

ADVENTURE WORKS SALES ANALYSIS USING R PROGRAMMING

1. After importing the dataset into the R Studio , the normal analysis done. Finding the **Total Revenue**, **Total Products, Total Category and Subcategory**

```
Console Terminal × Background Jobs ×

R R4.3.2 · ~/ P

[1] "Total Revenue: $ 60,10/,923"

> total_sales <- rbind(AdventureWorks_2020, AdventureWorks_2021, AdventureWorks_2022)

> # Assuming AdventureWorks_Product is your product data frame

> total_revenue <- sum(total_sales$OrderQuantity * AdventureWorks_Product$ProductPrice, na.rm = TRU E)

Warning message:
In total_sales$OrderQuantity * AdventureWorks_Product$ProductPrice :
    longer object length is not a multiple of shorter object length

> # Print the total revenue
> print(paste("Total Revenue: $", format(total_revenue, big.mark = ",")))

[1] "Total Revenue: $ 60,107,923"

> **
```

2. Total Revenue is \$24.91 M

```
Console Terminal × Background Jobs ×

R R4.3.2 · ~/ 

> total_products <- nrow(unique(AdventureWorks_Product))

> total_categories <- nrow(unique(AdventureWorks_Product_Category))

> total_subcategories <- nrow(unique(AdventureWorks_Product_Subcategory))

> # Print the results

> cat("Total Products:", total_products, "\n")

Total Products: 293

> cat("Total Categories: ", total_categories, "\n")

Total Categories: 4

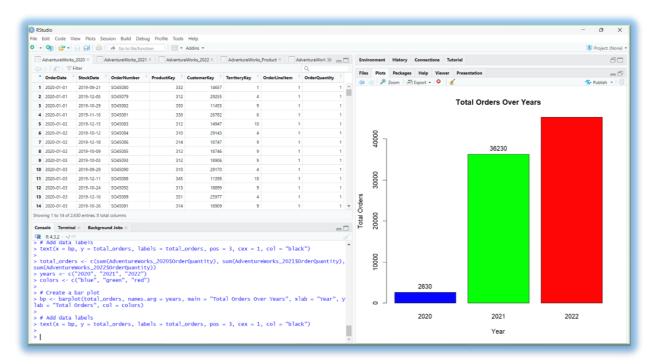
> cat("Total Subcategories:", total_subcategories, "\n")

Total Subcategories: 37

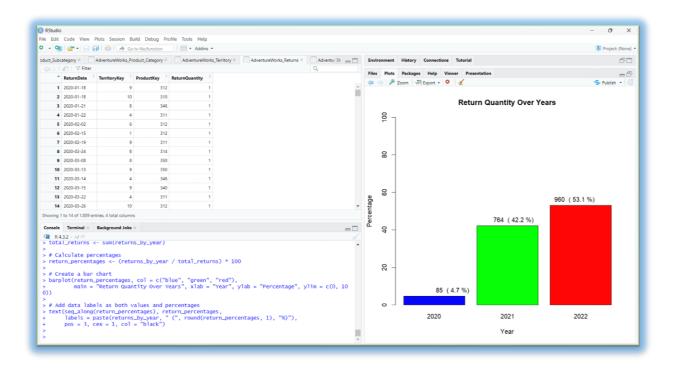
> ***
```

3. Total Products is 293, Total Categories is 4 and Total Subcategories is 37.

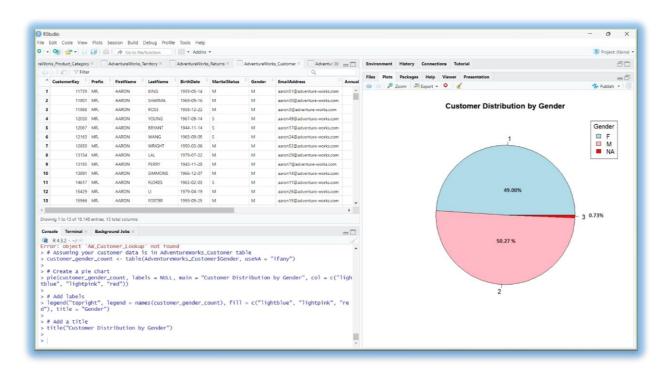
4. Total Orders over Years is measured & visualised.



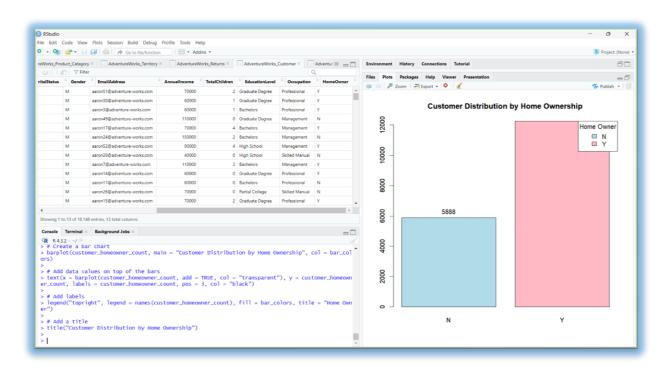
5. Return Quantity over years is calculated and visualised.



