

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT

on

COMPILER DESIGN

Submitted by

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Under the Guidance of
Prameetha Pai
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BMSCE

in partial fulfilment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

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**B. M. S. College of Engineering,
Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019**
(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)
Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "**Compiler Design**" carried out by **Girish Kumar S K (1BM21CS068)**, who is bona fide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfilment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2023-24.

The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of **Compiler Design- (22CS5PCCPD)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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DECLARATION

I, Girish Kumar S K (1BM21CS068), student of 5th Semester, B.E, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, B. M. S. College of Engineering, Bangalore, here by declare that, this lab report entitled "**Compiler Design**" has been carried out by me under the guidance of Prameetha Pai, Assistant Professor, Department of CSE, B. M. S. College of Engineering, Bangalore during the academic semester November-2023-February-2024.

I also declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the development reported here is not from part of any other report by any other students.

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7: WAP: to count the number of vowels & consonants in a given string.

% option noyywrap

1. {

guruwar noida ->

3.6

#include <stdio.h>

int vcount=0; // No of vowels

int ccount=0; // No of consonants

1. }

1.1 { (char ch) { if (ch == 'A' || ch == 'E' || ch == 'I' || ch == 'O' || ch == 'U') { vcount++; } else if (ch >='a' & ch <='z') { ccount++; } }

1.2 } vcount + ccount; } * [S-A-Z-a-z]

1.3 } printf ("The number of vowels in a sentence
is: %d\n", vcount);

printf ("The number of consonants is %d\n",
ccount); }

1.4 .

void main ()

{ yyflex();

}

: Simple O

Simple

Prints Hello

8008

Output:-

I am Girish

The number of vowels: 4

The number of consonants: 5

Output

```
Enter a sentence:
Compiler design
No of vowels and consonants are 5 and 9
This is a book
No of vowels and consonants are 5 and 6
AC
```

pgm-9

WALP to read the following input from a file & print valid token on the terminal

1. ~~option noyywrap~~

1.1.

#include <stdio.h>

1.2.

```
int float (char *yytext) {  
    if (yytext[0] == 'a' || yytext[0] == 'z' ||  
        yytext[0] == 'A' || yytext[0] == 'Z' ||  
        yytext[0] == '-' || yytext[0] == '.')  
        printf ("Datatype → %s\n", yytext);  
    else if (yytext[0] == 'i' || yytext[0] == 'l'  
             || yytext[0] == 'd')  
        printf ("variable → %s\n", yytext);  
    else if (yytext[0] == '=')  
        printf ("assignment operator → %s\n", yytext);  
    else if (yytext[0] == ',')  
        printf ("separator → %s\n", yytext);  
}
```

void main()

{

```
    printf ("Enter file name : ");  
    scanf ("%s", fname);  
    yyin = fopen (fname, "r");  
    yylex();  
    fclose (yyin);
```

}

Output:

Enter file name : input.txt

Datatype → int

variable → a

assignment operator → =

digit → 5

separator → ,

variable → num

separator → ;

Output :

```
int is a keyword.  
sum is an identifier.  
, is a separator.  
x is an identifier.  
= is an assignment operator.  
2 is/are digit(s).  
, is a separator.  
y is an identifier.  
= is an assignment operator.  
3 is/are digit(s).  
; is a delimiter.  
sum is an identifier.  
= is an assignment operator.  
x is an identifier.  
+ is a binary operator.  
y is an identifier.  
; is a delimiter.
```

Lab 2

NO 23

Ques 10. Write a WAP to recognize floating point numbers. Check for all the following input cases.

```
% option noyywrap  
% {  
#include <stdio.h>  
% }  
% include <math.h>  
% {  
int main()  
{  
    float s;  
    printf("Enter a number: ");  
    scanf("%f", &s);  
    if (s == 0.0)  
        printf("The number is zero");  
    else if (s > 0.0)  
        printf("The number is positive");  
    else  
        printf("The number is negative");  
    return 0;  
}  
  
Output  
enter the number : +46  
+46 is not floating point number  
4.72  
4.72 is a floating point number  
4.72 is a floating point number
```

Output

```
Enter a number:  
23  
Not a floating point number!  
  
0.5  
Floating point number!  
  
.8  
Floating point number!  
  
-.9  
Floating point number!  
  
+56  
Not a floating point number!
```

