Q1: Auto Scaling

A1: The AWS feature that allows for elasticity by scaling up and down EC2 instances

Q2: Cloud Form

A2: To create a cloudformation template from an existing environment

Q3: M3 instances

A3: Instances that have a good balance of memory, compute and network utilization

Q4: The SWF service is primarily an API

A4: API

Q5: A real-time data processing service that continuously processes data

A5: Kinesis

A6: Amazon Machine Images (AMI)

Q6: A template used to build instances used with Auto scaling and disaster recovery are called

A7: Elasticache

Q7: Caching of high-taxing DB queries are stored in

Q8: A large increase in read IOPs means the EC2 instance does not have enough

A8: Memory (RAM)

Q9: What command is run to retrieve metadata from an AMI

A9: curl http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/

Q10: Instance Store-backed Instances

A10: The type of AMI that uses ephemeral (temporary) storage available for the life of an ACTIVE Instance

Q11: A VPG acts as a connector on what side of the VPN tunnel?

A11: VPC

Q12: Amazon's own fork of MySQL is

A12: Aurora

Q13: EBS backed instances can only be

A13: Attached to one instance at a time.

Q14: Amazon's fully managed database service for relational databases is known as

A14: Amazon RDS

Q15: Security groups are

A15: Stateful (return traffic is allowed)

Q16: The S3 type that is cheap and utilized for easily reproducible data is known as

A16: RRS (Reduced redundancy storage)

Q17: AWS services used for distributed or decoupled system architectures are

A17: SWF (Simple workflow service) and SQS (Simple Queue Service)

Q18: The AWS DNS service that can direct cloudfront traffic to the ELB is known as

A18: Route 53

Q19: By default, data stored in Kinesis is stored for

A19: 24 hours

Q20: Security groups operate at the _____ layer

A20: instance

Q21: SNS can send alerts to

A21: SQS ,Email, Email-json, SMS, HTTPS, HTTP, Application

Q22: Regions are made up of independent data centers in a specific geographic region connected via low-latency connections. These data centers are known as

A22: Availability Zones (AZ)

Q23: Users created in IAM will work across...

A23: All Regions

Q24: By default you can have ____ VPCs per region

A24: 5

Q25: The default number of Cloudformation stacks

A25: 20

Q26: Data from Kinesis can be exported to

A26: S3, EMR, Redshift and Lambda

Q27: SQS polling method that reduces API costs

A27: Long polling

Q28: VPN stands for

A28: Virtual Private Network

Q29: AWS direct connect does NOT run over

A29: The open internet

Q30: The amount of data loss that is acceptable in a DR scenario

A30: RPO (Recovery Point Objective)

Q31: S3 server side encryption uses **A31**: AES 256 **Q32**: You can have ____ route tables per region, with ___ routes per table. **A32**: 200, 50 Q33: ElastiCache engines are A33: Memcached and Redis Q34: AWS EMR instances are pre-configured to handle what size data chunks? A34: 64MB or 128MB (128MB by default) Q35: S3 objects can range in size from _____ to ____ **A35**: 0 Bytes to 5TB Q36: To deploy application environments automatically, use A36: Elastic Beanstalk Q37: Instances that offer higher network throughput are A37: EBS instances Q38: On EBS encrypted volumes, encryption actually occurs on A38: The ec2 instance before it is written to the EBS volume Q39: To allow on-prem users to connect to private EC2 instances without a bastion host, use (2) A39: VPN or direct connect Q40: AWS S3 objects may contain A40: user defined information Q41: SQS long polling can range in time from **A41**: 1 to 20 seconds Q42: EBS backed instances can range in capacity from... A42: 1GB to 16TB Q43: A workflow execution can last up to A43: 1 year Q44: Amazon's CDN platform is known as A44: Cloudfront Q45: High Availability will almost always require the use of... A45: Multiple AWS services

Q46: A reserved instance can be purchased for a specific amount of...

