

Comparing Metaheuristic Algorithms for Error Detection in Java Programs



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Motivation

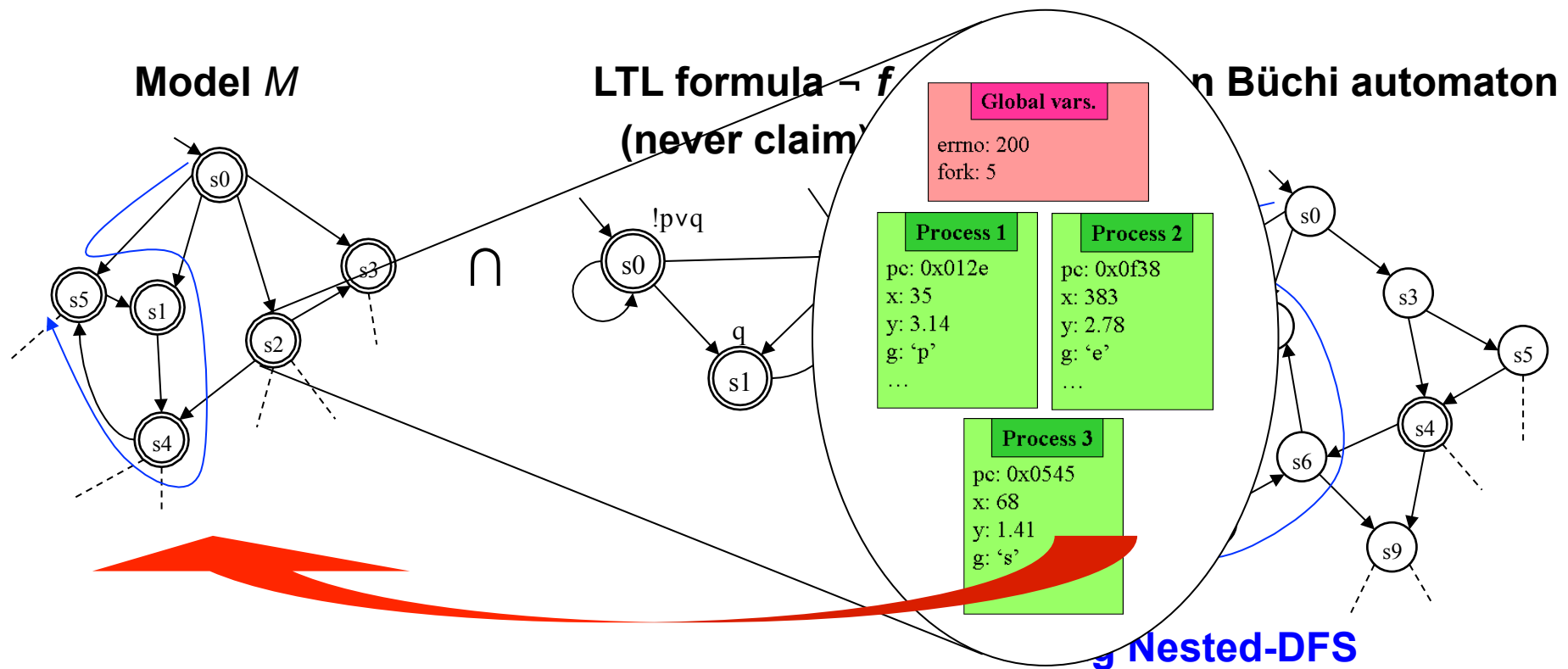
- Concurrent software is **difficult to test ...**
- ... and it is in the heart of a lot of **critical systems**



- Techniques for **proving the correctness** of concurrent software are **required**
- **Model checking** → fully automatic
- Traditional techniques for this purpose have problems with **large models**
- We **compare several metaheuristics and classical algorithms** for model checking

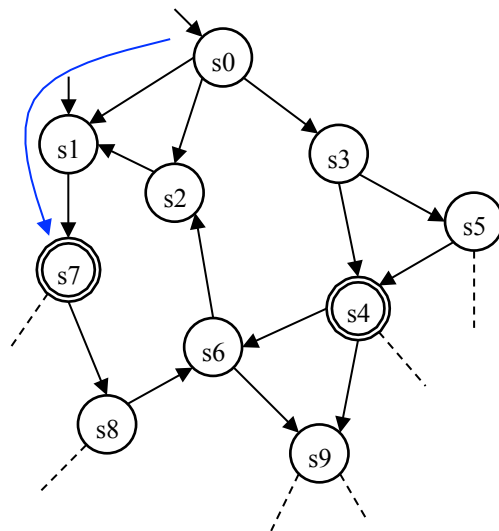
Explicit State Model Checking

- **Objective:** Prove that model M satisfies the property f : $M \models f$
- In the general case, f is a **temporal logic formula (LTL, CTL, etc.)**



Safety properties

$$\forall \sigma \in S^\omega : \sigma \not\models \mathcal{P} \Rightarrow (\exists i \geq 0 : \forall \beta \in S^\omega : \sigma_i \beta \not\models \mathcal{P})$$



