

# **Girls' Programming Network**

# Tic-Tac-Toe

Create a 2 player Tic Tac Toe game to play with your friends!

# **TUTORS ONLY**

**Base workbook & Extensions** 

# This project was created by GPN Australia for GPN sites all around Australia!

This workbook and related materials were created by tutors at:

Sydney, Canberra and Perth



Girls' Programming Network

# If you see any of the following tutors don't forget to thank them!!

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# Part 0: Setting up

# Task 0.1: Making a python file

Open the start menu, and type 'IDLE'. Select IDLE Python 3.

- 1. Go to the file menu and select 'New File'. This opens a new window.
- 2. Go to the file menu, select 'Save As'
- 3. Choose Desktop and save the file as 'tic\_tac\_toe.py'

# **TUTOR TIPS**

- Make sure they saved it as .py or they won't get syntax highlighting
- Suggest they save it somewhere they can find easily, e.g. Desktop

# Task 0.2: You've got a blank space, so write your name!

At the top of the file use a comment to write your name! Any line starting with # is a comment.

# This is a comment

| ✓ CHECKPOINT ✓   |
|--|
| If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 1: |
| ☐ You should have a file called tic_tac_toe.py         |
| ☐ Your file has your name at the top in a comment      |
| Run your file with F5 key and it does nothing!!        |

|  | -1- |  |
|--|-----|--|
|  |     |  |
|  |     |  |
|  |     |  |

The code should look like this:

# <student's name>

# Part 1: Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!

# Task 1.1: Welcome!

1. Let's print out a message to welcome the user. We can make the computer say anything we want!

For example: Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!

# Hint:

Remember to print a message we use:

print("Hello, World")

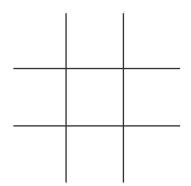
# **TUTOR TIPS**

You may need to remind them to use F5 to run the program.

# The Tic Tac Toe board!

The board we're going to play on will look like this when we start.

But we need to make up names we'll call each square. Here's how we'll number the board **in our heads**.



| 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|
| 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |

# Task 1.2: Storing a square

We're going to need to store the symbols that appear on our board.

Let's start by storing what is in the first square on the board. It starts out as an blank space.

1. Create a variable called **square 1** and set it to be blank.

# Hint:

You can store a blank space in a set of quote marks!

myVariable = " "

# Task 1.3: Storing more squares

The tic-tac-toe board has 9 squares, so we need to store more squares!

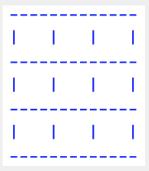
1. Repeat what you did in the last step, but for the rest of the squares, square 2 to square 9

# **Task 1.4: Printing The Board**

Now we want to be able to see the playing board, so we are going to print out each square

- 1. Use the print () function to print 13 dashes (-) for the top border of our playing board.
- 2. Print the top row of squares. We want to add together some lines " | " and the variable square\_1, square\_2, and square\_3.
- 3. Now finish off the rest of the board to have 9 squares total!

It should look like this:



# Hint:

How do you print out a row of squares and lines? Like this:

```
print("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
```

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

# If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 2:

- $\square$  Print a welcome message for the user.
- ☐ You've created 9 variables each storing a space.
- ☐ You've printed your playing board!

The code should look like this:

```
# <the student's name>
# Part 1
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!")
square 1 = " "
square_2 = " "
square 3 = " "
square_4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square 6 = " "
square_7 = " "
square_8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
```

# Part 2: Asking questions

# Task 2.1: What symbol are you?

We need to ask which player will be playing this turn. Ask which symbol we are up to.

1. Ask which symbols turn it is, store it in a variable called symbol.

# It should look something like this:

```
>>> Which symbol's turn is it now?
```

You can answer X or O!

### Hint

Remember we can ask a question and store the user answer like this:

```
name = input("What's your name? ")
```

# Task 2.2: What spot do you want to put it?

Now we need to get the spot on the grid the player wants to place their symbol for their turn.

1. Ask the player what square they want to play in. Store the answer in a variable called square.

# Task 2.3: Check what happened!

Let's make sure our variables are storing the player's answers.

- 1. Add a print statement to print out symbol and square.
- 2. Are these the same as what the player typed in?
- 3. You can delete your extra prints now. They were just to see what was happening.

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

# If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 3:

- ☐ The player's chosen symbol is stored in a variable.
- $\square$  The spot the player wants to move is stored in a variable.

The code should look like this (without bonuses):

```
# <the student's name>
# Part 1
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!")
square 1 = " "
square 2 = " "
square 3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square_5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square 7 = " "
square 8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 2
symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
# print(symbol)
# print(square)
```

# ★ BONUS 2.4: Hello, who is playing? ★

### Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

Let's add some more welcomes to the start of the game! Let's also get the names of the players and say hello to them.

Go back to before the welcome message:

- 1. Ask the user for the name of the first player and store it in a variable called p1 name.
- 2. Do the same thing for the second player, storing it in a variable called p2 name.
- 3. Now we can add the players' names to the welcome message.

The code should look like this (with bonuses):

```
# <the student's name>
# Bonus 2.4
p1 name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2_name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1_name + " and " + p2_name + "!")
# Part 1
square 1 = " "
square 2 = " "
square_3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square 7 = " "
square 8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square 1 + " | " + square 2 + " | " + square 3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 2
symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
```

# If Statements

# Part 3: Marking the board

# Task 3.1: Update square 1 using an if statement

Let's check if the player said that they wanted to play in the first square.

- 1. Create an if statement to check if the square the player entered is equal to "1".
- 2. If it was "1", update square 1 to be the symbol that the user entered

# Hint

You might use something like:

```
if square == "1":
    square 1 = symbol
```

# Task 3.2: Now square 2

Let's do it again for square 2!

- 1. After the if statement you wrote in task 3.1 add an elif statement to check if the the square the player entered is equal to "2".
- 2. Inside that elif update the symbol in square 2.

# Task 3.3: Repeat repeat repeat

Let's do it again and again for the other 7 squares!

1. Repeat the elif you did in Task 3.2 to check the numbers 3 - 9 and update the correct squares.

# Task 3.4: Let's print out the board again

1. Reuse the code from Part 1.3 to **print** out the board. Place this after your **if-elif** statements!

Just copy-paste the code from Part 1.3!

# **TUTOR TIPS**

Is their board still empty when it should have a symbol in it?

They have either:

- Hard coded a blank board and forgotten to include their variables
- Not updated the square variables inside their for loop.

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

# If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 4:

- ☐ We have an if statement and 8 elif statements to update the square variables with symbols.
- We have code that prints out the board following the if-elif statements.
- ☐ The board is updated correctly with the player's move.

# **TUTOR TIPS**

The code should look like this (without bonuses):

```
# <the student's name>
# Part 1
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!")
square_1 = " "
square_2 = " "
square 3 = " "
square_4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square 6 = " "
square_7 = " "
square_8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 2
symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
# Part 3
if square == "1":
   square_1 = symbol
elif square == "2":
   square_2 = symbol
elif square == "3":
   square 3 = symbol
elif square == "4":
   square_4 = symbol
elif square == "5":
   square_5 = symbol
elif square == "6":
   square_6 = symbol
elif square == "7":
   square_7 = symbol
elif square == "8":
   square 8 = symbol
elif square == "9":
   square_9 = symbol
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
```

# ★ BONUS 3.5: What about square 10? ★

# Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

What if they enter something that isn't the numbers 1-9? Let's print out that they made a mistake!

- 1. After your if-elif add an else statement. This will catch anything that is not the numbers 1 9.
- 2. Print out a message that tells them they made a mistake. Like "You can't go there!"

# **TUTOR TIPS**

The code should look like this (with bonuses):

```
# <the student's name>
# Bonus 2.4
p1 name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2_name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1 name + " and " + p2 name + "!")
# Part 1
square 1 = " "
square 2 = " "
square 3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square 6 = " "
square 7 = " "
square 8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 2
symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
# Part 3
if square == "1":
   square 1 = symbol
elif square == "2":
   square 2 = symbol
elif square == "3":
   square 3 = symbol
```

```
elif square == "4":
   square_4 = symbol
elif square == "5":
   square_5 = symbol
elif square == "6":
   square_6 = symbol
elif square == "7":
   square_7 = symbol
elif square == "8":
   square_8 = symbol
elif square == "9":
   square_9 = symbol
# Bonus 3.5
else:
   print("Error!")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
```



# Part 4: Let's Play!

# Task 4.1: Taking many turns!

So far our game only has one turn. Let's add a loop to make our code repeat so there will be more turns!

1. Create a while loop that will run forever. Add this before you ask for the players symbol!

# Hint:

To create a while loop we can set it to be **True** to run the code inside forever! while **True**:

# Some cool code!

# Task 4.2: Add your code!

We need to move all our code that happens every turn inside the body of the loop. We do this by indenting it.

1. Indent all your code that is under the while loop line.

### **TUTOR TIPS**

Double check all necessary code is indented.

# Task 4.3: Run your code!

Let's make sure the while loop works!

1. Run your code. Does it let you have multiple turns?

# Hint:

When you're stuck in a loop, you can use control + c to quit your program!

### **TUTOR TIPS**

Does their game only hever have one move on it at a time?

(They do several turns, but previous turns disappear)

The student has included initialising their variables in the loop. The loop should be after setting up the initial variables and after printing the board the first time.

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

# If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 5:

- $\perp$  The game ask for a symbol and a square and prints them out on the board.
- ☐ The game repeats the previous checkpoint over and over.

# **TUTOR TIPS**

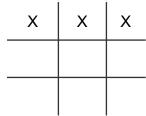
```
The code should look like this (without bonuses):
```

```
# <the student's name>
# Part 1
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!")
square_1 = " "
square_2 = " "
square_3 = " "
square_4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square 7 = " "
square_8 = " "
square 9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 4
while True:
       # Part 2
       symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
       square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
       # Part 3
       if square == "1":
          square_1 = symbol
       elif square == "2":
           square_2 = symbol
       elif square == "3":
           square_3 = symbol
       elif square == "4":
          square_4 = symbol
       elif square == "5":
          square_5 = symbol
       elif square == "6":
          square_6 = symbol
       elif square == "7":
          square_7 = symbol
       elif square == "8":
          square 8 = symbol
       elif square == "9":
          square 9 = symbol
       print("----")
       print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
       print("----")
       print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
       print("----")
       print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
       print("----")
```

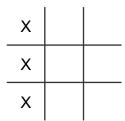
# Part 5: Picking the winner

# Task 5.1: Let's figure out all the ways we can win

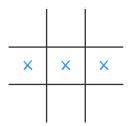
1. Fill in the worksheet below to show all the ways we can win. Write down all the variables used in each winning combination.



