Assignment -7

Decision Tree Regression Algorithim

Draw a decision tree diagram to predict number of hours to play based on Weather conditions like outlook, temperature, humidity, windy

			1 300 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
outlook Rainy	Temperature Hot	Humidity High	Windy False	Hours Playa
Rainy	Hot	High	True	30
o vercast	Mild	High	Truc	53
Sunny	mild	High	False	45
Sunny	C001	Normal	Folse True	57
Sunny	C001	Normol	True 30	93
overcost	cool	Normal	True	43
Rainy	Mild	High	False	35
Rainy	C001	Normal	FO192	38
Sunny	Mild	Normal	False	46
Rainy	Wird	Normal	Truc	49
Overcast	. Hot	High	False	46
o vercost	. Hot	Nomol	False	44
sumy	mild	High	Truc	30

> termination criterion CV =10%

n=4

> Decision Tree to predict the number of hours played

> standard déviation of hours played SDCHours played = 9.39

=> calculation of standard deviation of feature columns:

outlook	Mean	standard deviation	count (n)
Sunny	35·2	7478	0H
overcost!	46-25	3.49	4.

5D (outlook) =
$$\frac{5}{14} \times 1087 + \frac{5}{14} \times 7.78 + \frac{4}{14} \times 3.49 = 7.66$$

5DR = 1.66.

rem perolure	Mean	standard peviotion	count	(n)
Hot	36.95	8.95	4	6
1706	20104	MOTON	1000	Mult
co 01	79	10.51	4	
Mild	42-66	7.65	6.	Part Contract Contrac
	Sum	Moracy	DANA	Annib

$$50$$
 (Temperature) = $\frac{4}{14}$ $\times 8.95 + $\frac{4}{14}$ $\times 10.51 + \frac{6}{14}$ $\times 7.65 = 8.84$$

remainered chieffof CV Z =10 %

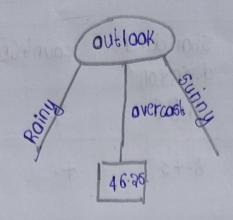
Humidity	Mean	standard deviation	count (n)
High	37.57	9.36	Ŧ
Nomal	43	9.73	7

$$5D(Humidity) = \frac{1}{14} \times 9.56 + \frac{7}{14} \times 9.73 = 9.05$$

Windy	Mean	5 tandard Deviation	count (v)
True	31.66	10.59	6
FOISE	41.37	7.87	8 · OHM
00	38104	lamen	100-

- I since outlook has the highest sor, outlook becomes the root node
- For outlook overcost, nz=4 and cvz=10.

 Therefore it will have a leaf node with output as mean of overcast values i.e 46.25



For out look rainy;

Humidity	windy	Hours Mayed.
High	False	35.
High	True	उ0
High	False	35
Normal	Folse	38
Normal	rrue	48
100	86-0	E H 13
	High High Normal	High False High False Normal False

node on outlook rainy.

temperature mean standard count (n)

Hot 97.5 9

cool 39 0 1

mild 41.5 6.5

5D Cremperaturg = $\frac{3}{5}$ $\chi 3.5 + \frac{1}{5}$ $\chi 6.5 = 3.6$ 5DR = 4.18

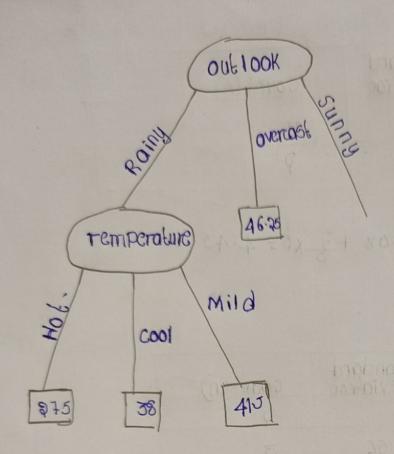
Humidity	Mean	standard deviation	connfw	
0			3	
High	30	4.08		0
Normal	43	5	7	5

SD(Humidity) = 3 x4.08 + 3 x5 = 4.45 monormon

Windy	Meon	periopen afougard	count(n)
True	39	a	9
Fa156	39.66	5. 56	3

$$5D(windy) = \frac{3}{5} \times 9 + \frac{3}{5} \times 5.56 = 6.93$$
 $5DR = 0.85$.

> since temperature has the highest SDR, it becomes the next node on the rainy branch of outlook and the leaf nodes are added with mean value of each otherbute.



For outlook sunny :-

0			1 1
temperature	Humidity	Windy	Hours
Mild	High	False	45
1 -1 1900	Normal	Fal53	158
C001	Normal	Truc	835001
C001	Normal	False	046 3001
Mild			30
Mild	High	Truc	

50 (Hours played) = 10.87

calculation of standard deviation to find the node on but look sunny:

nean	standard	countin
40-33	7.39	3
37.5	14.5	2.
	40-33	40-33 7.39

SD (Temperature) =
$$\frac{3}{5} \times 7.39 + \frac{3}{5} \times 14.5 = 10.19$$

SDR = 0.68 -

	****	standard	count (n)
Humidity	Mean	Deviotion 7.5	9
High	37.5		3
Normal	40.33	12.50	1

$$5D$$
 (Humidiby) = $\frac{3}{5}$ x 7.5 + $\frac{3}{5}$ x 12.5 = 10.50
 $5D = 0.37$.

windy True	Mean 36.5	standard deviation 3.5	count (n)
False	47.67	3-09	70.

$$5DC \text{ windy} = \frac{9}{5} \times 5.5 + \frac{3}{5} \times 3.09 = 3.25$$

 $5DR = 7.61$

since windy has the highest SDR, it becomes next node on sunny branch and all the attributes satisfy the termination criteria therefore leaf nodes are added with mean values as output