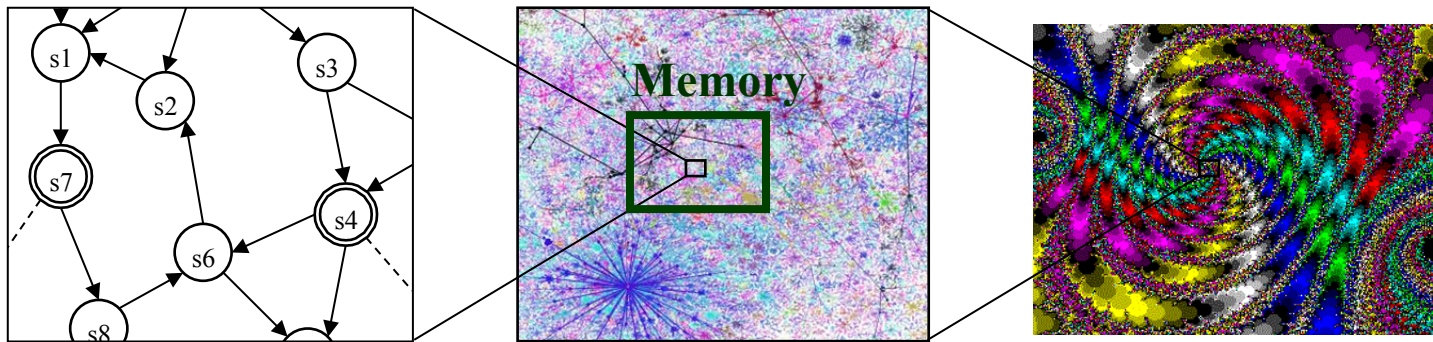
Properties in JPF

- Exceptions
- Deadlocks

- An error trail is an execution path ending in an **error state**
- The search for errors is transformed in a **graph exploration problem** (DFS, BFS)

State Explosion Problem

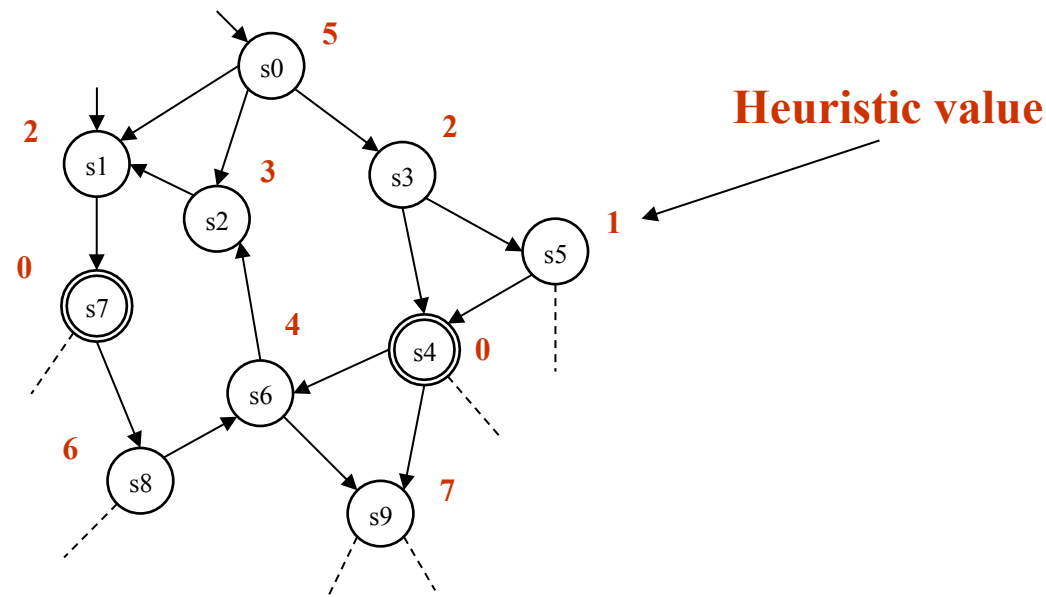
- Number of states **very large** even for small models



- Example: Dining philosophers with n philosophers $\rightarrow 3^n$ states
- For each state we need to store the **heap** and the **stacks** of the different **threads**
- **Solutions:** collapse compression, minimized automaton representation, bitstate hashing, partial order reduction, symmetry reduction
- Large models cannot be verified but **errors can be found**

