

Girls' Programming Network

Guess Who!

Create a program that picks a Guess Who character at random and gives you hints to help you guess it!

This project was created by GPN Australia for GPN sites all around Australia!

This workbook and related materials were created by tutors at:

Sydney, Canberra and Perth



Girls' Programming Network

If you see any of the following tutors don't forget to thank them!!

Writers	Testers
Jeannette Tran	Vivian Dang
Fiona Lin	Courtney Ross
Renee Noble	Rachel Alger
Alex McCulloch	Libby Berrie
Annie Liu	Caitlin Macleod
Bryony Lanigan	Sheree Pudney
Heather Catchpole	Rashmica Gupta

Part 0: Setting up



Task 0.1: Making a python file

- 1. Go to https://replit.com/
- 2. Sign up or log in (we recommend signing in with Google if you have a Google account)

Task 0.2: Making a python file

- 1. Create a new project
- 2. Select **Python** for the template
- 3. Name your project guess_who

Task 0.3: You've got a blank space, so write your name!

A main.py file will have be created for you!

1. At the top of the file use a comment to write your name!

Any line starting with # is a comment.

- # This is a comment
- 2. Run your code using the Run button. It won't do anything yet!

☑ CHECKPOINT ☑

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 1:	
☐ You should have a file called main.py	
\square Your file has your name at the top in a comment	
☐ Run your file and it does nothing!	

Part 1: Welcome to 'Guess Who'

Task 1.1: Welcome to 'Guess Who'

Let's print out a welcome message to the players. You can make the computer say anything you want!

Welcome to Guess Who!

Task 1.2: Who is playing my game?

Let's find out who's playing!

Use input to ask the user for their name. Store their answer in a variable called player name so we can use it in our code!

Task 1.3: Let's play!

Now that we know the player's name, let's print out a customised message to them.

For example, if the player typed in Annie, we might print:

Let us start playing, Annie!

Hint

Remember to use the player name variable that you made in Task 1.2!

☑ CHECKPOINT **☑**

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 2	If y	you	can	tick	all	of	these	off	you	can	go	to	Part	2
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☐ Print a welcome message to the player

Print a customised message to the player

 \square Try running your code!

Part 2: Picking a person!

Lists

Task 2.1: Creating a person

Let's create our own character using a list, and store it in a variable called character.

You can make the person to be like you, your friend, or anyone you want!

Hint

We want the list to store the character's name, eye colour, hair colour, and accessory. We'll store them in this order:

```
[<name>, <eye colour>, <hair colour>, <accessory>]
```

For example:

```
['Annie', 'brown', 'blue', 'glasses']
```

Task 2.2: Print out the character

Let's print out the character that you have created. It should look like this:

```
['Annie', 'brown', 'blue', 'glasses']
```

Task 2.3: Splitting up the list!

It's easier to access the character's individual features if we store each one in its own variable. Let's do that now!

Make a variable called name. Get the name from the character list you created in Task 2.1 and store it in this variable!

Hint

To get something out of a list, you add this to your program:

```
pets = ['Fluffy', 'Oscar', 'Audrey', 'Molly']
cat = pets[3]
```

Don't forget that lists start at index 0!

Task 2.4: More features!

Let's also get the other features of our person out and store them in variables.

- 1. Make a different variable called eye_colour. Get the character's eye colour from the list, and store it in here.
- 2. Make another variable this time for the hair colour. You can decide what to call it (hair_colour could be good). Store the character's hair colour in here.
- 3. The last feature we need is the character's accessory, so make a variable for this!

Task 2.4: Print out each of the features

Use print statements to print out the name, eye colour, hair colour and accessory of our character.

It should look like this when you run your code:

Name is: Annie Eye is: brown Hair is: blue

Accessory is: glasses

☑ CHECKPOINT **☑**

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 3:
☐ Created a person
☐ Print out the person
\square Split up the features of the person and store them in variables
☐ Print out the features of the person
Run your code!

Part 3: Guess who?

Task 3.1: Guessing someone's name

Use **input** to ask the player to guess the name of your character. Save their answer in a variable - name it something like **guess**.

Hint

Don't forget to comment out the code where we **print** out the character we created and their features!

It would be a pretty boring game if we just told the player who the character is.



Task 3.2: Check if they have guessed correctly!

Use **if** and **else** statements to tell the player whether or not they have made the right guess.

You should also congratulate them if they have guessed it right:

```
Guess who? Annie
You got it right!
```

You should print out the correct name if they have guessed wrong, like below:

```
Guess who? Mary Nope, sorry, it was Annie!
```

☑ CHECKPOINT **☑**

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 4:

Ask the player to guess who and store it in a variable
Congratulate them if they guess it right
Tell them what the correct name was if they are wrong
Run your code and test different names

★ BONUS 3.3: ALEX alex or AlEx

Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

We can use word = word.title() to change what the player entered to title case. Title case is when the first letter is upper case and all the rest are lower case, like a name!

Update your code so we're always using the title case version of what your player entered!

Part 4: Let's get more information!

We are just guessing blindly at the moment, which isn't very fun! Let's let the player get more information about the person before they have to guess who.

Task 4.1: Asking about eyes

Before your code that asks the player to guess who, ask the player to guess what the person's eye colour is! Store their answer in a variable - call it something like: eye guess

Your question should look something like this, if the user guesses brown eyes.

Guess their eye colour? brown

Task 4.2: Check the eyes

Check to see if the eye colour that the player guessed is the correct one using **if** and **else** statements. If they are right, tell them "Yes", otherwise tell them "No".

For example, if your character's eye colour is brown and the user guesses right:

Guess their eye colour? brown Yes

Task 4.3: What's their hair colour?

Now do the same thing that you did for 4.1 + 4.2, but this time, ask to guess the person's hair colour!

Put this after you have asked them to guess the eye colour, but before your code that asks the player to guess who.

Task 4.4: What's their accessory?

Do the same thing again that you did for 4.1 and 4.2, but for the person's accessory!

Put this after you have asked them to guess the hair colour, but before your code that asks the player to guess who.

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 5: Ask the user for their eye colour guess Print out whether or not their eye guess was right Ask the user for their hair colour guess Print out whether or not their hair guess was right Ask the user for their accessory guess Print out whether or not their accessory guess was right Run your code!

★ BONUS 4.4: BLUE Blue bLuE

Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

We can use word = word.lower() to change what the player entered to lowercase. Update your code so we're always using the lowercase version of what your player entered for their guesses (except the name!)

★ BONUS 4.5: Not so fast!

Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

This would look cooler if the computer paused before it said each line!

- 1) At the top of your file write import time This will let us use what we need to use to make our program sleep for a few seconds.
- 2) Before we tell the user whether or not they guessed correctly, add a line that says time.sleep(1)

This will make our program 'sleep' for a second! You can adjust it to any time you want.

Part 5: Choose a random person.

Task 5.1: One character is not enough

Comment out the line where you created a character in Task 2.1.

We're about to get a whole bunch of characters and we'll choose a character randomly from that. You can add your own character to the group later.

Task 5.2: Copy the list of people

Go to the website and copy the list of the people and all of their features.

Paste the list at the top of your file so that it looks like this:

Random

Task 5.3: Import Random Library

To get access to cool random things we need to import random!

At the top of your file add this line:

import random

Task 5.4: Choose a random person

Let's make the computer pick a random person out of the list that we have to guess!

Use random.choice to pick from the list of people. Store it in a variable called character.

Hint

If I wanted to choose a random food for dinner I could use code like this:

```
food_list = ["pizza", "curry", "nutella", "omelette"]
dinner = random.choice(food list)
```

Task 5.5: Print out the character

Print out the character that the computer has chosen.

Try running your code a couple of times! You should get a random person each time.

```
Selected character is:
['Hannah', 'brown', 'black', 'glasses']
```

☑ CHECKPOINT ☑

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 6:
☐ Comment out the character you made in Task 2.1
☐ Copied and pasted the list
☐ Print the list
☐ Chosen a random person from the list
☐ Print out the randomly chosen person
☐ Split up the features of the person
$\ \square$ Print out the features of the person, then comment this code out
Run your code!

★ BONUS 5.6: Get creative!

You can add your original character to the list, and more!

We've left room for you to draw your own people in the character sheet. Once you've given them a name, eye colour, hair colour and accessory add them into the list of people at the top of your code!

Feel free to add yourself, your friends or one of the wonderful tutors at GPN!

Part 6: Again, Again, Again!

We want to play 'Guess Who' until we guess the correct person! Let's add a loop to guess on repeat!



