

Software Engineering

Lab-6

SID: 202201165

1. Use Case Textual Description

(i) Process Sale

Use Case Name: Process Sale

Actors: Cashier, Customer

Preconditions:

- The cashier is logged into the POS system.
- Each item purchased should have its own barcode.
- Each item's stock should be stored in the catalog system.
- All modes of payment should be acceptable.

Postconditions:

- The sale transaction is recorded in the system.
- The inventory is updated to reflect the sale.
- A receipt is printed for the customer.

Main Flow:

- (i) When the customer arrives with all the purchased items, the cashier starts a new transaction.
- (ii) The cashier scans the barcode of all the items.
- (iii) The POS system retrieves the name and price of all the items from the catalog system.
- (iv) The POS device displays the name of the items, number of items purchased and price of all the items.
- (v) The POS system will then deduce the appropriate amount of items from the inventory system.
- (vi) The cashier asks the customer if he/she wants to apply for any gift coupons.
- (vii) The cashier then asks the customer to pay in any mode he/she wishes.
- (viii) The customer pays the final amount shown by the POS after applying the gift coupons if applicable.
- (ix) After the customer successfully pays the amount, receipt is generated by the POS system.

Alternative Flows:

- (vi).(a) If the coupon given by the customer is invalid, then it is not accounted for in the final amount.

(viii).(a) If the payment is unsuccessful, the cashier asks the customer to again do the payment or choose another mode payment.

(ii) Handle Return

Use Case Name: Handle Return

Actors: Cashier, Customer

Precondition:

- The cashier is logged into the POS system.
- The customer has a valid receipt for the returned item(s).

Postcondition:

- The return transaction is recorded in the system.
- The inventory is updated to reflect the return.
- A receipt for the return is printed, if applicable.

Main Flow:

- (i) The customer approaches the POS counter with items to return and presents the receipt.
- (ii) The cashier starts a new return transaction in the POS system.
- (iii) The cashier scans the barcode of the item being returned.
- (iv) The system retrieves the original sale price of the item.
- (v) The cashier processes the return.
- (vi) The system updates the inventory to add the returned item back into stock.
- (vii) The cashier informs the customer of the refund amount as informed by the POS system.
- (viii) The customer chooses to receive the refund through which mode.
- (ix) The cashier processes the refund.
- (x) The system confirms the refund and prints a return receipt for the customer.

Alternative Flows:

- (v).(a) If the item is not valid for return, the cashier informs the customer about it.

