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22AIE314 Computer Security

## Lab Sheet 1

## **Classical Encryption Methods**

- 1. Implement Caesar cipher.
  - a) Given plaintext "DEFEND THE EAST WALL" and a shift key 3, encrypt the message using the Caesar Cipher.
  - b) Decrypt the given ciphertext "WKH HDJOH LV LQ SODFH" assuming shift key 3.

```
def encrypt_Caesar(text, key):
    return ''.join([chr(ord(i)+key) if i.isalpha() else i for i in text])

print(encrypt_Caesar("DEFEND THE EAST WALL", 3))

    GHIHQG WKH HDVW ZDOO

def decrypt_Caesar(text, key):
    return ''.join([chr(ord(i)-key) if i.isalpha() else i for i in text])
print(decrypt_Caesar("GHIHQG WKH HDVW ZDOO", 3))
print(decrypt_Caesar("WKH HDJOH LV LQ SODFH", 3))

    DEFEND THE EAST WALL
    THE EAGLE IS IN PLACE
```

- 2. Implement Monoalphabetic Cipher
  - a) Encrypt the plaintext "HELLO WORLD" using a random substitution key.
  - b) Decrypt the given ciphertext "XUBBE MEHBT" using the provided key mapping: {H: X, E: U, L: B, O: E, W: M, R: H, D: T}.

```
from random import shuffle
key = list("ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ")
shuffle(key)
print(key)
₹; ['Q', 'Z', 'C', 'W', 'N', 'G', 'S', 'D', 'L', 'F', 'E', 'T', 'U', 'I', 'X', 'B', 'M', 'J', 'R', 'Y', 'K', 'H', 'V', 'A', '0', 'P']
def monoencrypt(text, key):
 return ''.join([key[ord(i.upper())-65] if i.isalpha() else i for i in text])
print(monoencrypt("HELLO WORLD", key))
def monodecrypt(text, key):
 return ''.join([chr(key.index(i.upper())+65) if i.isalpha() else i for i in text])
print(monodecrypt("YLXXE OEWXJ", key))

→ TIOOK YKDOR

key = ['Q', 'Y', 'L', 'T', 'U', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'S', 'J', 'Z', 'B', 'V', 'F', 'E', 'K', 'G', 'H', 'A', 'W', 'C', 'I', 'M', '0', 'R', 'D']
print(monodecrypt("XUBBE MEHBT", key))
→ HELLO WORLD
```

