

# Python for Scientific Computing<sup>\*</sup>

## 1 Why Python for Scientific Computing

- *Python* is the most popular coding language for teaching introductory computer science courses at top-ranked U.S. departments. Numerous online courses, lecture notes, and tutorials are readily available online.
- In the private sector, most recent results from *CodeEval* point in the same direction.

## 2 SciPy Stack

- *SciPy Library*, a collection of numerical algorithms and domain-specific toolboxes, including signal processing, optimization, statistics and much more
- *NumPy*, the fundamental package for numerical computation. It defines the numerical array and matrix types and basic operations on them
- *matplotlib*, a mature and popular plotting package, that provides publication-quality 2D plotting as well as rudimentary 3D plotting
- *pandas*, providing high-performance, easy to use data structures
- *SymPy*, for symbolic mathematics and computer algebra
- *IPython*, a rich interactive interface, letting you quickly process data and test ideas
- *nose*, a framework for testing Python code.

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<sup>\*</sup>For further information or questions and suggestions, please contact us at [info@policy-lab.org](mailto:info@policy-lab.org).

Depending on your particular specialization, these packages might be of additional interest to you.

- *statsmodels*, a *Python* module that allows users to explore data, estimate statistical models, and perform statistical tests.

*statsmodels*, together with *pandas*, is a potential replacement for the *R*, just use *rpy2* to call *R* functions directly from *Python*. All these packages are included in the *Anaconda Distribution*.

## 3 Basic Example

- The *IPython* notebook works in your web browser, allowing you to document your computation in an easily reproducible form. See a notebook for ? as an example here.

### 3.1 Data Visualization

- See the *matplotlib Thumbnail Gallery* for many and much more elaborate examples of data visualization.

### 3.2 Statistical Analysis

- We will fit an *Ordinary Least Squares (OLS)* model using *statsmodels*. See the online documentation for a full list of the library's capabilities.

## 4 Integrated Development Environment

- For simple analysis the IPython Notebook or even the command line is sufficient. However, for more involved scientific programming. I found the use of an IDE very useful.
- An integrated development environment (IDE) is a software application that provides comprehensive facilities to computer programmers for software development.

If we have time, we can get going on the Getting Started Guide for Students (<http://bit.ly/1WDDJny>) together.