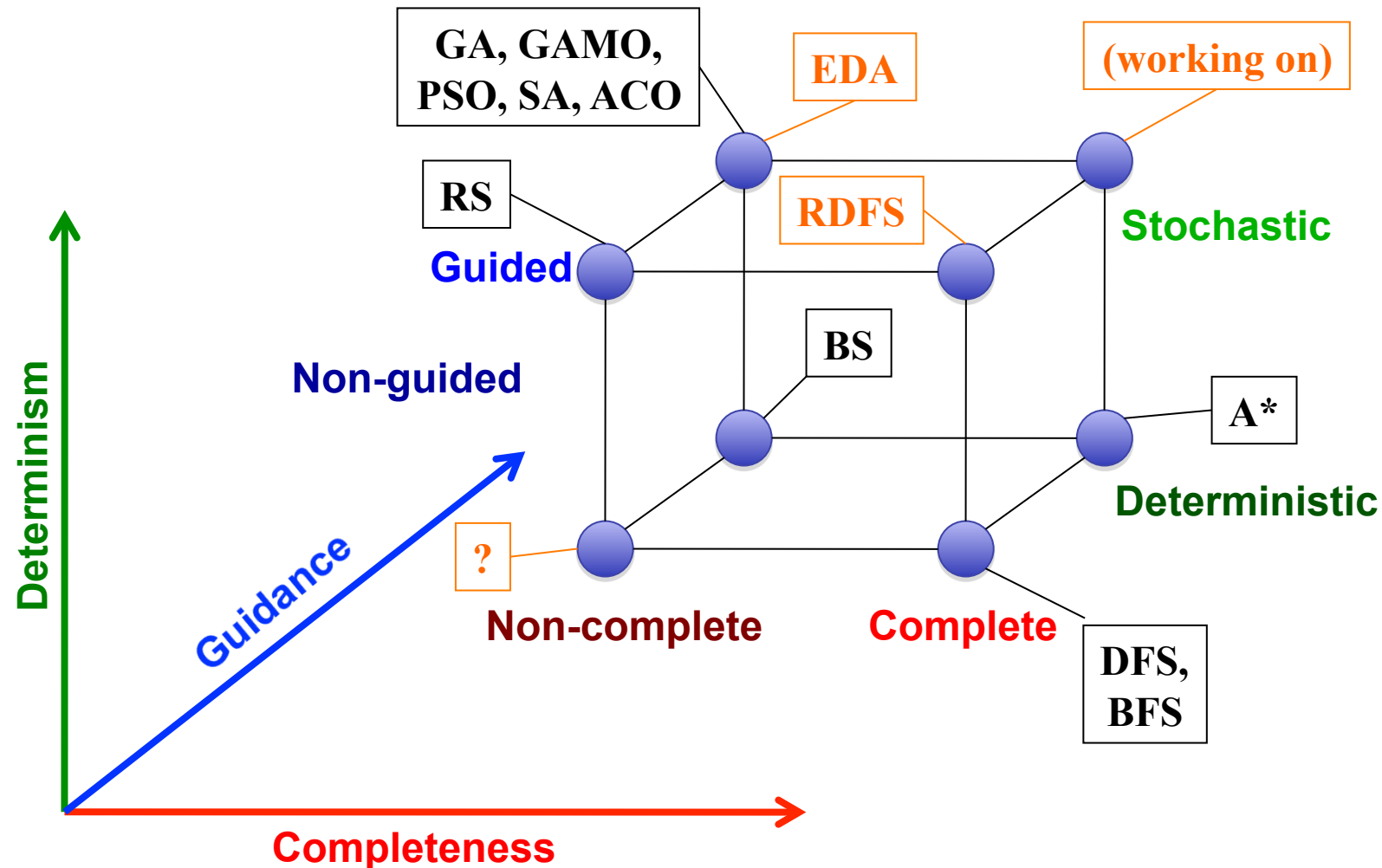
Heuristic Model Checking

- The search for errors can be directed by using **heuristic information**



- Different kinds of heuristic functions have been proposed in the past:
 - **Formula-based** heuristics
 - **Deadlock-detection** heuristics
 - **Structural** heuristics
 - **State-dependent** heuristics

Classification of Algorithms



Genetic Algorithm

```

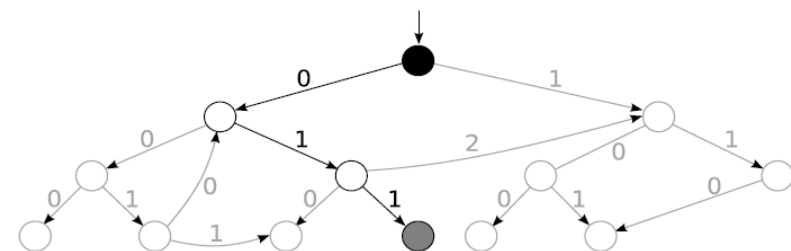
P = generateInitialPopulation();
evaluate(P);
while not stoppingCondition() do
    P' = selectParents(P);
    P' = applyVariationOperators(P');
    evaluate(P');
    P = selectNewPopulation(P, P');
end while
return the best found solution

```

Solution encoding

(floating point values)

0.5 0.1 0.9 0.3 0.5 0.9



Crossover

0.5 0.1 | **0.9 0.3 0.5 0.9** 0.5 0.1 | **0.2 0.0 0.6**
 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.7 0.8 0.4 | **0.2 0.0 0.6** 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.7 0.8 0.4 | **0.9 0.3 0.5 0.9**

