10 ... 30 Volt direct current Supply voltage

max. 90 mA Current consumption Alarm 1 Flashing display

Output open collector NPN Alarm 2

max. 0.2 A/ 50 VDC

Display Three-digits 7-segment LED,

character height 20.3 mm

Measuring accuracy ±2 % of maximum load

at 0 °C - +50 °C

Air connection Quick release connection,

6 mm hose

Maximum pressure 15.5 bar (225 psi) Operating pressure range 0 to 10.5 bar

(0 to 150 psi)

Printer RS-232 serial On-Board Computer RS-232 serial

Device bus Power line communication

Operating temperature -25 °C...+70 °C -40 °C...+70 °C Storage temperature Dimensions 180 x 135 x 52 mm Weight approx. 750 g Approval CE and e1

### Set includes:

#### Kimax 2 universal 3 x 2 sensors

Part number 10107

1 x display unit, universal

6 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

6 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

#### Kimax 2 universal 2 x 2 sensors

Part number 10109

1 x display unit, universal

4 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

4 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

#### Kimax 2 universal 3 sensors

Part number 10110

1 x display unit, universal

3 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm 3 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

of this manual and on www.kimax.com

You find more details on sensor layout in section 14

## **Technical specification Kimax 2 sensor:**

Supply voltage 10 ... 30 Volt direct current

Current consumption max. 90 mA

Alarm 2 Output open collector NPN

max. 0.2 A/ 50 VDC

Measuring accuracy ±2 % of maximum load

at 0 °C - +50 °C

Air connection Quick release connection,

6 mm hose

Maximum pressure 15.5 bar (225 psi) Operating pressure range 0 to 10.5 bar

(0 to 150 psi)

Device bus Power line communication

Operating temperature -25 °C...+70 °C -40 °C...+70 °C Storage temperature Dimensions 180 x 135 x 60 mm Weight approx. 750 g Approval CE and e1

#### Set includes:

Kimax 2 sensor 3 x 2 sensors

Part number 10113 1 x sensor unit, sensor

6 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

6 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

#### Kimax 2 sensor 2 x 2 sensors

Part number 10115

1 x sensor unit, sensor

4 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

4 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

Kimax 2 sensor 1 x 2 sensors

Part number 10117 1 x sensor unit, sensor

2 x air pressure throttle dia. 6mm

2 x T-fitting dia. Ø 8mm / 6mm / 8mm

## Technical specification Kimax 2 wireless:

Supply voltage 2 x 1,5 V AA battery

Four-digits 7-segment LCD, Display

character height 12.7 mm

Device bus 433,92 MHz - FM coded

30-100 m Range

No of individual ID codes 255

Operating temperature -10 °C...+50 °C Storage temperature -25 °C...+50 °C Dimensions 200 x 95 x 35 mm Weight approx. 230 g

#### Set includes:

#### Kimax 2 wireless

Part number 10119 1 x wireless terminal 1 x transmitter module

1 x Dashboard bracket 2 x 1,5 V AA battery

### Tools and parts you can need for proper installation:

Hose cutting knive STWS part nr Gluing Set STWS part nr

Cable strips

6 mm Polyurethane (PA) hose

T-piece 8—6—8 mm

Elbowe 6 mm

T-piece 6—6—6 mm

4 mm throttles for 6 mm PA hose

10 bar manometer with 6 mm tubing

Manual air pump

Introduction Sensor Electrical Setup Calibration Protecting Daily use Information Introduction Setup Calibration Calibration Calibration Daily use

# Appendix:

Kimax 2 calibration

	Axle #1	Axle #2	Axle #3	Axle #4	Axle #5	Axle #6	Axle #7
<b>OAA</b> empty 00,0-99,9							
<b>OAA</b> loaded 00,0-99,9							
<b>LO</b> 0,00-99,9 Ton							
<b>HI</b> 0,00-99,9 Ton							
<b>ADL</b> 00,0-65,5							
<b>ADH</b> 00,0-65,5							
<b>A1</b> 0,00-99,9 Ton							
CF	0 0-00-00	0 0-00-00	0 0-00-00	0 0	0 0-00-00	0 0 0 0	00-00-00-00

Rotary switch trailer:

**HFA** trailer:

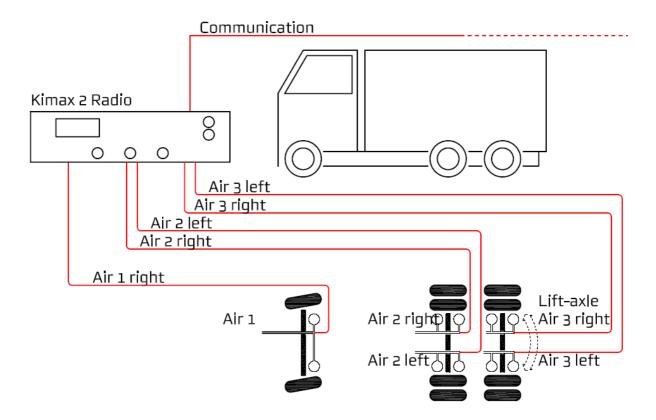
**HFA** tractor:

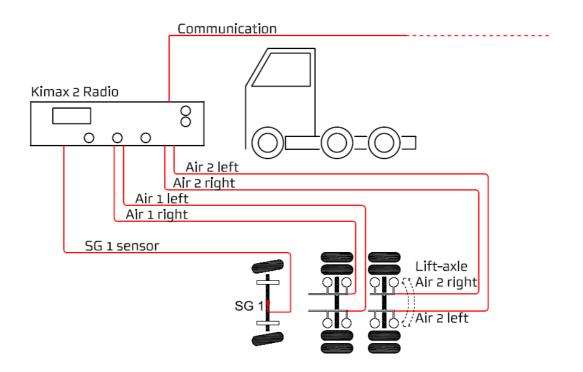
Vehicle ID:

Date:

Calibrated by:

# Appendix:





Daily use