A46: usage. (50%...75%...100%, etc)

Q47: S3 versioning allows for unlimited versions of an object, but you pay for A47: each version
Q48: For all new uploads to S3, if the file is updating or over writing an existing file, it usest sync the changes across all AZs in the region A48: Eventual consistency
Q49: SQS polling where a worker instance uses API calls to query messages for a SPECIFIC amount of time is known asA49: long polling
Q50: You can have security groups per VPC A50: 500
Q51: An AWS datacenter used to deliver content to other parts of the world are called A51: Edge locations
Q52: In Kineses, 1 chard is equal to A52: 1 megabyte per second of writing
Q53: Before allowing traffic, security groups evaluate before allowing traffic A53: All Rules
Q54: The Amazon solution to track and monitor work flows is known as A54: Simple Workflow Service (SWF)
Q55: Amazon can provide a storage device to be utilized for Amazon Import/Export known as A55: Snowball
Q56: SQS polling method that uses API calls to query a subset of servers and returns messages from just those servers A56: Short polling
Q57: EC2-classic does not utilize and can be a security issue. A57: VPCs
Q58: By default any instance in the default security group can communicate to any other instance over A58: Any port or protocol
Q59: Elastic MapReduce fires up a cluster of, giving you access to the A59: - EC2 instances - Underlying operating system
Q60: For SNS, end points can to topics, to receive notifications A60: Subscribe

: SQS messages can contain up to : 256KB, any	of text in	format.
: VPC peering can occur between : AWS accounts and VPC within the same reg	gion	
: CloudWatch can easily monitor items at the connectivity, etc). Perl scripts can be installed Disk usage, swap usage, memory usage, ar	ed to monitor	CPU, Disk IOPs, Network
: S3 bucket policies can restrict access based :- IP address - HTTP referrer	I off?	
: When using EMR, if you have unused mapp : Changing the input split size	ers on an instance, y	ou should consider
: When allowing or denying traffic, Network A : Numbered order	CLs evaluate rules in	when allowing or denying traffic
: S3 bucket names can be repeated, as long at Never - they cannot be repeated and must b		egions
: S3 buckets and objects are by de : Private	fault (security)	
: S3 can automatically "backup" files by enable Versioning	ling	
: S3 charges per and when data is : Gig, sent out of the region		
: What object cannot be assigned an API key : Role	?	
: DynamoDB is a fully managed ser : NoSQL	vice	
: S3 can act as an origin to : Cloudfront		
: AWS automatically recognizes an object has : RRSObjectLost	s been lost in RRS an	d sends annotification
: Data transferred over direct connect is billed	l at a	

Q76: Scaling out resources on scheduled events such as black Friday sales is known as...

A76: Proactive event-based scaling

Q77: A customer gateway acts as a connector on what side of the VPN tunnel?

A77: the on-prem side

Q78: EBS encryption utilizes the AWS key management service. Volume encryption cannot be enabled on instances smaller than

A78: M3

Q79: An instance purchased when the amount of usage is known or an instance that is needed 100% of the time is known as a

A79: Reserved instance

Q80: EBS volume snapshots are LISTED in

A80: EC2

Q81: RDS Instance Step 3 includes Instance specifications and other settings such as

A81: DB engine, license model, engine version, Instance type, multi-AZ deployment, storage type, DB Instance identifier, master username and password

Q82: NACLs do not automatically route return traffic, they are

A82: stateless

Q83: The default number of security groups per VPC?

A83: 100

Q84: SQS does not guarantee the _____ of messages

A84: Order

Q85: CloudWatch for RDS instances can monitor hardware AND...

A85: Software metrics

Q86: AWS are grouped in what categories?

A86: -Compute and Networking

- -Storage and Content Delivery
- -Database services
- -Analytics
- -App Services
- -Deployment Services
- -Management Services

Q87: IAM can define resource level and ____ call permissions

A87: API

Q88: EBS backed instances cannot be attached to instances across

A88: Different AZ's

Q89: Setting up an Amazon Storage Gateway in your datacenter to cache frequently accessed objects from S3 and upload saved objects to S3 is known as aA89: Gateway-cached volume
Q90: You change the security group of an EC2-classic instance A90: CANNOT. You would have to create an AMI of the instance, started a new one in the new group.
Q91: VPG stands for A91: Virtual Private Gateway
Q92: A subnet can only exist in A92: a single AZ
Q93: Kinesis' real-time analytics replaces A93: Batch processing
Q94: SQS is highly available and scalable and can spin up worker processes running on A94: EC2 instances
Q95: If an EMR cluster does not have any unused mappers, but has more chunk files in the queue A95: Consider adding more task nodes to the cluster
Q96: You can have rules per security group A96: 50
Q97: Auto Scaling, Route 53, AZ's and multiple regions enable systems in AWS to be A97: Fault tolerant
Q98: S3 can serve static HTML files utilizing A98: Route 53
Q99: In an EMR cluster, the node that processes the data and stores it on HDFS or S3 is the A99: Core node
Q100: In S3, all regions now provide immediate availability for of new objects A100: PUTS
Q101: AWS archival storage is A101: Glacier
Q102: Generally, an EC2 instance known as a instance will poll an SQS queue to retrieve messages A102: Worker
Q103: Each EC2 network interface can have up to security groups assigned to it. A103: 5