1. Write a LEX program that copies a file, replacing each nonempty sequence of white spaces by a single blank.

```
%{          // Define variables like $< $> etc
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
char string[200];
%}

%d { fprintf(yyout, "%s\n", string); string[0] = '\0'; }
[]+ { fprintf(yyout, "%s", string); string[0] = '\0';
      fprintf(yyout, ".s", " "); }

 strcat(string, yytext); // Concatenate
 <<EOF>> { fprintf(yyout, ".s", string); return 0; }
%}

int main()
{
    extern FILE *yyin, *yyout; // Define
    char filename[100]; // Define
    printf("This program is going to copy a file,
           replacing each nonempty sequence of white
           space by a single blank! Enter name
           of file to copy: ");
    scanf("%s", filename);

    yyin = fopen(filename, "r");
    if (yyin == NULL)
        printf("Can't open file '%s', %s", filename);
    exit(0);
}
```

```

printf("Enter name of file to open for writing:\n");
scanf("%s", filename);

yyout = fopen(filename, "w");
if (yyout == NULL)
{
    printf("Cannot open file %s\n", filename);
    exit(1);
}

yywrap(void)
{
    return 1;
}

```

Output:

This program is going to copy a file, replacing each nonempty sequence of white space by a single blank!

Enter name of file to copy: read

Enter name of file to open for writing: write

→

Input

Hi, I am Girish Kumar S K

I am ~~doing~~ my Bachelors in Computer Science and Engineering.

Output

Hi, I am Girish Kumar S K

I am ~~doing~~ my Bachelors in Computer Science and Engineering.

Output



The image shows a file explorer interface with two entries:

- *text.txt (highlighted in red)
- print.txt (~/Documents)

The contents of the *text.txt file are:

```
1 Hello      World
2 Welcome to      programming|
```

The contents of the print.txt file are:

```
1 Hello World
2 Welcome to programming
```

4.1 Write a LEX program to recognize the following tokens over the alphabets {0,1,...,9}

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2. Write LEX program to recognize following tokens over alphabets {0,1,...,9}

a) set of all strings ending with 00

```
%option noyywrap
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%0%
[0-9]*00 { printf ("String accepted "); }
[0-9]* { printf ("String not accepted "); }
void main() {
    printf ("Enter string: ");
    yylex();
}
```

Output 2.3

Output:
Enter String: 72500
String accepted
38745
String not accepted.

Output

```
Enter a string:  
12300  
Ends with 0.
```

- (2) a. Set of all strings ending in "222".
 b. Set of all strings with three consecutive 2's

%option noyywrap
 -l
 (with -d for yydebug)

#include <stdio.h>
 %} { (if yytext
 %o .

[0-9]* 222 [0-9]* {printf ("String accepted");}
 [0-9]* {printf ("String not accepted");}
 . . .

void main()

{ printf ("Enter string : ");

yylex();

}

Output: as given at end of acceptance string

and string starts from 3rd character where

Enter String: 4582645 String accepted

String not accepted. for answer wrong

: 74822210129465 String accepted

String accepted

SB
 11/12/2023

Output

```
Enter a string:  

322221  

Has 3 consecutive 2's.
```

Set of all four digits numbers whose sum is 9.

1. %04d (to print four digits like 43 12 3)

1. %04d (to print four digits like 43 12 3)

1 [0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9] {

 int num = atoi(yytext);

 int sum = 0;

 while (num > 0)

 sum += num % 10;

 num /= 10;

}

 if (sum == 9) {

 printf("Accepted : %d\n", sum);

 } else {

 printf("Rejected");

}

}

.1m

.1.1.

int yywrap()

{}

int main()

{ yy lex();

 return 0;

}

Output

Enter a string:

2340

The sum of digits is 9.

end 2 = : ('2' <= '2') str)

1 + 2 = x

Qn. Write a python program to design Lexical Analyzer in C/C++/Python to recognize any five keywords, identifiers, numbers, operators, & punctuation.

(contd) str

```
def is_keyword(str):  
    if str == 'int' or str == 'float' or str == 'if' or  
        str == 'else' or str == 'while':  
        return True  
    else:  
        return False
```

```
def is_number(str):  
    n = len(str)  
    k = 0  
    for i in range(n):  
        if str[i] >= '0' and str[i] <= '9':  
            k = k + 1  
        else:  
            break  
    if k == n:  
        return True
```

```
def is_id(str):  
    if str[0] > '0' and str[0] <= '9':  
        return False  
    n = len(str)  
    k = 0
```

if

```

for i in range(n):
    if (str[i] >= 'A' and str[i] <= 'Z') or
        (str[i] >= 'a' and str[i] <= 'z') or
        (str[i] >= '0' and str[i] <= '9') or
        (str[i] == '_'):
        k = k + 1

```

~~and now return k == n compare with a string~~

~~and with ~~operator~~ and ~~operator~~ = str~~

```

def is-op(str):
    n = len(str)
    if n >= 2:
        if (str[0] >= '0' and str[0] <= '9') or
            str[0] == '.' or str[0] == ',' or
            str[0] == ';' or str[0] == '?' or
            str[0] == '!' or str[0] == ':':
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return str == '.' or str == ',' or str == ';' or
               str == '!' or str == '?' or str == '?'

