CreSP/I

\kri-sp-y\

The Crestlength Storage Protocol/Interface

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How CreSP/I Works

The **Cre**stlength **S**torage **P**rotocol and **I**nterface encodes bytes by creating a square wave in which the length of the crest determines the value. The encoded data starts with a leader which gives the minimum crestlength (a crestlength that is equivalent to the value zero). The leader is ended with the maximum crestlength (255x the length of the minimum crestlength) and henceforth the data is read until the end of recording.

In case it has not been inferred already, each byte is equal to the crestlength divided by the minimum crestlength.

Programs Provided

- **acmp** optimizes data for CreSP/I storage.
- adec processes data that has been optimized for CreSP/I storage; undoes the work of acmp.
- a2f reads CreSP/I encoded data from raw unsigned 8bit PCM files.
- **f2a** encodes data into CreSP/I and writes it to raw unsigned 8-bit PCM files.

acmp

pre-audio computation

optimizes data for CreSP/I by representing the most common values with the lowest values

```
#include "common.h"
2
3
   int main( void )
4
5
       num *frqTbl = calloc(MVAL, sizeof(num)), tblSz = MVAL, top = NUL, i;
6
       byte *outTbl = calloc(MVAL, sizeof(byte)), buf = GET();
7
8
       for(;!EF; buf = GET())
9
           frqTbl[buf] ++;
10
           if(frqTbl[buf] > frqTbl[top]) top = buf;
11
12
13
14
       for(;tblSz && frqTbl[top] != NUL;tblSz --)
15
           outTbl[MVAL - tblSz] = top, frqTbl[top] = 0;
16
17
18
           for(i = NUL; i < MVAL; i ++) if(frqTbl[i] > frqTbl[top]) top = i;
19
       }
20
21
       PUT(tblSz = MVAL - tblSz);
22
       for(i = NUL; i < tblSz; i ++)</pre>
23
24
25
           PUT(outTbl[i]);
26
           frqTbl[outTbl[i]] = i;
27
28
29
       fseek(stdin, 0, SEEK_SET);
30
31
       for(buf = GET(); !EF; buf = GET()) PUT(frqTbl[buf]);
32
33
       return 0;
34 }
```

adec

\mathbf{a} cmp \mathbf{dec} oder

decodes the data encoded by acmp.

```
#include "common.h"
2
   int main()
4
       num tblSz = GET(), i = NUL;
5
6
       byte *table = calloc(MVAL, sizeof(byte)), buf = GET();
7
8
       for(; i < tblSz && !EF; i ++, buf = GET()) table[i] = buf;</pre>
9
       for(; !EF; buf = GET()) PUT(table[buf]);
10
11
       return 0;
12
13 }
```

a2f

audio to file

reads raw unsigned 8-bit pcm from stdin and writes the data obtained through CreSP/I to stdout

```
#include "common.h"
2
3
  #define SKIP 200
4
  #define CLENI 1
  #define WCOR 1
  #define THRSH 50
6
8 num bLen = 1;
9
10 num rounded(double di, double dv)
11 {
12
       double d = di / dv;
13
       num n = d;
       double f = d - n;
14
15
16
       return n + (f > 0.445);
17 }
18
19 num getWave()
20 {
21
       num cLen = CLENI;
22
23
       while(GET() < THRSH && !EF);</pre>
24
       while(GET() >= THRSH && !EF) cLen ++;
25
26
       return rounded(cLen, bLen) - WCOR;
27 }
28
29 int main( void )
30 {
31
       byte buf;
32
33
       fseek(stdin, SKIP, SEEK SET);
34
       getWave();
35
       bLen = getWave() + WCOR;
36
       while(!EF && getWave() != LEND);
37
38
       for(buf = getWave(); !EF; buf = getWave()) PUT(buf);
39
40
       PUT(buf);
41
42
       return 0;
43 }
```

f2a

file to audio

encodes stdin to CreSP/I and writes the raw unsigned 8-bit PCM to stdout

```
#include "common.h"
3
  #define TLEN 1
4 #define HLEN 20000
 #define AMP 200
 #define LCOR 2
6
8 void genWave(num len)
9
10
       num tLen = TLEN;
11
12
       while(--tLen + LCOR) PUT(NUL);
13
       while(--len + LCOR) PUT(AMP);
14 }
15
16 int main( void )
17 {
       num hLen = HLEN, buf = GET();
18
19
20
       while(--hLen) genWave(NUL);
21
22
       genWave(LEND);
23
       for(; !EF; buf = GET()) genWave(buf);
24
25
26
       return 0;
27 }
```

common.h

common inclusions and definitions

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3
4 #define PUT putchar
5 #define GET getchar
6 #define EF feof(stdin)
7 #define NUL 0
8 #define LEND 255
9 #define MVAL 256
10
11 typedef unsigned int num;
12 typedef unsigned char byte;
```