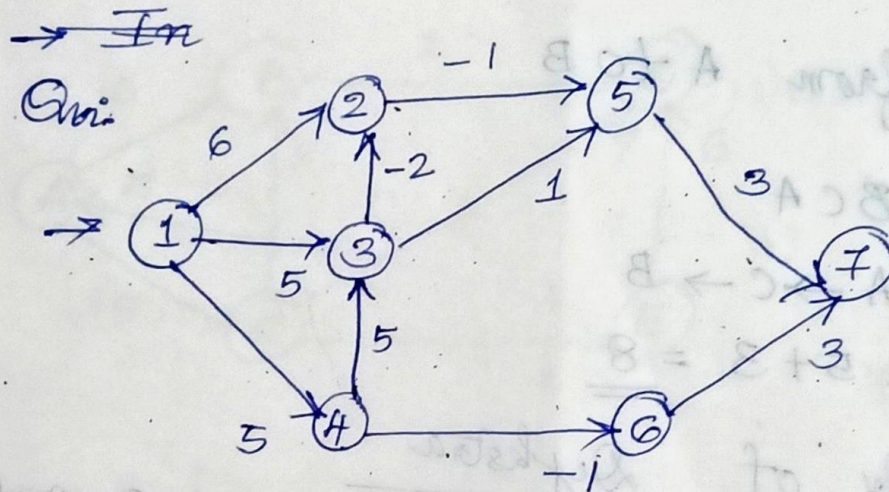


Bellman-Ford - Single Source shortest path

- use dynamic programming
- Dynamic prog and greedy approaches both are used for optimization problem.



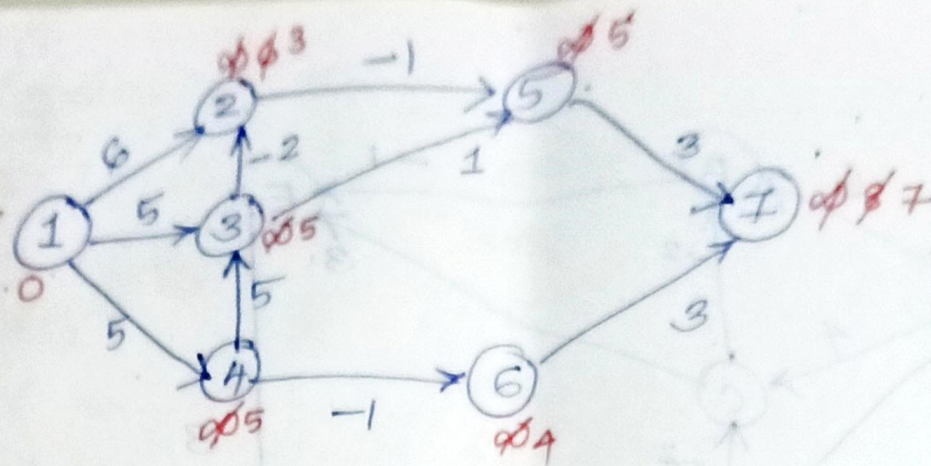
List of edges

(1,2) (1,3) (1,4) (2,5) (3,2) (3,5)
(4,3) (4,6) (5,7) (6,7)

