## **Pain Explanation and Treatment Diagram**

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## What are Your "Pain Risk Factors"?

connection"?

3. Relieving stress may relieve pain.

| Name:      |  |
|------------|--|
| Date:      |  |
| Chart No.: |  |

**Ergonomics** 

"Machine-body connection"

| University of O  | tawa  |        |                               |
|--|---|--------|-------------------------------|
| Hal  | oits  |        | Sleep                         |
|  |   |        | 222                           |
| <ul><li>☐ Smoking</li><li>☐ Alcohol</li><li>☐ Diet</li></ul> | )   |        | oor<br>lot refreshing<br>Good |
| Treatment  |   |        | tment                         |
|  |   |        |                               |
| worsen or  | gs that can a aggravate pa — in anyone eneral | ainful | What I DO                     |
|  | nger/fear/nigh                                |        | 1<br>2                        |
| 5. History of  | of physical about<br>of sexual abus           | se     | 3                             |
| 7  | sm (you or yo                                 |        |                               |
| 8. ———   |   |        | How can str                   |
| Treatment  |   |        | 1. Adrenaline tense up, a     |
| 1  |   |        | 2. When you                   |
| 2  |   |        | 3 Relieving                   |

| od   | ☐ Just right                         | 2                       |
|------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| nent | Treatment 1                          |                         |
|      | Diagnosis nk your problem(s) is/are: | What I DON'T think your |
| 1    |                                      | problem(s) is/are:      |
|      |                                      |                         |
|      |                                      |                         |
| 4    |                                      |                         |

1. Adrenaline is squeezed into your bloodstream, your heart rate increases, your muscles tense up, and you sweat more. Your pain then increases and becomes more intense.

2. When you are injured, any stress that you feel can make the injury and pain worse.

**Exercise** 

Not enough

□ Too much