## Welcome to the Labs

Scissors Paper Rock!



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## Who are the tutors?

# Who are you?

### Log on

## Log on and jump on the GPN website

#### girlsprogramming.network/workshop

Click Content for your room. You can see:

- These slides (to take a look back or go on ahead).
- A link to our workbook in EdStem.
- A cheatsheet of python shortcuts!

There's also links to places where you can do more programming!



## Tell us you're here!

Click on the

Start of Day Survey

and fill it in now!

# Today's project!

Scissors Paper Rock





- 1. Start with a partner
- 2. play scissors paper rock!









- Start with a partner
- 2. play scissors paper rock!
- If you win they become your cheer squad!
   And their squad becomes your squad!
- 4. Find a new partner!
- 5. Keep playing until there is only one person left!

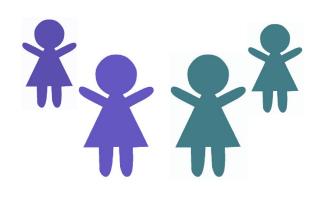


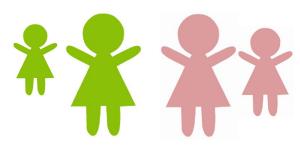




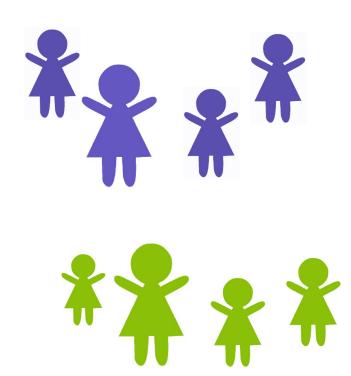


- Start with a partner
- play scissors paper rock!
- If you win they become your cheer squad!
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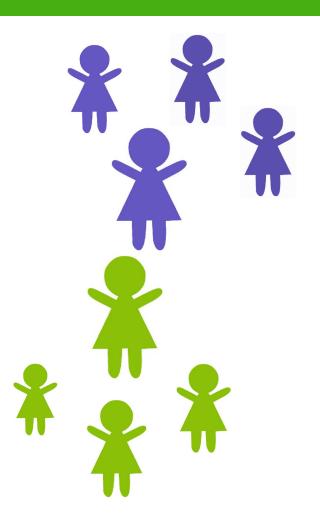


- 1. Start with a partner
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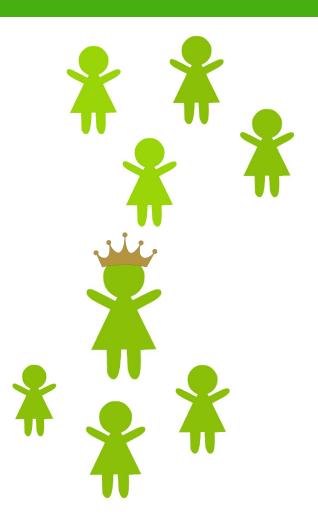


- Start with a partner
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- Start with a partner
- play scissors paper rock!
- If you win they become your cheer squad! And their squad becomes your squad!
- Find a new partner!
- Keep playing until there is only one person left!





## Scissors Paper Rock

How did you go? Did you win?

Some of the things that we need to do to play scissors paper rock include:

- We have to select a move (out of scissors, paper and rock)
- Our opponent has to select a move
- We need to know what combinations of moves result in win, lose or tie
- We need to compare our moves to see who won
- We have to congratulate the winner!

We'll be programming these actions today! Our opponent is going to be the computer.



## Signing up to Edstem

We are shifting all our courses to a new website called "Edstem" so here's an overview of how to sign up and how to use it.

First let's go through how to create an account.

- 1. Follow the link on the website <a href="https://www.girlsprogramming.network/workshop">www.girlsprogramming.network/workshop</a>
- 2. Type in your name and your personal email address
- 3. Click Create Account
- 4. Go to your email to verify your account
- Create a password
- 6. It should then take you to the courses home page.

