



Girls' Programming Network

Guess Who!

Workbook G

Create a program that picks a Guess Who character at random and gives you hints to help you guess it!

This project was created by GPN Australia for GPN sites all around Australia!

This workbook and related materials were created by tutors at:

Sydney, Canberra and Perth



Girls' Programming Network

If you see any of the following tutors don't forget to thank them!!

Writers

Jeannette Tran
Fiona Lin
Renee Noble
Alex McCulloch
Annie Liu
Bryony Lanigan
Heather Catchpole

Testers

Vivian Dang
Courtney Ross
Rachel Alger
Libby Berrie
Caitlin Macleod
Sheree Pudney
Rashmica Gupta

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Part 0: Setting up

Task 0.1: Making a python file

1. Go to <https://replit.com/>
2. Sign up or log in
(we recommend signing in with Google if you have a Google account)

Task 0.2: Making a python file

1. Click  in the top left hand corner to create a new Project.
2. Use the Python template 
3. Name your project **guess_who**


Task 0.3: You've got a blank space, so write your name!

A main.py file will have been created for you!

1. At the top of the file use a comment to write your name!

Any line starting with # is a comment.

```
# This is a comment
```

2. Run your code using the  button. It **won't** do anything yet!

✓ CHECKPOINT ✓

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 1:

- ☐ You should have a file called main.py
- ☐ Your file has your name at the top in a comment
- ☐ Run your file and it does nothing!

Part 1: Welcome to 'Guess Who'

Task 1.1: Welcome to 'Guess Who'

Let's **print** out a welcome message to the players. You can make the computer say anything you want!

```
-----  
Welcome to Guess Who!  
-----
```

Task 1.2: Who is playing my game?

Let's find out who's playing!

Use **input** to ask the user for their name. Store their answer in a variable called **player_name** so we can use it in our code!

Task 1.3: Let's play!

Now that we know the player's name, let's **print** out a customised message to them.

For example, if the player typed in Annie, we might see

```
Let us start playing,  
Annie!
```

Hint

Remember to use the **player_name** variable that you made in Task 1.2!

☑ CHECKPOINT ☑

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 2:

- ☐ Print a welcome message to the player
- ☐ Ask for the player's name
- ☐ Print a customised message to the player

☐ Try running your code!

Part 2: Picking a person!

Lists

Task 2.1: Creating a person

Let's create our own character using a list, and store it in a variable called **character**.

You can make the person to be like you, your friend, or anyone you want!

Hint

We want the list to store the character's name, eye colour, hair colour, and accessory. We'll store them in this order:

```
[<name>, <eye colour>, <hair colour>, <accessory>]
```

For example:

```
['Annie', 'brown', 'blue', 'glasses']
```

Task 2.2: Print out the character

Let's **print** out the character that you have created. It should look like this:

```
['Annie', 'brown', 'blue', 'glasses']
```

Task 2.3: Splitting up the list!

It's easier to access the character's individual features if we store each one in its own variable. Let's do that now!

Make a variable called **name**. Get the name from the character list you created in Task 2.1 and store it in this variable!

Hint

To get something out of a list, you add this to your program:

```
pets = ['Fluffy', 'Oscar', 'Audrey', 'Molly']  
cat = pets[3]
```

Don't forget that lists start at index 0!

Task 2.4: More features!

Let's also get the other features of our person out and store them in variables.

1. Make a different variable called `eye_colour`. Get the character's eye colour from the list, and store it in here.
2. Make another variable - this time for the hair colour. You can decide what to call it (`hair_colour` could be good). Store the character's hair colour in here.
3. The last feature we need is the character's accessory, so make a variable for this!

Task 2.5: Print out each of the features

Use `print` statements to print out the name, eye colour, hair colour and accessory of our character.

It should look like this when you run your code:

```
Name is: Annie  
Eye is: brown  
Hair is: blue  
Accessory is: glasses
```

✓ CHECKPOINT ✓

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 3:

- ☐ Created a person
- ☐ Print out the person
- ☐ Split up the features of the person and store them in variables
- ☐ Print out the features of the person
- ☐ Run your code!

Part 3: Guess who?

Task 3.1: Guessing someone's name

Use `input` to ask the player to guess the name of your character. Save their answer in a variable - name it something like `guess`.

Hint

Don't forget to comment out the code where we `print` out the character we created and their features!

It would be a pretty boring game if we just told the player who the character is.

If
Statements

Task 3.2: Check if they have guessed correctly!

Use `if` and `else` statements to tell the player whether or not they have made the right guess.

You should also congratulate them if they have guessed it right:

```
Guess who? Annie  
You got it right!
```

You should print out the correct name if they have guessed wrong, like below:

```
Guess who? Mary  
Nope, sorry, it was Annie!
```

✓ CHECKPOINT ✓

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 4:

- ☐ Ask the player to guess who and store it in a variable
- ☐ Congratulate them if they guess it right
- ☐ Tell them what the correct name was if they are wrong
- ☐ Run your code and test different names

★ BONUS 3.3: ALEX alex or ALEX

Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

We can use `word = word.title()` to change what the player entered to title case. Title case is when the first letter is upper case and all the rest are lower case, like a name!

Update your code so we're always using the title case version of what your player entered!

Part 4: Let's get more information!

We are just guessing blindly at the moment, which isn't very fun! Let's let the player get more information about the person before they have to guess who.

