Welcome to the Labs

Scissors Paper Rock!



Thank you to our Sponsors!

Platinum Sponsor:





Who are the tutors?



Who are you?

- 1. Start with a partner
- 2. play scissors paper rock!









- Start with a partner
- 2. play scissors paper rock!
- If you win they become your cheer squad!
 And their squad becomes your squad!
- 4. Find a new partner!
- 5. Keep playing until there is only one person left!

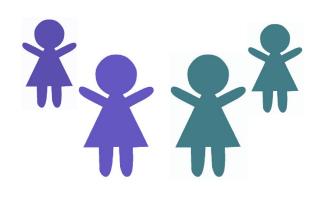


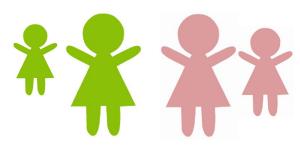




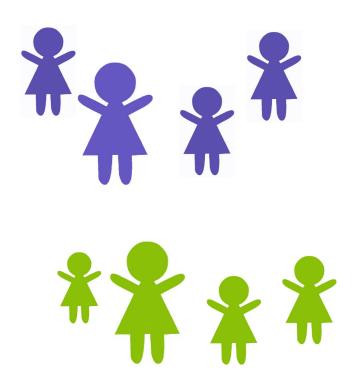


- Start with a partner
- play scissors paper rock!
- If you win they become your cheer squad!
 And their squad becomes your squad!
- 4. Find a new partner!
- Keep playing until there is only one person left!

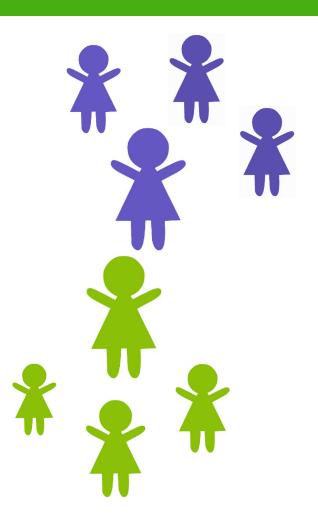




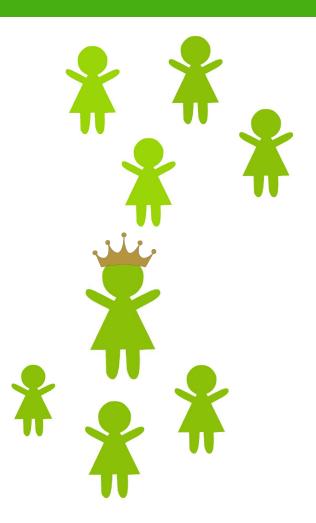
- 1. Start with a partner
- 2. play scissors paper rock!
- 3. If you win they become your cheer squad!
 And their squad becomes your squad!
- 4. Find a new partner!
- 5. Keep playing until there is only one person left!



- Start with a partner
- 2. play scissors paper rock!
- 3. If you win they become your cheer squad!
 And their squad becomes your squad!
- 4. Find a new partner!
- 5. Keep playing until there is only one person left!



- Start with a partner
- 2. play scissors paper rock!
- If you win they become your cheer squad!
 And their squad becomes your squad!
- 4. Find a new partner!
- 5. Keep playing until there is only one person left!



Log on

Log on and jump on the GPN website

girlsprogramming.network/workshop

You can see:

- These slides (to take a look back or go on ahead).
- A digital copy of your workbook.
- Help bits of text you can copy and paste!

There's also links to places where you can do more programming!



Tell us you're here!

Click on the

Start of Day Survey

and fill it in now!



Today's project!

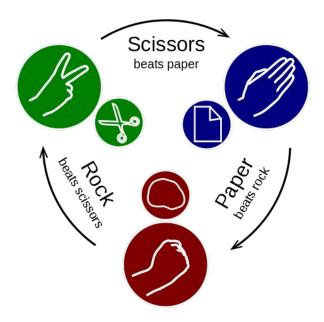
Scissors Paper Rock!



Best of Three?

Let's go round the room, and play some Scissors

Paper Rock!



It's what we'll be programming today, so have a think about some of the actions required to play!