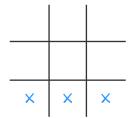
Variables used: square\_1, square\_2, square 3



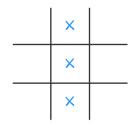
Variables used: square\_1, square\_4, square 7



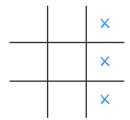
Variables used: square\_4, square\_5, square 6



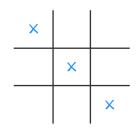
Variables used:
square\_7, square\_8,
square 9



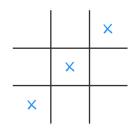
Variables used: square\_2, square\_5, square 8



Variables used: square\_3, square\_6, square 9



Variables used: square\_1, square\_5, square 9



Variables used: square\_3, square\_5, square 7

# Task 5.2: Check the top row is the same.

After you've printed the board out with the new move on it, it's time to check to see if the symbol that was just placed made the player win the game!

- 1. Go to the place in your code after you've printed the board out with the new symbol on it. Make sure you are still indented inside the **while** loop.
- 2. Let's use an **if** statement to compare all the squares on the top row. Check to see if **square\_1**, **square\_2** and **square\_3** are all equal to each other.
- 3. Now if we know it is a winning move it's time to announce the winner. Inside the body of the if statement print out the symbol that is in one of the square\_1, square\_2 and square\_3, it's the winning symbol!
- 4. One last thing. We want the game to end now that we found a winner.

  After printing the winner add a break statement to break the loop and end the game.

### Hint:

Check if variables are equal by using two equal signs. We can check if two, three or more variables are equal to each other.

```
if variable1 == variable2 == variable3:
    print("yay!")
```

# Task 5.3: Let's test our code!

- 1. Test your code with following three possibilities:
  - a. Try putting all the same symbols on the top row.
  - b. Try putting different symbols in the top row.
  - c. Try not to put any symbols on the top row. (Only play in squares 4-9) What happens? Did " " win?

It's not enough that they are all equal. We need to make sure they are not a blank space.

2. **Fix** the **if** statement! Add a check to make sure the squares are **not equal** to " ".

### Hint:

```
We can add "not equals" to our chain too!
Here there first 2 dinners are equal, but not the third:
```

```
if dinner_1 == dinner_2 != dinner_3:
    print("I had the same thing for dinner, but only twice")
```

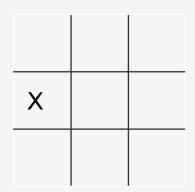
Students might try and check that all 3 of the squares are not equal to " ".

Tell them that's not necessary, because we know all the squares will have the same symbol if it is a match.

# **TUTOR TIPS**

Students having trouble understanding why it doesn't work?

Draw out a grid on paper like this.



Get students to compare the contents of Square 1, square 2, Square 3.

Are they all equal? Yes!

Should someone win? No!

Get them to understand that there are two parts to the check.

- Things being equal.
- The things not being blank.

They need to join these together somehow. They can use use a == b ==c != d. Or they can use and, but that's harder with more chance for error.

# Task 5.4: Code for all winning scenarios

We now need to code for the other 7 winning combinations.

- 1. Create 7 elif statements to go with your if statement from the previous steps. These 7 elifs should test all the other possible winning combinations.
- 2. Make sure to print the winner and break out of the game loop in each if and elif.

# Hint:

Are students having the problem where their "You win" message prints twice? It's because they've used 8 if statements not an if and 7 elifs.

# Why can't they just use 8 if statements?

What would happen if the board looked like this?

| X | 0 | X |
|---|---|---|
| X | X | 0 |
| X | 0 | 0 |

X has won, in two different directions at the same time! But we only want to print that they have won once.

if-elif-else statements are a set and only 1 of them happens. Only the first win encountered will print. You skip the rest of the elifs.

If we use 8 separate **if** statements they are like 8 different pieces of code that don't know about each other and all run, printing the winner multiple times!

# ☑ CHECKPOINT ☑

| If you can tick all of these off you've finished the base game!                   |
|---|
| $\square$ You have if or elif statements for all winning combinations             |
| $\hfill\square$ The game should print out the winner and finish for all 8 winning |
| combinations  |
|   |

The code should look like this (without bonuses):

```
# <the student's name>
# Part 1
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!")
square 1 = " "
square 2 = " "
square 3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square 7 = " "
square 8 = " "
square 9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 4
while True:
     symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
     square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
     # Part 3
     if square == "1":
         square 1 = symbol
     elif square == "2":
         square_2 = symbol
     elif square == "3":
         square 3 = symbol
     elif square == "4":
         square 4 = symbol
     elif square == "5":
         square 5 = symbol
     elif square == "6":
         square 6 = symbol
     elif square == "7":
         square 7 = symbol
     elif square == "8":
         square_8 = symbol
     elif square == "9":
         square 9 = symbol
     print("----")
```

```
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 5
if square_1 == square_2 == square_3 and square_1 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
elif square_1 == square_4 == square_7 and square_1 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_4 == square_5 == square_6 and square_4 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
elif square_7 == square_8 == square_9 and square_7 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
elif square 2 == square 5 == square 8 and square 2 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_6 == square_9 and square_3 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_1 == square_5 == square_9 and square_1 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
elif square 3 == square 5 == square 7 and square 3 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
```

# 6. Extension: That spot's taken!

At the moment the game lets you go in a spot someone else has already taken!

Let's make sure no one can cheat by adding a checker to see if the position is already filled in.

# Task 6.1: That's not an empty spot!

Until now we just let the player say which square they want and then we went there.

Let's add a check to make sure that spot doesn't already have a symbol.

- 1. Go to your code and find the section with 9 if-elif statements for updating the correct variable with a symbol.
- 2. Change your first if statement to make sure it's still free, add a check to your if statement condition to make sure square 1 is still a blank space " ".

# Hint

You can check for two things using and:

```
birth_month = "march"
birth_day = 16
if birth_month == "march" and birth_day == 16:
    print("We have the same birthday!")
```

### **TUTOR TIPS**

Students need to use an and here, unlike the caching we did before.

This is because we are comparing two non-equatable things. Which square they want and what is already in that square.

# Task 6.2: Repeat!

Now we end to add that check to the code we use for updating all the other squares!

- 1. Repeat the last task for your 8 other square elif statements.
- 2. Test your code by playing the game and seeing if the game now stops players for cheating by just not placing their

# Task 6.3: Access denied!

If you did **Bonus 3.5** about adding an else to the end of your <u>if-elif</u>s you don't need to do this part. But you can update you message.

- After your if-elif add an else statement. This will catch anything that is not the numbers 1 9.
- 2. Print out a message that tells them they made a mistake. Like "You can't go there!"

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

# If you can tick all of these off you've finished Extension 6:

If you try to play in a square that is already taken the game **doesn't** overwrite the symbol that's already there.

The game prints a message telling you that spot is already taken if you try to play in a filled square.

# **TUTOR TIPS**

The code should look like this (with bonuses and extensions):

```
# <the student's name>
# Bonus 2.4
pl_name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2 name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1 name + " and " + p2 name + "!")
# Part 1
square 1 = " "
square_2 = " "
square_3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square_7 = " "
square 8 = " "
square 9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
# Part 4
```

```
while True:
      # Part 2
      symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
      square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
      # Part 3 / Extension 6
      if square == "1" and square 1 == " ":
          square 1 = symbol
      elif square == "2" and square_2 == " ":
          square 2 = symbol
      elif square == "3" and square 3 == " ":
          square 3 = symbol
      elif square == "4" and square 4 == " ":
          square 4 = symbol
      elif square == "5" and square 5 == " ":
          square_5 = symbol
      elif square == "6" and square 6 == " ":
          square_6 = symbol
      elif square == "7" and square 7 == " ":
          square_7 = symbol
      elif square == "8" and square 8 == " ":
          square_8 = symbol
      elif square == "9" and square_9 == " ":
          square_9 = symbol
      # Bonus 3.5
      else:
          print("Error! Spot is already taken.")
      print("----")
      print ("| " + square 1 + " | " + square 2 + " | " + square 3 + " |")
      print("----")
      print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
      print("----")
      print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
      print("----")
      # Part 5
      if square_1 == square_2 == square_3 and square_1 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
      elif square_1 == square_4 == square_7 and square_1 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
      elif square_4 == square_5 == square_6 and square_4 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
      elif square 7 == square 8 == square 9 and square 7 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
             break
      elif square 2 == square 5 == square 8 and square 2 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
      elif square 3 == square 6 == square 9 and square 3 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
      elif square 1 == square 5 == square 9 and square 1 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
      elif square 3 == square 5 == square 7 and square 3 != " ":
             print(symbol + " wins!")
             break
```

# 7. Extension: It's a tie

At the moment the game only tells us if someone wins. Let's add a message for when the players tie.

# Task 7.1: Count your moves

Let's keep track of how many moves have been made.

1. Before the game starts, create a variable **counter** and set it to zero.

# Task 7.2: Add one

At the end of each turn, we need to increase the counter!

1. Before your code that checks for an winner, increment the value of counter by 1.

# Hint

We can update the value of a variable by adding a new value to itself

```
my_number = my_number + 5
will increase my number by 5
```

# Task 7.3: Check for a tie

If we get to 9 moves and do not have a winner, we can say the game is a tie.

- 1. After all our if-elif statements for checking for a winner, let's add an if statement to check if we have reached 9 moves. If this is true, it's a tie and we can print a message to let the players know.
- 2. Also add a break statement inside your if statement, so that the game ends.

# **TUTOR TIPS**

**break** is a statement that we use to stop the inner most loop we are currently in. We move onto the spot in the code following that loop we have escaped.

# ☑ CHECKPOINT ☑

# If you can tick all of these off you've finished Extension 7:

| $\square$ You should have a variable that keeps track of how many moves have been |
|---|
| made.   |
| ☐ Your counter should increase by 1 each time a player makes a move               |
| The game ends if 9 moves have been made and no-one has won                        |

The code should look like this (with bonuses and extensions):

```
# <the student's name>
# Bonus 2.4
p1 name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2 name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1_name + " and " + p2_name + "!")
# Part 1
square 1 = " "
square 2 = " "
square_3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square 6 = " "
square_7 = " "
square 8 = " "
square 9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square 1 + " | " + square 2 + " | " + square 3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = 0
# Part 4
while True:
     # Part 2
     symbol = input("What symbol are you using? ")
     square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
     # Part 3 / Extension 6
     if square == "1" and square 1 == " ":
         square 1 = symbol
     elif square == "2" and square 2 == " ":
         square 2 = symbol
     elif square == "3" and square 3 == " ":
         square 3 = symbol
     elif square == "4" and square 4 == " ":
         square 4 = symbol
     elif square == "5" and square 5 == " ":
         square_5 = symbol
     elif square == "6" and square 6 == " ":
         square 6 = symbol
     elif square == "7" and square 7 == " ":
         square_7 = symbol
```

```
elif square == "8" and square 8 == " ":
    square_8 = symbol
elif square == "9" and square 9 == " ":
    square 9 = symbol
# Bonus 3.5
else:
    print("Error! Spot is already taken.")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = counter + 1
# Part 5
if square 1 == square 2 == square 3 and square 1 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_1 == square_4 == square_7 and square_1 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square 4 == square 5 == square 6 and square 4 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square 7 == square 8 == square 9 and square 7 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
elif square 2 == square 5 == square 8 and square 2 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_6 == square_9 and square_3 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square 1 == square 5 == square 9 and square 1 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
elif square_3 == square_5 == square_7 and square_3 != " ":
     print(symbol + " wins!")
     break
# Extension 7
if counter == 9:
     print("It's a tie!")
     break
```

# 8. Extension: Taking Turns

It's silly to have to enter which symbol you are every turn! The computer should remember and switch who's turn it is by self!

Add and extension to your program so it asks each player which symbol they are at the start of the game and then remembers. The program should alternate whose go it is every turn and tell the player which symbol's turn it is.

# Task 8.1: Removing old code!

We don't want to ask what symbol is happening every turn. Get rid of that code!

1. Remove the line inside the loop which asks which symbol we are.

```
symbol = input("What symbol are you? ")
```

# Task 8.2: Only ask once!

At the start of the game before we start playing we want to ask player 1 and player 2 what symbols they are.

- 1. Go to the place in you code just before your while loop
- 2. Ask the user which symbol Player 1 is using. Store it in a variable called symbol\_1.
- 3. Next, ask what symbol player 2's will be using, and store it in a variable called symbol 2.
- 4. After finding out the two symbols, create a variable called **symbol** and set it to start as **symbol** 1.

# Hint:

Your could ask for play one's symbol like this:

```
symbol_1 = input("What symbol are you player 1? ")
```

# Task 8.3: It's your turn!

We want to announce which symbol we are up to every turn!

At the top of our while loop we want to say whose turn it is!

- 1. In your code go to the start of the while loop, we'll add the following code inside the loop.
- 2. Add a print statement that tells the users which is the symbol.

```
For example: It's X's turn!
```

# **Task 8.4: Change Symbols!**

Every turn, the final thing we want to do in the the loop is to swap switch what symbol is the current symbol. This will get us ready for the next turn!

- 1. Go to the bottom of your while loop, make sure it is still indented inside the loop
- 2. Use an if statement to check if symbol is equal to symbol\_1. If it is, change symbol to symbol 2.
- 3. Add an **elif**, so we can swap the symbols back from **symbol\_2** to **symbol\_1** on the next turn!

# Task 8.5: Players make mistakes!

Sometimes players make mistakes! Like putting in a square that doesn't exist like 99 or like trying to play in a square that is already filled in.

But what if a player makes a mistake! They shouldn't miss their turn!

- 1. Run your code and try and enter a square that doesn't exist. Like 99.
- 2. Run it again and try playing in a place that already has a symbol in it.

You might have added code to stop players from cheating or breaking the game already! We did this in **Bonus 3.5** and **Extension 7**.

Let's make your program skip back to the start of the loop before updating the.

- 3. Go to the else statement attached to your **if-elif-else** that updates the square variable with the current symbol.
- 4. Inside the else statement, at the end, add a continue.

### **TUTOR TIPS**

**continue** is a statement we use to skip any code remaining in that iteration of the loop and move back to the start of the loop on the next iteration.

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

# If you can tick all of these off you've finished Extension 8: ☐ You store both players' symbols in variables. ☐ You have selected a player's symbol to go first. ☐ At the end of each turn, the current symbols swaps and the other player gets a turn. ☐ You have tested your code to make sure the board is always updated with the

- $\hfill \square$  You have tested your code to make sure the board is always updated with the right symbol.
- ☐ A player doesn't lose their turn for making a mistake.

# **TUTOR TIPS**

The code should look like this (with bonuses and extensions):

```
# <the student's name>
# Bonus 2.4
p1 name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2_name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1 name + " and " + p2 name + "!")
# Part 1
square 1 = " "
square_2 = " "
square 3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square_7 = " "
square_8 = " "
square 9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square 1 + " | " + square 2 + " | " + square 3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = 0
# Extension 8
symbol 1 = input("What symbol is Player 1 using? ")
symbol 2 = input("What symbol is Player 2 using? ")
symbol = symbol 1
# Part 4
while True:
      # Extension 8
      print("It's " + symbol + "'s turn!")
```

```
# Part 2
square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
# Part 3 / Extension 6
if square == "1" and square 1 == " ":
    square 1 = symbol
elif square == "2" and square 2 == " ":
    square_2 = symbol
elif square == "3" and square_3 == " ":
    square 3 = symbol
elif square == "4" and square_4 == " ":
    square_4 = symbol
elif square == "5" and square_5 == " ":
    square 5 = symbol
elif square == "6" and square 6 == " ":
    square 6 = symbol
elif square == "7" and square 7 == " ":
    square 7 = symbol
elif square == "8" and square 8 == " ":
    square_8 = symbol
elif square == "9" and square_9 == " ":
    square_9 = symbol
# Bonus 3.5 / Extension 8
    print("Error! Spot is already taken.")
    continue
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = counter + 5
# Part 5
if square_1 == square_2 == square_3 and square_1 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
      break
elif square 1 == square 4 == square 7 and square 1 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_4 == square_5 == square_6 and square_4 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
      break
elif square_7 == square_8 == square_9 and square_7 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_2 == square_5 == square_8 and square_2 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_6 == square_9 and square_3 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
      break
elif square_1 == square_5 == square_9 and square_1 != " ":
```

```
print(symbol + " wins!")
    break

elif square_3 == square_5 == square_7 and square_3 != " ":
    print(symbol + " wins!")
    break

# Extension 7
if counter == 9:
    print("It's a tie!")
    break

# Extension 8
if symbol == symbol_1:
    symbol = symbol_2
elif symbol == symbol_2:
    symbol = symbol_1
```



# 9. Extension: Coin Toss!

It's not fair that player one always gets to go first! Let's fix that!

# Task 9.1: Prepare yourself!

1. Make sure you have done **Extension 8** about switching turns!

# Task 9.2: Import random

We need help making random choices, let's import the library that does that!

1. At the top of your code, add the following statement:

import random

### **TUTOR TIPS**

It is convention to put imports right at the top of the file. That way it's imported so we can use it anywhere in the program.

# Task 9.3: Randomise who goes first

We used to just decide that one symbol always went first! When we set symbol to be symbol 1.

But to be fair we need to randomly choose between the two players symbols to choose a starting symbol.

Update your code where you set symbol. Set it to a random choice of symbol 1 and symbol 2

### Hint:

We can use random choice like this:

```
fruit of the day = random.choice(["apple", "banana"])
```

# Hint:

You're choosing between the variables symbol 1 and symbol 2 put them in your list!

# ☑ CHECKPOINT ☑

If you can tick all of these off you've finished Extension 9:

☐ The game randomly chooses who goes first and prints it out

```
The code should look like this (with bonuses and extensions):
# <the student's name>
# Extension 9
import random
# Bonus 2.4
p1_name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2_name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1_name + " and " + p2_name + "!")
# Part 1
square_1 = " "
square_2 = " "
square_3 = " "
square_4 = " "
square_5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square_7 = " "
square_8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = 0
# Extension 8
symbol_1 = input("What symbol is Player 1 using? ")
symbol 2 = input("What symbol is Player 2 using? ")
# Extension 9
symbol = random.choice([symbol 1, symbol 2])
# Part 4
while True:
      # Extension 8
      print("It's " + symbol + "'s turn!")
      square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
      # Part 3 / Extension 6
      if square == "1" and square 1 == " ":
          square 1 = symbol
      elif square == "2" and square 2 == " ":
          square 2 = symbol
      elif square == "3" and square 3 == " ":
          square_3 = symbol
      elif square == "4" and square 4 == " ":
          square_4 = symbol
      elif square == "5" and square 5 == " ":
          square 5 = symbol
```

```
elif square == "6" and square_6 == " ":
    square_6 = symbol
elif square == "7" and square_7 == " ":
    square_7 = symbol
elif square == "8" and square_8 == " ":
    square_8 = symbol
elif square == "9" and square_9 == " ":
    square_9 = symbol
# Bonus 3.5 / Extension 8
else:
   print("Error! Spot is already taken.")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = counter + 5
# Part 5
if square 1 == square 2 == square 3 and square 1 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
      break
elif square 1 == square 4 == square 7 and square 1 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_4 == square_5 == square_6 and square_4 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_7 == square_8 == square_9 and square_7 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_2 == square_5 == square_8 and square_2 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_6 == square_9 and square_3 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_1 == square_5 == square_9 and square_1 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_5 == square_7 and square_3 != " ":
      print(symbol + " wins!")
      break
# Extension 7
if counter == 9:
      print("It's a tie!")
# Extension 8
if symbol == symbol 1:
     symbol = symbol 2
elif symbol == symbol
     symbol = symbol 1
```

# 10. Extension:

# A game that knows you name!

It would be better if the game actually referred to you by name, not just your symbol!

# Task 10.1: Prepare yourself!

- 1. Make sure you have done **Bonus 2.4** where you ask for the players names.
- 2. Make sure you have done **Extension 8** about switching turns!

# Task 10.2: Who's there

At the start of the game, below where you set symbol, also set the current player.

- 1. Us an if statement to check if player 1's symbol is the current symbol. If it is set current player to be p1 name.
- 2. Otherwise, the current symbol must be player 2's symbol. Use an else statement, and set current player to be p2 name.

# Task 10.3: It's your turn!

Time to announce the player name!

1. Change the message you print out each turn that says which symbol's turn it is. Change it so it not only says the symbol being used, but also the name of the current player.

# Task 10.4: Who's next?

We need to update the current\_player just like we did with the symbol, so each turn we announce the correct player. This update

- 1. Go to the place in the code where you use an **if** statement to switch the **symbol** to get ready for the next symbol's turn.
- 2. Inside those if-elif statements, add in code that will also update the current\_player at the same time.

# Hint:

If it was symbol 1's go it's now symbol 2's go and we should change the current\_player to p2 name when we update symbol.

# Task 10.5: Who's won?

When someone wins we want to print out their name, not their symbol.

- 1. Go to the **if-elif** statements where you check for the winner.
- 2. Change it from printing the winner's symbol to the winner's name.

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

# If you can tick all of these off you've finished Extension 10:

- oxdot The game prints out the name of the player who owns the symbol each turn
- $oldsymbol{ol{ol}oldsymbol{ol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$

# **TUTOR TIPS**

```
The code should look like this (with bonuses and extensions):
# <the student's name>
# Extension 9
import random
# Bonus 2.4
p1_name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2_name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1 name + " and " + p2 name + "!")
# Part 1
square 1 = " "
square 2 = " "
square 3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square 5 = " "
square 6 = " "
square 7 = " "
square 8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = 0
# Extension 8
symbol_1 = input("What symbol is Player 1 using? ")
symbol_2 = input("What symbol is Player 2 using? ")
```

```
# Extension 9
symbol = random.choice([symbol_1, symbol_2])
# Extension 10
if symbol == symbol_1:
 current_player = p1_name
 current_player = p2_name
# Part 4
while True:
 # Extensions 8 & 10
 print("It's " + current_player + ' ' + symbol + "'s turn!")
 # Part 2
 square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
  # Part 3 / Extension 6
 if square == "1" and square 1 == " ":
      square 1 = symbol
 elif square == "2" and square 2 == " ":
      square 2 = symbol
 elif square == "3" and square 3 == " ":
      square 3 = symbol
 elif square == "4" and square 4 == " ":
      square 4 = symbol
 elif square == "5" and square 5 == " ":
      square_5 = symbol
 elif square == "6" and square 6 == " ":
      square 6 = symbol
 elif square == "7" and square 7 == " ":
     square_7 = symbol
 elif square == "8" and square 8 == " ":
     square 8 = symbol
 elif square == "9" and square 9 == " ":
      square 9 = symbol
  # Bonus 3.5 / Extension 8
      print("Error! Spot is already taken.")
 print("----")
 print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
 print("----")
 print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
 print("----")
 print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
 print("----")
  # Extension 7
 counter = counter + 5
  # Part 5 / Extension 10
 if square 1 == square 2 == square 3 and square 1 != " ":
      print(current_player + " wins!")
 elif square 1 == square 4 == square 7 and square 1 != " ":
      print(current player + " wins!")
 elif square_4 == square_5 == square_6 and square_4 != " ":
      print(current player + " wins!")
```

```
elif square_7 == square_8 == square_9 and square_7 != " ":
    print(current_player + " wins!")
    break
elif square_2 == square_5 == square_8 and square_2 != " ":
    print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_6 == square_9 and square_3 != " ":
    print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square_1 == square_5 == square_9 and square_1 != " ":
    print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_5 == square_7 and square_3 != " ":
    print(current_player + " wins!")
# Extension 7
if counter == 9:
    print("It's a tie!")
    break
# Extensions 8 & 10
if symbol == symbol 1:
    symbol = symbol 2
    current_player = p2_name
elif symbol == symbol_2:
    symbol = symbol 1
    current_player = p1_name
```

# 11. Extension: Random computer player

Right now we need a friend to play, but what if we want to play when no one else is around? Let's make very basic computer player. It will randomly choose a place to put its symbols!

In this game if one of the names entered is computer, then we will chose a random square for the computer to fill each turn. (I hope none of your friends names are computer!)

# Task 11.1: Prepare yourself!

1. If you haven't already done bonus **Extension 10 about storing the players name**, do it now!

# Task 11.2: What spaces are free?

The computer will need a list of moves it's allowed to randomly choose from. Let's make that list.

- 1. Go to your start of game code before your while loop.
- 2. Create a list of all the free spaces. It's the start of the game so they are all free. free squares = ["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9"]

# Task 11.3: Keeping track of spaces

Now we have a list of all the spaces, we better keep it up to date and remove squares that get played in.