Task 4.1: Asking about eyes

Before your code that asks the player to guess who, ask the player to guess what the person's eye colour is! Store their answer in a variable - call it something like: `eye_guess`

Your question should look something like this, if the user guesses brown eyes.

```
Guess their eye colour? brown
```

Task 4.2: Check the eyes

Check to see if the eye colour that the player guessed is the correct one using `if` and `else` statements. If they are right, tell them "Yes", otherwise tell them "No".

For example, if your character's eye colour is brown and the user guesses right:

```
Guess their eye colour? brown
Yes
```

Task 4.3: What's their hair colour?

Now do the same thing that you did for 4.1 + 4.2, but this time, ask to guess the person's hair colour!

Put this after you have asked them to guess the eye colour, but before your code that asks the player to guess who.

Task 4.4: What's their accessory?

Do the same thing again that you did for 4.1 and 4.2, but for the person's accessory!

Put this after you have asked them to guess the hair colour, but before your code that asks the player to guess who.

✓ CHECKPOINT ✓

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 5:

- ☐ Ask the user for their eye colour guess
- ☐ Print out whether or not their eye guess was right
- ☐ Ask the user for their hair colour guess
- ☐ Print out whether or not their hair guess was right
- ☐ Ask the user for their accessory guess
- ☐ Print out whether or not their accessory guess was right
- ☐ Run your code!

★ BONUS 4.4: BLUE Blue bLuE

Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

We can use `word = word.lower()` to change what the player entered to lowercase. Update your code so we're always using the lowercase version of what your player entered for their guesses (except the name!)

★ BONUS 4.5: Not so fast!

Waiting for the next lecture? Try adding this bonus feature!!

This would look cooler if the computer paused before it said each line!

- 1) At the top of your file write `import time`
This will let us use what we need to use to make our program sleep for a few seconds.
- 2) Before we tell the user whether or not they guessed correctly, add a line that says `time.sleep(1)`
This will make our program 'sleep' for a second! You can adjust it to any time you want.

Part 5: Choose a random person.

Task 5.1: One character is not enough

Comment out the line where you created a `character` in Task 2.1.

We're about to get a whole bunch of characters and we'll choose a character randomly from that. You can add your own character to the group later.

Task 5.2: Copy the list of people

Go to the website and copy the `list` of the people and all of their features.

Paste the list **at the top of your file** so that it looks like this:

```
people = [{"Aleisha", "brown", "black", "hat"},
          ["Brittany", "blue", "red", "glasses"],
          ["Charlie", "green", "brown", "glasses"],
          ["Dave", "blue", "red", "glasses"],
          ["Eve", "green", "brown", "glasses"],
          ["Frankie", "hazel", "black", "hat"],
          ["George", "brown", "black", "glasses"],
          ["Hannah", "brown", "black", "glasses"],
          ["Isla", "brown", "brown", "none"],
          ["Jackie", "hazel", "blonde", "hat"],
          ["Kevin", "brown", "black", "hat"],
          ["Luka", "blue", "brown", "none"]]
```

Random

Task 5.3: Import Random Library

To get access to cool random things we need to import random!

At the top of your file add this line:

```
import random
```

Task 5.4: Choose a random person

Let's make the computer pick a random person out of the list that we have to guess!

Use `random.choice` to pick from the list of people. Store it in a variable called `character`.

Hint

If I wanted to choose a random food for dinner I could use code like this:

```
food_list = ["pizza", "curry", "nutella", "omelette"]
dinner = random.choice(food_list)
```

Task 5.5: Print out the character

Print out the **character** that the computer has chosen.

Try running your code a couple of times! You should get a random person each time.

```
Selected character is:  
['Hannah', 'brown', 'black', 'glasses']
```

✓ CHECKPOINT ✓

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 6:

- ☐ Comment out the character you made in Task 2.1
- ☐ Copied and pasted the list
- ☐ Print the list
- ☐ Chosen a random person from the list
- ☐ Print out the randomly chosen person
- ☐ Split up the features of the person
- ☐ Print out the features of the person, then comment this code out
- ☐ Run your code!

★ BONUS 5.6: Get creative!

You can add your original character to the list, and more!

We've left room for you to draw your own people in the character sheet. Once you've given them a name, eye colour, hair colour and accessory add them into the list of people at the top of your code!

Feel free to add yourself, your friends or one of the wonderful tutors at GPN!

Part 6: Again, Again, Again!

We want to play 'Guess Who' until we guess the correct person! Let's add a loop to guess on repeat!

While
Loops

Task 6.1: Loop time!

Create a while loop that runs forever after you've selected the character and separated the features but before you get them to make the first guess, so we can ask as many questions as we want!

Use this line to make the game play on repeat

```
while True:
```

Hint

We want to repeat asking lots of questions and checking if the info is correct. So put this before your questions and if statements about hair/eyes/accessories/name.

Task 6.2: Indenting your code

Things we want to do for every question need to be indented inside the loop. We want to guess the hair colour, eye colour, accessories and name every time!

Hint

Indented lines have a tab (the big empty space) at the start like this, they look this:

```
while True:
    # THIS IS INDENTED
```

Task 6.3: Stopping

We want our program to stop when we make the right guess! After we congratulate the user on making the right guess, add a **break** to stop the loop.

Task 6.4: Update the wrong answer!

Update your **else** statement so that the user is no longer told who the correct person is when they get it wrong!

✓ CHECKPOINT ✓

If you can tick all of these off you can go to Part 7:

- ☐ Create a while loop that lets your game keep going!
- ☐ Your game code is inside the while loop
- ☐ The game only ends when you guess the right person!