Scissors Paper Rock

How did you go? Did you win?

Some of the things that we need to do to play scissors paper rock include:

- We have to select a move (out of scissors, paper and rock)
- Our opponent has to select a move
- We need to know what combinations of move result in win, lose or tie.
- We need to compare our moves to see who won!
- We have to congratulate the winner!

We'll be programming these actions today! Our opponent is going to be the computer.



Using the workbook!

The workbooks will help you put your project together!

Each **Part** of the workbook is made of tasks!

Tasks - The parts of your project

Follow the tasks **in order** to make the project!

Hints - Helpers for your tasks!

Stuck on a task, we might have given you a hint to help you **figure it out!**

The hints have <u>unrelated</u> examples, or tips. **Don't copy and paste** in the code, you'll end up with something **CRAZY**!

Task 6.2: Add a blah to your code!

This has instructions on how to do a part of the project

- 1. Start by doing this part
- 2. Then you can do this part

Task 6.1: Make the thing do blah!

Make your project do blah

Hint

A clue, an example or some extra information to help you **figure out** the answer.

print('This example is not part of the project')



Using the workbook!

The workbooks will help you put your project together!

Check off before you move on from a **Part**! Do some bonuses while you wait!

Checklist - Am I done yet?

Make sure you can tick off every box in this section before you go to the next Part.

Lecture Markers

This tells you you'll find out how to do things for this section during the names lecture.

Bonus Activities

Stuck waiting at a lecture marker?

Try a purple bonus. They add extra functionality to your project along the way.

☑ CHECKPOINT ☑

If you can tick all of these off you're ready to move the next part!

- ☐ Your program does blah
- ☐ Your program does blob



★ BONUS 4.3: Do some extra!

Something to try if you have spare time before the next lecture!

Classes







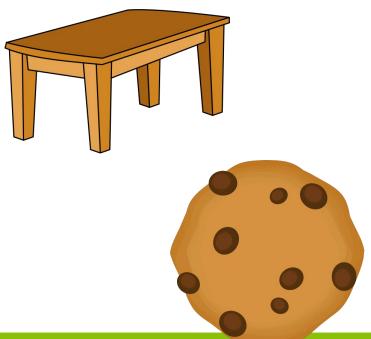






















An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!





An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name

Age



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name

Age

Colour



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name

Owner

Age

Colour



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name

Owner

Age

Weight

Colour



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name

Owner

Age

Weight

Colour

Microchip #



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?





An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow

Eat



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow

Eat

Scratch



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow

Sleep

Eat

Scratch

An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow

Sleep

Eat

Purr

Scratch



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow

Sleep

Eat

Purr

Scratch

Jump

Tech

Inclusion



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour
```

Here we tell python that we are making a new type (or class) of object called Cat



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!

__init__ is how we tell Python how to make a new Cat

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour
```



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!

Here we tell Python what information we need to know about the Cat

Note: self is special and we always need it

Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour
```

Here we save the information we got so we can use it again

How do we make a new Cat?

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour

emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
```



What does this print out?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
   self.name = name
   self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
print(emmy.name)
print(emmy.age)
print(emmy.colour)
```



What does this print out?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
   self.name = name
    self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
print(emmy.name)
print(emmy.age)
print(emmy.colour)
```

Emmy 3



We said an object was something with information that could sometimes do things. Our Cat object doesn't do anything right now - let's add a way for it to meow!



We said an object was something with information that could sometimes do things. Our Cat object doesn't do anything right now - let's add a way for it to meow!

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour

    def meow(self):
        print("Meow")
```



What does this code do?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
   self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.meow()
```



What does this code do?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
   self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.meow()
```

Meow





Let's have our cat have a Birthday that makes it get older by 1 year!



Let's have our cat have a Birthday that makes it get older by 1 year!

```
class Cat():
 def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
   self.name = name
   self.age = age
   self.colour = colour
 def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
 def birthday(self):
    self.age = self.age + 1
```



What does this code do?

```
class Cat():
 def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
    self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
  def birthday(self):
    self.age = self.age + 1
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.birthday()
print(emmy.age)
```

What does this code do?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
    self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
  def birthday(self):
    self.age = self.age + 1
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.birthday()
print(emmy.age)
```



Lhave more than 1 cat!

Emmy has a little sister, Saphira! Let's add her to our code too!

```
cat1 = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
cat2 = Cat("Saphira", 1, "Grey")
```



Cat Crime!

There has been a cat crime!

One of the cats has gotten on the kitcheaten some of my lunch!

They both look innocent but they left a the scene of the crime! Let's write some out who did it



Cat Crime

Who did it??

```
cat1 = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
cat2 = Cat("Saphira", 1, "Grey")
hair_colour = "Grey"
if hair_colour == cat1.colour:
  print("That hair belongs to", cat1.name)
elif hair_colour == cat2.colour:
  print("That hair belongs to", cat2.name)
```

Cat Crime

Who did it??

```
cat1 = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
cat2 = Cat("Saphira", 1, "Grey")
hair_colour = "Grey"
if hair_colour == cat1.colour:
  print("That hair belongs to", cat1.name)
elif hair_colour == cat2.colour:
  print("That hair belongs to", cat2.name)
```

That hair belongs to Saphira



Project time!

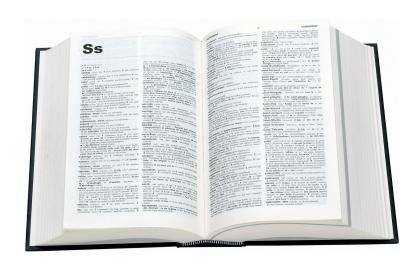
You now know all about classes!

Let's put what we learnt into our project Try to do Parts 0-2

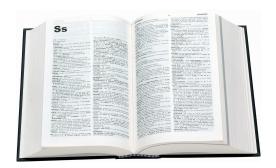
The tutors will be around to help!



Dictionaries

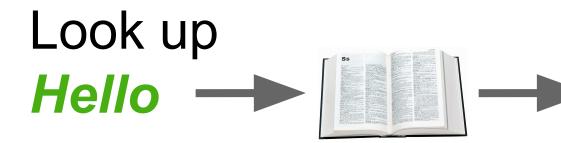


Dictionaries!



You know dictionaries!

They're great at looking up thing by a word, not a position in a list!



Get back

A greeting (salutation) said when meeting someone or acknowledging someone's arrival or presence.

Looking it up!

There are lots of times we want to look something up!



Competition registration

Team Name → List of team members



Phone Book

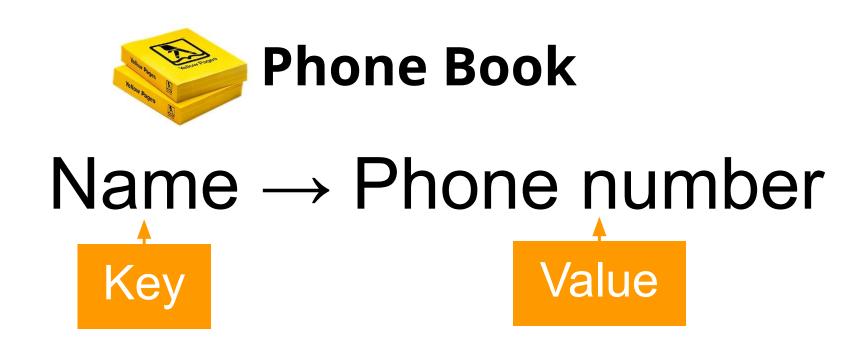
Name → Phone number



Vending Machine

Treat Name → Price

Looking it up!

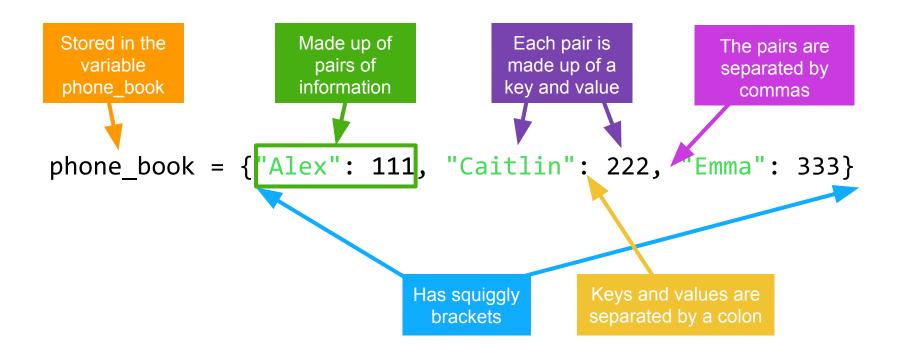


We can use a dictionary for anything with a <u>key → value</u> pattern!



