# Figures annex

### 1 RANS

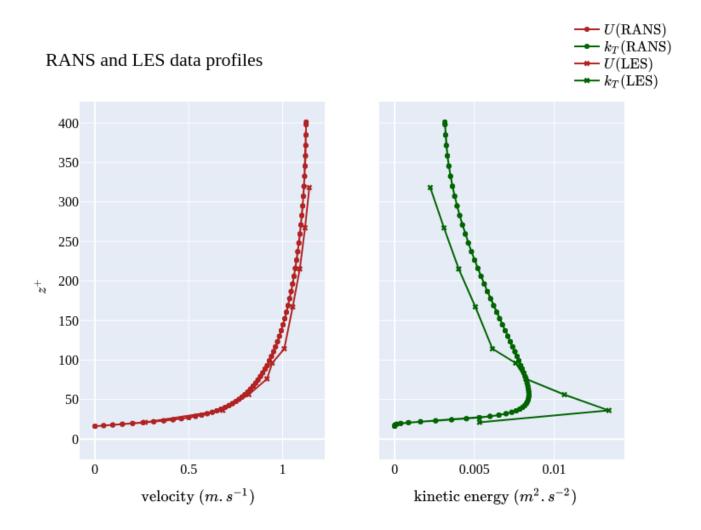


Figure 1: The comparison between RANS and LES data profiles of streamwise velocity (left figure) and kinetic energy (right) in function of  $z^+$ 

# 2 Velocity analyses

### 3 Frozen turbulence

We want to verify the frozen turbulence hypotethis which state that  $\phi_{ij}^{[1]}(k_1, x_2, x_3) = U_c \psi_{ij}(U_c k_1, x_2, x_3)$  with  $\omega = U_c k_1$ .  $U_c$  is the mean streamwise velocity,  $\phi_{ij}^{[1]}$  is the spatial spectra in the streamwise direction and  $\psi_{ij}$  is the time spectra.

- 3.1 Power spectras
- 3.2 2D correlation
- 4 Spatial correlations
- 5 Gamma coefficient determination

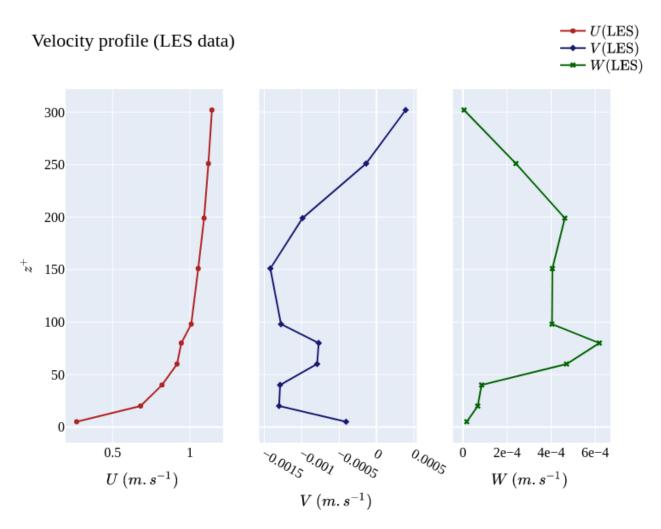


Figure 2: Three mean velocity profiles from LES datas extract from 10 streamwise plan. Left streamwise direction, center spanwise direction and right wall-normal direction.

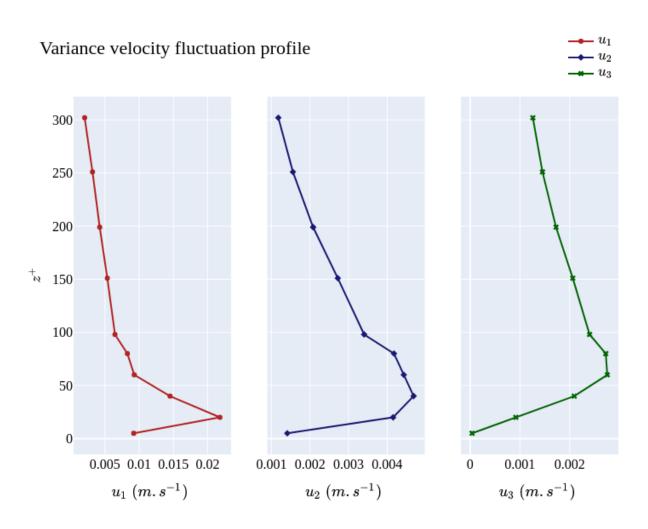


Figure 3: Three variance velocity fluctuation profiles from LES datas extract from 10 streamwise plan.

