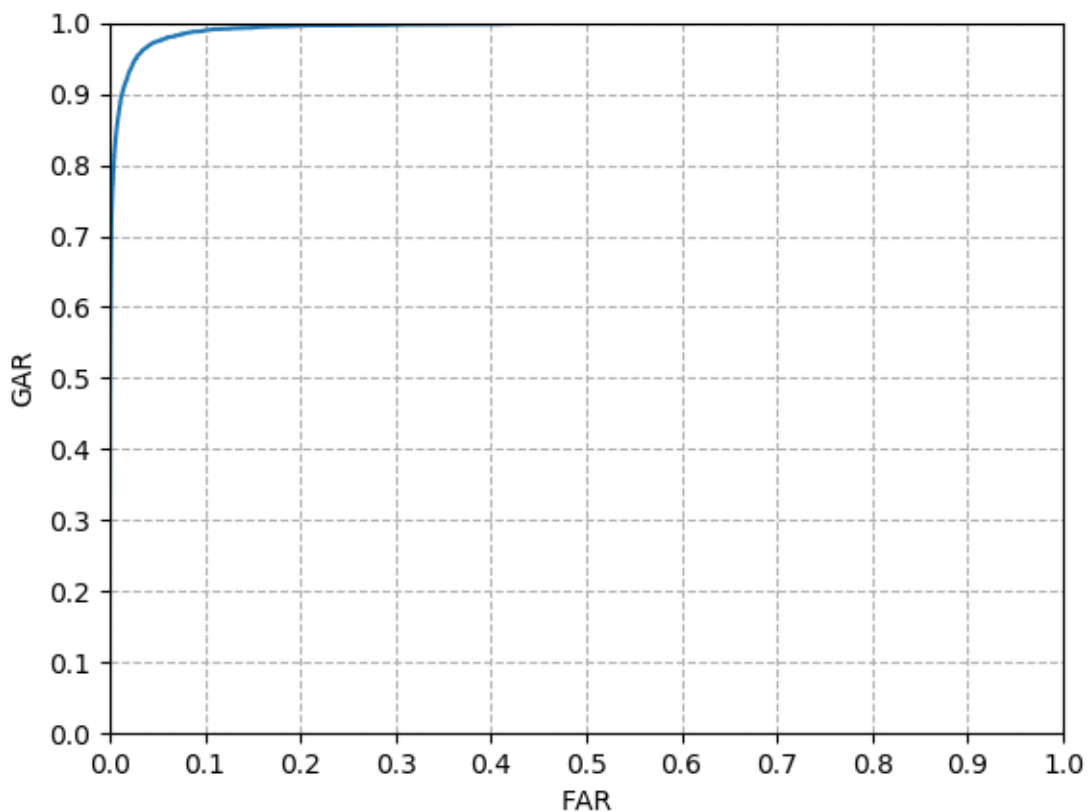
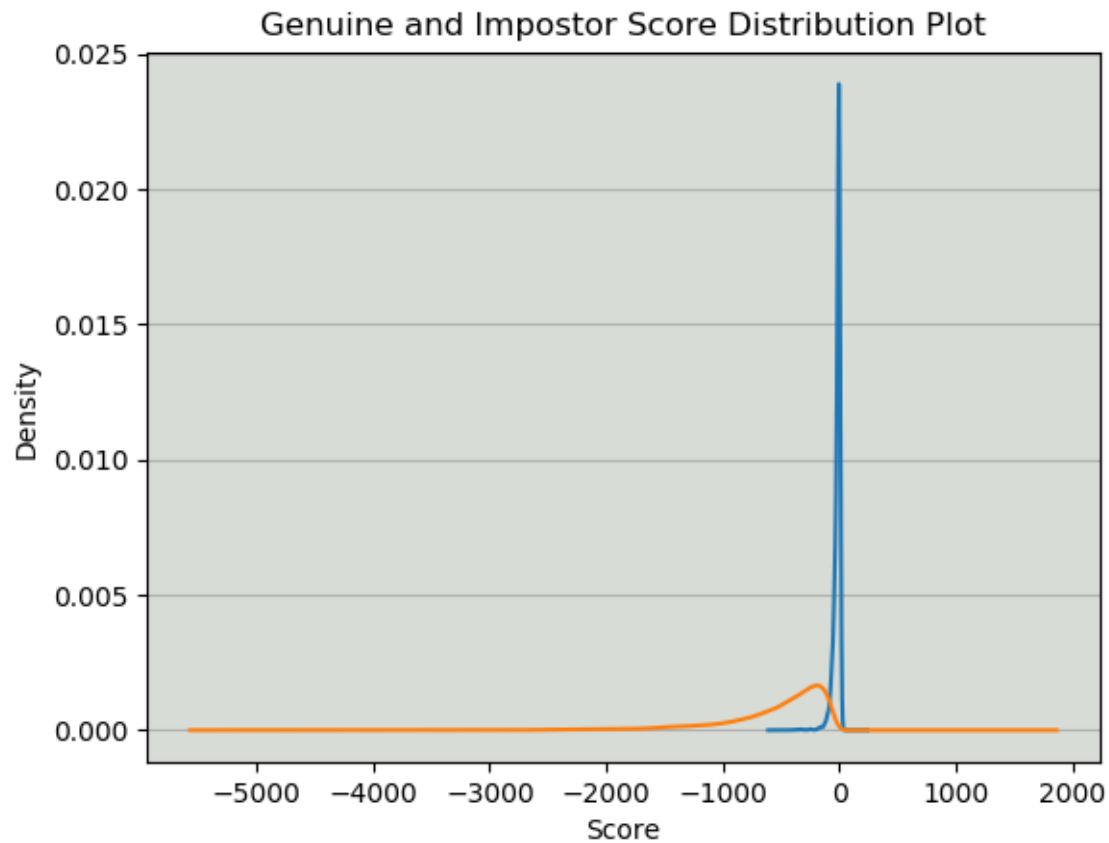