Dictionaries anatomy!

This is a python dictionary!



This dictionary has Alex, Caitlin and Emma's phone numbers





Playing with dictionaries!



Let's try using the phone book in IDLE

1. Copy in the dictionary! Add your own made up phone number!

```
phone_book = {"Alex": 111, "Caitlin": 222, "Emma": 333}
```

2. Try this: phone_book["Alex"]

- 3. How would you look up Emma's phone number?
- 4. Look up the name of someone who is not in the phone book? What happens?



Save it for later!



Sometimes we don't need the info right now.

Let's store it in a variable and use it later!

1. Look up Alex's phone number and store it in a variable

```
alexs_number = phone_book["Alex"]
```

2. Print out a message using alexs_number

```
print("Alexs number is: ", alexs number)
```

3. Repeat task 1 and 2 for another person in the phone book!



Tuples!

Some data sticks together!

Tuples are like lists that you can't edit or add too!

It's a:

- list of items
- in round brackets
- separated by commas

Tuples are a way of grouping data!

```
("January", "1st")
("December", "25th")
("April", "25th")
```

Tuples in dictionaries!



We can use tuples as the key to a dictionary

1. Copy in the dictionary! Add your own made up phone number!

- 2. Try this: phone_book[("January", "1st")]
- 3. How would you look up what happens on the 25th of April
- 4. What happens if you we do: phone_book[("25th", "December")]





Project time!

You now know all about dictionaries!

Let's put what we learnt into our project Try to do Part 3

The tutors will be around to help!



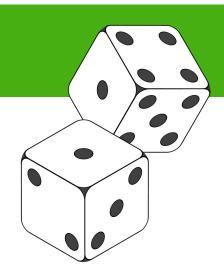
Random!

That's so random!

There's lots of things in life that are up to chance or random!



Python lets us **import** common bits of code people use! We're going to use the **random** module!



We want the computer to be random sometimes!



Using the random module



Let's choose something randomly from a list!

This is like drawing something out of a hat in a raffle!

Try this!

- 1. Import the random module!
 - >>> import random



2. Copy the shopping list into IDLE

```
>>> shopping_list = ["eggs", "bread", "apples", "milk"]
```

- 3. Choose randomly! Try it a few times!
 - >>> random.choice(shopping_list)



Using the random module



You can also assign your random choice to a variable

```
>>> import random
>>> shopping_list = ["eggs", "bread", "apples", "milk"]
>>> random_food = random.choice(shopping_list)
>>> print(random_food)
```



Project Time!

Raaaaaaaaandom! Can you handle that?

Let's try use it in our project!

Try to do Part 4

The tutors will be around to



For Loops

Looping through lists!

What would we do if we wanted to print out this list, one word at a time?

```
words = ['This', 'is', 'a', 'sentence']

print(words[0])
print(words[1])
print(words[2])
print(words[3])
```

What if it had a 100 items??? That would be BORING!



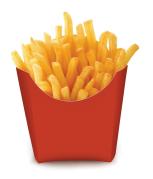
For Loops

For loops allow you to do something for **each** item in a **group** of things

There are many real world examples, like:



For each page in this book: Read



For each chip in this bag of chips: Eat

Looping over a list of ints

We can loop through a list:

```
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4]
for i in numbers:
    print(i)
```

What's going to happen?

Looping over a list of ints

We can loop through a list:

```
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4]
for i in numbers:
    print(i)
```

```
What's going to happen?
>>> 1
>>> 2
>>> 3
>>> 4
```

- Each item of the list takes a turn at being the variable i
- Do the body once for each item
- We're done when we run out of items!

Practice Time!