Task 6.1: Loop time!

Create a while loop that runs forever after you've selected the character and separated the features but before you get them to make the first guess, so we can ask as many questions as we want!

Use this line to make the game play on repeat

while True:

Hint

We want to repeat asking lots of questions and checking if the info is correct. So put this before your questions and if statements about hair/eyes/accessories/name.

Task 6.2: Indenting your code

Things we want to do for every question need to be indented inside the loop. We want to guess the hair colour, eye colour, accessories and name every time!

Hint

Indented lines have a tab (the big empty space) at the start like this, they look this:

```
while True:
    # THIS IS INDENTED
```

Task 6.3: Stopping

We want our program to stop when we make the right guess!

After we congratulate the user on making the right guess, add a break to stop the loop.

Task 6.4: Update the wrong answer!

Update your else statement so that the user is no longer told who the correct person is when they get it wrong!

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 7: ☐ Create a while loop that lets your game keep going! ☐ Your game code is inside the while loop ☐ The game only ends when you guess the right person!

7. Extension: Which questions?

So far, we've had to ask each question every time we want to guess - even if you only needed to find out what their accessory is. Now, we want to let the human player decide which question they want to ask.

Task 7.1: Eye colour, hair colour, accessory, or name?

Once your while loop has started, add a question that asks them what kind of question they would like to ask (eye colour, hair colour, accessory, or name?).

Task 7.2: Question time!

You have 4 kinds of questions and if statement checks. Put each of these 4 chunks inside an if statement that means that it will only occur if this was the type of question the user wanted to ask.

Hint

Remember that input returns a string. Make sure that your type of input (string, int, etc.) matches the if statement!

8. Extension: How many questions?

Now, let's track how many (or how few) questions it takes you each game to guess correctly!

Task 8.1: Counter!

Before your loop create a variable, this will be your guess counter. Start by setting it to 0.

Task 8.2: Add 1!

Every time the user makes a guess (a name guess or any other feature guess), add one to this counter.

Hint

You'll need to add to the counter at the beginning of your while loop!

Task 8.3: How many questions?

At the end of the game, print out how many questions the user has asked.

9. Extension: I give up!

What if you're sick of guessing, and just want to find out who it is? Let's now add to our code so that we can decide to give up and finish the game.

Task 9.1: I give up!

When we check if the user has guessed the correct name we see if it is correct, in which case they win. Otherwise we tell them to try again.

Let's let them give up, ending the game and revealing the answer.

Add an elif to your if-else statement(s) so the user can give up and find out who it was.

Hint

Create an **elif** statement to check if the user entered "give up" for their guess when trying to guess the name, and in this statement end the game and **print** out the answer.

★ Challenge 9.2: Cases and Spaces

What we've written so far will only give the user the answer and quit the game if they input "give up" - but what if we want our game to be more robust, and understand that someone typing "give up" or "Give Up" wants the same result?

You might need to modify your **elif** statement(s), or maybe re-write how you check the user input.

★ Challenge 9.3: Even more options!

What if we want the user to be able to input even more options, like 'I QUIT', or 'WHY CANT I GUESS THIS', and have the computer know that this means the person does not want to play any more and to end the game and tell them the answer?

10. Extension: List the Info

It's hard to remember everything you have learned so far about the character. Let's store it!

Task 10.1 List to store the info

At the start of the game create an empty list called info to store all of the information we have about the mystery person.

It will look something like this, depending on what questions you've asked and what the answer were:

```
[["eyes", "blue", "no"],
["hair", "brown", "yes"],
["accessory", "hat", "no"],
["name", "Tim", "no"],
["eyes", "brown", "yes"]]
```

Task 10.2 List to store the info

Every time the computer says 'yes' or 'no' to a guess, we want to store that information!

Create a variable called info and store a list of the information you just learned.

Hint

The different kinds of options (eyes, hair, accessory and name) will need different parts to be hard coded. Here's what it would look like for eyes if it wasn't correct:

```
info = ["eyes", eye guess, "no"]
```

Task 10.3 List to store the info

Each time we get a new bit of data, append it to the info list.

Hint

This is how we add something to a list using append:

```
pets = ['dog', 'cat']
pets.append('axolotl')
```

Task 10.4 Printing the info

Print the info at the start of every turn.