If you don't have access to your email account, ask a tutor for a GPN edStem login



## Getting to the lessons

- 1. Once you are in the course, you'll be taken to a discussion page.
- Click the button for the lessons page (top right looks like a book)



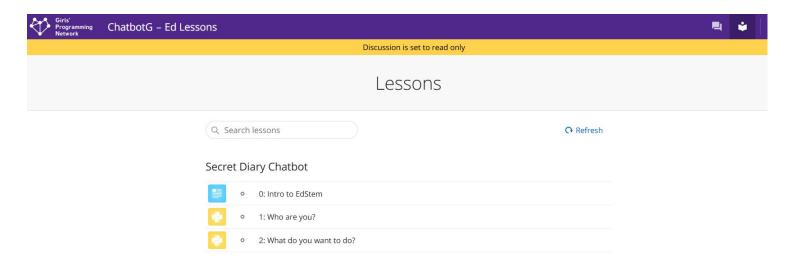
## The Anatomy of the workbook

#### The main page:

- Heading at the top that tells you the project (SPR)
- List of "Chapters" they have icons that looks like this:



To complete your project, work through the chapters one at a time





## Inside a Chapter

Inside a chapter there are two main types of pages:

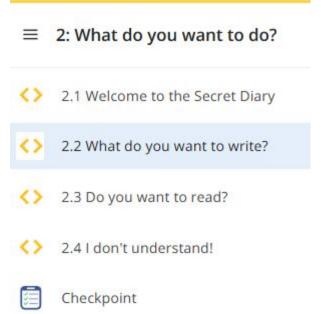
Lessons - where you will do your coding.
 They have this icon:



2. Checkpoints



Each chapter has a checkpoint to complete to move to the next chapter. Make sure you scroll down to see all the questions in a checkpoint.



#### How to do the work

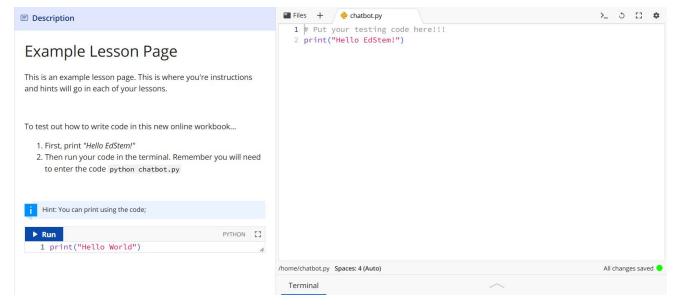
#### In each lesson there is:

- A section on left with instructions
- A section on right for your code

You will need to **copy your code from the last lesson**, then follow the instructions to change your code

There are also Hints and Code Blocks to help you









#### Some shortcuts...

There are a couple things you can do to make copying your code from one page to another easier.

- 1) Ctrl + A Pressing these keys together will select all the text on a page
- 2) **Ctrl** + **C** Pressing these keys together will copy anything that's selected
- 3) **Ctrl + V** Pressing these keys together will paste anything you've copied

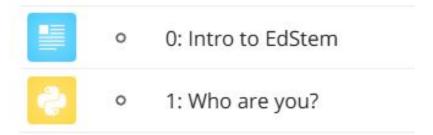
## Need help with EdStem?



There is a section at the top of your workbook that explains how to use EdStem if you get stuck and need a reminder!

It's called 0: Intro to EdStem

Secret Diary Chatbot



Go to Part 0 and have a look!



## Classes







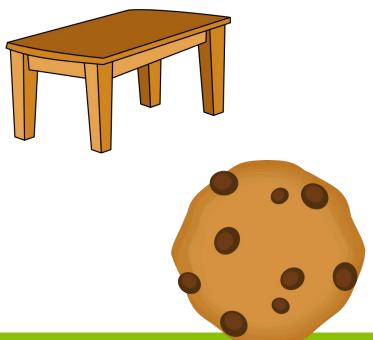






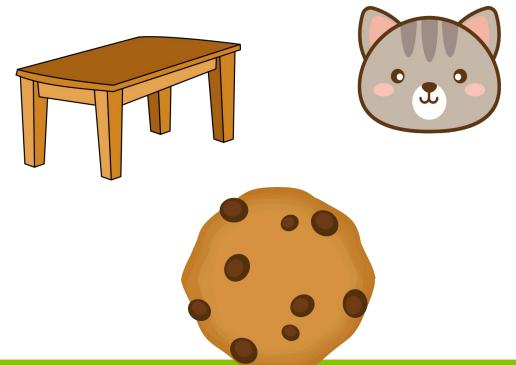
















An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!





