Lab 4

1. Calculate the Fourier matrix for n = 4 in Python using the fast Fourier transform.

2. Calculate the discrete Fourier transform of the vector (0, 1, 2).

3. Find the cyclic convolution of the vectors a = (0, 1, 2) and b = (3, 1, 2) in Python using the fast

Fourier transform. Compare with the results calculated by hand in Lab 4.

```
a = np.array([0, 1, 2])
b = np.array([3, 1, 2])

cyclic_conv_ab_fft = ifft(fft(a) * fft(b)).real
print("Cyclic convolution of a and b using FFT:\n", cyclic_conv_ab_fft)

Type Cyclic convolution of a and b using FFT:
        [4. 7. 7.]
```

4. Find the cyclic convolution of the vectors x = (0, 1, 0, 1) and y = (0, 1, 2, 3) in Python using the

fast Fourier transform. Compare with the results calculated by hand in Lab 4.

```
x = np.array([0, 1, 0, 1])
y = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3])

cyclic_conv_xy_fft = ifft(fft(x) * fft(y)).real
print("Cyclic convolution of x and y using FFT:\n", cyclic_conv_xy_fft)

Cyclic convolution of x and y using FFT:
    [4. 2. 4. 2.]
```

5. Calculate the matrix product using the fast Fourier transform of the following two circulant

matrix:

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$