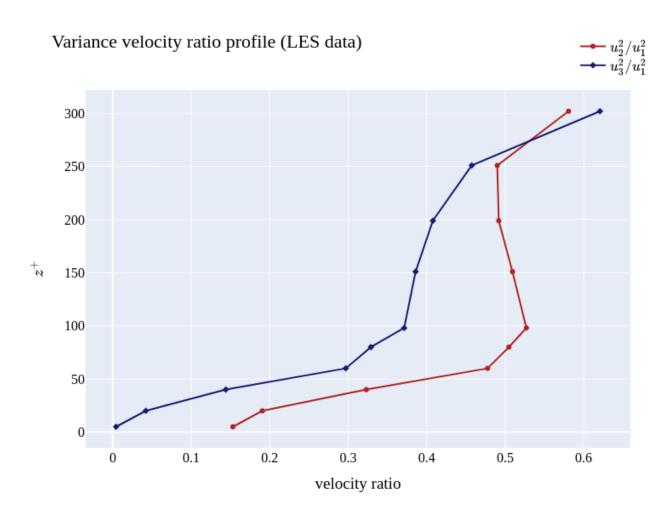
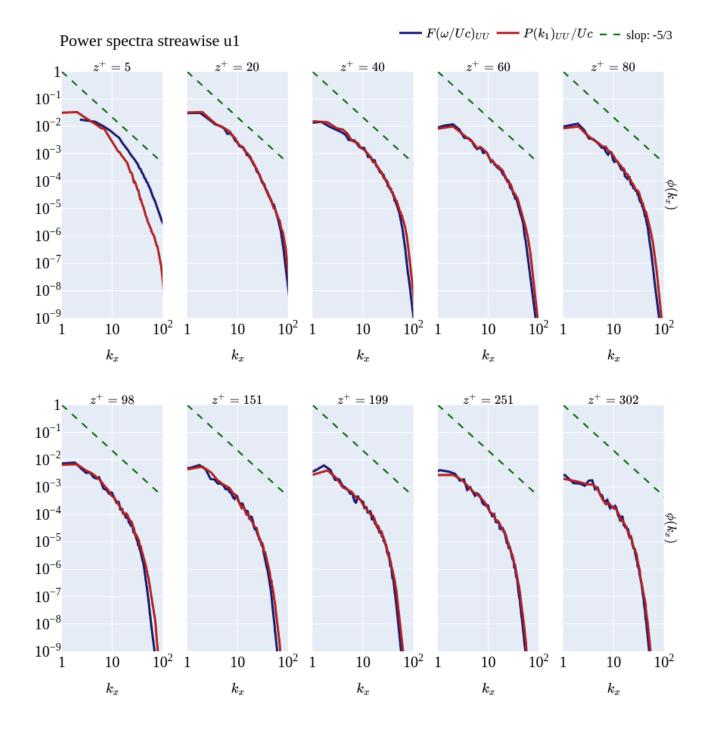
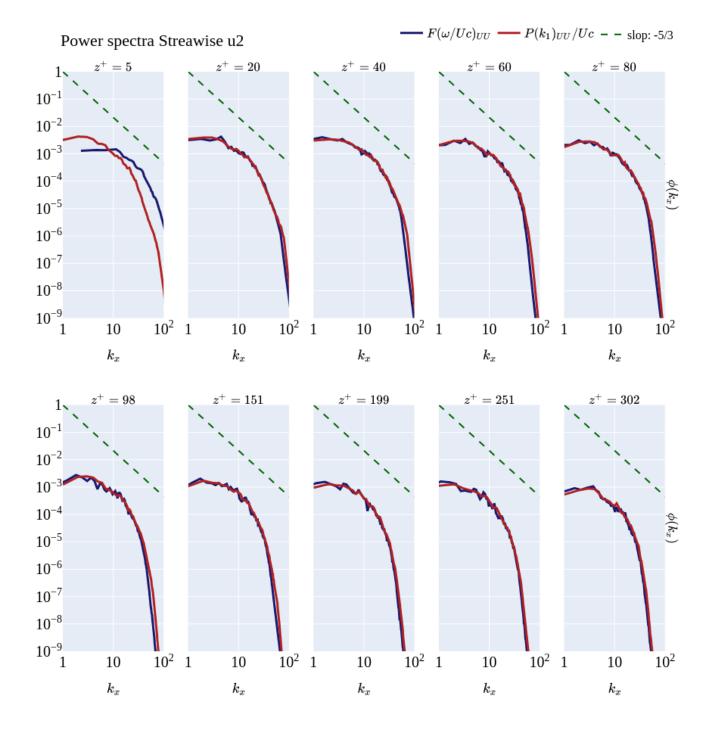