2. Identify Entity/Boundary/Control Objects

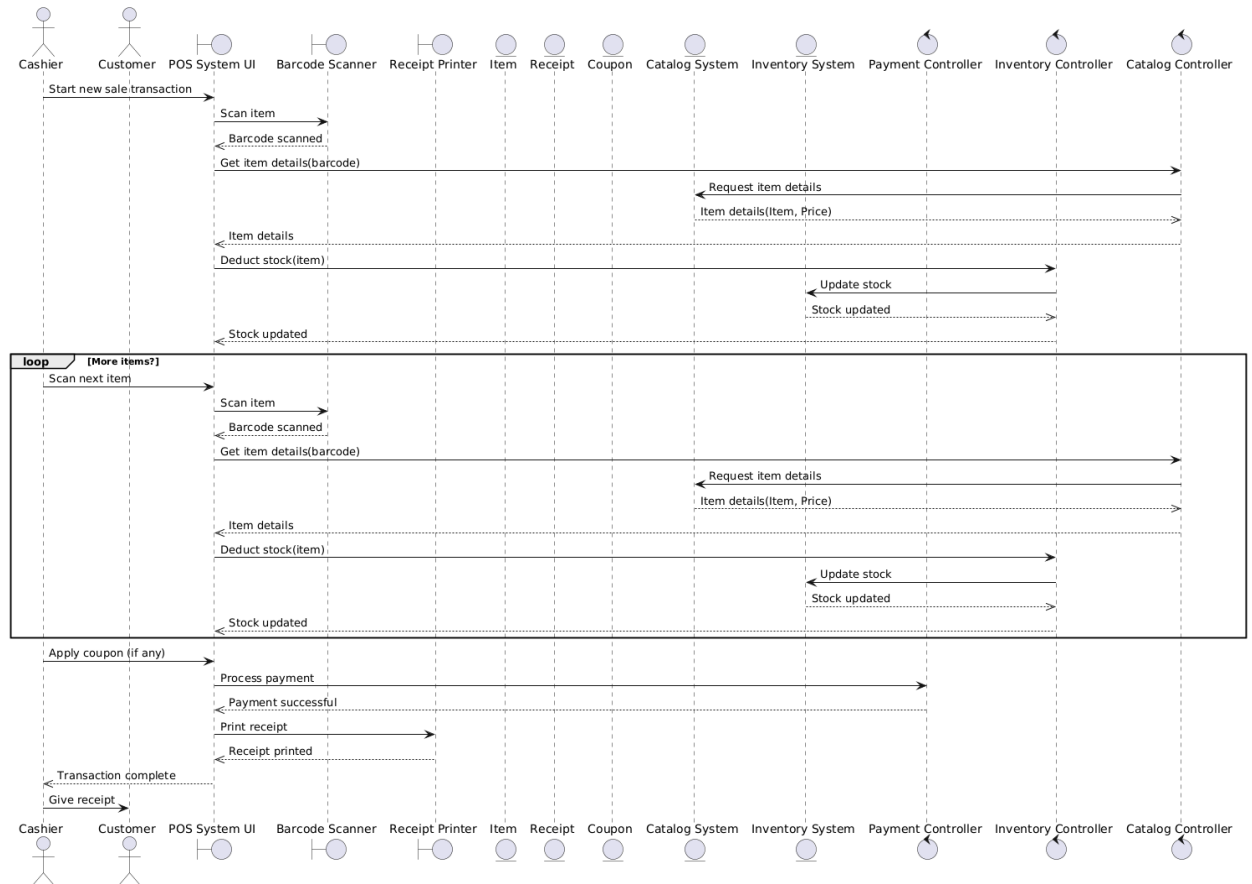
Entity Objects: Item, Receipt, Coupon, Customer, Barcode, Catalog system, Inventory system

Boundary Objects: POS system UI, Barcode Scanner, Receipt Printer

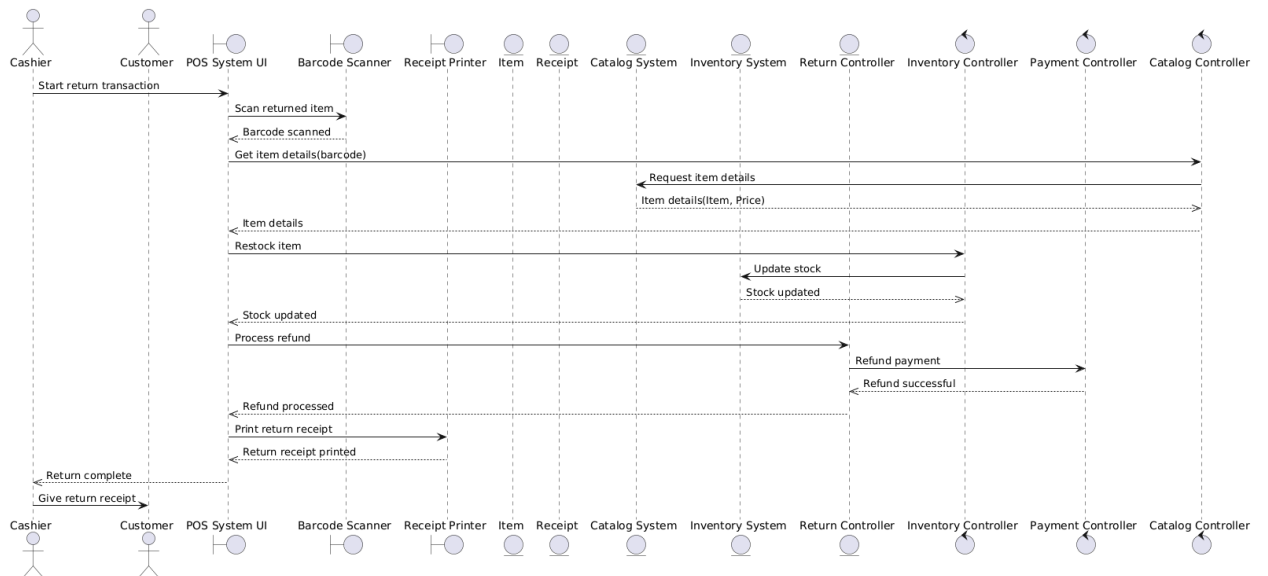
Control Objects: Payment Controller, Inventory Controller, Return Controller, Catalog Controller

