

Aerospace Control Systems Exam project AA 20/21



Task: robust design of attitude control system for a multirotor UAV



- The ANT-R quadrotor is a small racing drone designed and built during the 18/19 edition of UAV Lab.
- Grey-box models of ANT-R have been identified from flight test data and are available for control law design.
- The project task is to design and verify a robust single-axis attitude control system for ANT-R.

Linear model for lateral dynamics

The lateral dynamics are given by:

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$
$$y = Cx + Du$$

where

$$u = \delta_{lat}, \qquad y = \begin{bmatrix} p \\ \varphi \end{bmatrix}$$
 $x = \begin{bmatrix} v \\ p \\ \varphi \end{bmatrix}$

and

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} Y_v & Y_p & g \\ L_v & L_p & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} Y_{\delta} \\ L_{\delta} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Lateral dynamics: parameters and uncertainties

The numerical values of the parameters are given by (g = 9.81)

Stability derivatives

$$Y_v = -0.264 \text{ 1/s } (4.837\%)$$

 $Y_p = 0 \text{ m/s } rad (-)$
 $L_v = -7.349 \text{ rad s/m } (4.927\%)$
 $L_p = 0 \text{ 1/s } (-)$

Control derivatives

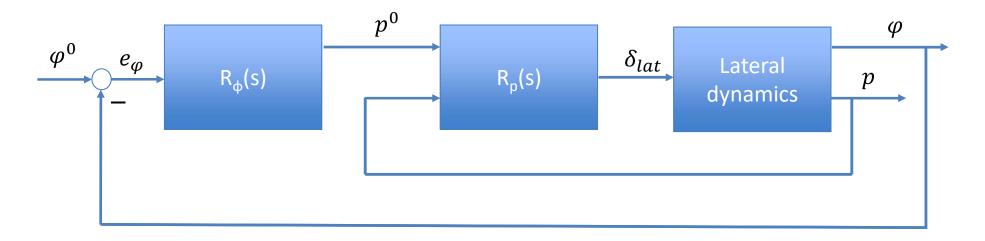
$$Y_d = 9.568 \ m/s^2 (4.647\%)$$

 $L_d = 1079.339 \ rad/s^2 (2.762\%)$

where uncertainty is given in terms of standard deviations (provided as percentage of corresponding nominal values) assuming a Gaussian density for each parameter.

Lateral attitude control block diagram

The lateral attitude control system is represented in the block diagram.



The roll rate $(R_p(s))$ and roll angle $(R_{\varphi}(s))$ controllers are, respectively, a PID and a P controller.

Lateral control: controller structure

Controller $R_p(s)$:

$$\delta_{lat} = K_{p,P}e_p + \frac{K_{p,I}}{s}e_p + \frac{K_{p,D}s}{1+sT_p}e_p,$$

$$e_p = p^0 - p$$

Controller $R_{\varphi}(s)$:

$$p^{0} = K_{\varphi}e_{\varphi},$$

$$e_{\varphi} = \varphi^{0} - \varphi$$

Project tasks: nominal design

- 1. Build a design model for the quadrotor dynamics using the available information and the MATLAB Robust Control Toolbox for uncertain syste representation.
- 2. Analyse nominal and uncertain models in terms of poles, zeros, frequency response functions.
- 3. Build a design model for the feedback system using the available information and the MATLAB Robust Control Toolbox for uncertain system representation.
- 4. Nominal design: using the nominal model, tune the parameters of $R_p(s)$ and $R_{\varphi}(s)$ based on the NP design requirements given in the following slides «design requirements».

Project tasks: design

- 4. Robust analysis and design:
 - a) Build the uncertain model in $M \Delta$ form using $\pm 3\sigma$ ranges as deterministic bounds to construct relative errors and verify that the obtained controller satisfies the RS condition.
 - b) If not, redesign to achieve RS.

Project tasks: design requirements (1)

Design requirements:

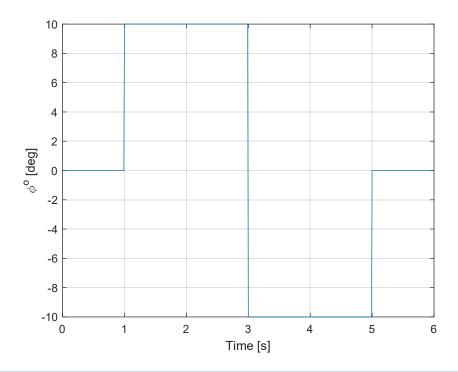
A. Nominal Performance:

Response of φ to variations in φ^0 : equivalent to a second-order response with $\omega_n \geq 10 \ rad/s$ and $\xi \geq 0.9$.

Project tasks: design requirements (2)

Design requirements:

B. Control effort limitation: $|\delta_{lat}| \le 5$ for the doublet change in φ^0 (with 10 degrees amplitude) given by



Project tasks: design requirements (3)

Design requirements:

C. Robust stability: ensure robustness of stability to model uncertainty associated with $\pm 3\sigma$ ranges on all parameters, treated as deterministic bounds.

Project tasks: verification

- 5. Verify if the obtained controller satisfies the RP condition.
- 6. Build an uncertain model for the feedback system taking into account the provided uncertainty on the model parameters.
- Implement Monte Carlo simulation on the controlled linear model and verify RS using Gaussian densities for the uncertain parameters.
- 8. Build uncertain model using real Δ and verify RS using μ -analysis.

Presentation of followed design approach, code and results

When the tasks are complete prepare a Powerpoint presentation including

- An outline of the considered modelling approach
- An outline of the considered design approach
- An overview of the developed Matlab code
- A presentation of the results in terms of
 - Modelling approach
 - Selected weighting functions
 - Obtained closed-loop sensitivities
 - Frequency-domain analysis
 - Time-domain results