An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

**Name** 



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

**Name** 

Age



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name

Age

Colour



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name

Owner

Age

Colour



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name Age Colour Owner Weight

An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What information might we know about a cat?

Name Owner
Age Microchip #
Weight
Colour



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?





An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow



An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

What things might a cat do?

Like a cat!



inc a cat.





An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow Eat Scratch

An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow Eat Scratch Sleep

An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!

What things might a cat do?



Meow Eat Scratch Sleep Purr

An object is something that we know information about and that can sometimes do things

Like a cat!



What things might a cat do?

Meow Sleep
Eat Jump Purr
Scratch



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour
```

Here we tell python that we are making a new type (or class) of object called Cat



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat

object in Python code!

\_\_init\_\_ is how we tell Python how to make a new Cat

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour
```



Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!

Here we tell Python what information we need to know about the Cat

Note: self is special and we always need it

Let's have a look at how we might make a Cat object in Python code!

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour
```

Here we save the information we got so we can use it again

How do we make a new Cat?

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour

emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
```



What does this print out?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
   self.name = name
   self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
print(emmy.name)
print(emmy.age)
print(emmy.colour)
```



What does this print out?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
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    self.colour = colour
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
print(emmy.name)
print(emmy.age)
print(emmy.colour)
```

Emmy 3



We said an object was something with information that could sometimes do things. Our Cat object doesn't do anything right now - let's add a way for it to meow!



We said an object was something with information that could sometimes do things. Our Cat object doesn't do anything right now - let's add a way for it to meow!

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.colour = colour

    def meow(self):
        print("Meow")
```



What does this code do?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
    self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.meow()
```



What does this code do?

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class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
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emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.meow()
```

Meow





Let's have our cat have a Birthday that makes it get older by 1 year!



Let's have our cat have a Birthday that makes it get older by 1 year!

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
   self.name = name
   self.age = age
   self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
  def birthday(self):
    self.age = self.age + 1
```



#### What does this code do?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
    self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
  def birthday(self):
    self.age = self.age + 1
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.birthday()
print(emmy.age)
```

#### What does this code do?

```
class Cat():
  def __init__(self, name, age, colour):
    self.name = name
    self.age = age
    self.colour = colour
  def meow(self):
    print("Meow")
  def birthday(self):
    self.age = self.age + 1
emmy = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
emmy.birthday()
print(emmy.age)
```

#### I have more than 1 cat!

Emmy has a little sister, Saphira! Let's add her to our code too!

```
cat1 = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
cat2 = Cat("Saphira", 1, "Grey")
```



#### Cat Crime!

There has been a cat crime!

One of the cats has gotten on the kitchen counter and eaten some of my lunch!

They both look innocent but they left a hair behind at the scene of the crime! Let's write some code to work out who did it



#### Cat Crime

#### Who did it??

```
cat1 = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
cat2 = Cat("Saphira", 1, "Grey")

hair_colour = "Grey"

if hair_colour == cat1.colour:
   print("That hair belongs to", cat1.name)
elif hair_colour == cat2.colour:
   print("That hair belongs to", cat2.name)
```



#### Cat Crime

#### Who did it??