Mutation

0.5 0.1 **0.9** 0.3 0.5 0.9 → 0.5 0.1 **0.6** 0.3 0.5 0.9

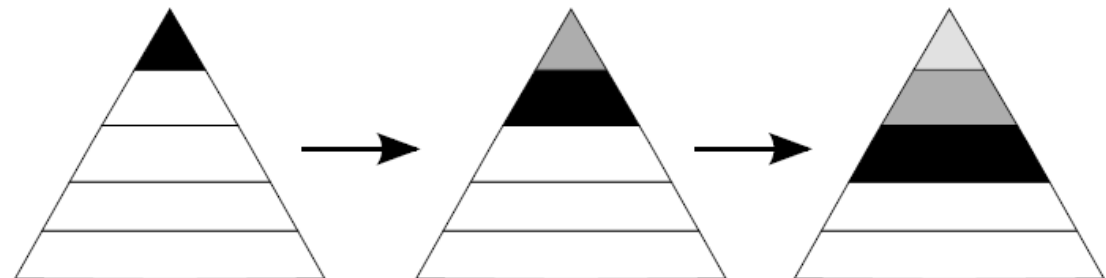
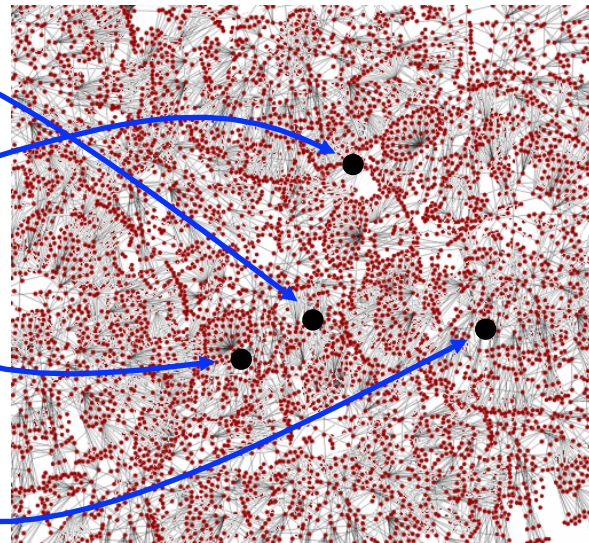
Genetic Algorithm with Memory Operator

**Solution encoding
(floating point values)**

0.5 0.1 0.9 0.3 0.5 0.9

Index in a table of states

0	
1	
2	
3	
...	...



Particle Swarm Optimization

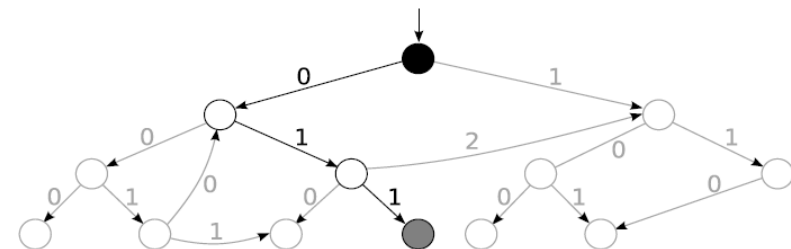
```

P = generateInitialPopulation();
while not stoppingCondition() do
    evaluate(P);
    calculateNewVelocityVectors(P);
    move(P);
end while
return the best found solution
  
```

Particles

0.2 -1.4 -3.5 → **Position (solution)**

1.0 10.3 7.2 → **Velocity**



Personal best

Inertia

$$v_j^i(t+1) = w \cdot v_j^i(t) + c_1 \cdot r_1 \cdot (p_j^i - x_j^i(t)) + c_2 \cdot r_2 \cdot (n_j^i - x_j^i(t))$$