3. Sequence Diagram

Process Sales

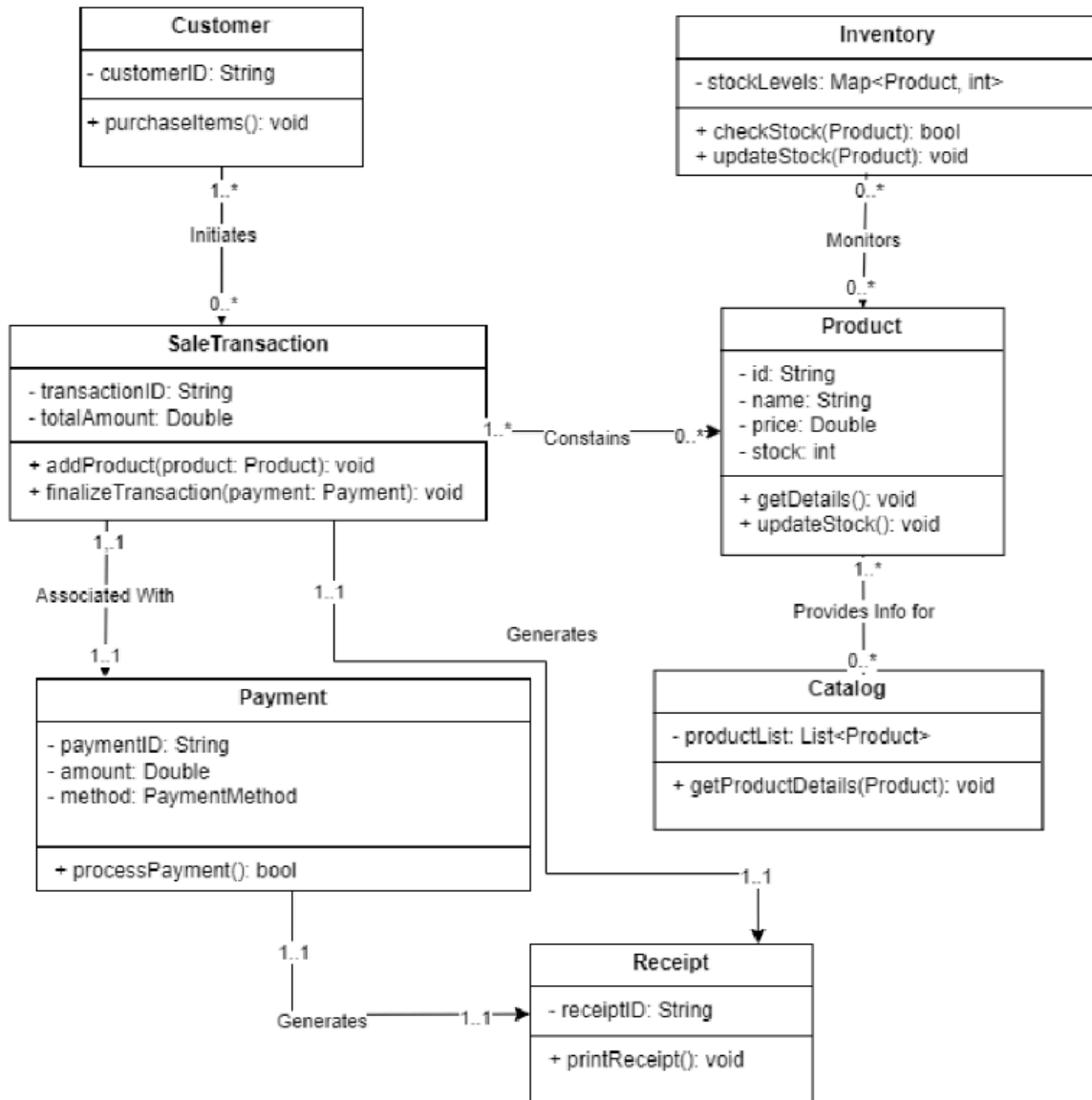


Handle Return

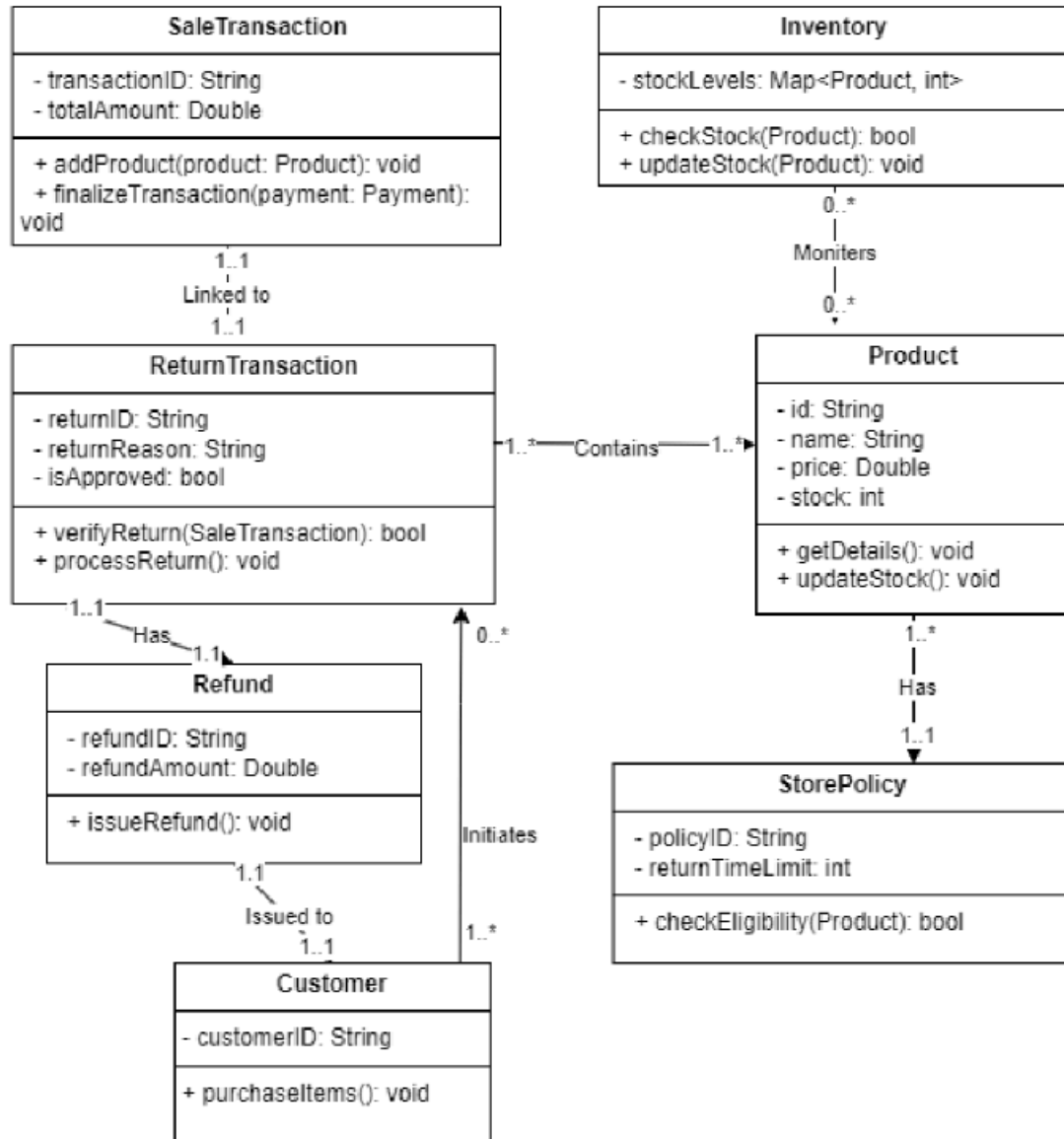


4. Class Diagram

Process Sales