```
cat1 = Cat("Emmy", 3, "Dark brown")
cat2 = Cat("Saphira", 1, "Grey")
hair colour = "Grey"
if hair_colour == cat1.colour:
  print("That hair belongs to", cat1.name)
elif hair_colour == cat2.colour:
  print("That hair belongs to", cat2.name)
```

That hair belongs to Saphira





# Project time!

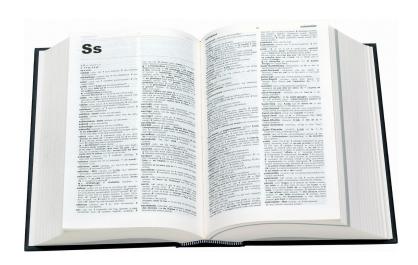
You now know all about classes!

# Let's put what we learnt into our project Try to do Parts 0-2

The tutors will be around to help!

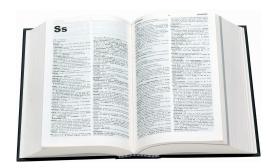


# Dictionaries



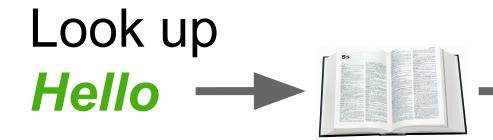


#### **Dictionaries!**



#### You know dictionaries!

They're great at looking up thing by a word, not a position in a list!



# Get back

A greeting (salutation) said when meeting someone or acknowledging someone's arrival or presence.

# Looking it up!

# There are lots of times we want to look something up!



Team Name → List of team members



Name → Phone number



## **Vending Machine**

Treat Name → Price

# Looking it up!



# **Phone Book**

Name → Phone number



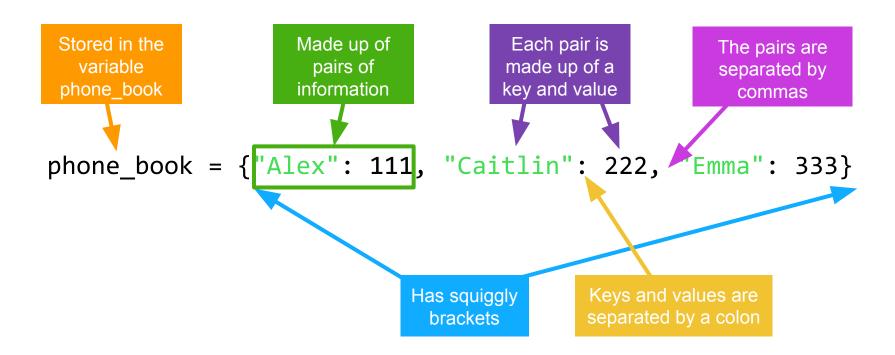


We can use a dictionary for anything with a <u>key → value</u> pattern!



# Dictionaries anatomy!

#### This is a python dictionary!



This dictionary has Alex, Caitlin and Emma's phone numbers



# Playing with dictionaries!



#### Let's try using the phone book

1. Copy in the dictionary! Add your own made up phone number!

```
phone_book = {"Alex": 111, "Caitlin": 222, "Emma": 333}
```

- 2. Try this: phone\_book["Alex"]
- 3. How would you look up Emma's phone number?

4. Look up the name of someone who is not in the phone book? What happens?





#### Save it for later!



Sometimes we don't need the info right now.

Let's store it in a variable and use it later!

1. Look up Alex's phone number and store it in a variable

```
alexs_number = phone_book["Alex"]
```

2. Print out a message using alexs\_number

```
print("Alexs number is: ", alexs_number)
```

3. Repeat task 1 and 2 for another person in the phone book!



## Tuples!

## Some data sticks together!

Tuples are like lists that you can't edit or add too!

#### It's a:

- list of items
- in round brackets
- separated by commas

## Tuples are a way of grouping data!