Giray Eryilmaz,

DATA1

python analyze_similarity_matrix.py data1/data1_SM.txt data1/data1_Class_Labels.txt

ERR	=	3.65%	with threshold = -78.7435	
FRR	=	35.76%	at FAR point 0.1%	where $t = -16.314$
FRR	=	12.13%	at FAR point 1%	where $t = -45.301$
FRR	=	1.07%	at FAR point 10%	where $t = -125.820$



DATA2

python analyze_similarity_matrix.py data2/data2_SM.txt data2/data2_Class_Labels.txt

ERR = 2.32%

with threshold = 0.7001

FRR = 55.98%

at FAR point 0.1%

where $t = 0.807$

FRR = 10.04%

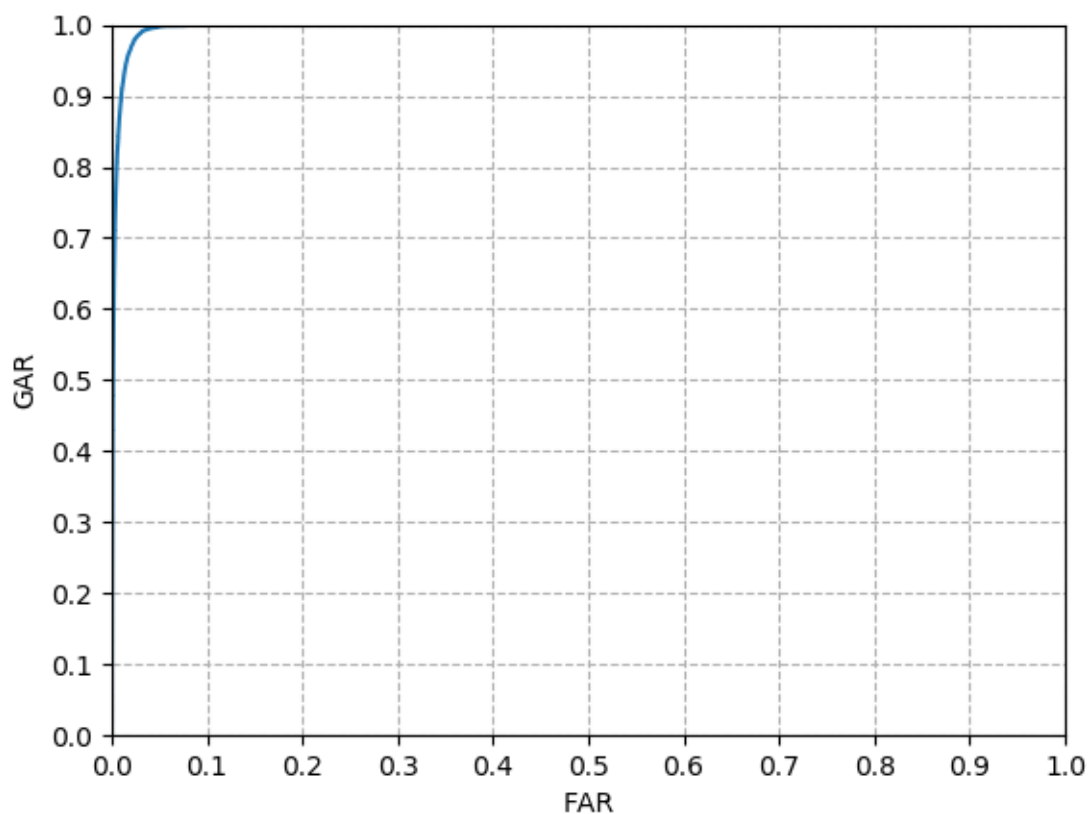
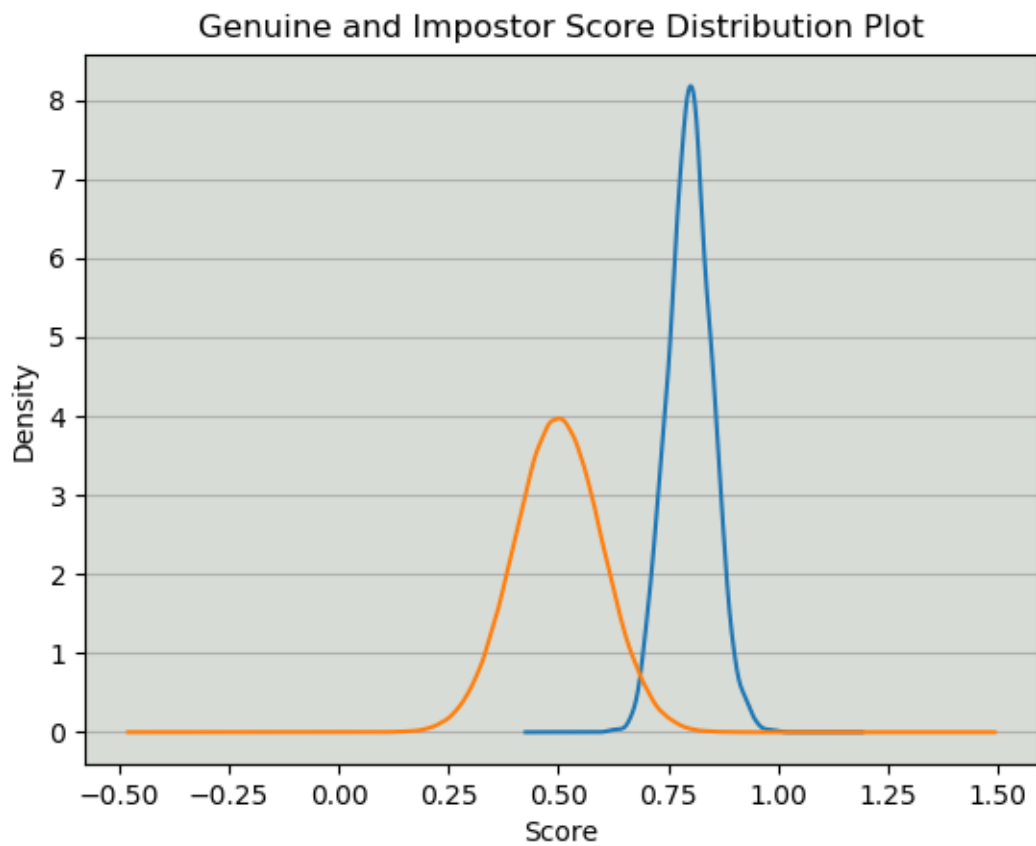
at FAR point 1%

