-22AIE442-ROBOTICS OPERATING SYSTEMS AND ROBOTIC SIMULATIONS

Swarm Robotics for Efficient Pathfinding in Constrained Warehouses

Team Details

Team: 10

Name	Registration Number
Girish S	AM.EN.U4AIE22044
Ashwin Sasi	AM.EN.U4AIE22007
Nandana	AM.EN.U4AIE22034
Harishankar Binu Nair	AM.EN.U4AIE22023

Problem Introduction

Warehouse operations often require high-speed, efficient movement of goods within limited spaces. Traditional systems face limitations in these environments, especially when dealing with narrow aisles and high congestion. Introducing swarm robotics in these scenarios offers a potential solution by distributing tasks among multiple robots that work collectively. However, managing multi-agent pathfinding (MAPF) and conflict-free route planning becomes challenging, as robots must avoid collisions, prevent deadlock situations, and navigate dynamically changing paths. Achieving smooth, coordinated movement through complex paths in a constrained environment is essential to enhancing warehouse productivity.

Project Proposal

This project aims to develop a swarm robotics system capable of moving goods efficiently within a constrained warehouse environment. By leveraging multi-agent pathfinding and sophisticated route planning algorithms, we aim to overcome challenges in coordinating multiple robots in real-time to avoid traffic congestion and optimize route efficiency. The proposed prototype will simulate a warehouse with robots performing pickup and drop-off tasks in a structured yet

restricted space. We'll focus on designing algorithms that prioritize collision avoidance, adaptability, and resource utilization to create a scalable and robust solution for real-world applications.

Objective of the Project

The primary objective is to design and test a swarm robotic system capable of efficient, conflict-free navigation in constrained environments. Specifically, we aim to:

- 1. Develop a system that allows robots to move goods across narrow aisles with minimal delays.
- Create multi-agent pathfinding algorithms that optimize routes and prevent traffic conflicts.
- 3. Test the system in simulated and real environments to evaluate performance in terms of route optimization, navigation accuracy, and congestion management.

Prototype Draft

The prototype will consist of a scaled-down warehouse environment featuring three pickup depots and three drop-off depots. Robots will be tasked with navigating narrow aisles to move goods from pickup to drop-off points, demonstrating efficient pathfinding and traffic avoidance in real time. The setup will include:

- **Simulated environment testing:** Initial testing within a digital simulation to fine-tune algorithms and map out optimal pathfinding.
- Physical test environment: Deploying small robots in a physical test space with predefined depots and aisles, focusing on route optimization, real-time navigation, and traffic avoidance mechanisms.

Scope of the Project

The project will encompass the following:

- 1. **Designing MAPF and route planning algorithms** that ensure efficient, conflict-free navigation for multiple robots.
- 2. **Implementing the prototype in both simulated and physical environments,** with a focus on observing and analyzing robot behavior in constrained spaces.
- 3. **Evaluating the system's performance** based on parameters like route efficiency, traffic avoidance, and adaptability in changing environments.
- 4. **Exploring scalability potential** for larger warehouse environments, with a roadmap for expanding the project to include more robots and complex routes.

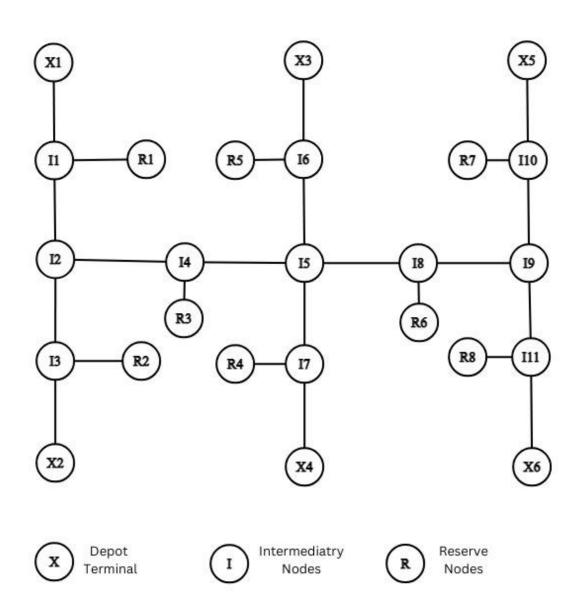


Fig. 1: An example environment for MAPF and routing graph, the reserve nodes are used for solving conflicts in routing