Figure 4: Square ratio of the spanwise on streamwise velocity (red) and the wall-normal on streamwise velocity (blue). They have been calculated taking the 10 streamwise plans. The streamwise velocity appears to be very dominant on both the spanwise and the wall-normal velocity.





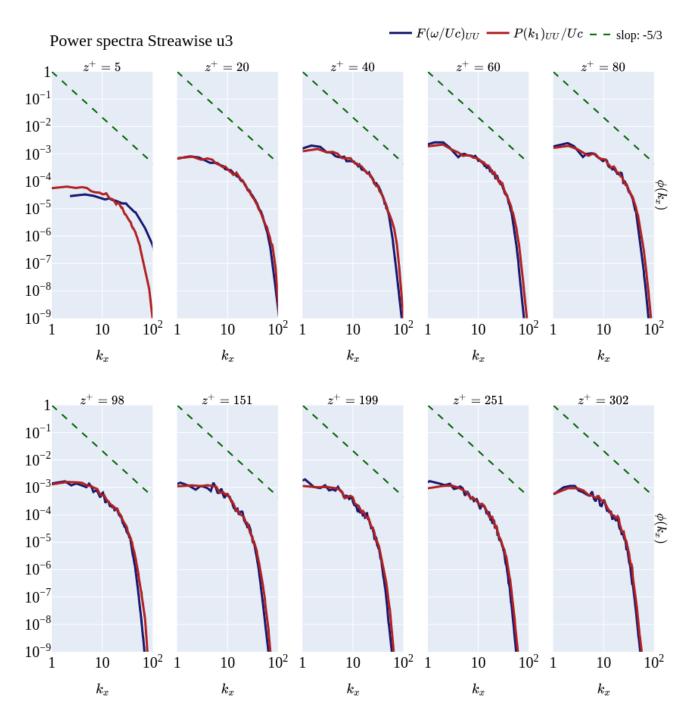
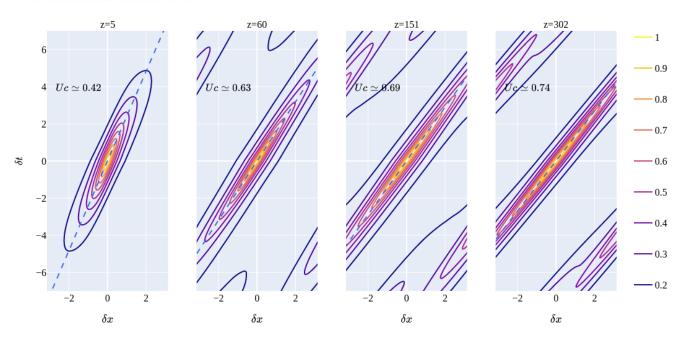
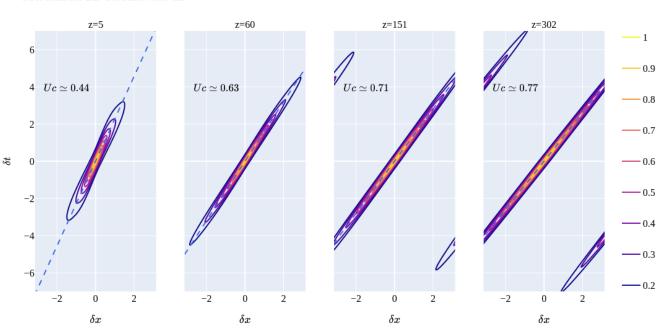


Figure 5: Power spectra in space (red) and time (blue) for the streamwise velocity (top), spanwise velocity (middle) and wall-normal velocity (bottom) at 10 different heights. The Uc took is the mean velocity along the streamwise axis

