**06.06 Travel Time**

**Focus Question: How do I get around my community or travel to places near my community?**

## 发音威力Fāyīn wēilì PRONUNCIATION POWER

* Verbally practice the following sounds with tones:

rēn rén rěn rèn

rān rán rǎn ràn

rē ré rě rè

ēr ér ěr èr

* Give two pinyin examples with “r” as initial.
* Give two pinyin examples (with different tones) with “er.”

## 录影中! Lùyǐng zhōng! IN ACTION!

Q: What places did Chen Lili and Zhang Ming think about going, and where did they decide to go in the end?

A:

Q: How many ways did Chen Lili or Zhang Ming suggest getting downtown? Which one is likely the most expensive and which one the least?

A:

Q: What do you think Chen Lili and Zhang Ming will be doing downtown if they go there?

A:

## 到处走走Dàochù zǒuzǒu GOING PLACES

Use the chart below to help you keep track of the vocabulary that you will need for your assessments. Then you may use the square grids below it to practice writing the characters.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Chinese Character** | **Pinyin** | **English** |
| 坐火车 | zuòhuǒchē | to ride a train |
| 出租车 | chūzūchē | taxi |
| 地铁 | dìtiě | subway |
| 巴士站 | bāshìzhàn | bus station |
| 骑单车 | qídānchē | to ride a bike |
| 走路 | zǒulù | to walk (to somewhere) |

**Chinese Character Writing Practice**

(Character writing practice for this lesson is optional)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Chinese character for zuò | **Pinyin**  zuò |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for huǒ | **Pinyin**  huǒ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for zū | **Pinyin**  zū |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for tiě | **Pinyin**  tiě |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for bā | **Pinyin**  bā |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for qí | **Pinyin**  qí |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for zǒu | **Pinyin**  zǒu |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for lù | **Pinyin**  lù |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Q: What is the difference between *散步sànbù* (to walk) and *走路 zǒulù* (to walk)?

A:

Q: What do the first two characters, *巴士bāshì,* in the word *巴士站 bāshìzhàn* (bus station) mean, and what does the third character, *站zhàn*, mean?

A:

## 摩登交通Módēng jiāotōng MODERN TRANSPORTATION

Q: What is the different between the two verbs meaning “to ride”: *坐zuò* and *骑qí*? Give two modes of transportation that each of the two verbs can be used for.

A:

Q: According to Kailan’s narration in the lesson, do they own a car? What are the restrictions on the use of personal cars in her city, and how does it work?

A:

Q: How do Kailan and her parents go to work or school every day? What about Kailan’s cousin?

A:

Q: What are the travel options when Kailan’s family visits their relatives in another city, Shanghai?

A:

Q: Tell two types of transportation in the old times in Kailan’s city.

A:

Q: Tell two modern technologies that are used in the transportation system in Kailan’s city and how they are used.

A:

## 问路Wènlù ASKING FOR DIRECTIONS

Use the chart below to help you keep track of the vocabulary that you will need for your assessments. Then you may use the square grids below it to practice writing the characters.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Chinese Character** | **Pinyin** | **English** |
| 开车 | kāichē | to drive a car |
| 摩托车 | mótuōchē | motorcycle |
| 停 | tíng | to stop |
| 转 | zhuǎn | to turn |
| 路 | lù | road |
| 号 | hào | number |
| 怎么 | zěnme | how |

**Chinese Character Writing Practice**

(Character writing practice for this lesson is optional)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Chinese character for mó | **Pinyin**  mó |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for tuō | **Pinyin**  tuō |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for tíng | **Pinyin**  tíng |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for zhuǎn | **Pinyin**  zhuǎn |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for zěn | **Pinyin**  zěn |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Q: When the word *转zhuǎn* (to turn) is used with direction words *左zuǒ*(left) or *右yòu* (right), should it be placed before or after the direction word?

A:

## 公路旅行Gōnglù lǚxíng ROAD SIGNS FOR ROAD TRIPS

Q: Match the following road/traffic signs with their appropriate function in English.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Road Sign** |  | **Function in English** |
| Alt tag: Image of a road sign in Chinese | The welcome sign of a city |
| Alt tag: Image of a city welcome sign in Chinese | A stop sign |
| Alt tag: Image of a stop sign in Chinese | A road sign |

Q: For each of the following, draw lines between the words and their appropriate blanks to form a complete sentence, according to the English meaning.

1) How do we get to the museum?

去 我们 博物馆 怎么

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_?

2) How do I get to the hospital?

怎么 走 去 医院

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_?

Q: Draw the elements to their appropriate places on the blanks to form an address in Chinese.

#59 Cherry Road, Miami City

号 Miami 市 五十九 Cherry 路

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

Q: For the following, draw lines between the words and their appropriate blanks to form a complete sentence, according to the English meaning.

They ride the bus to the farm.

农场 他们 巴士 去 坐

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 。

## 拥抱大自然Yōngbào dàzìrán EMBRACING NATURE

Use the chart below to help you keep track of the vocabulary that you will need for your assessments. Then you may use the square grids below it to practice writing the characters.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Chinese Character** | **Pinyin** | **English** |
| 乡村 | xiāngcūn | countryside |
| 郊区 | jiāoqū | suburbs |
| 农场 | nóngchǎng | farm |
| 湖 | hú | lake |
| 山 | shān | mountain |

**Chinese Character Writing Practice**

(Character writing practice for this lesson is optional)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Chinese character for xiāng | **Pinyin**  xiāng |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for cūn | **Pinyin**  cūn |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for jiāo | **Pinyin**  jiāo |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for nóng | **Pinyin**  nóng |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinese character for hú | **Pinyin**  hú |  |  |  |  | Chinese character for shān | **Pinyin**  shān |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 文化一瞥 Wénhuà yīpiē CULTURE BLIP

Q: What facilities or places does Gang Chen’s community have?

A:

Q: What does Gang do when he visits the countryside?

A:

Q: What are some sightseeing places in Beijing City?

A:

Q: What are some common modes of transportation in rural areas in suburban Beijing?

A: