

Girls' Programming Network

Password Cracker!

Workbook 2

In this workbook, you will learn about rainbow tables and how they can be used to guess other people's passwords!

TUTORS ONLY

This project was created by GPN Australia for GPN sites all around Australia!

This workbook and related materials were created by tutors at:

Sydney, Perth and Canberra



Girls' Programming Network

If you see any of the following tutors don't forget to thank them!!

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☑ CHECKPOINT **☑**

You should only start working on this booklet if:

☐ You have completed Workbook 1



Part 0: Setting up

How can hackers find out your passwords if they are hashed? With rainbow tables!

Rainbow tables are used to find **commonly used passwords**.

For this workbook, you will build a rainbow table by hashing common passwords, and use it to try to hack into someone else's account!

Task 0.1: Making room for new code

Let's get started by making space for our new code!

- 1. Create a new folder called "rainbow_tables"
- 2. Create a new .py file, call it "rainbow.py" and save it inside "rainbow_tables".

Task 0.2: Getting the files

Make sure you download the files called "accounts.txt" and "common-passwords.txt", and add them to the folder we created above.

☑ CHECKPOINT ☑
If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 1:
☐ You should have a file called rainbow.py
☐ You have a folder called rainbow_tables
☐ You have 2 .txt files in your folder
☐ Run your file with F5 key and it does nothing!!



Part 1: Reading in Files

Task 1.2: Loop through the file line by line

Let's use a for loop to iterate through each line in the common-passwords.txt file.

Hint

If we had a file called "cats.txt", we could open and loop through it like this:

```
for line in open("cats.txt"):
   print(line)
```

This opens the file and makes a for loop so that we can look through each line of the file!

Note: We can only open files that are located in the same folder as our code. Otherwise, the computer won't know where to look for the file!

Task 1.3: Strip that password!

We can tidy up our line variable by removing all the whitespace from the beginning and end of it. This will help us generate hashes properly.

While we're at it, let's store each tidied line in a new local variable called password.

In your for loop, create the password variable by using .strip() on line.

Hint

If I wanted to strip the beginning and ending of a variable space I would:

```
space = " GPN is great! "
spaceStripped = space.strip()
```

Result:

```
space = "GPN is great!"
```

Task 1.4: Print that password!

Print out password in each iteration of the loop.

★ Bonus 1.4: Extra Passwords? ★

Add additional passwords in the text file. Remember **not** to use your actual passwords, that wouldn't be good security, now would it!

☑ CHECKPOINT **☑**

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 2:

		You have created a for	loop, to loo	p through	each of	the
ŗ	oas	sswords in the txt file.				

	You have	printed	out all	the	passwords!
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Run your code!

TUTOR TIPS

The code should look like this (no bonuses):

```
for line in open("common-passwords.txt"):
    password = line.strip()
    print(password)
```



Part 2: Hashing Passwords

Task 2.1: Preparing for hashing

Now what we want to do is encode each of the passwords.

Store the encoded password in a new variable called **password_encoded**. This code should be in the for loop that we made in the last part!

Hint

To encode a variable and save it to a new variable:

new = old.encode()

Task 2.2: Importing hashlib

We are going to use the **MD5** hash function to hash our passwords. This function is included in the hashlib library.

In python, some libraries are stored outside the **IDE** (Integrated Development Environment), so we need to import them.

Import hashlib so we have access to the MD5 hash function.

Hint

We can import this module by writing:

import hashlib

Remember to write import statements at the **top of the program**, so we can access the libraries later on!

Task 2.3: MD5 Hash that password!

Now hash the password and store it as a new variable called password hash.

Hashing the password completely will take a few steps.

This is because the hash function only outputs a raw hash. If we're going to use it in our code, it needs to be digested and converted into a string format.

Use both str() and .digest() to process password hash.

Hint

The md5 () hash function can be tricky to use because it has a special syntax:

```
new = hashlib.md5(old)
```

This syntax tells the computer we are using the md5 () function from within the hashlib library.

You can process a raw hash with:

```
new = str(new.digest())
```

Task 2.4: A rainbow?

We can finally build our rainbow table!

Go back to before the for loop and create an empty dictionary called rainbow.

It's important the dictionary is located **before** the for loop. This lets us access it from within the loop.

Hint

You can make an empty dictionary like this:

```
empty = {}
```

Task 2.5: Add to the rainbow!

Now add the plain original password as a **value** of **rainbow** with **password_hash** as the **key**.

Hint

To add a key-value pair to an existing dictionary, you can write:

```
Dictionary["key"] = "value"
```

Task 2.6: Print the rainbow!

After the for loop we've just finished, **print** the dictionary called **rainbow**.

Delete the other **print** statement that's inside the for loop.

CHECKPOINT ☑

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 3	If١	vou	can	tick	all	of t	hese	off	vou	can	ao	to	Par	t 3	3:
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|--|

☐ You have encoded •	the passwords
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	」You have ha	shed and dige	ested the end	oded passwords
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☐ You have added each hashed password to the dictionar
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	onary
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TUTOR TIPS

The code should look like this (no bonuses):

```
import hashlib

rainbow = {}

for line in open("common-passwords.txt"):
    password = line.strip()
    password_encoded = password.encode()
    password_hash = hashlib.md5(password_encoded)
    password_hash = str(password_hash.digest())
    rainbow[password_hash] = password

print(rainbow)
```

Lists

Part 3: Do They Match?

In this section we are going to be reading in some accounts of other people to see if they match the password in our rainbow table!

Task 3.1: A new for loop

Create a new for loop to read through the other .txt file called "accounts.txt". This text file includes account names and their hashed passwords.

Task 3.2: Splitting out attributes

Like in Task 1.3, we want to strip down the information we're reading in each line. Strip down each line using the .strip() method, stored in a variable called line.

Task 3.3: Splitting out attributes

Next, use the .split() method to split the account name away from the account's hashed password at the comma.

Store this in a list called account.

Hint

If I wanted to split the variable gpn = "gpn, is, fun" at the comma I would write:

```
My_list = gpn.split(",")
```

This is what would be in My list:

```
['gpn', 'is', 'fun']
```

Task 3.4: Assigning account name

Next, access the account list and assign the account name to a new variable called name. The account name is stored as the first index in our list.

Hint

The first item in a list is always stored at index 0.

Task 3.5: Assigning account hash

Similar to above, we want to assign the account's hashed password to a variable called password hash.

The account's hashed password is stored as the second index in our list called account.

Task 3.6: Print out the password

Now use an **if statement** to check if **password_hash** is in our **rainbow** dictionary. If it is, print out the name of the account and the matching password.

Task 3.7: Print out the password

Inside the if statement also print out the password of the account.

Hint

To get something out of a dictionary we write it like this:

```
phone_numbers = {"Alex", "123", "Renee", "456"}
print(phone_numbers["Renee"])
```

CHECKPOINT ☑

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 4:

☐ You created a new for loop to read through **accounts.txt**

 \square You split each line and placed the attributes in a list

 $oxedsymbol{\square}$ You put account name and hashed password in new variables

You printed out any matched passwords

TUTOR TIPS

The code should look like this (no bonuses):

```
import hashlib
rainbow = {}
for line in open("common-passwords.txt"):
   password = line.strip()
   password encoded = password.encode()
   password_hash = hashlib.md5(password_encoded)
   password_hash = str(password_hash.digest())
   rainbow[password hash] = password
print(rainbow)
for line in open("accounts.txt"):
   line = line.strip()
   account = line.split(",")
   name = account[0]
   password hash = account[1]
   if password_hash in rainbow:
        print(name)
        print(rainbow[password_hash])
```

Part 4: Finding Secrets

Task 4.1: Secrets!

Using the accounts and passwords you found before, go to the following link to find secrets on the website!

https://girls-programming-network.github.io/meme-exchange/

★ Bonus 1.4: Grow the rainbow! ★

How can we hack into more accounts? Let's come up with more passwords to add to the rainbow table!

Try adding modified versions of some of the common passwords. You can use common substitutions, like swapping "s" with 5 or "a" with @.

Hint

Go back to **Part 2** to refresh on hashing and adding things to dictionaries.

More examples of **common substitutions**:

- "E" with 3
- "L" with 1
- "O" with 0
- "!" on the end of the password
- Capital letter at the beginning

TUTOR TIPS

List of some accounts and passwords (no bonuses):

Anna Christina Amy Alicia Sean Victoria Timothy Holly Jesse Shannon Erica Melissa Rebecca Kristina Eric Cody Kenneth Zachary Megan Patrick Erin Kevin Meghan Kathryn

Ryan David : 12345 Jessica : abc123

Sarah Alexander Antonio Justin Paul Mary Chad Jeffrey Gregory

Rachel Peter Michelle Ronald Joseph Stephen Laura Brittany Benjamin Sara Allison Maria Katherine Scott Christopher : soccer Charles Robert Monica Shawn Brandon Cynthia Adam Nicole Angela Jacqueline Amanda : ginger Michael : thunder Aaron Daniel : password Tyler Kristen Andrea Jose Donald Jenna James Jacob Thomas Marcus George Juan Joshua : hunter April Anthony Danielle Heather Cassandra Julie Jennifer : qazwsx Christine Crystal Lauren Kimberly Jeremy Bryan Elizabeth **Brett** Patricia Ashley Katie Jared Lindsey **Bradley** William Kyle Vanessa Brian Shane Keith Lindsay Catherine Lisa John Joel Kelly Jason Nicholas

Edward Tiffany Richard Mark Krystal Emily Samuel Andrew Corey Natalie Phillip Dustin Matthew : pass Derek Courtney Tara Stephanie Jamie **Travis** Jordan Amber Samantha Kristin Jonathan

Steven

Nathan