- 1. Make a new file called yummy.py
- 2. Copy in this list

```
>>> fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']
```

- 3. Add **2 lines of code** that makes your program print out this. Use a for loop!
 - >>>Yummy apple
 - >>>Yummy banana
 - >>>Yummy mango

HINT!

```
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4]
for i in numbers:
    print(i)
```



Somehow it knows how to get one fruit out at a time!!

It's like it knows english!

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']
for fruit in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + fruit)
```

But fruit is just a variable! We could call it anything! Like dog!

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']
for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

```
>>>Yummy apple
>>>Yummy banana
>>>Yummy mango
```



Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the dog variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']

for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

Let's set <u>dog</u> to to the first thing in the list! dog is now 'apple'!



Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the dog variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']
for dog in fruits:
   print('yummy ' + dog)

>>>>Yummy apple
```

Let's set <u>dog</u> to to the first thing in the list! dog is now 'apple'! print('yummy ' + dog)

Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the dog variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']

for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

>>>Yummy apple

Let's set <u>dog</u> to to the first thing in the list! dog is now 'apple'! print('yummy' + dog) We're at the end of the loop body, back to the top!

Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the dog variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']

for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

>>>Yummy apple

```
Let's set dog to to the first thing in the list!
dog is now 'apple'!
print('yummy ' + dog)
We're at the end of the loop body, back to the top!

Let's set dog to to the next thing in the list!
dog is now 'banana'!
```

Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the <u>dog</u> variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']
                                                         Let's set dog to to the first
                                                         thing in the list!
for dog in fruits:
                                                         dog is now 'apple'!
   print('yummy ' + dog)
                                                         print('yummy ' + dog)
                                                         We're at the end of the loop
                                                         body, back to the top!
                                                         Let's set dog to to the next
            >>>Yummy apple
                                                         thing in the list!
                                                         dog is now 'banana'!
            >>>Yummy banana
                                                         print('yummy ' + dog)
```

Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the dog variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']

for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

```
>>>Yummy apple
```

>>>Yummy banana

```
Let's set dog to to the first
thing in the list!
dog is now 'apple'!
print('yummy ' + dog)
We're at the end of the loop
body, back to the top!

Let's set dog to to the next
thing in the list!
dog is now 'banana'!
print('yummy ' + dog)
Out of body, back to the top!
```

Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the <u>dog</u> variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']

for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

>>>Yummy apple

>>>Yummy banana

Let's set dog to to the first thing in the list!
dog is now 'apple'!
print('yummy ' + dog)
We're at the end of the loop body, back to the top!

Let's set dog to to the next thing in the list!

dog is now 'banana'!
print('yummy ' + dog)
Out of body, back to the top!

Let's set <u>dog</u> to to the <u>next</u> thing in the list! dog is now 'mango'!

Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the dog variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']
for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

```
>>>Yummy apple
>>>Yummy banana
```

>>>Yummy mango

```
Let's set dog to to the first
thing in the list!
dog is now 'apple'!
print('yummy ' + dog)
We're at the end of the loop
body, back to the top!

Let's set dog to to the next
thing in the list!
dog is now 'banana'!
print('yummy ' + dog)
Out of body, back to the top!

Let's set dog to to the next
thing in the list!
```

thing in the list!

dog is now 'mango'!

print('yummy' + dog)

Everything in the list gets to have a turn at being the dog variable

```
fruits = ['apple', 'banana', 'mango']
for dog in fruits:
    print('yummy ' + dog)
```

>>>Yummy apple

>>>Yummy banana

>>>Yummy mango



Let's set <u>dog</u> to to the first thing in the list! dog is now 'apple'! print('yummy' + dog) We're at the end of the loop body, back to the top!

Let's set <u>dog</u> to to the <u>next</u> thing in the list! dog is now 'banana'! print('yummy ' + dog) Out of body, back to the top!

Let's set <u>dog</u> to to the <u>next</u> thing in the list! dog is now 'mango'! print('yummy' + dog) Out of body, and out of list!! We're done here!

Generating a List!

Sometimes you don't care about what is in the list!

You just want to repeat 10 times or a 1000 times!

Doing this is boring.....

