▼ Exercício 07: Estimação de Densidades utilizando Misturas Gaussianas

Aluno: Giovanni Martins de Sá Júnior - 2017001850

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# Importação de Bibliotecas
import numpy as np
from sklearn.datasets import load breast cancer
from \ sklearn.model\_selection \ import \ Stratified KFold
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
# Passo 1: Carregamento da Base de Dados
data = load_breast_cancer()
X = data.data
y = data.target
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    array([[1.799e+01, 1.038e+01, 1.228e+02, ..., 2.654e-01, 4.601e-01,
            1.189e-011,
           [2.057e+01, 1.777e+01, 1.329e+02, ..., 1.860e-01, 2.750e-01,
            8.902e-02],
           [1.969e+01, 2.125e+01, 1.300e+02, ..., 2.430e-01, 3.613e-01,
            8.758e-021,
           [1.660e+01, 2.808e+01, 1.083e+02, ..., 1.418e-01, 2.218e-01,
            7.820e-02],
           [2.060e+01, 2.933e+01, 1.401e+02, ..., 2.650e-01, 4.087e-01,
            1.240e-01],
           [7.760e+00, 2.454e+01, 4.792e+01, ..., 0.000e+00, 2.871e-01,
            7.039e-02]])
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    0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
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           1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
           1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1])
# Passo 2: Separação de dados de teste e treinamento usando validaçao cruzada com 10 folds
num folds = 10
kf = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=num_folds, shuffle=True, random_state=0)
est gmm = None
best_num_components = 0
best silhouette score = -1
# Passo 3: Treinamento do Modelo e determinação do melhor número de gaussianas
for num components in range(2, 31):
    gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components=num_components, random_state=0)
   gmm.fit(X)
    labels = gmm.predict(X)
   silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(X, labels)
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if silhouette_avg > best_silhouette_score:
       best_silhouette_score = silhouette_avg
       best_num_components = num_components
       best gmm = gmm
print("Melhor número de gaussianas:", best_num_components)
    Melhor número de gaussianas: 2
# Passo 4: Resolução do Problema de Classificação
train_scores = []
test scores = []
for train_index, test_index in kf.split(X, y):
   X_train, X_test = X[train_index], X[test_index]
   y_train, y_test = y[train_index], y[test_index]
    gnb = GaussianNB()
   gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)
   y_pred = gnb.predict(X_test)
   train_score = gnb.score(X_train, y_train)
    test_score = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
   train_scores.append(train_score)
    test_scores.append(test_score)
# Passo 5: Geração da tabela de acuracias
fold_accuracies = test_scores
print("Acurácias por fold: \n")
for item in fold_accuracies:
 print(item, "\n")
    Acurácias por fold:
     0.8771929824561403
     0.9649122807017544
     0.9649122807017544
     0.9649122807017544
    0.8947368421052632
     0.9298245614035088
     0.9298245614035088
     0.9649122807017544
     0.9824561403508771
     0.9107142857142857
# Passo 6: Calculo da Acuracia media e do Desvio Padrao
mean_accuracy = np.mean(fold_accuracies)
std_accuracy = np.std(fold_accuracies)
print("Acurácia Média:", mean_accuracy)
print("Desvio Padrão das Acurácias:", std_accuracy)
     Acurácia Média: 0.9384398496240601
     Desvio Padrão das Acurácias: 0.033643538991067715
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