```

```

str = input("Enter your input : ")
if is-keyword(str):
    print(f"{str} is a keyword")
elif is-number(str):
    print(f"{str} is a number")
elif is-ld(str):
    print(f"{str} is an identifier")
elif is-op(str):
    print(f"{str} is an operator")
elif is-punc(str):
    print(f"{str} is a punctuation")
else:
    print("Enter valid input")

```

print ("Not a token")

Output

```
lysis } ; if ($?) { .\Week5_lexicalAnalysis }
Keyword: if
Operator: (
Identifier: x
Operator: >
Number: 0
Operator: )
Operator: {
Keyword: return
Identifier: x
Punctuation: ;
Operator: }
Keyword: else
Operator: {
Keyword: return
Operator: -x
Punctuation: ;
Operator: }
```

Week-6

Recursive Descent Parser

for grammar : $S \rightarrow cAd$ $A \rightarrow ab/a$

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>

char input[100];
int ind = 0;

void match(char expected)
{
    if (input[ind] == expected)
        ind++;
}

void S()
{
    match('c');
    A();
    match('d');
}

void A()
{
    if (input[ind] == 'a')
    {
        //printf("Hello\n");
        match('a');
        match('b');
    }
    else
        printf("Parsing failed\n", ind);
    exit(1);
}
```

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```
int main()
{
    printf ("Enter input string: \n");
    scanf ("%s", input);
    S();
    if (input [ind] == '$')
        printf ("Parsing successful \n");
    else
        printf ("Parsing failed. Extra characters found.");
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Enter the input string: cd
string is accepted by grammar

Enter the input string: cd
~~string~~ Parsing failed.

Output

```
Enter a string:  
cad$  
Valid string!
```

Write a Yacc program for string match.

P1.l

%{

#include < stdio.h >

#include < stdlib.h >

include "y.tab.h"

extern int yyval;

%}

[aA] { yyval = yytext[0]; return A; }

[bB] { yyval = yytext[0]; return B; }

\n { return NL; }

% { return yytext[0]; }

%%

int yywrap()

{

return 1;

}

P2.y

%{

#include < stdio.h >

#include < stdlib.h >

int yyerror (char *s);

int yylex(void);

%}

% token A

% token B

% token NL

7.01.
 smtr : A A A A S B ~~NL~~ C print C Parsed
 using the rule $(a^n)b, n \geq 5, m$
 Valid string !\n"; .
 ;
 S : S A
 |
 ;
 7.1.
 void main()
 {
 printf ("Enter string !\n");
 if (yparse());
 }
 int yyerror (char *s)
 {
 printf ("Error Invalid string !\n");
 return 0;
}

Output:
 Enter a string:
 aaaaaab
 parsed using the rule $(a^n)b, n \geq 5$
 valid string:
 aabb
 invalid string:
 ab
 29/1/2023

Output

```

Enter a string!
aaaaaaab
Parsed using the rule  $(a^n)b, n \geq 5$ .
Valid String!
ab
Invalid String!

```

Qn Yacc programs to generate syntax tree for a given arithmetic expression

P1.l

% {

#include "y.tab.h"

extern int yyval; /* = (char*)yyval */

% y %

%%

{0-9}+ t yyval = atoi(yytext); return digit; }

[nt];

[in] return 0;

. return yytext[0];

%%

int yywrap()

{

P1.y

% {

#include <math.h>

#include <ctype.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <string.h>

struct tree-node

{

char val[10];

int lc;

int rc;

};

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Page	

```

int ind;
struct tree-node syn-tree[100];
void my-print-tree (int cur-ind);
int mknnode (int lc, int rc, char val [10]);
%}
% token digit
%
```

```

S: E { my-print-tree ($1); }
;
```

```

E: E '+' T { $$ = mknnode ($1, $3, "+"); }
| T { $$ = $1; }
;
```

```

T: T '*' F { $$ = mknnode ($1, $3, "*"); }
| F { $$ = $1; }
;
```

```

F: '(' E ')' { $$ = $2; }
| digit { char buf [10]; sprintf (buf, "%d", yyval);
          $$ = mknnode (-1, -1, buf); }
%
```

