import numpy as np

1) Define a NumPy array to represent the vector v = [1, 5, 2].

```
v = np.array([1, 5, 2])
v

array([1, 5, 2])
```

2) Define a NumPy array to represent the vector w = [0, ..., 8].

```
w = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
w
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
```

3) Define a NumPy array to represent the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 9 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

4) Define a NumPy array to represent the matrix

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

```
B = np.array([[0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8]])

B

array([[0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8]])
```

5) Extract the third element of v.

v[2] → 2

6) Extract the second, third, and fourth elements of w.

```
w[1:4]

array([1, 2, 3])
```

7) Extract the element in the first row and the second column of A.

```
A[0, 1]
```

8) Extract the second column of B.

```
B[:, 1]

array([1, 4, 7])
```

9) Calculate the transpose of A.

10) Calculate determinant of A (using the function linalg.det)

```
np.linalg.det(A)

$2.99999999999996
```

11) Calculate the inverse of A.

12) Calculate Av.

```
np.dot(A, v)

→ array([39, 15, 55])
```

13) Calculate the matrix product AB.

14) Caclulate  $3A^2 + 2A$ .

15) Solve the system of linear equations Ax = v for x.