0 0	0 1	Whosis Dot Pupper		4	5	0
1		ThesisBot Examp				1
2		Petr van Blokland				
3						
4		-	- }			
6 1						6
7						7
8		50 ideas to start Usi	ng BageBot. Intr	oductionThis is		
9		course is about Pytho:				9
10		snakes and not about				10
11		continue. But if you ar				11
12 2		you will learn about p		_		12
13		jects and classes dedic				13
14		you are on the right tr		~ -		14
15		be a designer by profe				15
16		course. It's characteri				16
17		scratch, using daily lif				17
18 3		grams. Their structure		_		18
19		That is a different app				19
20		ming courses, which o				20
21		tion in search for a pro				21
		is that we really start t		ng daily life ex-		22
22 23		amples to visualize th		-		23
24 4		behavior and their us				24
25		from many other prog				25
25 26		start with a technical				26
27		There will be a lot of o				27
28		my ultimate best to cl	arify as much as	I can and to re-		28
29		late everything to prac	ctical problems tl	nat you can		29
30 5		recognize and visualiz	ze. I am pretty sui	e that you will		30
31		see that programming	; is not as magic a	as some program-		31
32		mers want you to beli	eve. And what is	more important,		32
33		knowing about how p	rogramming wor	ks yourself, can		33
34		actually save you a lo	t of time. Even if	you don't want to		34
35		be a programmer. The	\ \ \			35
36 6		vironment. Because th				36
37		this is a design proces		-		37
38		and understanding ab				38
39		will be continuous im				39
40		examples. Feedba <mark>c</mark> k fr				40
41		updates of Python ma		_		41
42 7		grow over time. So the	e subscription fee	of the course		42
43		will grow too.				43
44		of a course like this is				44
45		creased knowledge ar				45
46		should be done - ther	e will be contin <mark>u</mark>	ous improvement		46
47						47
48 8						48
49						#??# ₄₉
50						50

	1	2	3	4	5	
0 0		should be done - t	nere will be continu	ous improvement		0
1			should be done – there will be continuous improvement on the code and the examples. Feedback from sub-			1
2		scribers and the regular updates of Python make that				2
3			pt and grow over ti			3
4			course will grow to			4
-5			n for course into an			5
6 1		struction of a kicks	tart project. If you a	re an early		6
7		adapter, trusting th	at the course will g	ow and develop		7
8		in a direction that	you need, then you	just pay the cur-		8
9		rent amount. After	that every addition	is available free		9
10		of charge. The Ude	my courses always	have a lifetime		10
11		subscription for the	e fee that you initial	ly paid for it. If		11
12 2		you wait for a few	months, more conte	nt will be added		12
13			e subsequently hig			13
14			r hour video. Any ti			14
15			u will pay the price			15
16			the volume of the c			16
17			low in the beginning			17
18 3			ation we <mark>'</mark> ll develop t			18
19			urs of instructions a			19
20			e, you will pay more			20
21			are a designer, or yo			21
23			in your professiona			22 23
24 4			already using Pythor			24
25			e, then joining this			25
26			profitable for you.			26
27			und showing the grothon, but most are s			27
28			m to be solved. Usir			28
29			ice requires a revers			
30 5			mething and what i			30
31			nstead of reading th			31
32			re the station is?" ir			32
33			in conversations in			33
34			an decide on the to			34
35			nd since these patte			35
36 6		and changing over	time, you need an e	nvironment that		36
37		will adapt and grov	v, instead of prese <mark>p</mark> t	ing a fixed "how		37
38		to" course. At the e	nd of the course an	overview of pos-		38
39		sible future topics	is given. This list wil	l be maintained		39
40			vishes and needs ex			40
41			rse. The developme			41
42 7			in sync with chang			42
43			ent this will succeed			43
44			ning in at early stag			44
45		trust that this will happen. As a reward for this trust you				45
46		get all future conte	nt for the current p	rice. This course is		46
47						47
48 8						48 #??# 49
49 50						50

	0 1	2 3 4 5	
0 0		the current price. This course is the twin of Processing	0
1		for Resigners course. Much of text is the same, as the	1
2		structure of the Processing and Python is very similar.	2
3		Also the code examples are very much alike, except that	3
4		they are adapted to the syntax of each language. And in	4
5		the advanced part of the courses the examples start to	5
6 1		drift apart, because the available functions and libraries	6
7		is different. You can decide to go through both courses if	7
8		you want to learn the differences. But if you already	8
9		have a preference or you made a choice, then following	9
10		only one of the two courses may be sufficient as a start.	10
11		If you are starting fresh on programming, the choice can	11
12 2		be based on the expertise that is available in your envi-	12
13		ronment, that is a very practical reason. You choice also	13
14		be based on the difference in flavor between the lan-	14
15		guages. In preparation of deepening in each of there	15
16		languages here is a brief summary about their charac-	16
17		teristics. Processing is based on Java, an industrial	17
18 3		strength programming language, where the type of ob-	18
19		jects needs to be specified at the start of a program.	19
20		Python has a much more free usage of types, which	20
21		makes it good for "sketchy" programming, but it is less	21
22		reliable in circumstances where the prediction of flaw-	22
23		less execution is important. But in reverse, this makes	23
24 4		Python much more flexible in the storage of informa-	24
25		tion. Especially the mixing of data type and the storage	25
26		in the standard dictionary type, allow Python to build	26
27		data structures that are very hard to achieve in Process-	27
28		ing. The origin of Processing is more in the processing of	28
29		images, – focussed on pixels and interaction – than	29
30 5		Python. Python can for instance be found inside web	30
31		servers and as scripting language in desktop ap-	31
32		plications such as FontLab and RoboFont. In general	32
33		Processing programs are more linear, smaller and dedi-	33
34		cated to a specific task, where Python programs tend to	34
35		be part of larger systems. In that respect Python should	35
36 6		be more compared on the level of Java, the language	36
37		that Processing is built on top of. Another difference is	37
38		the amount and type of available libraries of code is an-	38
39		other important factor. There a some minor differences	39
40		in the syntax of the two languages – minor, but for some	40
41		people they are really annoying, being accustomed to	41
42 7		one kind of notation, such as the use of curly brackets	42
43		to indicate the start and end of blocks of code in Pro-	43
44		cessing (and Java) and the way Python detects the start	44
45		and end of a block: entirely by the amount indent of a	45
46		set of code line. In this course the differences between	46
47			47
48 8			48
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	0 1	2 3 4 5	
0 0		differences between Processing and Python will be	0
1		mentioned if that is really important, but this course will	1
2		mainly focus on t <mark>he</mark> use of Processin <mark>g i</mark> n the design	2
3		practice	3
4			4
5			5
6 1			6
8			8
9			9
10			10
11			11
12 2			12
13			13
14			14
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18 3			18
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20			20
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23			23
24 4			24
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29			29
30 5			30
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34			34
36 6			36
37			37
38			38
39			39
40			40
41			41
42 7			42
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46			46
47			47
48 8			48 # ?? # ₄₉
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