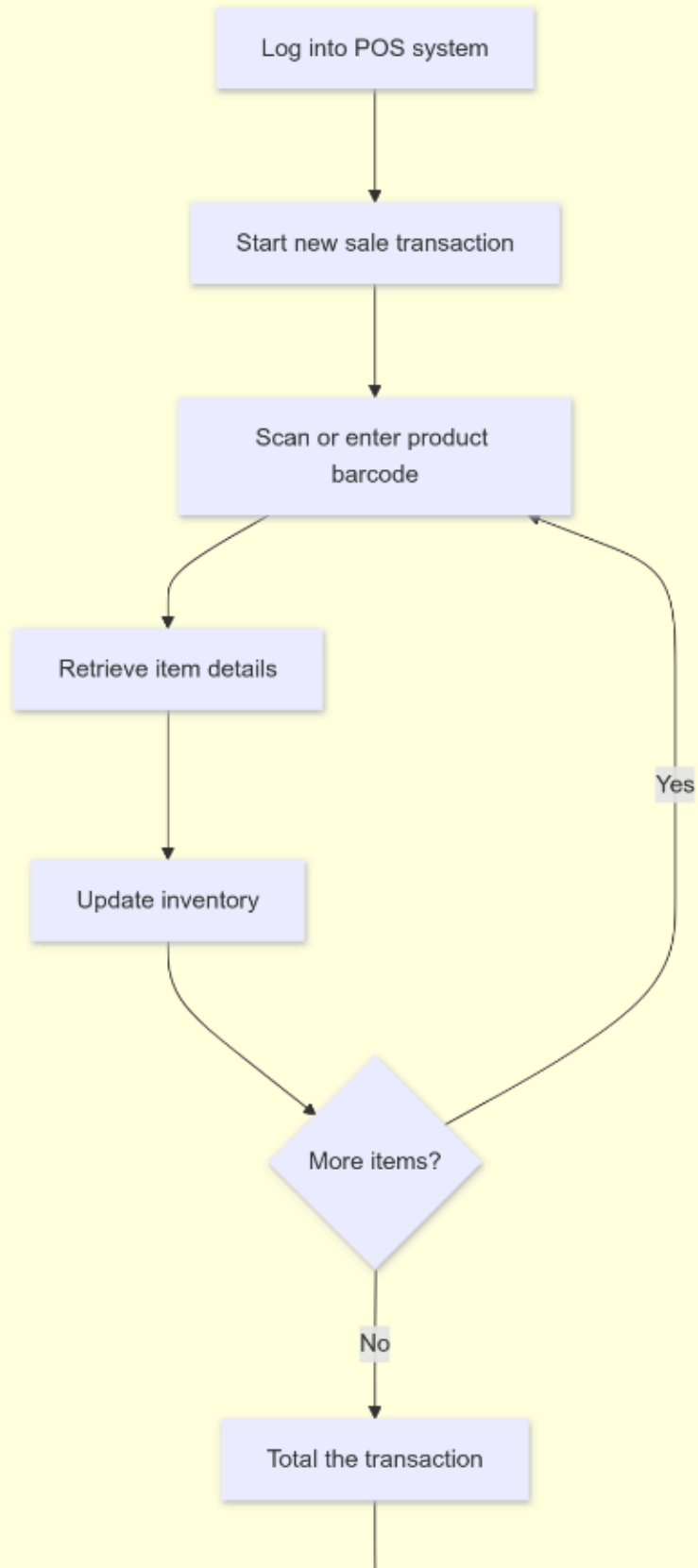


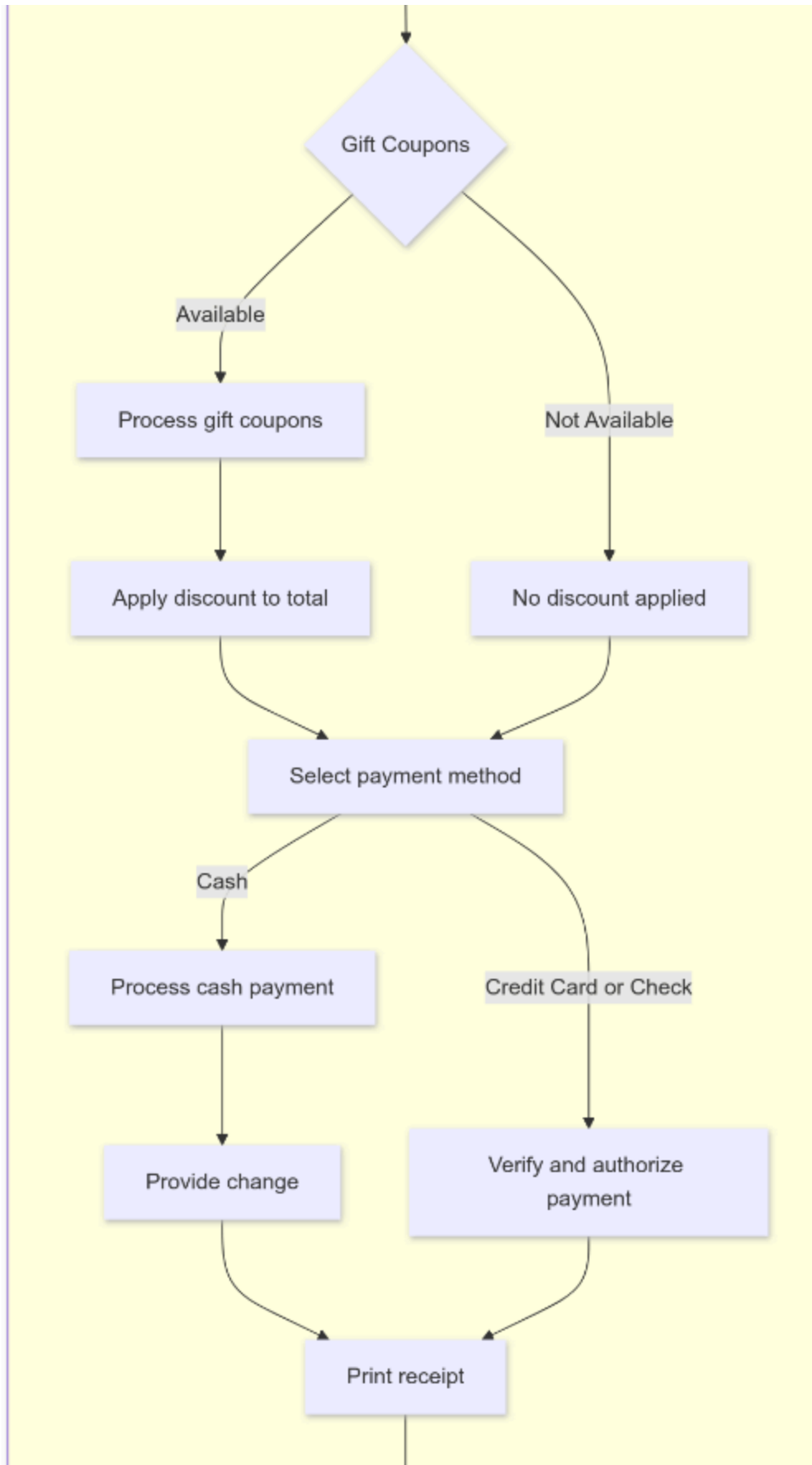
Handle Return