where $t = 0.734$

FRR = 0.07%

at FAR point 10%

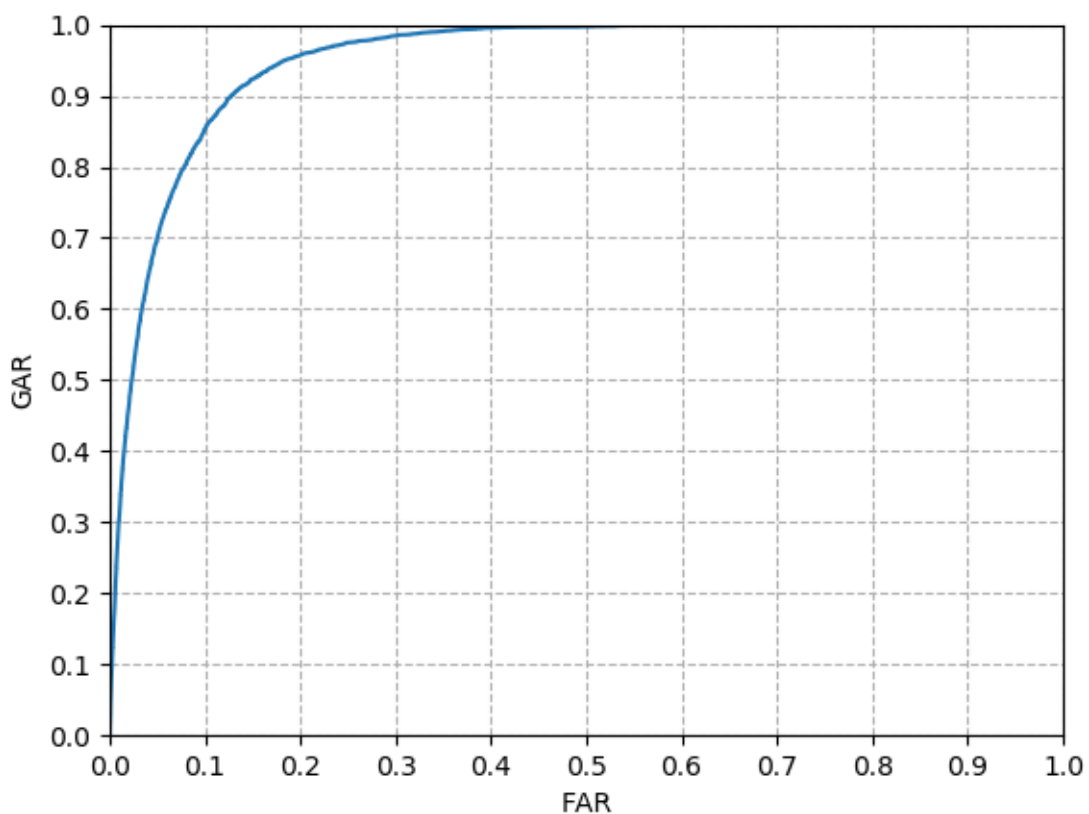
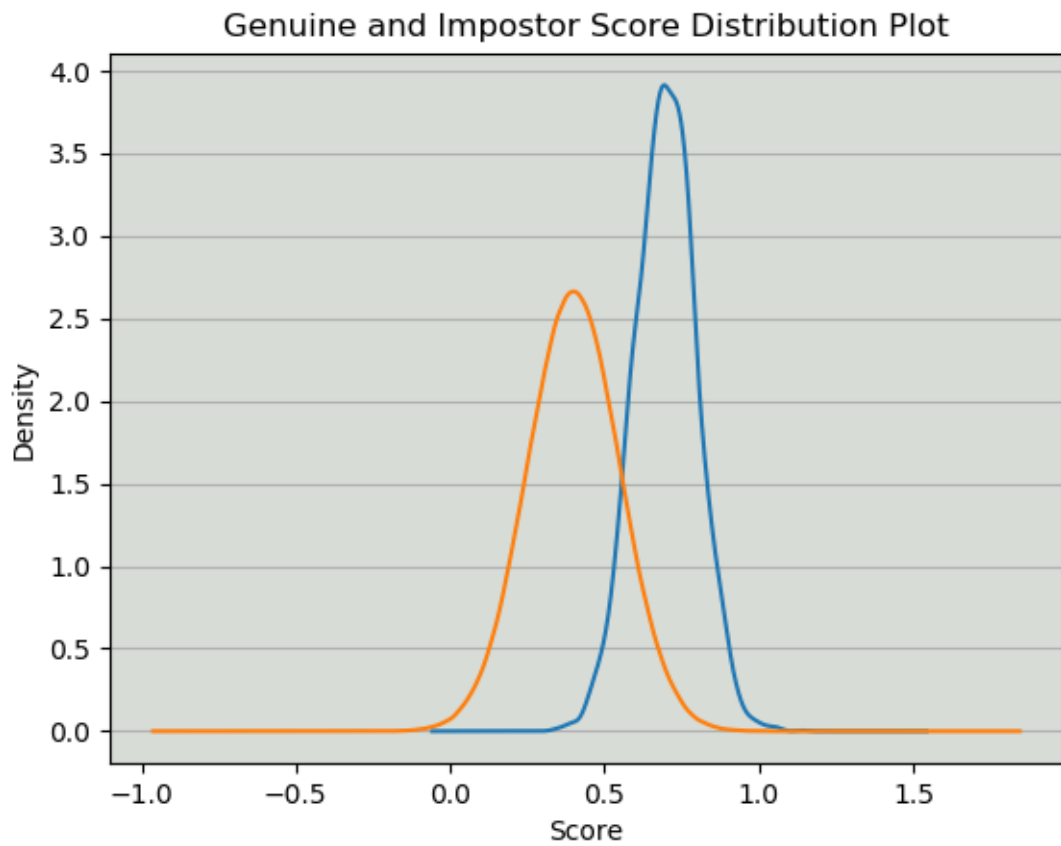
where $t = 0.628$