### Correlation 2D Streamwise u1



### Correlation 2D Streamwise u2



### Correlation 2D Streamwise u3

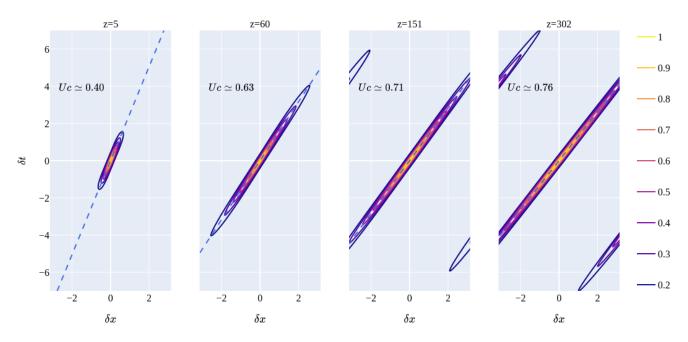


Figure 6: Contour plot of 2D correlation in four streamwise plans. (- - -) slop of the ellipses correponding at  $\frac{1}{U_c}$ . To determine the slop we take the following values of the correlation function: (0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.85, 0.9, 0.95)

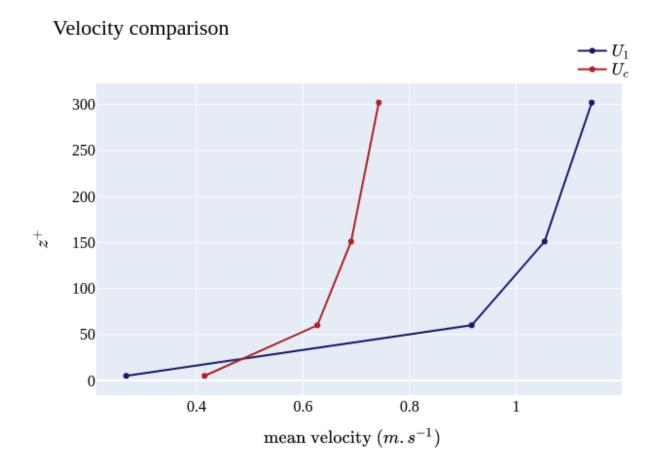


Figure 7: Comparion of slop determined velocity  $(U_c)$  and streamwise mean velocity  $(U_1)$  in function of  $z^+$ 

# Velocity ratio

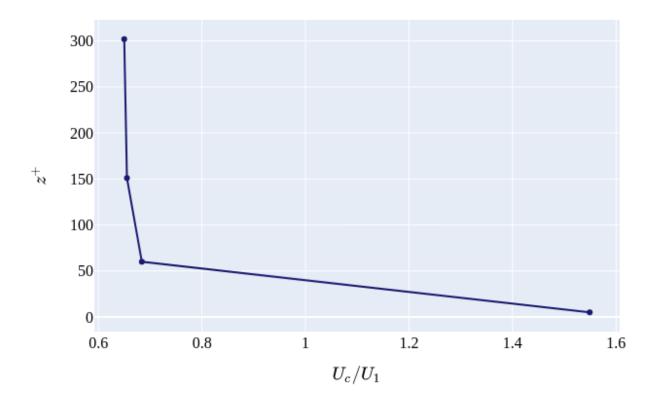
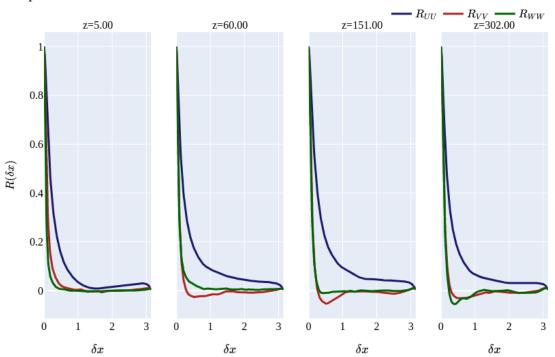


Figure 8: Ratio of slop determined velocity  $(U_c)$  and streamwise mean velocity  $(U_1)$  in function of  $z^+$ 

## Space Correlation Streamwise



# Space Correlation Spanwise z=5.00 z=60.00 z=151.00 R<sub>UU</sub> R<sub>VV</sub> z=302.00 R<sub>WW</sub> 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.2