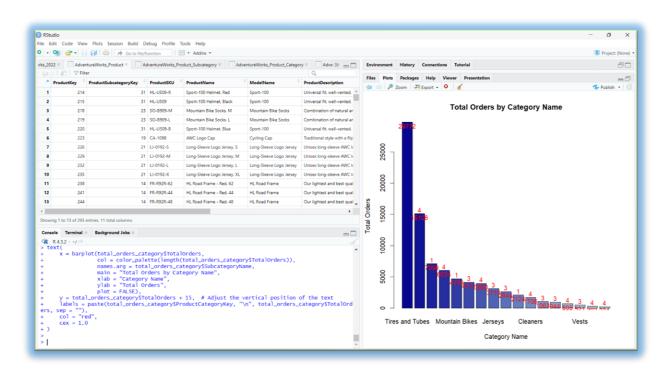
6. Customer distribution by Gender is calculated and visualised.



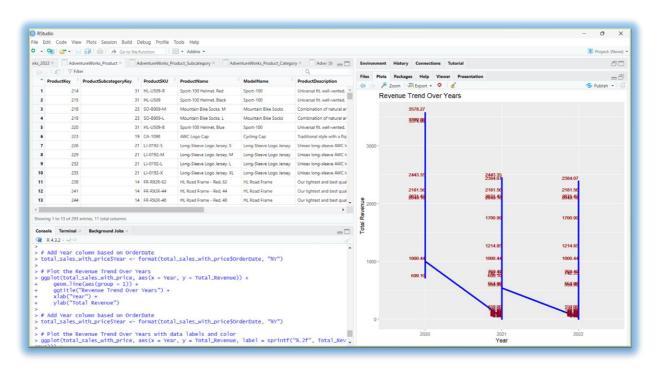
7. Customer distribution by Home Ownership is calculated and visualised.



8. Total Orders by Category Name is calculated and visualised.



9. Revenue Trend Over Years is calculated and visualised.



As I conducted an analysis in Power BI, I'm now interpreting those insights & recommendations here as well.

Adventure Works Sales Analysis Insights

- 1. Total Active customers are **17,416**, and Inactive customers are **729**. The total number of Orders is **25,164**, and Orders Quantity is **84,714**. The total number of Products is **293**, Product Categories are 4, and Product Subcategories are **37**.
- 2. The Total cost is *\$14.46* million, Total Revenue is *\$24.91* million, and Gross Profit is *\$10.46* million.
- 3. Total Returns are 1,828 in quantity. The Return Rate is 2.17%, and Net Revenue is \$9.69 million.
- 4. Orders by Category: Accessories lead with **44.82%**, followed by Bikes with **36.76%**, and Clothing with **18.41%**.
- 5. **Revenue by Year:** In 2021, bags contribute *37.42%* to revenue, followed by 2022 with *36.87%*, and 2020 with *25.1%*.
- 6. **Total Customers:** There are *9,123* male customers, *8,892* female customers, and *130* with an unspecified gender.
- 7. **Sales by Country:** The highest sales are in the US, with **30,000** units, followed by Australia with **18,000** units, and Canada with **11,000** units.
- 8. **Revenue Trend by Year:** Sales show steady growth from 2020 to 2022, with a peak every December.
- 9. Accessories have a higher average profit percentage of **102.85%**, resulting in **\$0.91** million in Revenue. Bikes have a profit percentage of **69.89%**, generating **\$23.64** million in Revenue.
- 10. Most Ordered Product Subcategory is Tire and Tubes, and the Least is Bike Stands.
- 11. Top 10 Products by High Revenue are all bikes because they have a higher price.

Recommendation:

- 1. **Holiday Promotions:** Introduce **festive promotions** to capitalize on the increased shopping activity during December holidays.
- 2. **Gift Ideas and Bundles:** Create curated **gift ideas** and bundles to simplify holiday shopping, catering to the gift-giving tradition.
- 3. **Limited-Time Offers:** Implement **exclusive deals** to create urgency, leveraging the heightened demand for timely holiday purchases.
- 4. **Enhanced Marketing Campaigns:** Invest in **visually appealing campaigns** across channels to boost brand visibility during the active holiday shopping season.
- 5. **Customer Loyalty Programs:** Launch or **enhance loyalty programs** to foster brand loyalty and incentivize repeat purchases during the holiday rush.

1. Reasons for December Sales Peak:

Festive Gift-Giving, Year-End Celebrations, Promotional Events, Tax Benefits, and Consumer Behavior: December sees heightened sales due to holiday gift-giving traditions, year-end celebrations, promotional events, potential tax benefits, and increased consumer discretionary spending.

Thank you!!