DATA3

python analyze_similarity_matrix.py data3/data3_SM.txt data3/data3_Class_Labels.txt

ERR	=	11.69%	with threshold = 0.5782	
FRR	=	94.76%	at FAR point 0.1%	where $t = 0.861$
FRR	=	69.20%	at FAR point 1%	where $t = 0.748$
FRR	=	14.64%	at FAR point 10%	where $t = 0.592$



DATA4

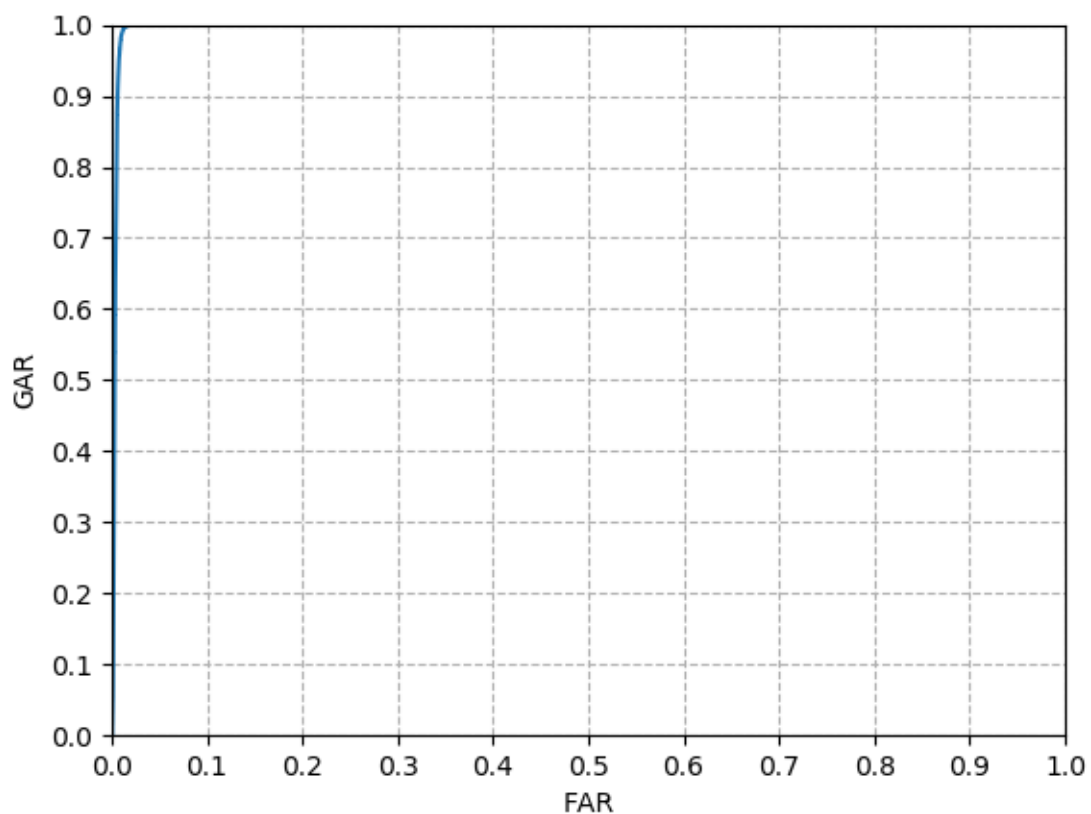
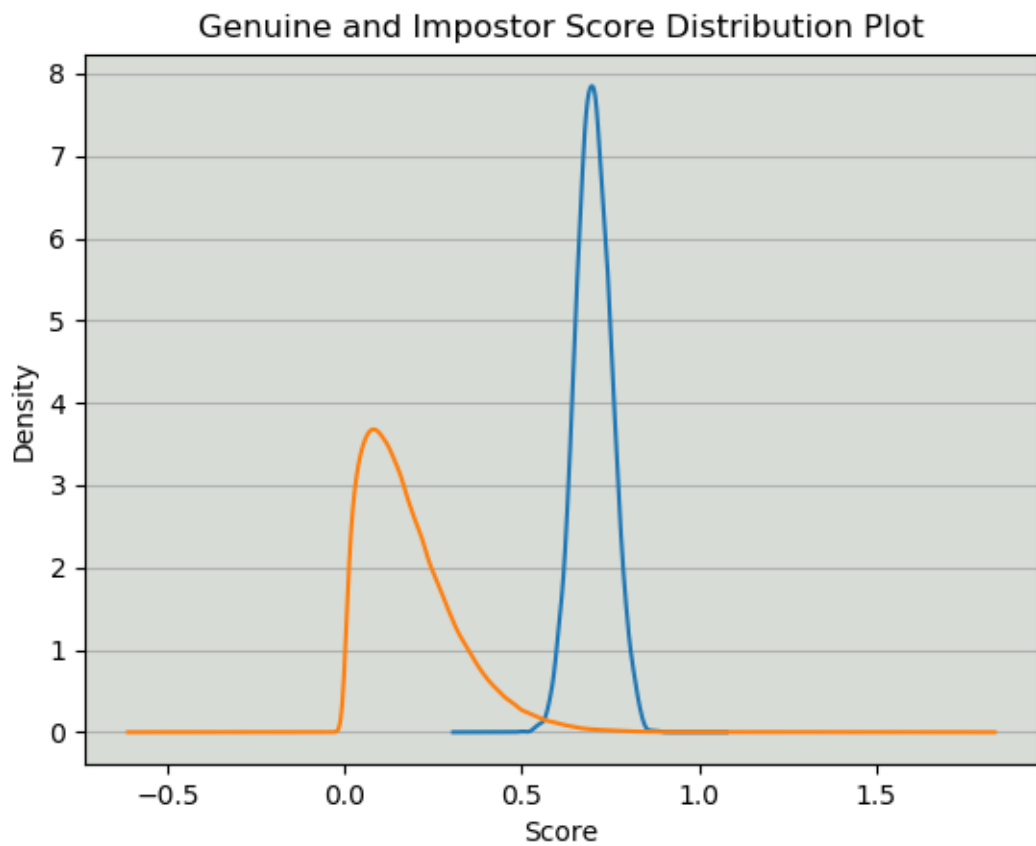
python analyze_similarity_matrix.py data4/data4_SM.txt data4/data4_Class_Labels.txt

ERR = 1.10% with threshold = 0.5870

FRR = 97.13% at FAR point 0.1% where $t = 0.797$

FRR = 1.56% at FAR point 1% where $t = 0.595$

FRR = 0.00% at FAR point 10% where $t = 0.363$



4. Explain very briefly how you compute the EER?

ERR is the point where the False Match Rate equals False Non-Match Rate ($\text{FNMR} = \text{FMR}$). From the definition I search for the threshold of t that gives $\text{FNMR} = \text{FMR}$. I exploited the fact that FMR is monotonic increasing and FNMR is monotonic decreasing so $\text{FNMR} - \text{FMR}$ is too monotonic decreasing, all are with respect to similarity scores.

I flattened and sorted similarity matrix, then I used a modified binary search that uses a key function (namely $\text{FNMR} - \text{FMR}$) on the array to find the insertion point of $t=0$. I simply used average of the similarity scores that gives the highest negative ' $\text{FNMR} - \text{FMR}$ ' score and the one that gives lowest positive score. I reported the threshold t along with FNMR at t which has to be equal to ERR at that point.

For a more precise estimation one can interpolate $\text{FNMR} - \text{FMR}$ scores to estimate underlying function and work on that instead of working on the array but I doubt that the improvement would be significant.