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<b>Status</b>	Finished
<b>Started</b>	Sunday, 17 November 2024, 7:15 PM
<b>Completed</b>	Sunday, 17 November 2024, 7:42 PM
<b>Duration</b>	26 mins 42 secs

## Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

You are provided with a string which has a sequence of 1's and 0's.

This sequence is the encoded version of a English word. You are supposed write a program to decode the provided string and find the original word.

Each alphabet is represented by a sequence of 0s.

This is as mentioned below:

Z : 0

Y : 00

X : 000

W : 0000

V : 00000

U : 000000

T : 0000000

and so on upto A having 26 0's (000000000000000000000000000000).

The sequence of 0's in the encoded form are separated by a single 1 which helps to distinguish between 2 letters.

Example 1:

input1: 010010001

The decoded string (original word) will be: ZYX

Example 2:

input1: 000010000000000000000000000000001000000000000100000000001000000000000001

The decoded string (original word) will be: WIPRO

Note: The decoded string must always be in UPPER case.

### For example:

Input	Result
010010001	ZYX
000010000000000000000000000000001000000000000100000000001000000000000001	WIPRO

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 import java.util.*;
2
3 public class Main {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6         String encoded = sc.nextLine();
7         String[] parts = encoded.split("1");
8         StringBuilder decodedWord = new StringBuilder();
9         for (String part : parts) {
10             if (part.length() > 0) {
11                 int length = part.length();
12                 char decodedChar = (char) ('Z' - (length - 1));
13                 decodedWord.append(decodedChar);
14             }
15         }
16         System.out.println(decodedWord.toString());
17     }
18 }
19 
```

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Given two char arrays input1[] and input2[] containing only lower case alphabets, extracts the alphabets which are present in both arrays (common alphabets).

Get the ASCII values of all the extracted alphabets.

Calculate sum of those ASCII values. Lets call it sum1 and calculate single digit sum of sum1, i.e., keep adding the digits of sum1 until you arrive at a single digit.

Return that single digit as output.

Note:

1. Array size ranges from 1 to 10.
2. All the array elements are lower case alphabets.
3. Atleast one common alphabet will be found in the arrays.

Example 1:

input1: {'a', 'b', 'c'}

input2: {'b', 'c'}

output: 8

Explanation:

'b' and 'c' are present in both the arrays.

ASCII value of 'b' is 98 and 'c' is 99.

$98 + 99 = 197$

$1 + 9 + 7 = 17$

$1 + 7 = 8$

**For example:**

Input	Result
a b c b c	8

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 import java.util.*;
2 public class Main {
3     public static void main(String[] args) {
4         char[] input1 = {'a', 'b', 'c'};
5         char[] input2 = {'b', 'c'};
6         Set<Character> set1 = new HashSet<>();
7         for (char c : input1) {
8             set1.add(c);
9         }
10        int sum1 = 0;
11        for (char c : input2) {
12            if (set1.contains(c)) {
13                sum1 += (int) c;
14            }
15        }
16        int singleDigitSum = getSingleDigitSum(sum1);
17        System.out.println(singleDigitSum);
18    }
19    public static int getSingleDigitSum(int num) {
20        while (num >= 10) {
21            num = sumDigits(num);
22        }
23    }

```

```

22     }
23     return num;
24 }
25 public static int sumDigits(int num) {
26     int sum = 0;
27     while (num > 0) {
28         sum += num % 10;
29         num /= 10;
30     }
31     return sum;
32 }
33 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	a b c b c	8	8	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Write a function that takes an input String (sentence) and generates a new String (modified sentence) by reversing the words in the original String, maintaining the words position.

In addition, the function should be able to control the reversing of the case (upper or lowercase) based on a case\_option parameter, as follows:

If case\_option = 0, normal reversal of words i.e., if the original sentence is "Wipro TechNologies BangaLore", the new reversed sentence should be "orpiW seigoloNhceT eroLagnaB".

If case\_option = 1, reversal of words with retaining position's case i.e., if the original sentence is "Wipro TechNologies BangaLore", the new reversed sentence should be "Orpiw SeigOlonthcet ErolaGnab".

Note that positions 1, 7, 11, 20 and 25 in the original string are uppercase W, T, N, B and L.

Similarly, positions 1, 7, 11, 20 and 25 in the new string are uppercase O, S, O, E and G.

NOTE:

1. Only space character should be treated as the word separator i.e., "Hello World" should be treated as two separate words, "Hello" and "World". However, "Hello,World", "Hello;World", "Hello-World" or "Hello/World" should be considered as a single word.
2. Non-alphabetic characters in the String should not be subjected to case changes. For example, if case option = 1 and the original sentence is "Wipro TechNologies, Bangalore" the new reversed sentence should be "Orpiw ,seigOlonthcet Erolagnab". Note that comma has been treated as part of the word "Technologies," and when comma had to take the position of uppercase T it remained as a comma and uppercase T took the position of comma. However, the words "Wipro and Bangalore" have changed to "Orpiw" and "Erolagnab".
3. Kindly ensure that no extra (additional) space characters are embedded within the resultant reversed String.

Examples:

S. No.	input1	input2	output
1	Wipro Technologies Bangalore	0	orpiW seigolonhceT erolagnaB
2	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore	0	orpiW ,seigolonhceT erolagnaB
3	Wipro Technologies Bangalore	1	Orpiw SeigolonhceT Erolagnab
4	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore	1	Orpiw ,seigolonhceT Erolagnab

For example:

Input	Result
Wipro Technologies Bangalore 0	orpiW seigolonhceT erolagnaB
Wipro Technologies, Bangalore 0	orpiW ,seigolonhceT erolagnaB
Wipro Technologies Bangalore 1	Orpiw SeigolonhceT Erolagnab
Wipro Technologies, Bangalore 1	Orpiw ,seigolonhceT Erolagnab

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 import java.util.Scanner;
2 public class SentenceReverser {
3     public static void main(String[] args) {
4         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
5         String sentence = scanner.nextLine();
6         int caseOption = scanner.nextInt();
7         String result = reverseWords(sentence, caseOption);
8         System.out.println( result);
9         scanner.close();

```

```

10 }
11 public static String reverseWords(String sentence, int caseOption) {
12     String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
13     StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
14     for (int w = 0; w < words.length; w++) {
15         String word = words[w];
16         StringBuilder reversedWord = new StringBuilder(word.length());
17         for (int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++) {
18             char originalChar = word.charAt(i);
19             char reversedChar = word.charAt(word.length() - 1 - i);
20             if (caseOption == 1 && Character.isLetter(originalChar)) {
21                 if (Character.isUpperCase(originalChar)) {
22                     reversedChar = Character.toUpperCase(reversedChar);
23                 } else {
24                     reversedChar = Character.toLowerCase(reversedChar);
25                 }
26             }
27             reversedWord.append(reversedChar);
28         }
29         if (w > 0) {
30             result.append(" ");
31         }
32         result.append(reversedWord);
33     }
34     return result.toString();
35 }
36 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	Wipro Technologies Bangalore 0	orpiW seigolonhceT erolagnaB	orpiW seigolonhceT erolagnaB	✓
✓	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore 0	orpiW ,seigolonhceT erolagnaB	orpiW ,seigolonhceT erolagnaB	✓
✓	Wipro Technologies Bangalore 1	Orpiw SeigolonhceT Erolagnab	Orpiw SeigolonhceT Erolagnab	✓
✓	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore 1	Orpiw ,seigolonhceT Erolagnab	Orpiw ,seigolonhceT Erolagnab	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

◀ Lab-12-MCQ

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Identify possible words ▶