```
("January", "1st")
("December", "25th")
("April", "25th")
```

## Tuples in dictionaries!



## We can use tuples as the key to a dictionary

1. Copy in the dictionary! Add your own made up phone number!

- 2. Try this: phone\_book[("January", "1st")]
- 3. How would you look up what happens on the 25th of April
- 4. What happens if you we do: phone\_book[("25th", "December")]





## Project time!

You now know all about dictionaries!

## Let's put what we learnt into our project Try to do Part 3

The tutors will be around to help!



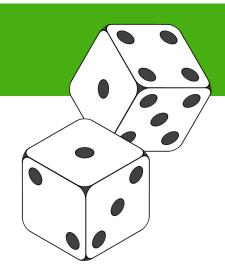
## Random!

## That's so random!

There's lots of things in life that are up to chance or random!



Python lets us **import** common bits of code people use! We're going to use the **random** module!



We want the computer to be random sometimes!



## Using the random module



Let's choose something randomly from a list!

This is like drawing something out of a hat in a raffle!

#### Try this!

- 1. Import the random module!
  - >>> import random



- 2. Copy the shopping list into your script
  - >>> shopping\_list = ["eggs", "bread", "apples", "milk"]
- 3. Choose randomly! Try it a few times!
  - >>> random.choice(shopping\_list)



## Using the random module



## You can also assign your random choice to a variable

```
>>> import random
>>> shopping_list = ["eggs", "bread", "apples", "milk"]
>>> random_food = random.choice(shopping_list)
>>> print(random_food)
```



## **Project Time!**

## Raaaaaaaaandom! Can you handle that?

Let's try use it in our project!

Try to do Part 4

The tutors will be around to



For loops allow you to do something for a number of times or for each item in a group

There are many real world examples, like:



For each page in this book: Read



For each chip in this bag of chips: Eat



```
number = 10
for i in range(number):
    #Do something
```





```
This i is a temporary variable which will count how many times we have looped.

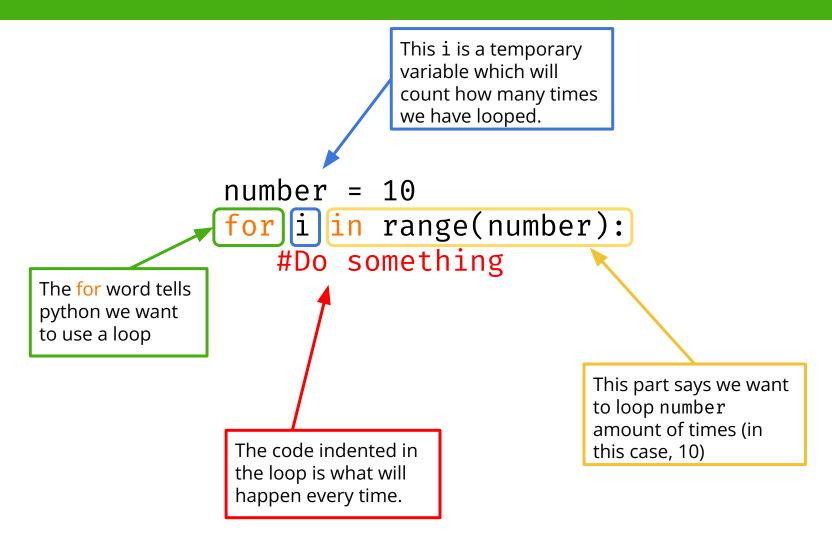
number = 10

for i in range(number):

#Do something

The for word tells python we want to use a loop
```

```
This i is a temporary
                                  variable which will
                                  count how many times
                                  we have looped.
                 number = 10
                  for | in range(number):
                      #Do something
The for word tells
python we want
to use a loop
                                                     This part says we want
                                                     to loop number
                                                     amount of times (in
                                                     this case, 10)
```



## Looping how many times?

## We can loop through a list:

```
friends = 4
for i in range(friends):
    print("Hello friend!")
```

What's going to happen?

## Looping how many times?

## We can loop through a list:

```
friends = 4
for i in range(friends):
    print("Hello friend!")
```

What's going to happen?

We do what's in the for loop as many times as what is in the "range"

## Looping how many times?

## We can loop through a list:

```
friends = 4
for i in range(friends):
    print("Hello friend!")
```

What's going to happen?