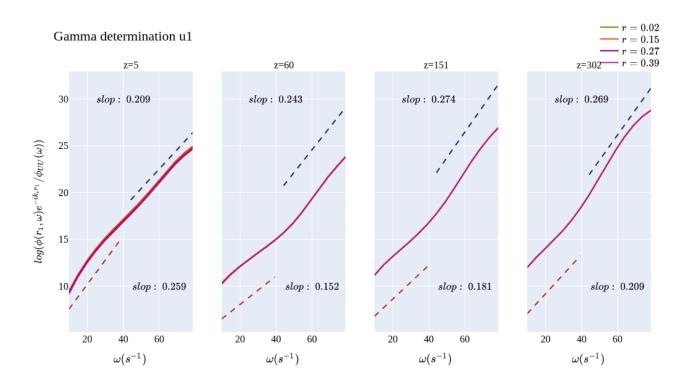
Figure 9: Spatial correllation in a streamwise plan (top figure) and in a spanwise plan (bottom figure). U is the streamwise, V the spanwise and W the wall-normal velocities

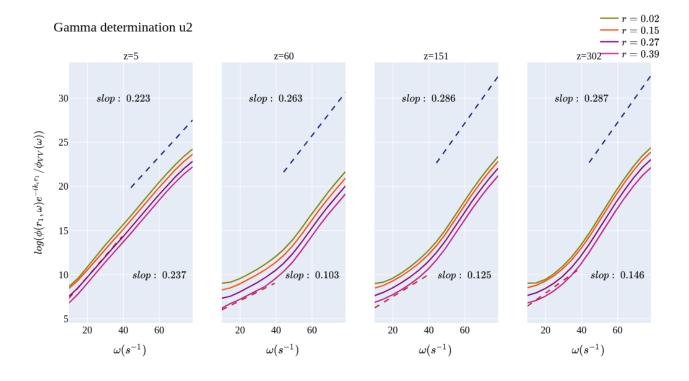
 $\delta x$ 

 $\delta x$ 

 $\delta x$ 

 $\delta x$ 





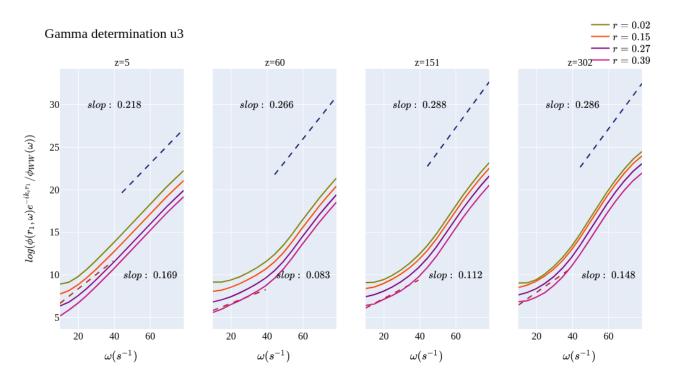


Figure 10: Determination of  $\gamma$  coefficient as  $e^{-\gamma k_c r_1} = \frac{\phi(r_1,\omega)}{\phi_{ii}(\omega)} e^{-ik_c r_1}$ . All these spectra are computed with streamwise plan with streamwise velocity (top figure), spanwise velocity (middle figure) and wall-normal velocity (bottom figure)

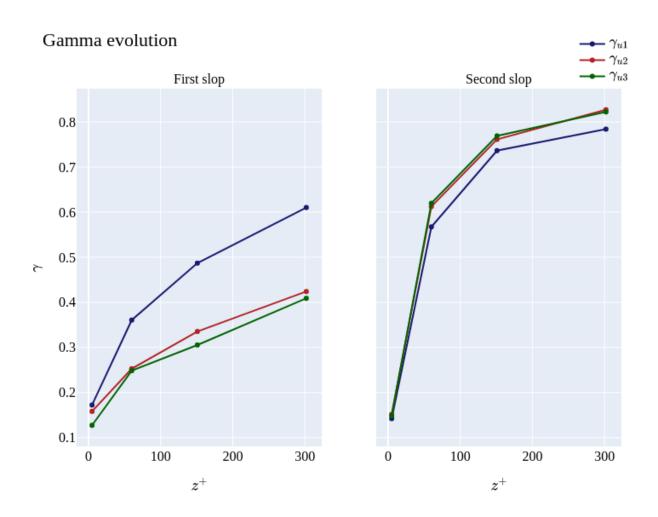


Figure 11: Figure representing the evolution of  $\gamma$  coefficient in function of  $z^+$  determined by the precedent figures.