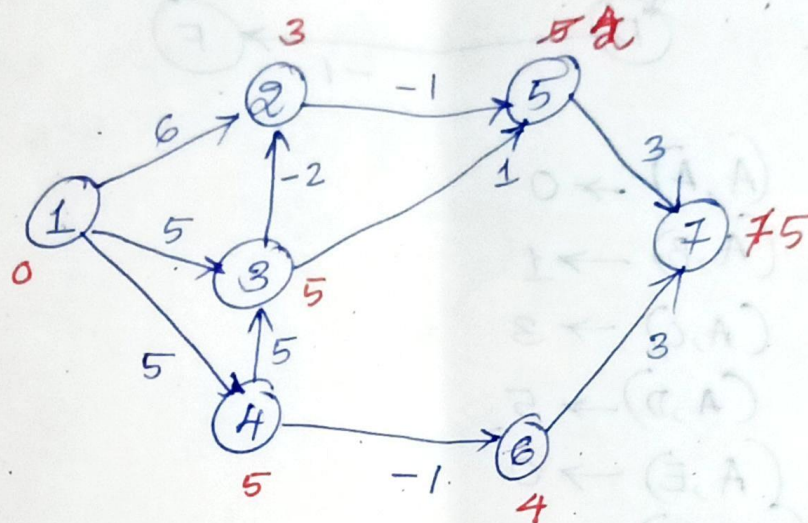
Relax for $(n-1)$ times

$n = 7$ ∴ relax for 6 times

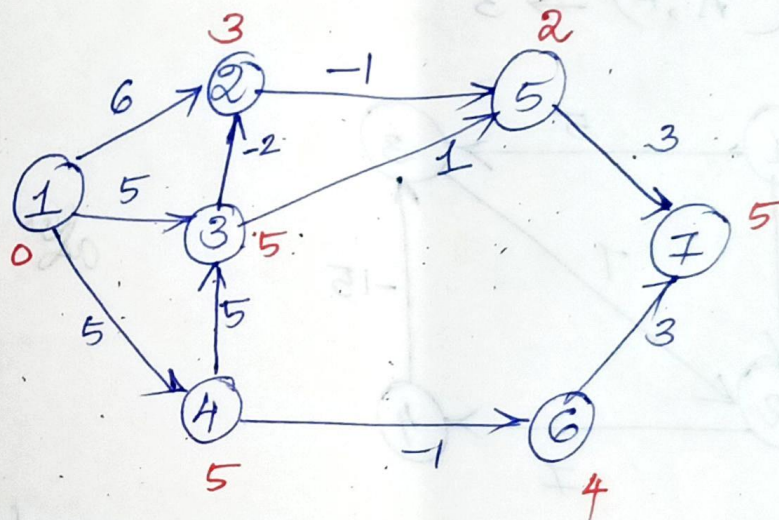
Iteration 1



Iteration 2



Iteration 3



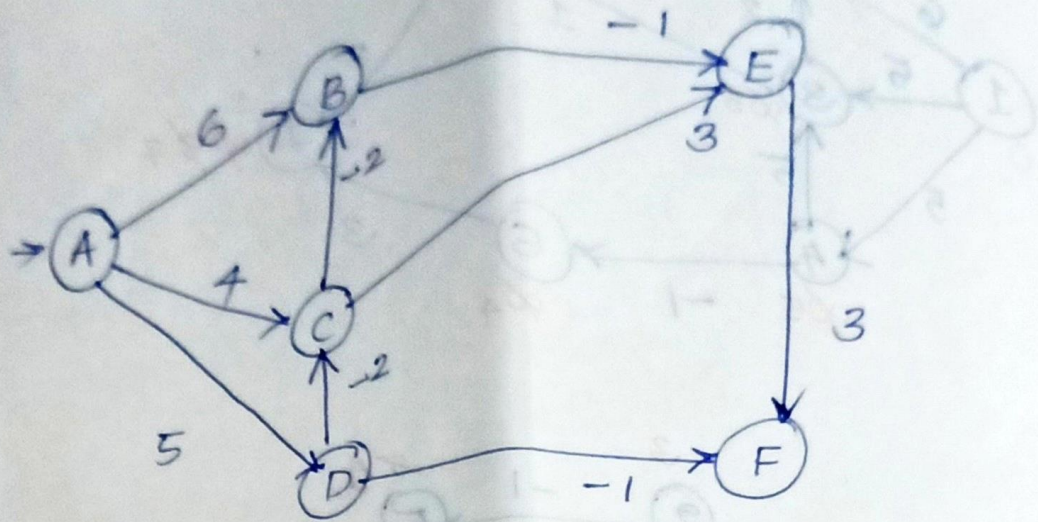
Not change in cost

$$\begin{aligned} (1,1) &\rightarrow 0 \\ (1,2) &\rightarrow 3 \\ (1,3) &\rightarrow 5 \\ (1,4) &\rightarrow 5 \\ (1,5) &\rightarrow 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,6) &\rightarrow 4 \\ (1,7) &\rightarrow 5 \end{aligned}$$

=

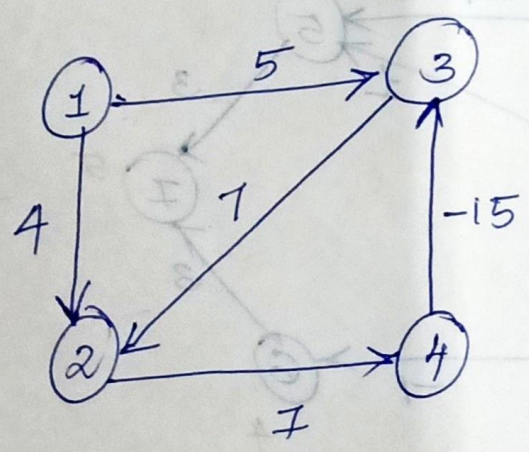
Qn:



Ans:

- $(A, A) \rightarrow 0$
- $(A, B) \rightarrow 1$
- $(A, C) \rightarrow 3$
- $(A, D) \rightarrow 5$
- $(A, E) \rightarrow 0$
- $(A, F) \rightarrow 3$

Qn:



after 3rd item, it is changing

\Rightarrow BF does not work for graph containing negative cycles

$0 \leftarrow (1,1)$
 $8 \leftarrow (2,1)$
 $2 \leftarrow (3,1)$
 $2 \leftarrow (4,1)$
 $2 \leftarrow (2,1)$