Yeheli I have a headache and it won't go away so i can't actually study

This is actually so bad, i didn't study yesterday, and i barely studied the day before yesterday, as well as the day before that one.

And I am doing this instead of trying to study anyway ;-; anyways, enjoy

In a parallel circuit with resistors R_1, R_2, \ldots, R_n , the total resistance R_{tot} is given by:

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{tot}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n}$$

Let R_{\min} be the smallest resistance among R_1, R_2, \ldots, R_n . Since all resistances R_i are positive, each term $\frac{1}{R_i}$ is positive. Therefore:

$$\frac{1}{R_i} \geq \frac{1}{R_{\min}} \text{ for all } i$$

Summing these inequalities gives:

$$\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n} \ge \frac{n}{R_{\min}}$$

Since the total resistance $\frac{1}{R_{\rm tot}}$ is the sum of these reciprocals:

$$\frac{1}{R_{\rm tot}} \geq \frac{1}{R_{\rm min}}$$

However, this sum is always greater than the reciprocal of the smallest resistance:

$$\frac{1}{R_{\rm tot}} > \frac{1}{R_{\rm min}}$$

Taking the reciprocal of both sides (which reverses the inequality):

$$R_{\rm tot} < R_{\rm min}$$

Thus, the total resistance $R_{\rm tot}$ in a parallel circuit is always less than the smallest resistance $R_{\rm min}$ among the resistors.