			ceAllData (n=8,142,074)	
		₹ C	K series_id varchar(15)	
		С	K year int	
ceDatatype (n=45)	-	C	K period varchar(5)	
PK data_type_code int			value float	
data_type_text varchar(500)			footnote_codes varchar(10)	
This table has two columns, one is the code for the data type, and the other is an explanatory text field.		TI	his table contains the history of all the series, according to the .txt file. It contains the most records by far.	
			ceSeries (n=23,981)	
ceSeasonal (n=2)		PK	series_id varchar(15)	
PK seasonal_code varchar(1)	' L		supersector_code int	
seasonal text varchar(25)			industry_code int	
			data type code int	
There are two columns: seasonal_code, and seasonal_text. S= seasonally adjusted data,			seasonal varchar(1)	
U means the opposite.			series_title varchar(250)	
			footnote_code varchar(10)	
			begin_year int	
			begin_period varchar(5)	
ceSupersector (n=22)			end_year int	
PK supersector_code int			end_period varchar(5)	
supersector_name varchar(50)				
There are two columns, the super sector code, and the supersector name. Essentially just the code to identify the supersector, and descriptive text on the title.		see	is an amalgamation of previously n series numbers with their titles, ig with data on the date: start/end years and periods.	
			coDeried (n=12)	
	PK	nori	cePeriod (n=13) od varchar(5)	
	PK		varchar(10)	
			nth varchar(25)	
			. , ,	
	The period values refer to the month, for example :M01=January, M06=June, M12 = December. MM is the abbreviation for the month. Month is the name of the month, and then there is Annual average as			

M13 and AN AV.

		ceDatagoog (n=32,298)
\leq	PK	series_id varchar(50)
		year int
\leq	FK	period varchar(10)
		value float
		footnote_codes varchar(10)

This table contains data on the series id, year, period, value, and footnote codes. Although not obvious from the table, the .txt file states the table has data on all employees, average weekly hours, hourly earnings, and weekly earnings of employees.

ceIndustry (n=850)						
	PK	PK industry_code int				
		naics_code varchar(50)				
		publishing_status varchar(5)				
		industry_name varchar(200)				
		display_level int				
		selectable varchar(1)				
		sort_sequence int				

This table contains information on publishing stats. Published datatypes for industry. Some of the column names are self-explanatory: it's not clear what industry code is from the information given, but it is the code for the industry in the given observation. Naices code refers to north American industry classification system. Industry name refers to the industry in the observation, and display level refers to a hierarchy.