

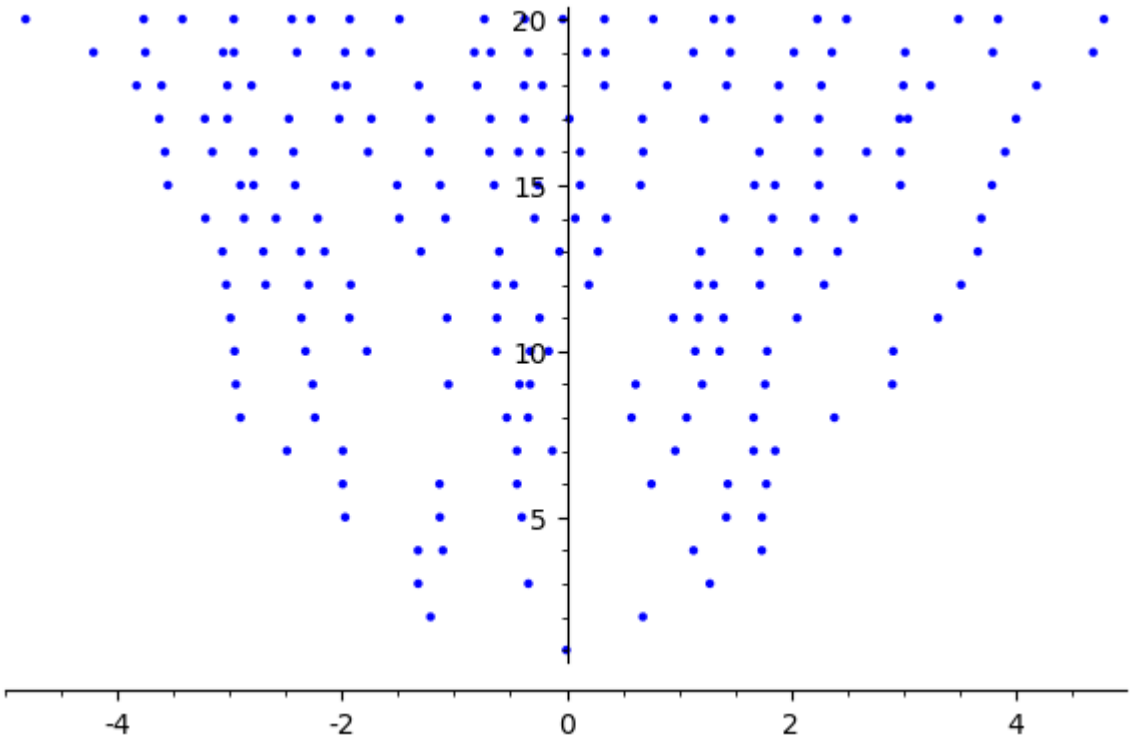
In [345]: *# Problem 1*

```
reset()
def RSM(n):
    A = random_matrix(RDF,n)
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(n):
            if i < j:
                A[i,j] = A[j,i]
    return A

def evalArray(d):
    result = []
    M = RSM(d)
    for i in range(1,d+1):
        e = M[:i,:i].eigenvalues()
        for j in e:
            result.append([j,i])
    return result

show(RSM(5))
show(list_plot(evalArray(20)))
```

0.9676918479067342	0.44544128307314423	−0.6302275749992177	0.3830493535827537	0.50370
0.44544128307314423	−0.012474995964299351	−0.6863382161192515	−0.49015932772249715	0.299
−0.6302275749992177	−0.6863382161192515	0.2848492849330444	0.07194002548839973	−0.5781
0.3830493535827537	−0.49015932772249715	0.07194002548839973	0.6590391668975091	−0.10342
0.5037070363745717	0.299734081109597	−0.5781994441666509	−0.10342356969359501	0.17854



In [346]: *# Problem 2*

```
reset()
def myMaj(perm):
    result = 0
    for i in range(len(perm)-1):
        if perm[i] > perm[i+1]:
            result += i+1
    return result

def myInv(perm):
    counter = 0
    for i in range(len(perm)):
        for j in range(i):
            if(perm[j] > perm[i]):
                counter += 1
    return counter

def majorArray(d):
    p = Permutations(range(d)).list()
    result = [0] * (myMaj(p[-1])+1)
    for i in range(len(p)):
        result[myMaj(p[i])] += 1
    return result

def invArray(d):
    p = Permutations(range(d)).list()
    result = [0] * (myMaj(p[-1])+1)
    for i in range(len(p)):
        result[myInv(p[i])] += 1
    return result

# print(myMaj([1,4,2,5,3]))
print(myMaj([1,3,2,5,4]))
# print(myInv([1,4,2,5,3]))
print(myInv([1,3,2,5,4]))
# print(majorArray(4))
# print(invArray(5))
print(majorArray(7))
print(invArray(7))
```

6

2

[1, 6, 20, 49, 98, 169, 259, 359, 455, 531, 573, 573, 531, 455, 359, 259, 169, 98, 49, 20, 6, 1]