- 1. Go to the place inside your while loop after your print the game board each turn.
- 2. Remove the space that was just played in from the list of free squares.
- 3. Add a print to print out free squares. Play the game and see if they disappear.

### Hint:

We can remove an item from a list like this:

```
planets = ["Mercury", "Venus", "Earth", "Mars", "Jupiter", "Saturn",
"Uranus", "Neptune", "Pluto"]
planets.remove("Pluto")
```

### **TUTOR TIPS**

When using remove we don't need to assign it to a variable.

```
This is correct: planets.remove("Pluto")
```

```
This is incorrect: planets = planets.remove("Pluto")
```

This will set planets to be **None** because that is what is return from the remove method. This method operates in place, so does not return a new list.

# Task 11.4: My name is computer

Now we need to choose a move for the computer!

We'll need to check if it's the computers turn. If it is, we won't ask for a player to choose a square, we'll pick randomly. Players will still get to pick a square on their turn though!

- 1. Go to your code at the top of your while loop inside the loop
- 2. Use an if statement to check to see if the current player is called computer.
- 3. If their name is computer then randomly select a square from the list of free\_squares. Set the square variable to be this randomly chosen square.

# Hint:

goes on.

We can use random choice like this:

```
fruit of the day = random.choice(["apple", "banana"])
```

# Task 11.5: I'm no robot!

We've handles the computer player now. But our code that asks for a square still happens every time! Let's make it not happen for computer players.

- 1. Create an else statement for your computer checking if statement.
- 2. Inside the else, move in the code that asks the user for their square in there. This code runs whenever it's not a computers turn!

# **☑** CHECKPOINT **☑**

| If you can tick all of these off you've finished Extension 11 |
|---|
|---|

| Ш   | If you say a computer is playing the game randomly chooses moves for     | the |
|-----|--|-----|
| com | puters turn.   |     |
|     | You print out the free squares each turn and it gets smaller as the game |     |

☐ The human player still gets to choose a move on their turn.

```
The code should look like this (with bonuses and extensions):
# <the student's name>
# Extensions 9 & 11
import random
# Bonus 2.4
p1 name = input("What is the first player's name? ")
p2 name = input("What is the second player's name? ")
print ("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe " + p1 name + " and " + p2 name + "!")
# Part 1
square_1 = " "
square 2 = " "
square_3 = " "
square 4 = " "
square_5 = " "
square_6 = " "
square_7 = " "
square_8 = " "
square_9 = " "
print("----")
print ("| " + square_1 + " | " + square_2 + " | " + square_3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_4 + " | " + square_5 + " | " + square_6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square_7 + " | " + square_8 + " | " + square_9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 7
counter = 0
# Extension 8
symbol 1 = input("What symbol is Player 1 using? ")
symbol_2 = input("What symbol is Player 2 using? ")
# Extension 9
symbol = random.choice([symbol 1, symbol 2])
# Extension 10
if symbol == symbol 1:
 current_player = p1_name
else:
  current_player = p2_name
# Extension 11
free squares = ["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9"]
while True:
  # Extensions 8 & 10
 print("It's " + current player + ' ' + symbol + "'s turn!")
  if current_player == "computer":
       square = random.choice(free squares)
  else:
       square = input("Which square do you want to place your symbol on? ")
  # Part 3 / Extension 6
  if square == "1" and square 1 == " ":
       square 1 = symbol
  elif square == "2" and square 2 == " ":
       square 2 = symbol
  elif square == "3" and square 3 == " ":
       square 3 = symbol
  elif square == "4" and square_4 == " ":
       square 4 = symbol
```

```
elif square == "5" and square 5 == " ":
     square 5 = symbol
elif square == "6" and square 6 == " ":
     square 6 = symbol
elif square == "7" and square 7 == " ":
     square_7 = symbol
elif square == "8" and square 8 == " ":
     square_8 = symbol
elif square == "9" and square 9 == " ":
     square_9 = symbol
# Bonus 3.5 / Extension 8
     print("Error! Spot is already taken.")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 1 + " | " + square 2 + " | " + square 3 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 4 + " | " + square 5 + " | " + square 6 + " |")
print("----")
print ("| " + square 7 + " | " + square 8 + " | " + square 9 + " |")
print("----")
# Extension 11
free squares.remove(square)
# Extension 7
counter = counter + 5
# Part 5 / Extension 10
if square_1 == square_2 == square_3 and square_1 != " ":
     print(current_player + " wins!")
     break
elif square_1 == square_4 == square_7 and square_1 != " ":
     print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square_4 == square_5 == square_6 and square_4 != " ":
     print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square 7 == square 8 == square 9 and square 7 != " ":
     print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square_2 == square_5 == square_8 and square_2 != " ":
     print(current player + " wins!")
     break
elif square 3 == square 6 == square 9 and square 3 != " ":
     print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square 1 == square 5 == square 9 and square 1 != " ":
     print(current_player + " wins!")
elif square_3 == square_5 == square_7 and square_3 != " ":
     print(current_player + " wins!")
     break
# Extension 7
if counter == 9:
     print("It's a tie!")
     break
# Extensions 8 & 10
if symbol == symbol_1:
     symbol = symbol 2
     current_player = p2_name
elif symbol == symbol 2:
     symbol = symbol 1
     current player = p1 name
```