# Single-Page-Applications

### Goal

In this lab, you will:

- Convert an application into an SPA
- Use the Angular-Router

#### Your mission

In this lab, you will update an Angular application to make use of the browsers navigation capabilities to support bookmarking and the back and forward buttons.

### Type it out by hand?

Typing it drills it into your brain much better than simply copying and pasting it. You're forming new neuron pathways. Those pathways are going to help you in the future. Help them out now.

# Display the list of movies based on the browsers URL

In this section, you will add the Angular router and use to display the list of movies.

 Open app.module.ts and import RouterModule and Routes from @angular/router.

```
import { RouterModule, Routes } from '@angular/router';
```

2. Add the **movies** route to display the **MovieListItemComponent** component:

```
var routes: Routes = [
    { path: 'movies', component: MovieListItemComponent }
];
```

3. Import the **root** router module using the routing table defined in the previous step.

```
imports: [
   BrowserModule,
   ReactiveFormsModule,
   HttpModule,
   RouterModule.forRoot(routes)
],
```

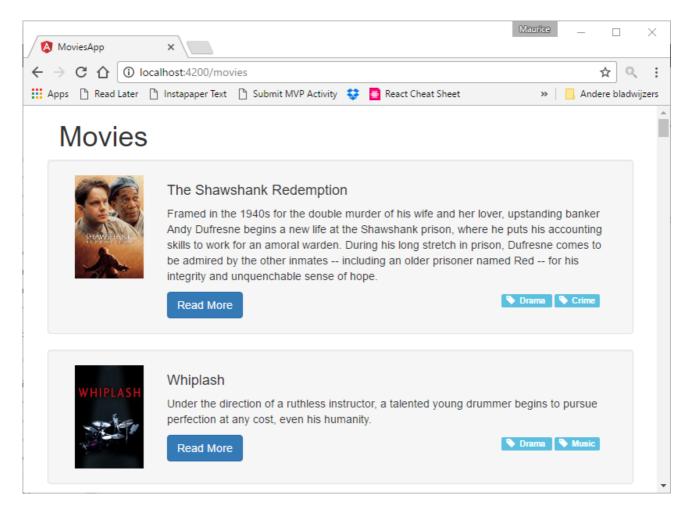
4. Open **app.component.html** and replace the markup with the **router-outlet**.

```
<div class="container">
  <router-outlet></div>
```

5. Open **app.component.ts** and delete the **selectedMovie** property and the **movieSelected()** and **showList()** functions.

```
@Component({
   selector: 'app-root',
   templateUrl: './app.component.html',
   styleUrls: ['./app.component.css']
})
export class AppComponent {
   constructor() { }
}
```

- 6. Navigate to <a href="http://localhost:4200/">http://localhost:4200/</a> and you should see an empty page without any errors in the console window.
- 7. Navigate to <a href="http://localhost:4200/movies">http://localhost:4200/movies</a> and you should see the complete list of movies again. Note that clicking on **Read More** has no effect.



### Redirect to the movies list

In this section, you will redirect to the movies list if an unknown route is detected.

1. Open app.module.ts and a wildcard route to redirect to the movies list.

2. Navigate to <a href="http://localhost:4200/">http://localhost:4200/</a> and observe that you are redirected to <a href="http://localhost:4200/movies">http://localhost:4200/movies</a> and the movie list appears.

## Add a route for an individual movie page

In this section, you will add a route for an individual movie page. You will also update the "Read More" button to navigate there.

1. Open **app.module.ts** and a new **route** for the movie editor. Add a parameter named **movield** to contain the movie **id** property.

```
var routes: Routes = [
    { path: 'movies', component: MovieListItemComponent },
    { path:'movie/:movieId', component: MovieEditorComponent },
    { path: '**', redirectTo: 'movies' }
];
```

- 2. Open **movie-list-item.component.ts** and delete the **movieSelected** output property.
- 3. Import the **Router** service from **@angular/router**.

```
import { Router } from '@angular/router';
```

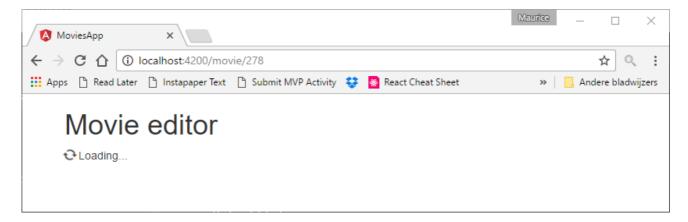
4. Inject the **Router** service into the **MovieListItemComponent** constructor.

```
constructor(private moviesService: MoviesService, private rout
er: Router) { }
```

5. Replace the body of the **showMore()** function with a call to the router **navigate()** function.

```
showMore(movie: Movie) {
  this.router.navigate(['movie', movie.id])
}
```

6. Make sure you can navigate to the movie editor. Note: this page will not show the movie and produce an error. You will fix that in the next section.



# Update the movie editor

In this section, you will fix the movie editor by retrieving the movie ID from the route data.

1. Open **movie-editor.component.ts** and delete the **movield** and **showList** properties.

2. Import the Router and ActivatedRoute from angular/router.

```
import { Router, ActivatedRoute } from '@angular/router';
```

3. Add the **switchMap()** RxJS operator to the observable.

```
import 'rxjs/add/operator/switchMap';
```

4. Inject the **Router** and **ActivatedRoute** services into the **MovieEditorComponent** constructor.

```
constructor(
  private moviesService: MoviesService,
  private formBuilder: FormBuilder,
  private router: Router,
  private activatedRoute: ActivatedRoute) {
}
```

5. Update the **ngOnInit()** to read the **moviedId** from the **ActivatedRoute** and use the **switchMap()** to trigger loading of the movie.

```
ngOnInit() {
    // Previous code.
    this.activatedRoute.params
        .switchMap(params => this.moviesService.getMovie(params.mo
vieId))
        .subscribe(movie => {
            this.movie = movie;
            this.movieForm.reset(movie);
            this.validateMovie();
        });
}
```

6. Update the **onCancel()** to use the **Router** service.

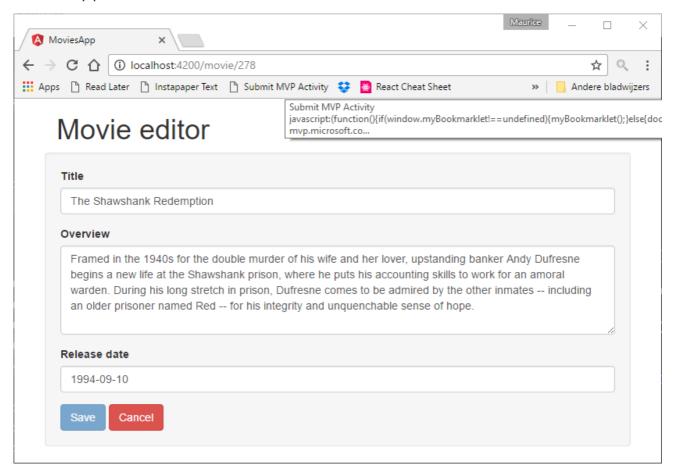
```
onCancel() {
  this.router.navigate(['movies']);
}
```

6. Update the **onSubmit()** to use the **Router** service

```
onSubmit() {
  const updatedMovie = {...this.movie, ...this.movieForm.valu
e};
```

```
this.moviesService.updateMovie(updatedMovie)
    .subscribe(() => this.router.navigate(['movies']));
}
```

7. The application should now be fully functional. Test it to see if everything is working as expected. Note: you can now refresh the browser while looking at the movie editor and the same page should reappear.



## Solution

The solution can be found in complete folder