[1, 6, 20, 49, 98, 169, 259, 359, 455, 531, 573, 573, 531, 455, 359, 259, 169, 98, 49, 20, 6, 1]

In [347]: *# Problem 3*

```
# a
var('p,t')
y = function('y')(t)
myDiffEq = diff(y,t) == p*y*(log(35000)-log(y))
# show(myDiffEq)
a = desolve(myDiffEq,y,ivar=t,ics=[5,4])
# show(a)
b = solve(a,p)
# show(b)
d = b[0].subs({y(0):1,t:0})
show(d)

# b
e = myDiffEq.subs(p=d.rhs()).rhs()
sf = plot_slope_field(d.rhs().n(),(t,-10,10),(y,-50,50),headlength=4,headaxislength=4)
plotsol = plot(e,(y,-10,10),ymin=-50,ymax=50,color='red')
show(sf+plotsol)

# c
show(solve(a.subs({y(t):6250,p:d.rhs()}),t))

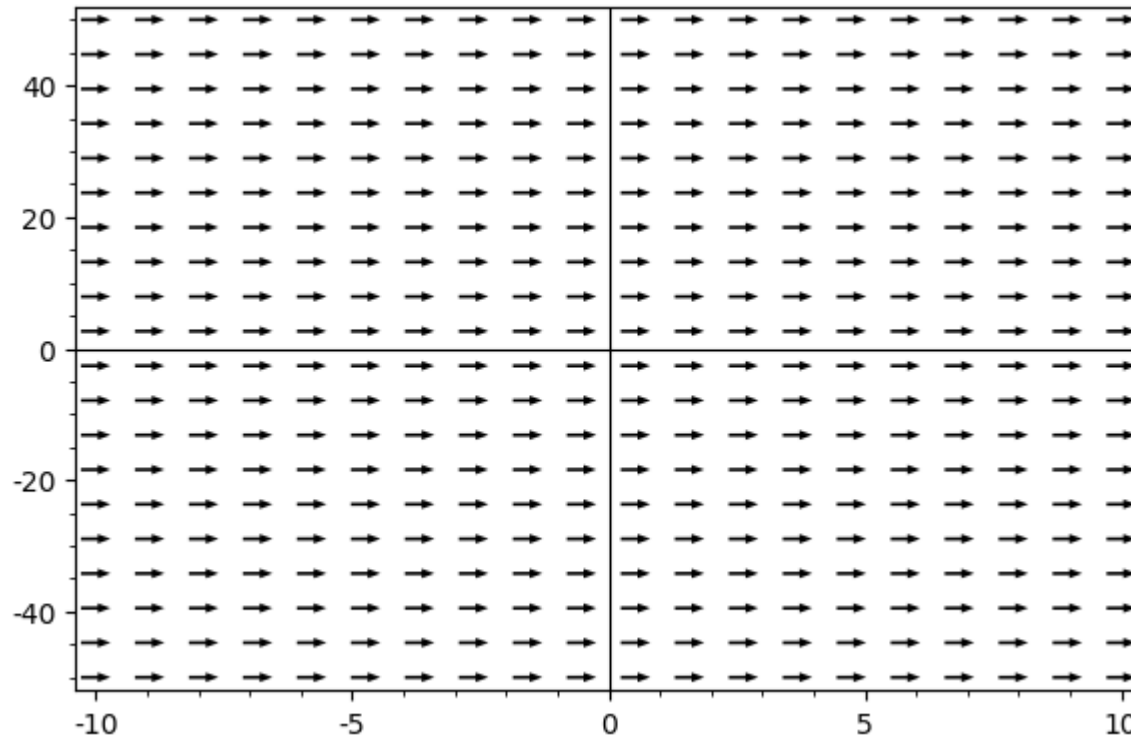
# d
# show(a.subs(p=d.rhs()).rhs())
# e.find_root(0,35000)

# e
show(solve(a.subs({y(t):4000,p:d.rhs()}),t)[0].rhs() - solve(a.subs({y(t):2000,p:d.rhs()}),t)[0].rhs())
```

$$p = \frac{1}{5} \log(-\log(35000)) - \frac{1}{5} \log(-\log(35000) + 2 \log(2))$$

verbose 0 (3797: plot.py, generate_plot_points) WARNING: When plotting, failed to evaluate function at 200 points.

verbose 0 (3797: plot.py, generate_plot_points) Last error message: 'unable to simplify to float approximation'



$$\left[t = \frac{5 (\log(-\log(35000)) - \log(-\log(35000) + \log(6250)))}{\log(-\log(35000)) - \log(-\log(35000) + 2 \log(2))} \right]$$

$$\frac{5 (\log(-\log(35000)) - \log(-\log(35000) + \log(4000)))}{\log(-\log(35000)) - \log(-\log(35000) + 2 \log(2))} - \frac{5 (\log(-\log(35000)) - \log(-\log(35000) + \log(2000)))}{\log(-\log(35000)) - \log(-\log(35000) + 2 \log(2))}$$