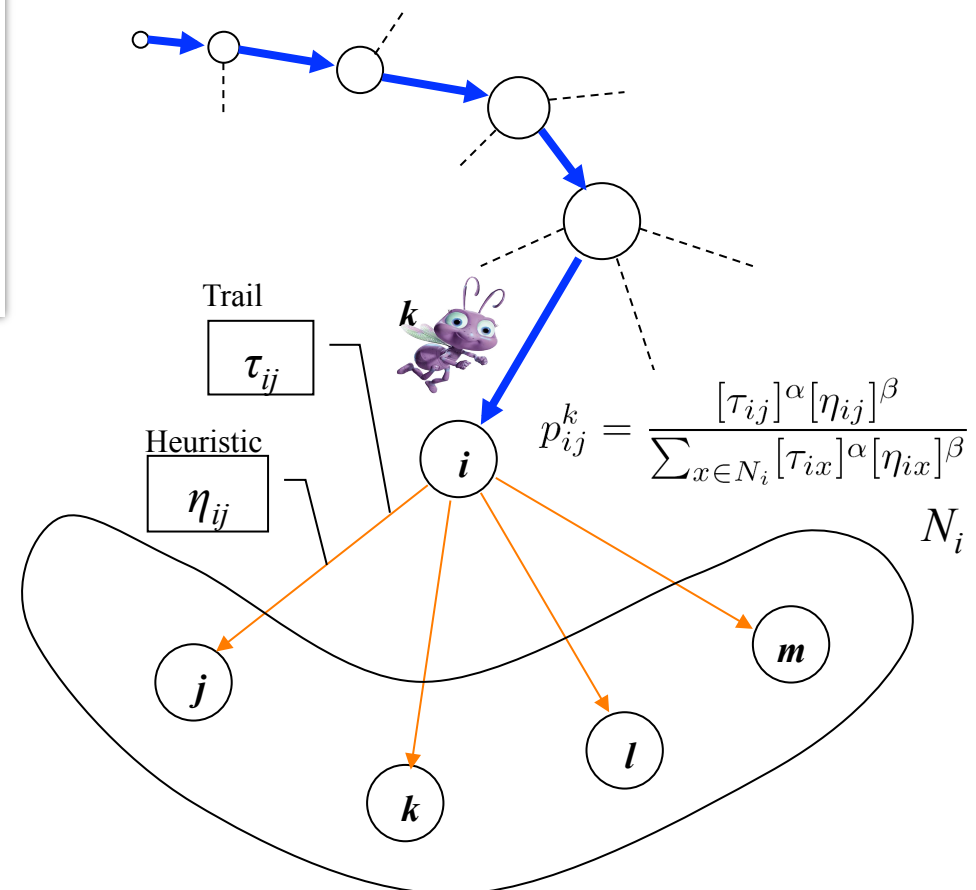
$$x_j^i(t+1) = x_j^i(t) + v_j^i(t+1)$$

Global best

Ant Colony Optimization

```
procedure ACOMetaheuristic
  ScheduleActivities
    ConstructAntsSolutions
    UpdatePheromones
    DaemonActions // optional
  end ScheduleActivities
end procedure
```

- The ant selects **stochastically** its next node
- The probability of selecting one node depends on the **pheromone trail** and the **heuristic value** (optional) of the edge/node
- The ant stops when a complete solution is built



Simulated Annealing

```

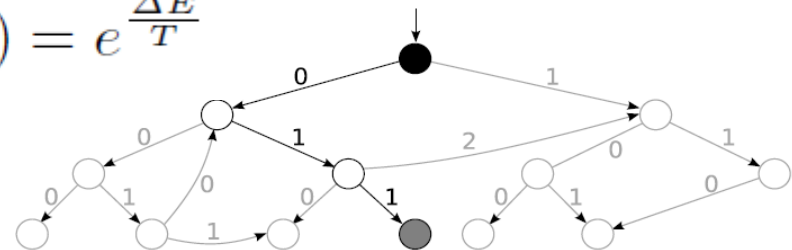
S = generateInitialSolution();
T = initialTemperature;
while not stoppingCondition() do
  N = getRandomNeighbor(S);
  ΔE = energy(N) - energy(S);
  if ΔE > 0 OR random(0,1) < probabilityAcceptance(ΔE, T) then
    S = N
  end if
  T = updateTemperature(T);
end while
return S

```

$$probabilityAcceptance(\Delta E, T) = e^{\frac{\Delta E}{T}}$$

Neighbor

0.5 0.1 **0.9** 0.3 0.5 0.9 → 0.5 0.1 **0.6** 0.3 0.5 0.9



Parameterization

- We used **3 scalable** and **2 non-scalable** models for the experiments

Program	Log	States	Processes
din j	60	j=4 to 20	1
phi j	1	j=4 to 36	3
mar j	186		4
giop	74	j=2 to 10	3
garp	458		7

- Maximum number of **expanded states**: 200 000

- Fitness function:

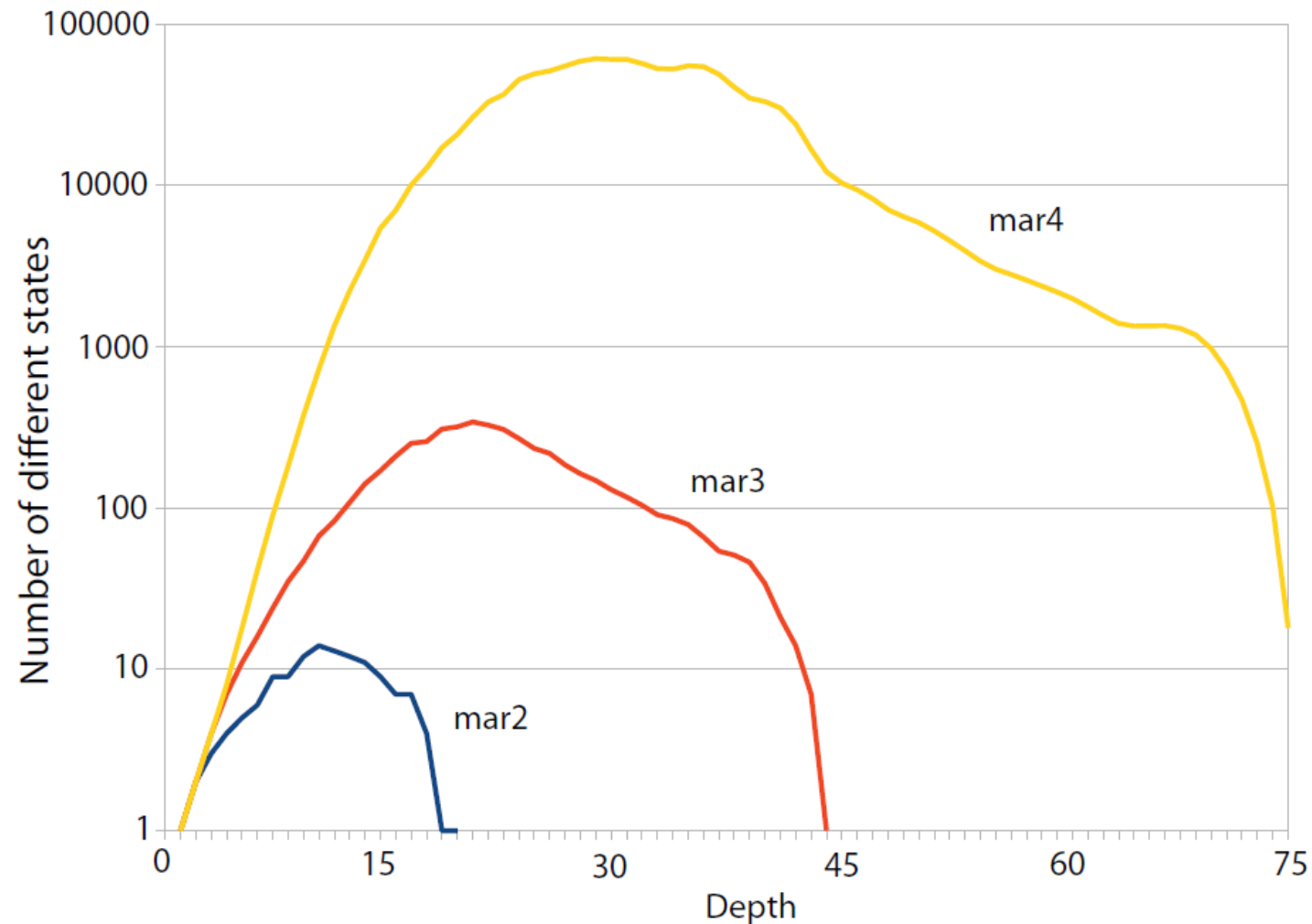
$$f(x) = \text{deadlock} + \text{numblocked} + \frac{1}{1 + \text{pathlen}}$$

