1.Queue via lists

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Queue {
  int data;
  struct Queue* next;
};
int cap=0;
int max=3;
void insert(struct Queue** head, int value) {
  if (cap<max)
  {
    struct Queue* newNode = (struct Queue*)malloc(sizeof(struct Queue));
    struct Queue* temp = *head;
    newNode->data = value;
    newNode->next = NULL;
    if (*head == NULL) {
      *head = newNode;
      return;
    }
    while (temp->next != NULL) {
      temp = temp->next;
```

```
}
    temp->next = newNode;
    cap++;
 }
  else{
    printf("Overflow.\n");
  }
}
void delete(struct Queue** head) {
  if (cap<0) {
    printf("Underflow.\n");
    return;
  }
  struct Queue* temp = *head;
  *head = (*head)->next;
  free(temp);
  cap--;
}
void display(struct Queue* head) {
  struct Queue* temp = head;
  if (temp == NULL) {
    printf("Queue is empty.\n");
    return;
  }
```

```
while (temp != NULL) {
    printf("%d -> ", temp->data);
    temp = temp->next;
  }
  printf("NULL\n");
}
int main() {
  struct Queue* head = NULL;
  int c,a;
  printf("Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.\n");
  scanf("%d",&c);
  while(1)
  {
    switch(c)
      case(1):
      {
         printf("Enter element to insert.\n");
        scanf("%d",&a);
        insert(&head,a);
        break;
      case(2):
      {
```

```
delete(&head);
        break;
      }
      case(3):
      {
        display(head);
        break;
      }
      case(4):
      {
        exit(1);
        break;
     }
    }
    printf("Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.\n");
    scanf("%d",&c);
 }
}
```

```
Enter element to insert.

4
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

3
2 -> 4 -> NULL
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

2
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

2
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

2
Underflow.
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

3
Queue is empty.
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
```

2. Stack via list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Stack {
   int data;
   struct Stack* next;
};
int top=-1;
int max=3;
void push(struct Stack** head, int value) {
   if (top<max-1)
   {</pre>
```

```
struct Stack* newNode = (struct Stack*)malloc(sizeof(struct Stack));
    struct Stack* temp = *head;
    newNode->data = value;
    newNode->next = NULL;
    if (*head == NULL) {
      *head = newNode;
      return;
    }
    while (temp->next != NULL) {
      temp = temp->next;
    }
    temp->next = newNode;
    top++;
  }
  else{
    printf("Overflow.\n");
  }
void pop(struct Stack** head) {
  if (top==-1) {
    printf("Underflow.\n");
    return;
  }
  struct Stack* temp = *head;
  struct Stack* prev = NULL;
```

}

```
while (temp->next != NULL) {
    prev = temp;
    temp = temp->next;
  }
  if (prev == NULL) {
    *head = NULL;
  } else {
    prev->next = NULL;
  }
  free(temp);
  top--;
}
void display(struct Stack* head) {
  struct Stack* temp = head;
  if (temp == NULL) {
    printf("Stack is empty.\n");
    return;
  }
  while (temp != NULL) {
    printf("%d -> ", temp->data);
    temp = temp->next;
  }
  printf("NULL\n");
}
```

```
int main() {
  struct Stack* head = NULL;
  int c,a;
  printf("Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.\n");
  scanf("%d",&c);
  while(1)
  {
    switch(c)
    {
      case(1):
      {
        printf("Enter element to insert.\n");
        scanf("%d",&a);
        push(&head,a);
        break;
      }
      case(2):
      {
        pop(&head);
        break;
      }
      case(3):
      {
        display(head);
        break;
      case(4):
      {
```

```
exit(1);
break;
}

printf("Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.\n");
scanf("%d",&c);
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\bmsce\Desktop\DSCS235> cd "c:\Users\bmsce\Desktop\DSCS235\"; if ($? rFile }
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

1
Enter element to insert.
2
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

1
Enter element to insert.
4
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

1
Enter element to insert.
6
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
3
2 -> 4 -> 6 -> NULL
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
2
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
2
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
3
2 -> 4 -> NULL
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
3
2 -> 4 -> NULL
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.

1
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
3
2 -> 4 -> NULL
Enter 1 to insert, 2 to delete, 3 to display and 4 to end program.
```