```

int main()
{
```

```

    ind = 0;
```

```

    printf ("Enter expression\n");
    yyparse();
    return 0;
}
```

```

int yyerror()
{
```

```

    printf ("NITW Error\n");
}
```

```

int mknode(int lc, int rc, char val[])
{
    strcpy(syn-tree[Ind].val, val);
    syn-tree[Ind].lc = lc;
    syn-tree[Ind].rc = rc;
    Ind++;
    return Ind - 1;
}

void my-print-tree(int curInd)
{
    if (curInd == -1) return;
    if (syn-tree[curInd].lc == -1 &&
        syn-tree[curInd].rc == -1)
        printf("Digit Node → Index : %d,
               Value : '%c' \n", curInd,
               syn-tree[curInd].val);
    else
        printf("Operator Node → Index : %d,
               Value : '%c', Left Child Index : %d,
               Right Child Index : %d \n",
               curInd, syn-tree[curInd].val,
               syn-tree[curInd].lc, syn-tree[curInd].rc);
    my-print-tree(syn-tree[curInd].lc);
    my-print-tree(syn-tree[curInd].rc);
}

```

Output

```
Enter an expression:  
2*3+5*4  
Operator Node -> Index : 6, Value : +, Left Child Index : 2,Right Child Index : 5  
Operator Node -> Index : 2, Value : *, Left Child Index : 0,Right Child Index : 1  
Digit Node -> Index : 0, Value : 2  
Digit Node -> Index : 1, Value : 3  
Operator Node -> Index : 5, Value : *, Left Child Index : 3,Right Child Index : 4  
Digit Node -> Index : 3, Value : 5  
Digit Node -> Index : 4, Value : 4
```

Week - 8

Yacc to convert infix expression to postfix expression

p4.l

%{

#include "y.tab.h"

extern int yyval;

%}

%t

[0-9] + { yyval = atoi(yytext); return digit }
[+];

[m] return 0;

. return yytext[0];

%%

int yyparse()

{

}

p4.y

%{

#include <ctype.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

%}.

%token digit

%%

S: E { printf ("In\n"); }

;

E: E '+' T { printf ("+"); }

T

;

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```

T: T '*' F {printf(" * ");}
  |F
  ;
F: '(' E ')'
  | digit {printf(" %d ", $1);}
  ;
% %
int main()
{
    printf("Enter infix expression:");
    yyparse();
}
yyerror()
{
    printf("Error");
}

```

Output:

Enter infix expression : $2 + 4 * 3 + 6$
 ~~$243 * 6 +$~~

Output

```

Enter an infix expression:
2+3*8/4^3-3
238*43^/+3-

```

Weeks - 9

YACC program to generate 3-address code
for given expression

P1.l

```
d [0-9]+  
a [a-zA-Z]+  
%{  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include "y.tab.h"  
extern int yyval;  
extern char iden[20];  
%}  
%  
%d { yyval = atoi(yytext); return digit; }  
%a { strcpy(iden, yytext); yyval = 1; return id; }  
[%t] { ; }  
%n return 0;  
% . return yytext[0];  
%  
int yywrap()  
{  
}
```

P1.y

```
%{  
#include <math.h>  
#include <ctype.h>  
#include <stdio.h>  
int var_cnt = 0;
```

de

char iden [20];

%

% token id

% token digit

%

$$S:id = 'E' \{ \text{printf} ("l:s = l:d\n", idm, var_cnt - 1); \}$$

$$E: E '+' T \{ \$\$ = var_cnt; var_cnt++; \}$$

$$\quad \text{printf} ("t:l.d = t:l.d + t:l.d;\n", \$\$, \$1, \$3); \}$$

$$| E '-' T \{ \$\$ = var_cnt; var_cnt++; \}$$

$$\quad \text{printf} ("t:l.d = t:l.d - t:l.d;\n", \$\$, \$1, \$3); \}$$

$$| T \{ \$\$ = \$1; \}$$

;

$$T = T '*' F \{ \$\$ = var_cnt; var_cnt++; \}$$

$$\quad \text{printf} ("t:l.d = t:l.d * t:l.d;\n", \$\$, \$1, \$3); \}$$

$$| T '/' F \{ \$\$ = var_cnt; var_cnt++; \}$$

$$\quad \text{printf} ("t:l.d = t:l.d / t:l.d;\n", \$\$, \$1, \$3); \}$$

id; }

$$| F \{ P '*' F \{ \$\$ = var_cnt; var_cnt++; \}$$

$$\quad \text{printf} ("t:l.d = t:l.d * t:l.d;\n", \$\$, \$1, \$3); \}$$

$$| P \{ \$\$ = \$1; \}$$

;

P: ('E') { \$\$ = \$2; }

| digit { \$\$ = var_cnt; var_cnt++; }

 $\quad \text{printf} ("t:l.d = l:d;\n", \$\$, \$1); \}$

%

int main()

{

var_cnt = 0;

 $\text{printf} ("Enter an expression :\n");$

yyparse();

return 0;

}

Output

```
Enter an expression:  
a=2*3/6-4  
t0 = 2;  
t1 = 3;  
t2 = t0 * t1;  
t3 = 6;  
t4 = t2 / t3;  
t5 = 4;  
t6 = t4 - t5;  
a=t6
```