```
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
```

But python will make a list of things for you! Try this!

- 1. In IDLE type
 list(range(50))
- 2. In your yummy.py file, add this after your yummy fruit!
 for num in range(50):
 print(num)

Project Time!

Now you know how to use a for loop!

```
Try to do Parts 5 and6 ...if you are up for it!
```

The tutors will be around to help!



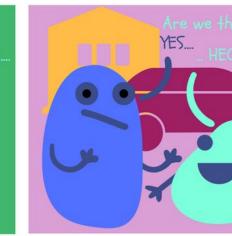
While Loops

Loops



How long do we have to do this?????





We know how to do things on repeat!

Sometimes we want to do some code on repeat!

What do you think this does?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```



What do you think this does?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

```
i is 0
i is 1
i is 2
>>>
```

Stepping through a while loop...



One step at a time!

i = 0 while i < 3: print("i is " + str(i)) i = i + 1</pre>

MY VARIABLES

```
i = 0

Set the variable
```

One step at a time!

MY VARIABLES

0 is less than 3!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

One step at a time!

Print!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

$$i = 0$$

i is 0

One step at a time!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

i is 0

MY VARIABLES



One step at a time!

```
Take it
from the
top!
```

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

i is 0

One step at a time!

l is less than 3 !

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

$$\frac{i = 0}{i = 1}$$

One step at a time!

Print!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

i is 0 i is 1

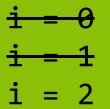
One step at a time!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

i is 0

i is 1

MY VARIABLES



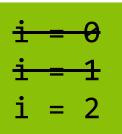
UPDATE TIME!

One step at a time!

Take it from the top!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES



```
i is 0
```

i is 1

One step at a time!

2 is less than 3 !

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
```

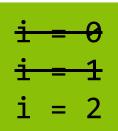
```
i is 0
```

One step at a time!

Print!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES



```
i is 0
```

i is 1

i is 2

One step at a time!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
i = 3
```

```
UPDATE
TIME!
```

```
i is 0
```

i is 1

i is 2

One step at a time!

```
Take it
from the
top!
```

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
i = 3
```

```
i is 0i is 1i is 2
```

One step at a time!

3 IS NOT less than 3!

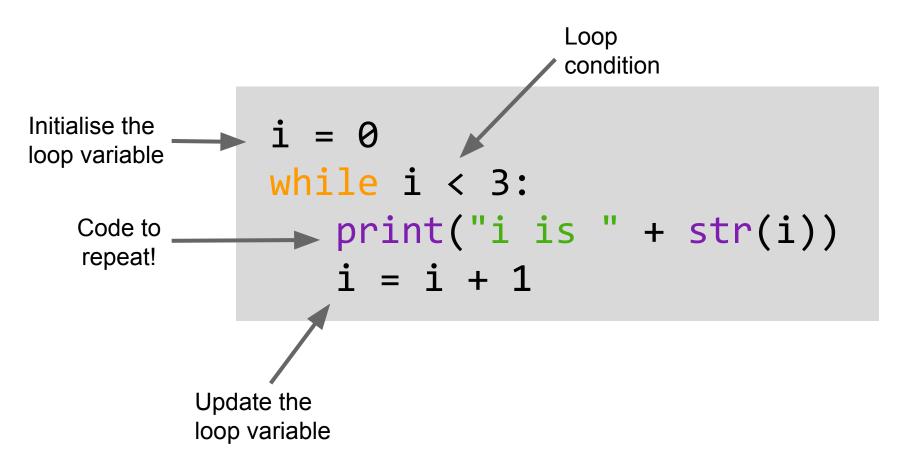
```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

MY VARIABLES

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
i = 3
```

We are are done with this loop!

```
i is 0i is 1i is 2
```



What happens when.....

What happens if we forget to update the loop variable?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))</pre>
```



What happens when.....

What happens if we forget to update the loop variable?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
   print("i is " + str(i))
i is 0
```



Infinite loop!

Sometimes we want our loop to go forever!

So we set a condition that is always True!

We can even just write True!

```
while True:
   print("Are we there yet?")
```



Project Time!

while we're here:

Try to do Part 7!

And the extensions

The tutors will be around to help!



Tell us what you think!

Click on the **End of Day Form** and fill it in now!