INTRODUCTION The aim of our project is to predict the value of the 'play' attribute in the

'weather' dataset. Our project uses the J48 classifier of the WEKA library to build a decision tree and

predict the values of the 'play' attribute of the dataset. In the following paragraphs, we describe some basic

terms related to our project.

MACHINE LEARNING:

Machine learning is a scientific discipline that

deals with the construction and study of algorithms that can learn from data. Such algorithms operate by building a

model based on inputs and using that to make predictions or decisions, rather than following only explicitly

programmed instructions. Th ere are many real world examples of machine learning like pattern recognition, bio

metric verification, spe ech recognition etc.There are different types of machine learning.

1. Classification:

classifying different objects into certain classes they belong to.It is also known as supervised learning

because the classes are known ahead of time.

2.Clustering:
This is
unsupervised
learning

because the size and shape of clusters is not known to us.

3.Recommenda tion:Recommenda da value for an

item on the basis of past behaviour of things related to it.

Inorder to implement machine

learning using a programming language the first thing we need is a dataset containg objects and their

attributes.Then we need to write a function or code which will train and learn from the dataset and certain algorithms

included in the libraries.

The function separates our data into training data ad test data which is called

as split cross validation method. Once a good number of training data is

fed to our function it then

takes as input a new set of data called as future data or unseen data and tries to predict or approximate. The prediction

or appoximation is not ideal ofcourse.It includes errors and the calculation of this error is also a

fundamental process in machine learning. Error is calculated using error function or loss function
(please refer to the pdf for details.

WEKA:Weka stands for Waikato Environment

for Knowledge analysis.It is a library for machine learning which contains many algorithms and classes which are very

essential and helpful in writing machine learning functions.It has to the ability to process datasets in the

proper format required.

CLASSIFIER: A classifier is the implementation of a machine learning algorithms

which is learned by the machine using the training data fed from a given dataset.