Harmon.ie

February 11th, 2019.

Description

This is a review of Harmon.ie¹ which identifies vulnerabilities related to windows registry, security settings, and network connections.

Adversaries could use a combination of these vulnerabilities to obtain unauthorized access through information gathering (discovery) techniques and mechanisms to bypass user account controls.

The main components reviewed included dynamic link libraries (DLL) and executable files (EXE). The findings show vulnerabilities related to the use of deprecated libraries, suspicious files, executable installer (compiler), and required privilege to install the software.

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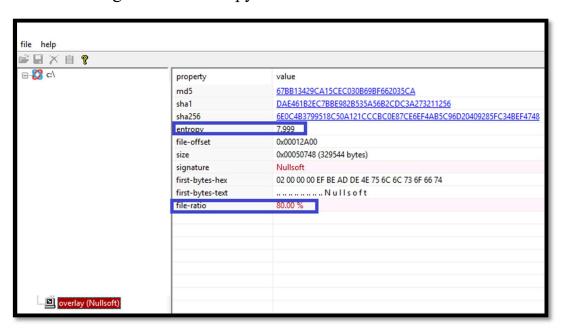
¹ https://harmon.ie/

General Aspects

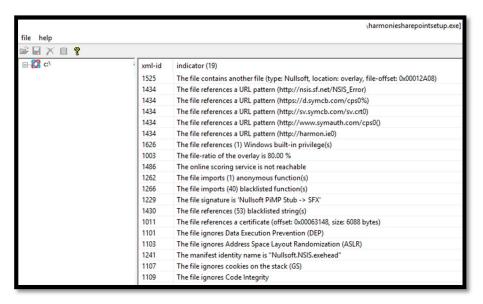
1. File identification



2. There is a high level of entropy and file-ratio.

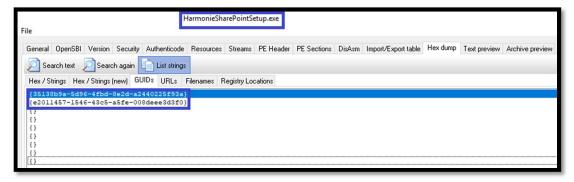


3. Initial diagnostic shows that:



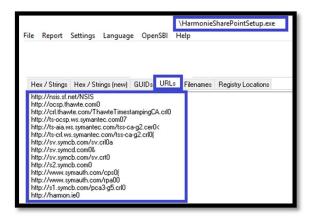
4. These are deprecated functions that could be related to the use associated with old Windows versions²:

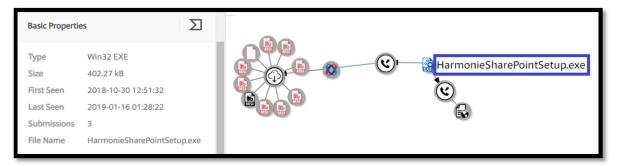




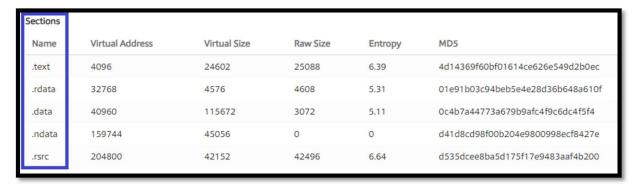
² https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/desktop/win7appqual/compatibility---application-manifest

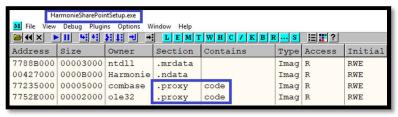
5. The software creates access to suspicious websites as we can see below³:





6. The software creates new sections with additional code:



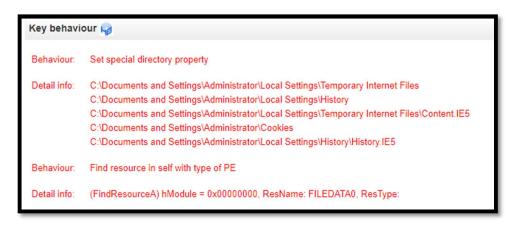


³https://www.virustotal.com/#/file/e6f26abef926b2c73b9b42a863cba7c268bd41cb1ed34c37cf965e44d51d37fd/details

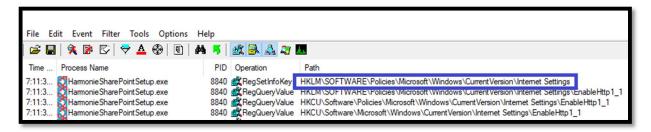
Red Flags

Registry

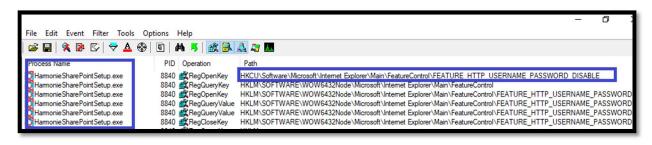
The software has unusual behaviours:



We can see that it queries the internet settings:

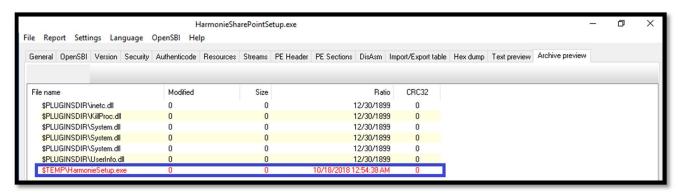


Check users and passwords⁴ settings:

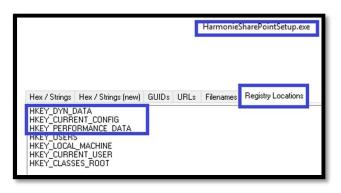


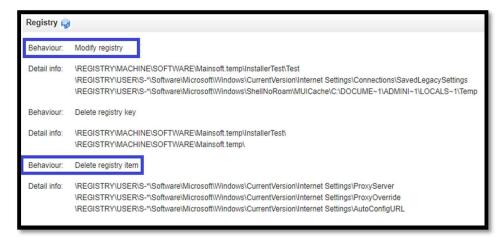
⁴ https://support.microsoft.com/en-ca/help/834489/internet-explorer-does-not-support-user-names-and-passwords-in-web-sit

The software copies itself in a temporary file⁵:



The software can collect, modify and delete information in the registry⁶:





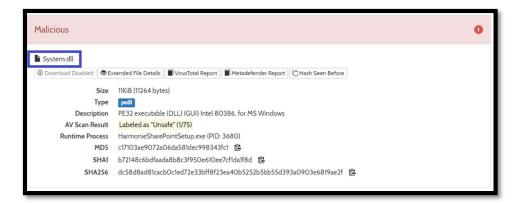
⁵ https://www.rsa.com/en-us/blog/2017-04/why-malware-installers-use-tmp-files-and-the-temp-folder

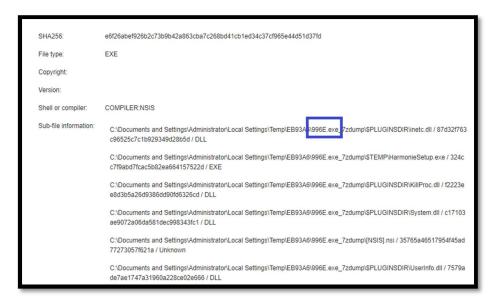
⁶ https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/microsoft.win32.registry.dyndata?view=netframework-4.7.2

Key components

The software introduces a few unsecure components such as System.dll, dotnechk.exe⁷ and possibly the 996E.exe⁸.



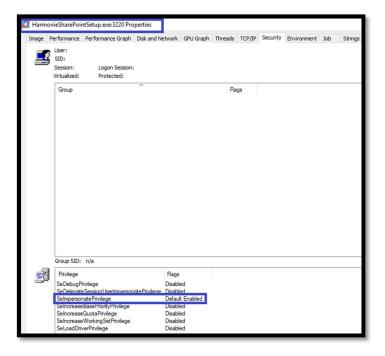




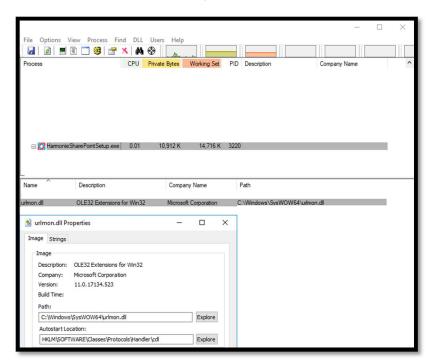
⁷ https://file-intelligence.comodo.com/windows-process-virus-malware/exe/dotnetchk

⁸ https://www.exefilesupport.com/easy-guide-to-remove-996e-exe-from-pc

There is the risk of privilege escalation⁹



There is the use of an unsecure *.dll (e.g. urlmon.dll¹⁰)

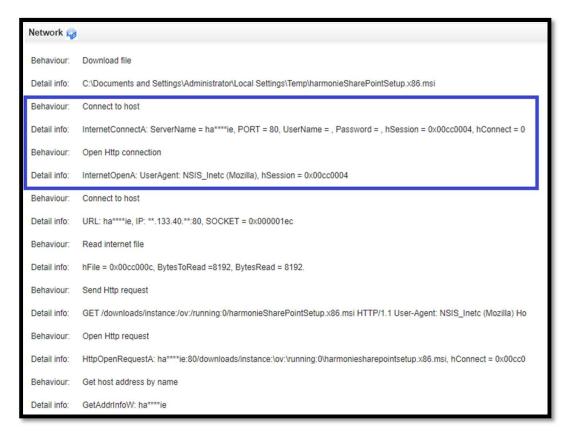


⁹ https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/security-policy-settings/impersonate-a-client-after-authentication

¹⁰ https://file-intelligence.comodo.com/windows-process-virus-malware/DLL/URLMON

Suspicious alerts were identified in relation to the network access.





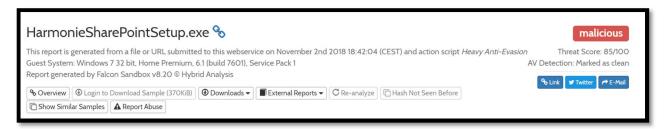
A possible explanation for vulnerabilities in the network and escalation privilege could be related to the Nullsoft Scriptable Install System (NSIS) component¹¹ in use in this software¹².

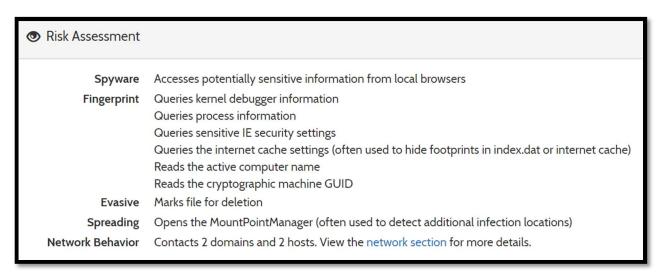
¹¹ https://www.cvedetails.com/cve/CVE-2015-0941/

¹² https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2015/Dec/32

Risk Assessment

The antivirus behaviour analysis shows a malicious result¹³:





¹³ <u>https://www.hybrid-analysis.com/sample/e6f26abef926b2c73b9b42a863cba7c268bd41cb1ed34c37cf965e44d51d37fd</u>