

Problem statements with their corresponding Solutions.

1. Problem: Ball does not bounce off the walls correctly.

Solution:

Ensure collision detection for the top and bottom walls is implemented correctly.

```
if (ball.y <= 0 || ball.y >= GAME_HEIGHT - BALL_DIAMETER) {  
    ball.setYDirection(-ball.yVelocity);  
}
```

2. Problem: Paddle movement is not smooth.

Solution:

Update the paddle's position in the `move()` method continuously using `yVelocity` instead of moving only when keys are pressed.

```
public void move() {  
    y += yVelocity;  
}
```

3. Problem: Ball passes through the paddle.

Solution:

Check for collision using `Rectangle` intersection and reverse the ball's X-direction when a collision occurs.

```
if (ball.intersects(paddle1) || ball.intersects(paddle2)) {  
    ball.setXDirection(-ball.xVelocity);  
}
```

4. Problem: Score does not update correctly.

Solution:

Check if the ball has crossed the left or right boundary and increment the corresponding player's score.

```

if (ball.x <= 0) {
    score.player2++;
    newBall();
}
if (ball.x >= GAME_WIDTH - BALL_DIAMETER) {
    score.player1++;
    newBall();
}

```

5. Problem: Game does not end when a player reaches the maximum score.

Solution:

Add a condition to check if either player has reached the `MAX_SCORE` and stop the game.

```

if (score.player1 >= MAX_SCORE || score.player2 >= MAX_SCORE) {
    gameRun = false;
    displayGameOver();
}

```

6. Problem: Paddle moves out of bounds.

Solution:

Limit paddle movement within the game screen boundaries.

```

if (paddle1.y <= 0) paddle1.y = 0;

if (paddle1.y >= GAME_HEIGHT - PADDLE_HEIGHT) paddle1.y = GAME_HEIGHT - PADDLE_HEIGHT;

```

7. Problem: Ball moves too fast, making it difficult to play.

Solution:

Adjust the initial ball velocity and increment it gradually on paddle collision.

```

ball.xVelocity = 2;

ball.yVelocity = 2;

```

8. Problem: Game window is not centered on the screen.

Solution:

Use `setLocationRelativeTo(null)` to center the window.

```
this.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
```

9. Problem: Game restarts immediately after it ends.

Solution:

Show a "Game Over" screen with a button to restart the game instead of restarting automatically.

```
JButton restartButton = new JButton("Restart");
```

```
restartButton.addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {
```

```
    @Override
```

```
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
```

```
        new MainMenu();
```

```
    }
```

```
});
```

10. Problem: Players do not know which keys to use.

Solution:

Add key control instructions on the main menu screen.

```
JLabel controlsLabel = new JLabel("Player 1: W/S | Player 2: Up/Down");
```

```
controlsLabel.setForeground(Color.white);
```

```
controlsLabel.setBounds(100, 150, 200, 50);
```

```
panel.add(controlsLabel);
```

11. Problem: Ball always starts at the same position.

Solution:

Randomize the ball's initial position and direction.

```
random = new Random();

ball = new Ball(GAME_WIDTH / 2, random.nextInt(GAME_HEIGHT -
BALL_DIAMETER), BALL_DIAMETER, BALL_DIAMETER);

ball.setXDirection(random.nextBoolean() ? -1 : 1);

ball.setYDirection(random.nextBoolean() ? -1 : 1);
```

12. Problem: Game runs too slowly.

Solution:

Increase the frame update rate by adjusting the `amountOfTicks` variable.

```
double amountOfTicks = 120.0; // Increase from 60 to 120 for smoother gameplay.
```

13. Problem: No pause functionality.

Solution:

Add a pause feature using a key press.

```
boolean isPaused = false;

if (e.getKeyCode() == KeyEvent.VK_P) {

    isPaused = !isPaused;

}
```

14. Problem: Ball movement is not diagonal.

Solution:

Ensure both `xVelocity` and `yVelocity` are non-zero when initializing the ball.

```
ball.setXDirection(random.nextInt(2) == 0 ? 1 : -1);
```

```
ball.setYDirection(random.nextInt(2) == 0 ? 1 : -1);
```

15. Problem: Game frame is resizable, causing display issues.

Solution:

Disable resizing of the game window.

```
this.setResizable(false);
```

16. Problem: Paddles are not visually distinct.

Solution:

Assign different colors to each paddle.

```
g.setColor(id == 1 ? Color.blue : Color.red);
```

```
g.fillRect(x, y, width, height);
```

17. Problem: Game Over screen is not visually appealing.

Solution:

Improve layout with better alignment and fonts.

```
gameOverLabel.setFont(new Font("Arial", Font.BOLD, 40));
```

18. Problem: Background is too plain.

Solution:

Add a simple background color or image.

```
this.setBackground(Color.darkGray);
```

19. Problem: Players cannot quit the game mid-match.

Solution:

Add a "Quit" button in the main game panel.

```
 JButton quitButton = new JButton("Quit");  
 quitButton.addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {  
     @Override  
     public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {  
         System.exit(0);  
     }  
 });
```

20. Problem: Paddle speed is too high.

Solution:

Reduce the **speed** variable of the paddle.

```
int speed = 5; // Lower from 10 to 5.
```

21. Problem: Ball does not speed up after a collision.

Solution:

Increase the ball's velocity after each paddle collision.

```
ball.xVelocity += ball.xVelocity > 0 ? 1 : -1;  
ball.yVelocity += ball.yVelocity > 0 ? 1 : -1;
```

22. Problem: No sound effects.

Solution:

Add basic sound effects on paddle and wall collisions

```
AudioClip clip = Applet.newAudioClip(new URL("paddle_hit.wav"));  
clip.play();
```

.23. Problem: No score reset after restarting the game.

Solution:

Reset scores when the game restarts.

```
score.player1 = 0;  
score.player2 = 0;
```

24. Problem: Main menu is not shown after quitting a game.

Solution:

Display the main menu after the Game Over screen.

```
new MainMenu();
```

25. Problem: Game feels too static.

Solution:

Add animations or particle effects when scoring a point.

```
g.setColor(Color.yellow);  
g.fillOval(ball.x, ball.y, BALL_DIAMETER, BALL_DIAMETER);
```