Q104: Instances you can bid on that have been previously purchased but are currently unused are known as
A104: Spot instances
Q105: Creating a VPC costs A105: Nothing
Q106: Each security group can have up to rules A106: 50
Q107: Messages can live in a message queue for A107: 14 days
Q108: Use AWS Kinesis for A108: Real-time data analytics
Q109: S3 signed URLs use a signed key or certificate that can after a set amount of time A109: Expire
Q110: For DR, creating a minimal version of your environment in AWS that will scale out when a disaster occurs is referred to asA110: Pilot Light
Q111: NACL operates at the layer A111: Network or subnet
Q112: Ephemeral data is stored on A112: Instance-store volume
Q113: EBS volume snapshots are stored on A113: S3 volumes
Q114: To easily connect on-premise MS AD with AD connector, use A114: Directory Services
Q115: SQS guarantees the delivery of each message A115: Once
Q116: In an EMR cluster, the node that provides information about the data, where it is coming from and where it should go is the A116: Master node
Q117: What logs all API calls to AWS A117: Cloud Trail
Q118: Multiple components that can process information without being connected A118: Decoupled or loosely coupled system

Q119: The tool that allows you to code your infrastructure or deployments off of a pre-built template is

A119: CloudFormation

Q120: An EC2 virtual server is known as an...

A120: Instance

Q121: S3 event notifications can be sent to

A121: SNS, Lambda, SQS

Q122: Objects checked in and out of glacier can take

A122: Hours

Q123: The time period that normal (or specified) operations are expected to return to after a disaster is

called

A123: RTO (Recovery Time Objective)

Q124: Physically sending data on a drive to Amazon for storage on an S3, EBS or Glacier volume is

known as

A124: Amazon import/export

Q125: Scaling based off of CPU or network utilization is known as...

A125: Auto-scaling. AKA Horizontal scaling. But it takes a few minutes to recognize the need is there

Q126: Centralized logging, performance metrics and monitoring is performed by

A126: Cloud Watch

Q127: An Amazon storage gateway implementation where all data is stored and access locally and the

data is periodically synced to S3 is known as a

A127: Gateway-stored volume

Q128: An AMI that has network attached storage that utilizes S3 is known as an

A128: EBS backed instance (Elastic Block Store)

Q129: NACLs support what kind of rules

A129: Allow AND deny

Q130: S3 buckets may contain sub _____ which act like _____

A130: - sub name spaces

- folders

Q131: The service that can publish iOS and Android notifications

A131: SNS (Simple Notification Service)

Q132: SQS polling type that returns all messages in a poll

A132: Long polling

Q133: Spot instances should be used for

A133: Non production applications. AWS can take these instances back if the resources are needed

Q134: In EMR, the node that processes the data and sends it back to the core node for storage on HDFS or S3 is the

A134: Task node

Q135: For DR, what type of AWS setup has a footprint large enough to run business critical applications in standby mode and could also be used as a testing area for applications

A135: Warm Standby

Q136: For DR, a clone of production environment that is either on-premise or in the cloud that is running in an active-active configuration is called a

A136: Multi-Site configuration

Q137: Kinesis continuously synchronizes data across how many AZs?

A137: 3

Q138: RDS instance creation Step 4 allows you to configure advanced settings such as

A138: Network and security options like VPC, subnet group, public accessibility, AZ, VPC security groups and Database options like DB name, port, parameter group, option group, encryption

Q139: EBS volumes for low performance or infrequently access data and offering 1GiB to 1024GiB volumes are

A139: Magnetic

Q140: What command is run to retrieve user data from an AMI

A140: curl http://169.254.169.254/latest/user-data/

Q141: High intensive memory applications should be run in

A141: R2 instances

Q142: Provisioned IOPS EBS volumes offer volume sizes of _____ up to _____

A142: 4GiB to 16TiB

Q143: Auto scaling can be applied to SQS based of f the size of a ______ to increase the number of worker instances that can process messages

A143: Queue

Q144: How many buckets can be created in one AWS account?