- 3. Implement Playfair Cipher.
  - a) Encrypt the plaintext "MEET ME AT THE PARK" using the Playfair Cipher with key "SECURITY".
  - Decrypt the given ciphertext "GATLMZ CLRSPB" assuming the same Playfair key.

```
def gen_key_mat(key):
  import numpy as np
 key.replace('J', 'I')
 mat = np.array(['#']*25)
  ind = 0
    mat[ind] = i
    ind+=1
 mat[ind:] = sorted(list(set([chr(i) for i in range(65, 91)]) - set(key) - set('J')))
 mat.resize((5, 5))
 return mat
def playfair(text, keymat):
  if " " in text:
    return ' '.join([playfair(i, keymat) for i in text.split(' ')])
  if len(text) == 1:
      text+='X'
    elif text !='Y':
    else:
      text+='Z'
    11, 12 = np.where(keymat==text[0]), np.where(keymat==text[1])
    if l1[0] == l2[0]:
      return keymat[(l1[0]+1)%5, l1[1]][0]+keymat[(l2[0]+1)%5, l2[1]][0]
    elif l1[1] == l2[1]:
      return keymat[11[0], (11[1]+1)%5][0]+keymat[12[0], (12[1]+1)%5][0]
    elif 11[0]<12[0]:
      return keymat[11[0], 12[1]][0]+keymat[12[0], 11[1]][0]
    else:
      return keymat[12[0], 11[1]][0]+keymat[11[0], 12[1]][0]
  else:
    # print(text)
    cipher = ''
    count, n = 0, len(text)
    if n%2!=0:
      if text[-1]!='X':
       text+='X'
      elif text[-1]!='Y':
      else:
        text+='Z'
    while count <n:
      if text[count] != text[count+1]:
        1.append(text[count:count+2])
        count+=2
      elif text[count]!='X':
       1.append(text[count]+'X')
       count+=1
      elif text[count]!='Y':
        1.append(text[count]+'Y')
        count+=1
        1.append(text[count]+'Z')
        count+=1
    text=''.join(1)
    for i in range(1, len(text), 2):
      11, 12 = np.where(keymat==text[i-1]), np.where(keymat==text[i])
      11, 12 = [11[0][0], 11[1][0]], [12[0][0], 12[1][0]]
      # print('cipher', cipher, 'c1', text[i-1], 'c2', text[i], 'l1', l1, 'l2', l2)
      if l1[0] == l2[0]:
        # print('cond', 1)
        cipher+= \ keymat[11[0], \ (11[1]+1)\%5][0]+keymat[12[0], \ (12[1]+1)\%5][0]
      elif l1[1] == l2[1]:
        # print('cond', 2)
```

```
\label{eq:cipher}  \text{cipher+= keymat}[(11[0]+1)\%5, \ 11[1]][0] + \text{keymat}[(12[0]+1)\%5, \ 12[1]][0] \\
      elif l1[0]<l2[0]:
        # print('cond', 3)
        cipher+= keymat[11[0], 12[1]][0]+keymat[12[0], 11[1]][0]
      else:
        # print('cond', 4)
        cipher+= keymat[12[0], 11[1]][0]+keymat[11[0], 12[1]][0]
    # print('final', cipher)
    return cipher
text = "MEET ME AT THE PARK"
key = "SECURITY"
print(text, '\n', key)
keymat = gen_key_mat(key)
print(keymat)
cipher = playfair(text, keymat)
print(cipher)
→ MEET ME AT THE PARK
      SECURITY
     [['S' 'E' 'C' 'U' 'R']
['I' 'T' 'Y' 'A' 'B']
      ['D' 'F' 'G' 'H' 'K']
      ['L' 'M' 'N' 'O' 'P']
      ['Q' 'V' 'W' 'X' 'Z']]
     VTTF VT BY AFUV BOBP
def PlayFairDecrypt(text, keymat):
  if ' ' in text:
    return ' '.join([PlayFairDecrypt(i, keymat) for i in text.split(' ')])
  else:
    import numpy as np
    decipher =
    for i in range(1, len(text), 2):
      11, 12 = np.where(keymat==text[i-1]), np.where(keymat==text[i])
      11, 12 = [11[0][0], 11[1][0]], [12[0][0], 12[1][0]]
      if l1[0] == l2[0]:
        \label{eq:decipher} \mbox{decipher+= keymat}[11[0], (11[1]-1)\%5][0] + \mbox{keymat}[12[0], (12[1]-1)\%5][0]
      elif l1[1] == l2[1]:
        decipher+= keymat[(l1[0]-1)%5, l1[1]][0]+keymat[(l2[0]-1)%5, l2[1]][0]
      elif l1[0]<l2[0]:
        decipher+= keymat[11[0], 12[1]][0]+keymat[12[0], 11[1]][0]
        decipher+= keymat[l1[0], l2[1]][0]+keymat[l2[0], l1[1]][0]
    return decipher
cipher = 'GATLMZ CLRSPB'
print('Cipher: ', cipher)
print('Key: ', key)
print("Key Diagram:\n", keymat)
text = PlayFairDecrypt(cipher, keymat)
print('Decrypted Text: ', text)
→ Cipher: GATLMZ CLRSPB
     Key Diagram:
      [['S' 'E' 'C' 'U' 'R']
      ['I' 'T' 'Y' 'A'<u>'B']</u>
      ['D' 'F' 'G' 'H' 'K']
      ['C' 'N' 'N' 'O' 'P']
     Decrypted Text: HYIMPV SNURKR
 4. Implement Hill Cipher (Use a 3x3 matrix for encryption)
         a) Encrypt the plaintext "ACT" using a 3x3 key matrix:
                                          \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 24 & 1 \\ 13 & 16 & 10 \\ 20 & 17 & 15 \end{bmatrix}
         b) Decrypt the ciphertext "POH" using the inverse of the given key matrix.
```

Start coding or generate with AI.

- Implement Polyalphabetic Cipher (Vigenère Cipher) -Use a repeating key to encrypt the message.
  - a) Encrypt the plaintext "ATTACK AT DAWN" using the key "LEMON".
  - b) Decrypt the ciphertext "LXFOPV EF RNHR" using the same key.

Start coding or generate with AI.

- 6. Implement One-Time Pad Cipher
  - a) Encrypt the plaintext "HELLO" using the one-time pad key "XMCKL".
  - b) Decrypt the ciphertext "EQNVZ" using the same key

Start coding or generate with AI.