**01.03 Describing Myself**

**Focus Question: How to describe myself?**

## 发音威力Fāyīn wēilì PRONUNCIATION POWER

* Verbally practice the following sounds with tones:

shēn shén shěn shèn

nī ní nǐ nì

lī lí lǐ lì

kē ké kě kè

* Give two pinyin examples with “sh” as initial.
* Give two pinyin examples with “i” as final.
* Give two pinyin examples with “e” as final.

## 说你说我Shuō nǐ shuō wǒ SAY YOU SAY ME

Use the chart below to help you keep track of the vocabulary that you will need for your assessments. Then you may use the square grids below it to practice writing the characters.

Note: The “Word dissection” column is to help you understand the words/phrases. You will not be assessed on it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chinese Character** | **Pinyin** | **English** | **Word dissection** |
| 你长什么样？ | Nǐ zhǎng shénme yàng? | What do you look like? | 你Nǐ (You) + 长zhǎng (grow) + 什么shénme(what) + 样yàng (appearance) ? =  你长什么样？Nǐ zhǎng shénme yàng? (You grow what appearance?) = What do you look like? |
| 你是什么样的人？ | Nǐ shì shénme yàng de rén? | What are you like? | 你Nǐ(You) + 是shì (to be) + 什么shénme (what) + 样yàng (appearance) + 的de(of) + 人rén(person)？= 你是什么样的人？Nǐ shì shénme yàng de rén? (You are what appearance of person?) = What are you like? |
| 我很... | Wǒ hěn… | I am very … | 我Wǒ(I) + 很hěn(very) ... = 我很... Wǒ hěn… (I very…) = I am very… |
| 高 | gāo | tall |  |
| 矮 | ǎi | short |
| 害羞 | hàixiū | shy |
| 开朗 | kāilǎng | outgoing |

**Chinese Character Writing Practice**

(You are expected to practice writing **the characters whose pinyin are in bold type and highlighted in dark red**. Practicing the other characters is optional.)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Chinese character for zhǎng | **Pinyin**  zhǎng |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for yàng | **Pinyin**  yàng |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for rén | **Pinyin**  rén |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for ǎi | **Pinyin**  ǎi |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for hài | **Pinyin**  hài |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for xiū | **Pinyin**  xiū |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for kāi | **Pinyin**  kāi |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for lǎng | **Pinyin**  lǎng |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 把我安顿好Bǎ wǒ āndùn hǎo PLACE ME PLEASE

Q: Give three question (interrogative) words we’ve learned so far.

A:

Q: Do word orders change in Chinese for different sentence patterns such as statements and questions?

A:

Q: Describe the four steps to answer a Chinese question consisting of an interrogative word.

A:

Q: Match each pair of words on the left to the appropriate pair of blanks on the right to complete each pair of questions and answers.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **什么; Lily** | **你叫\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? 我叫\_\_\_\_\_。** |
| **什么; Smith** | **你姓\_\_\_\_? 我姓\_\_\_\_。** |
| **哪里; Tampa** | **你住在\_\_\_\_\_？我住在\_\_\_\_.** |

## 注视我 Zhùshì wǒ EYES ON ME

Use the chart below to help you keep track of the vocabulary that you will need for your assessments. Then you may use the square grids below it to practice writing the characters.

Note: The “Word dissection” column is to help you understand the words/phrases. You will not be assessed on it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chinese Character** | **Pinyin** | **English** | **Word dissection** |
| 我的眼睛是...的。 | Wǒde yǎnjīng shì ...de. | My eyes are … (followed by adjective) | 我的Wǒde (My) + 眼睛yǎnjīng(eyes) + 是shì(to be) ...的de (of)。= 我的眼睛是...的。Wǒde yǎnjīng shì ...de. (My eyes are…of) = My eyes are … (followed by adjective) |
| 蓝色 | lánsè | blue | 蓝lán (blue) + 色sè (color) =蓝色lánsè (blue color) = blue |
| 绿色 | lǜsè | green | 绿lǜ (green) + 色sè (color) =绿色lǜsè (green color) = green |
| 褐色 | hèsè | brown | 褐hè (brown) + 色sè (color) =褐色hèsè (brown color) = brown |
| 黑色 | hēisè | black | 黑hēi (black) + 色sè (color) =黑色hēisè (black color) = black |

