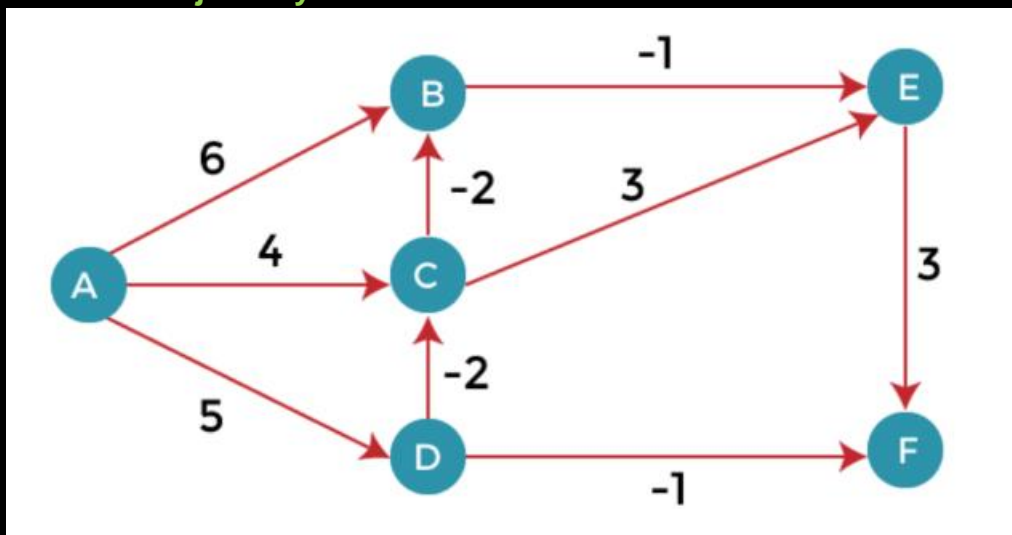


-22AIE203- DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS -2

ASSIGNMENT 3 – Bellman-Ford's ALGORITHM

1. Perform Bellman-Ford's Algorithm on the given Graph using Adjacency matrix or Adjacency list



```
70 dic = {
71 'A': {'B': 2, 'C': 2, 'D': 1},
72 'B': {'D': 2},
73 'C': {'E': 1, 'D': 3},
74 'D': {'E': 2},
75 'E': {},
76 'S': {'A': 1, 'B': 5},
77 }
78
79 graph = Graph(dic)
```

```

1  ## [Graph]
2
3  class Graph:
4      def __init__(self, adj_dic):
5          self.adj_dic = adj_dic
6
7      def child(self, parent):
8          return list(self.adj_dic[parent])
9
10     def vertices(self):
11         return list(self.adj_dic)
12
13     def Edges(self):
14         edges = []
15         for i in self.vertices():
16             for j in self.child(i):
17                 edges.append((i, j))
18         return edges
19
20     def PathWeight(self, u, v):
21         return self.adj_dic[u][v]
22

```

```

38  ## [ Bellman-Ford ]
39
40  def Bellman(Graph, source, _help =False):
41      dist={vertex: float('inf') for vertex in Graph.vertices()}
42      dist[source] = 0
43
44      iter_ = len(Graph.vertices())
45      if _help :
46          print(0, dist)
47      for i in range(iter_-1):
48          dist_dup = dist.copy()
49          for path in Graph.Edges():
50              if dist[path[0]] + Graph.PathWeight(path[0], path[1]) < dist[path[1]]:
51                  dist[path[1]] = dist[path[0]] + Graph.PathWeight(path[0], path[1])
52          if _help :
53              print(i+1, dist)
54          if dist_dup == dist:
55              print("Break: No Updation!")
56          return dist
57      return dist
58  Bellman(graph, "A", True)

```

```

>>>
RESTART: C:\Users\giri0\OneDrive\Desktop\ \pdf\semester-3\DSA
0 {'A': 0, 'B': inf, 'C': inf, 'D': inf, 'E': inf, 'F': inf}
1 {'A': 0, 'B': 2, 'C': 3, 'D': 5, 'E': 5, 'F': 4}
2 {'A': 0, 'B': 1, 'C': 3, 'D': 5, 'E': 1, 'F': 4}
3 {'A': 0, 'B': 1, 'C': 3, 'D': 5, 'E': 0, 'F': 3}
4 {'A': 0, 'B': 1, 'C': 3, 'D': 5, 'E': 0, 'F': 3}
Break: No Updation!
>>> |

```