## **EXERCISE - STATISTICS FOR AI**

## **Summer Semester 2025 (Mag. Thomas Forstner)**

366.591	366.592	366.593	366.594	366.595	
56. A sample spa $P({3}) = 1/3$ .	ce $\Omega_1$ is defined as $\Omega_1 =$	{1, 2, 3}, with P({1	$= 1/2, P(\{2\}) =$	1/6, and	
	$P(\{1, 2\})$ ? 0.667 Vents A such that $P(A) = 0$				
	ble space $\Omega_2$ is defined as /3. What must P({2}) be			I	
58. Three events Define:	are defined as: $S = \{x \mid 0\}$	$< x < 12$ , $M = \{x \mid$	$1 < x < 9$ , $N = {$	$x \mid 0 < x < 5$ }.	
• M U N:	{x   0 < x <	: 9}			
	{x   1 < x <				
59. A basketball of the game.	team has 5 players. All the	nese players leave th	e team's locker ro		
60. A student has	to answer at least 6 out	of 12 questions in ar	n exam correctly.		
<ul><li>b) How man questions</li><li>c) How man</li></ul>	y possibilities does she hay possibilities are there, in total correctly and also y possibilities are there, in total correctly and also in total correctly and also	of she still has to ans to, the first 5 question of she still has to ans	wer at least 6 out ns correctly? <u>127</u> wer at least 6 out	_ of 12	
and 6 black b	ains 5 white balls and 2 balls. One ball is drawn fr the probability that a ball	om the first bag and	placed unseen in	the second	
black) for the The order of	A ship carries some colored signal flags (2 yellow, 2 red, 2 blue, 2 green, 2 white, 2 black) for the purpose of signaling to other ships. Exactly two raised flags make a signal. The order of the flags does not play a role, so that the signals can be understood from any direction. How many different signals can be signaled by this ship?21				
	re drawn in succession, v (definition see lecture sl	<u>=</u>	, from an ordinary	deck of	
first card is a	ability that the event A1 red ("hearts or diamonds A3 is the event that the	") ace, A2 is the even	ent that the second	l card is a 10	
	abers 1 to 9, two are rand		-		

	What is the <b>probability</b> that the lock can be opened on the first attempt when he		
	<ul> <li>a) no longer remembers any of the digits of the combination? <u>0.01%</u></li> <li>b) remembers that there is exactly one "6" among these digits? <u>0.034%</u></li> <li>c) remembers that the "6" is the first digit and that there is exactly one "6"? <u>0.137%</u></li> </ul>		
66.	A club with 20 members has 3 members with the first name "John". Now, a random delegation of exactly 5 persons is selected.		
	<ul> <li>a) How likely is it that exactly one "John" is in this delegation? 46.053%</li> <li>b) How likely is it that no "John" is in this delegation? 39.912%</li> <li>c) How likely is it that at least one "John" is in this delegation? 60.088%</li> </ul>		
67.	A small company has 12 female employees and 10 male employees. An employee organization consisting of 5 women and 3 men should be selected. The 2 male sales representatives working in the field should not be selected into the employee organization, but the female employee from the financial accounting department should be selected in any case.		
	How many ways are there to form an employee organization? <u>18480</u>		
68.	Someone has found a phone, and this person knows that this type of phone has a 5-digit passcode that contains the numbers 0 through 9 in a specific order.		
	<ul> <li>a) How many different passcodes are possible? <u>100000</u></li> <li>b) What if there are 5 smudges over 5 digits on the screen and these smudges indicate the numbers used in this 5-digit passcode. How many different passcodes are possible now? <u>120</u></li> </ul>		
69.	We consider only two biological sexes (boy, girl) and assume that the probability of having a girl or a boy is the same and that the order of birth is relevant.		
	<ul> <li>a) How many equally likely biological sex combinations are possible, in the case of a family with two children?4</li> <li>b) Calculate the probability that at least one of the two children is a girl?75%</li> <li>c) Calculate the probability that the two children have the same biological sex?50%</li> </ul>		
70.	The probability that a regularly scheduled train departs on time is $P(D) = 0.75$ . The probability that it arrives on time is $P(A) = 0.85$ , and the probability that it departs and arrives on time is $P(D \cap A) = 0.65$ . Find the probability that a train		
	<ul> <li>arrives on time, given that it departed on time. <u>86.667%</u></li> <li>departed on time, given that it has arrived on time. <u>76.47%</u></li> </ul>		
71.	A survey of students found that 75% of all students are regularly eating in the cafeteria, and that 35% of all students want longer opening hours of the cafeteria. 30% of all students are regularly eating in the cafeteria and also want longer opening hours.		
	How likely is it that a student who wants longer opening hours of the cafeteria eats in the cafeteria regularly?85.714%		

65. A bicycle lock has a four-digit combination, with each digit ranging from 0 to 9. Unfortunately, the owner has forgotten the right combination for the lock.

72. A survey of employees found that 60% of all employees regularly use the company gym, and that 40% of all employees want more gym equipment. 25% of all employees regularly use the company gym and also want more gym equipment. What is the probability that an employee who does not use the company gym regularly wants more gym equipment? 37.5% 73. The octal system uses exactly 8 digits: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. Each octal number contains only these digits. How many 5-digit octal numbers are there that start with the digit 4? 4096 74. The hexadecimal system uses exactly the 16 "digits" 0, 1, 2, ..., 9, A, B, C, D, E, F. Each hexadecimal number only contains these 16 digits. How many 6-digit hexadecimal numbers are there that begin with the digit A and contain neither the digit 4 nor the digit 2? \_537824\_ 75. Consider passing a lecture exam and the corresponding exercise exam as related events. The probability that a student will pass the lecture exam is 60%, and the probability that a student will pass the exercise exam, knowing that he has already passed the lecture exam, is 70%. What is the joint probability that a student passes both exams? 42% 76. At the end of the semester, 40% of the students of a specific study program did not pass physics, 30% did not pass biology, and 20% did not pass both. A student is randomly selected. What is the probability that this student did not pass

Please keep the formal guidelines for submitting the homework assignments in mind to avoid losing points unnecessarily.

physics or biology? \_\_\_\_\_50%