- **100** independent executions of stochastic algorithms

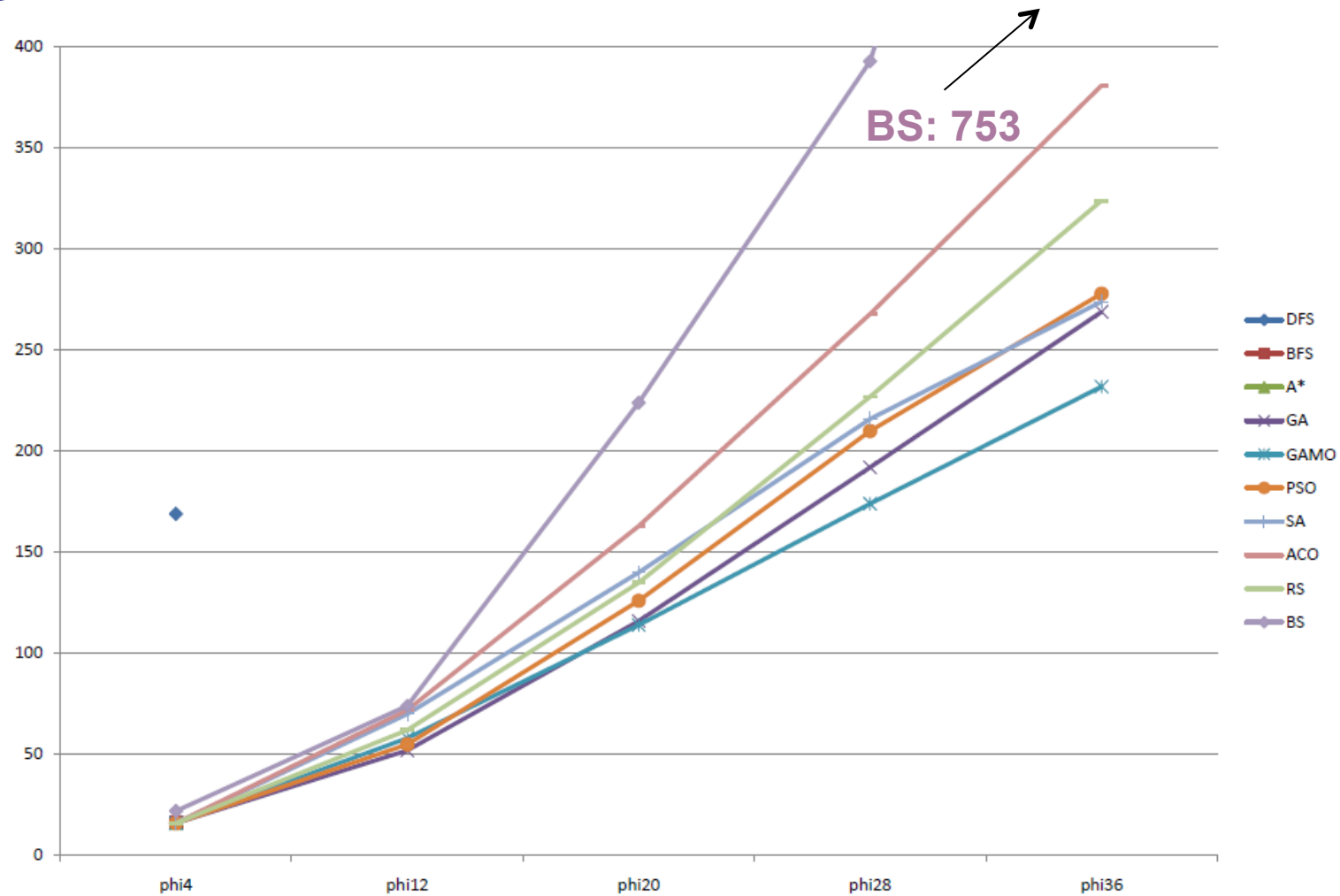
Hit rate

Problem	DFS	BFS	A*	GA	GAMO	PSO	SA	ACOhg	RS	BS
phi 4	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
phi 12	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
phi 20	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
phi 28	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
phi 36	0	0	0	82	100	53	79	100	100	100
din 4	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
din 8	100	0	0	100	100	100	76	100	96	100
din 12	100	0	0	100	96	85	13	68	0	100
din 16	0	0	0	91	58	20	0	2	0	100
din 20	0	0	0	52	24	0	0	0	0	100
mar 2	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
mar 4	100	100	100	100	100	100	96	100	100	100
mar 6	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
mar 8	100	0	0	100	95	100	100	100	100	100
mar 10	100	0	0	100	25	100	100	100	100	100
giop	100	0	0	100	68	100	100	100	100	100
garp	0	0	0	100	2	80	87	87	100	0