A144: 100

Q145: By default you have ___ internet gateways

A145: 5 - the same number of VPCs

Q146: Data transfers out of a region incurs...

A146: A cost

Q147: Query strings reduce

A147: Cache "hits"

Q148: To connect local data center devices to AWS storage, you would need to setup an

A148: Amazon Storage Gateway

Q149: Data transfer from S3 to an EC2 instance in the same region costs...

A149: Nothing

Q150: S3 objects are static files that contain

A150: Metadata

Q151: What allows for isolation of resources in the cloud?

A151: VPC (Virtual Provate Cloud)

Q152: EMR launches EC2 instances with _____ pre-loaded

A152: Hadoop

Q153: By default you are allowed ____ elastic IP addresses

A153: 5

Q154: The S3 feature that allows for uploading part of a file concurrently is....

A154: Multipart upload

Q155: SWF can track tasks that lasts up to

A155: 1 year

Q156: Scaling out during known peak periods is known as...

A156: Proactive Cycle Scaling

Q157: S3 sends an Object Created event notification when what four APIs are called?

A157: Put, Post, Copy, CompleteMultiPartUpload

Q158: The AWS service that allows for decoupling queue management is known as

A158: SQS (Simple Queue Service)

Q159: CloudFormation template names must be

A159: Unique

Q160: The EBS volume type that is best for dev/test and offers 3 IOPS/GiB

A160: General Purpose SSD

Q161: S3 buckets with versioning can automatically remove or archive objects by enabling

A161: Lifecycle Policies

Q162: IAM can integrate with _____ providers such as AD for SSO

A162: SAML

Q163: A163:	EBS volumes can be provisioned for up to IOPs for consistent performance 20000
	Objects uploaded to S3 are automatically copied to other AZs in the region
	RDS instances are fully managed and allow AWS to manage the Underlying operating system.
	We can use SNS to notifications of events that occur Receive
	Security groups support what kind of rules Allow only. By default security groups don't allow anything.
Q168: A168:	You can have security groups per network interface 5
	AWS feature that evenly distributes traffic to EC2 instances is known as Elastic Load Balancer (ELB).
	S3 object metadata contains AWS information such as storage type
	Instances spun-up when needed and destroyed when not needed are known as On-demand instances
	General Purpose SSD EBS volumes can have volume sizes of to 1 GiB to 16TB
Q173: A173:	Security groups belong to a ? VPC
Q174: A174:	Roles do not have credentials API
	A direct network route between VPCs is known as VPC peering
	If workflows require high processing, can be spun up EC2 instances
	Burstable performance instances are T2 instances
Q178:	Network attached storage that remain persistent throughout the life of the EC2 instance, even if it is rebooted or shutdown

A178: EBS backed volumes

A179: Topic
Q180: A fully managed DB solution from AWS that is a home-grown implementation of MongoDB is A180: DynamoDB
Q181: You cannot perform on your own instances inside of your VPC A181: Port scanning
Q182: A system architecture where systems are linked together and are dependent on each other A182: Tightly-coupled system
Q183: SQS allows for the creation of or application components A183: distributed / decoupled
Q184: Resources can be shared between VPCs in the same region by using A184: VPC peering
Q185: An AMI role can only be assigned/assumed by an EC2 instance when? A185: it is first created
Q186: Elastic Beantstalk integrates with A186: ELB, Auto Scaling, EC2, and more
Q187: Manage permissions to AWS resources in A187: IAM (Identity Access Management)
Q188: RDS supports 5 database types A188: MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle, SQL (MS SQL), Aurora
Q189: CloudFormation scripts deployments in A189: JSON
Q190: To integrate with Hadoop's big-data analytics, what Amazon Hadoop clustering tool is used? A190: Elastic MapReduce
Q191: CloudInit system runs at creation time, NOT at start time. A191: - instance start
Q192: By default you can have customer gateways and VPNs per region A192: 50, 50
Q193: EBS volume type that is for mission critical applications A193: Provisioned IOPS

Q194: Default RDS database port

A194: 3306

Q195: The precursor of EBS volumes are

A195: Instance-store volumes

Q196: EC2 instances can be made up of different...

A196: Instance type and sizes depending on the number of CPU's and amount of memory.

Q197: The AWS object storage service is known as

A197: S3 (Simple Storage Service)

Q198: WEB app SSL certs should be applied to the

A198: ELB

Q199: Amazon's petabyte scale data warehouse service is

A199: Amazon Redshift