```
>>> Hello friend!
>>> Hello friend!
>>> Hello friend!
>>> Hello friend!
```

We do what's in the for loop as many times as what is in the "range"

## Asking a question with a number answer!

It's common to ask the user to enter a number

**Input** always gives us a string of text

We need to turn the **string** into a number before we can use it as a range in a for loop

We do this by using **int()** 

```
no_of_turns = int(input("How many times: " "))
for i in range(no_of_turns)
    Do something
```



## **Project Time!**

Now you know how to use a for loop!

Try to do Parts 5 and 6 ...if you are up for it!

The tutors will be around to help!



## While Loops

## What do you think this does?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```



## What do you think this does?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

```
i is 0
i is 1
i is 2
>>>
```



Stepping through a while loop...



## One step at a time!

## i = 0 while i < 3: print("i is " + str(i)) i = i + 1</pre>



## One step at a time!

0 is less than 3!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

$$i = 0$$

## One step at a time!

# i = 0 while i < 3: print("i is " + str(i)) i = i + 1</pre>

#### **MY VARIABLES**

$$i = 0$$

i is 0

## One step at a time!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

i is 0

#### **MY VARIABLES**

```
= 1
```

JPDATE TIME!

## One step at a time!

```
Take it
from the
top!
```

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

#### **MY VARIABLES**

i is 0

## One step at a time!

l is less than 3 !

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

$$\frac{i=0}{i=1}$$

## One step at a time!

## i = 0 while i < 3: print("i is " + str(i)) i = i + 1</pre>

#### **MY VARIABLES**

$$\frac{i = 0}{i = 1}$$

i is 0

i is 1

## One step at a time!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

i is 0

i is 1

#### MY VARIABLES

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
```



**UPDATE** 

## One step at a time!

```
Take it
from the
top!
```

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
```

```
i is 0
```

## One step at a time!

2 is less than 3 !

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
```

```
i is 0
```

## One step at a time!

## Print!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

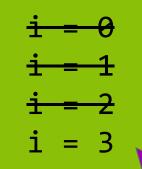
```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
```

```
i is 0
```

## One step at a time!

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

```
i is 0i is 1i is 2
```





## One step at a time!

```
Take it
from the
top!
```

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
i = 3
```

```
i is 0i is 1i is 2
```

## One step at a time!

#### 3 IS NOT less than 3!

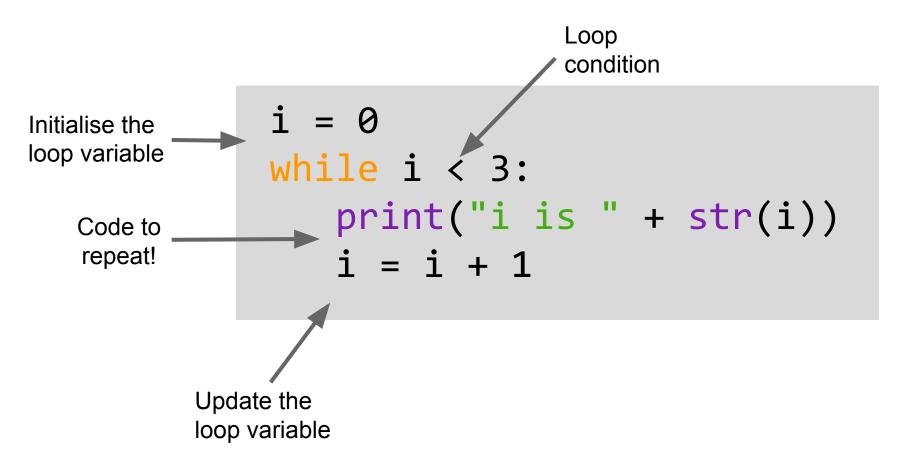
```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))
    i = i + 1</pre>
```

#### **MY VARIABLES**

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
i = 3
```

We are are done with this loop!

```
i is 0
```



## What happens when.....

What happens if we forget to update the loop variable?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("i is " + str(i))</pre>
```



## What happens when.....

What happens if we forget to update the loop variable?

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
   print("i is " + str(i))
i is 0
```

## Infinite loop!

## Sometimes we want our loop to go forever!

So we set a condition that is always True!

We can even just write True!

```
while True:
   print("Are we there yet?")
```



## Project Time!

while we're here:

Try to do Part 7!

And the extensions

The tutors will be around to help!



## Tell us what you think!

Click on the **End of Day Form** and fill it in now!