**Chinese Character Writing Practice**

(You are expected to practice writing **the characters whose pinyin are in bold type and highlighted in dark red**. Practicing the other characters is optional.)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Chinese character for yǎn | **Pinyin**  yǎn |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for jīng | **Pinyin**  jīng |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for lán | **Pinyin**  lán |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for sè | **Pinyin**  **sè** |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for lǜ | **Pinyin**  lǜ |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for hè | **Pinyin**  hè |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for hēi | **Pinyin**  hēi |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## 所有格魅力Suǒyǒugé mèilì POSSESIVE CHARMS

Q: What are the two functions of the word *的de*?

A: To place after a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to indicate \_\_\_\_\_\_.

To insert between a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, since the former can’t be placed directly before the latter.

Q: Match each word with *的de* to its appropriate phrase.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sentence | Word with *的de* |
| **his** phone | **男孩的** |
| **brown** eyes | **他的** |
| **short** tree | **褐色的** |
| **boy's** book | **矮的** |

## 发如雪Fà rú xuě SNOWY HAIR

Use the chart below to help you keep track of the vocabulary that you will need for your assessments. Then you may use the square grids below it to practice writing the characters.

Note: The “Word dissection” column is to help you understand the words/phrases. You will not be assessed on it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chinese Character** | **Pinyin** | **English** | **Word dissection** |
| 我的头发是...的。 | Wǒde tóufà shì ...de. | My hair is … (followed by adjective) | 我的Wǒde (My) + 头发tóufà (hair) + 是shì(to be) ...的de (of)。= 我的头发是...的。Wǒde tóufà shì ...de. (My hair is…of) = My hair is … (followed by adjective) |
| 金色 | jīnsè | blonde/golden | 金jīn (gold) + 色sè (color) =金色jīnsè (gold color) = blond(e)/golden |
| 红色 | hóngsè | red | 红hóng(red) + 色sè (color) =红色hóngsè (red color) = red |
| 很 | hěn | very | 很hěn(very) is used before adjectives to indicate degree. |
| 比较 | bǐjiào | somewhat | 比bǐ (compare) + 较jiào (compare) =比较bǐjiào (compare compare) = somewhat |
| 有点 | yǒudiǎn | a little | 有yǒu(to have) + 点diǎn (a bit) = 有点yǒudiǎn (to have a bit) = a little |

**Chinese Character Writing Practice**

(You are expected to practice writing **the characters whose pinyin are in bold type and highlighted in dark red**. Practicing the other characters is optional.)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Chinese character for tóu | **Pinyin**  tóu |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for fà | **Pinyin**  fà |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for jīn | **Pinyin**  jīn |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for hóng | **Pinyin**  hóng |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for bǐ | **Pinyin**  bǐ |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for jiǎo | **Pinyin**  jiào |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for yǒu | **Pinyin**  yǒu |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for diǎn | **Pinyin**  diǎn |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## **什么程度Shénme chéngdù WHAT’S THE DEGREE**

Q: Fill out the following chart for different adverbs of degree:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Chinese characters | Chinese pinyin | English |
| 有点 | yǒudiǎn |  |
| 比较 | bǐjiào |  |
| 很 | hěn |  |

Q: Based on the English underneath, draw a line to match the appropriate adverb of degree for each sentence in Chinese.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 我\_\_\_\_矮。  I’m very short. | 有点 |
| 我的朋友\_\_\_\_开朗。  My friend is somewhat shy. | 很 |
| 她\_\_\_\_\_害羞。  She is very shy. | 比较 |
| 丽丽\_\_\_\_\_高。  Lili is a little tall. | 很 |