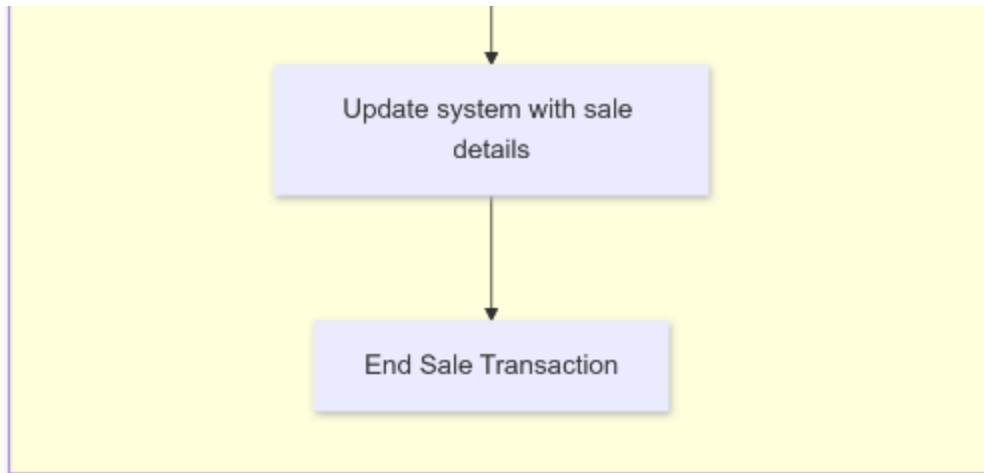


5. Sequence Diagram

Process Sale







Handle Return