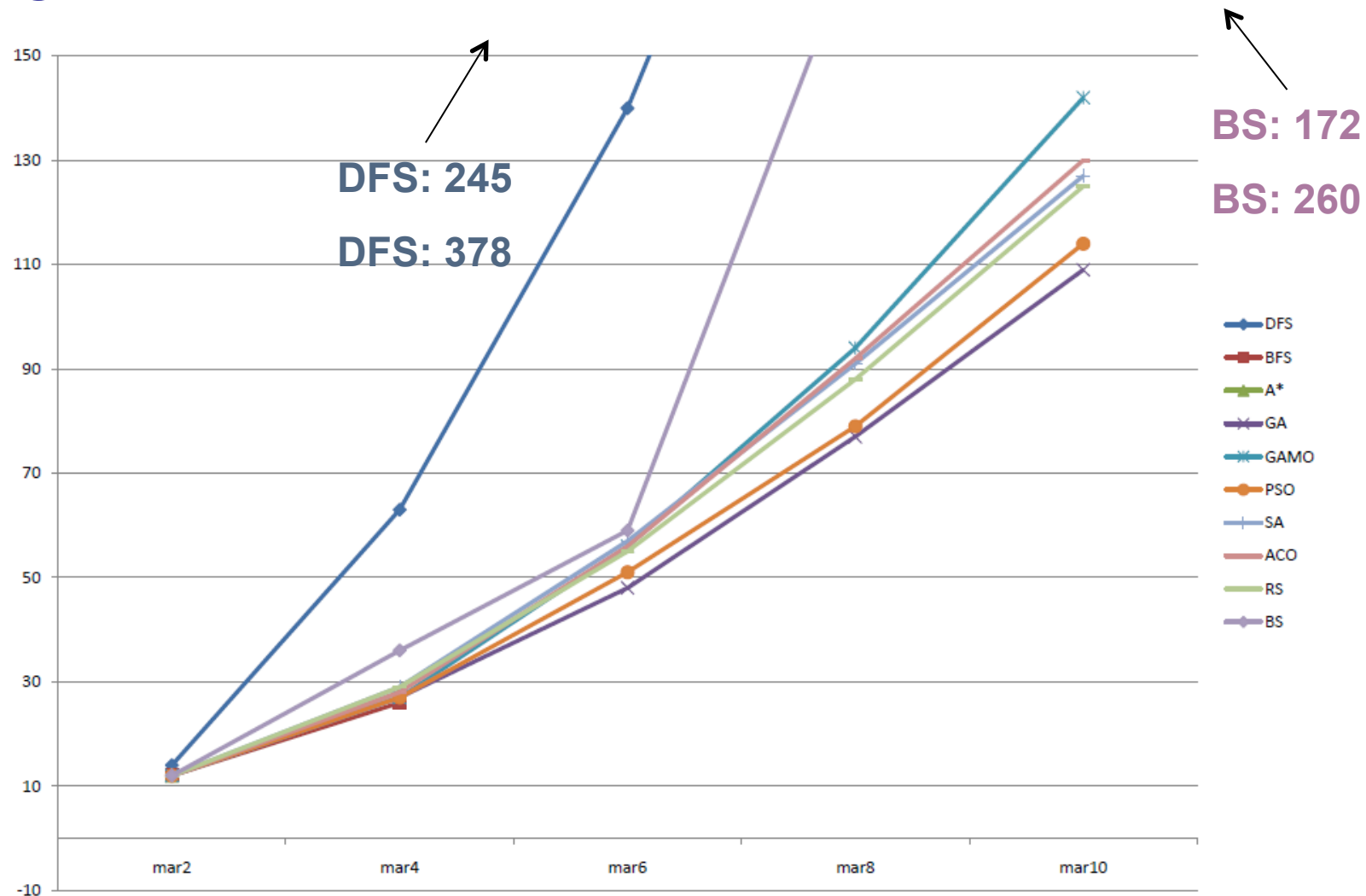
Hit rate



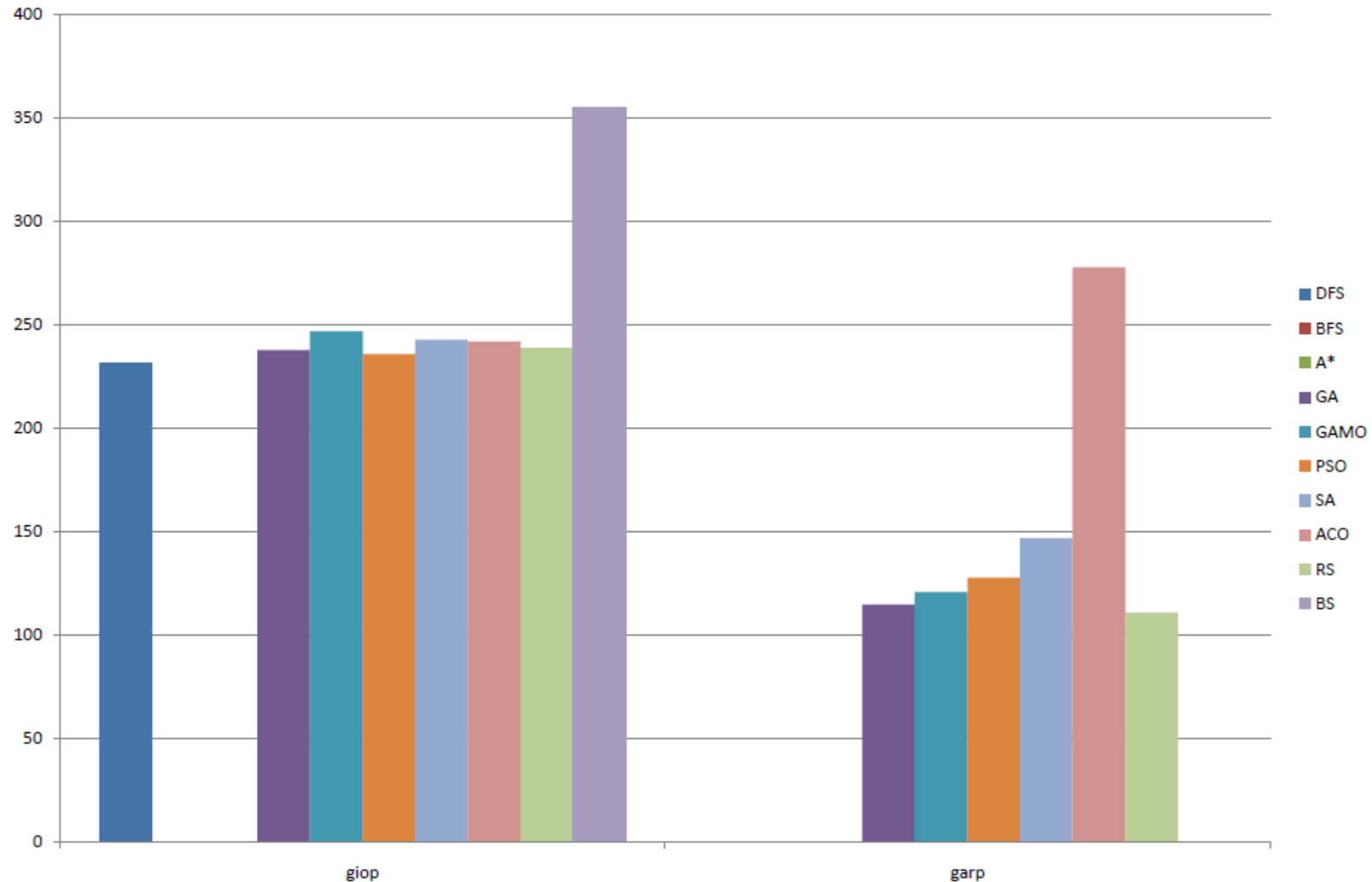
Length of Error Trails



Length of Error Trails



Length of Error Trails



Conclusions & Future Work

Conclusions

- **Metaheuristics are more effective** than classical algorithms in finding errors
- **Beam Search has advantages** over complete search algorithms
- An **even distribution** of the search in depth levels tends to **raise hit rate**
- Stochastic algorithms obtain **short error trails**

Future Work

- Design a **stochastic complete guided algorithm** to find errors and verify
- Design of **hybrid algorithms** to more efficiently explore the search space
- Explore the design of **parallel metaheuristics** for this problem

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Thanks for your attention !!!

