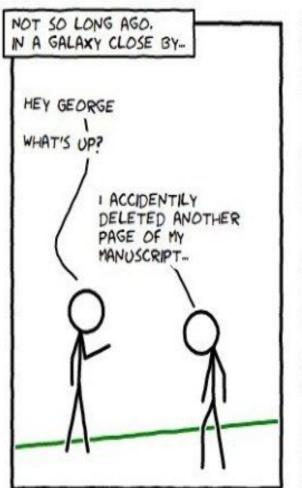


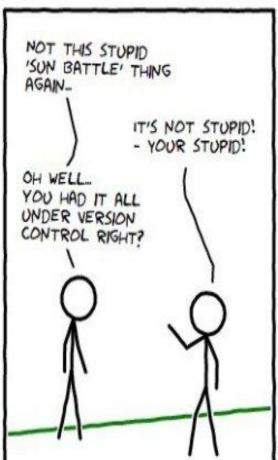


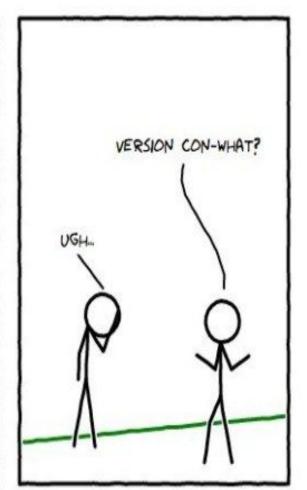
GIT-GITHUB WORKFLOW

QUICK TALK

Chaitanya Yadav







GIT + GITHUB: A BETTER WORKFLOW





GIT

- OPEN SOURCE
- DISTRIBUTED VERSION CONTROL

GITHUB

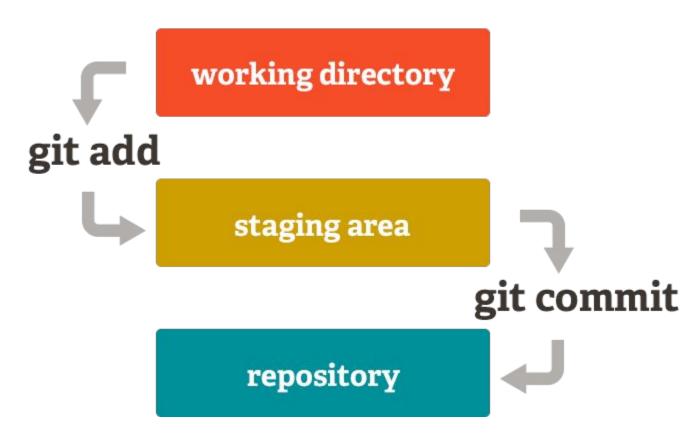
- GIT REPOSITORY HOSTING SERVICE
- HUB OF MILLIONS OF COOL PROJECTS < 3
- CONTROL & COLLABORATION TOOL

INSTALLATION & SETUP

- https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Getting-Started-Installing-Git
- https://git-scm.com/download/win

- git config --global user.email "you@example.com"
- git config --global user.name "Your Name"

GIT WORKSFLOW



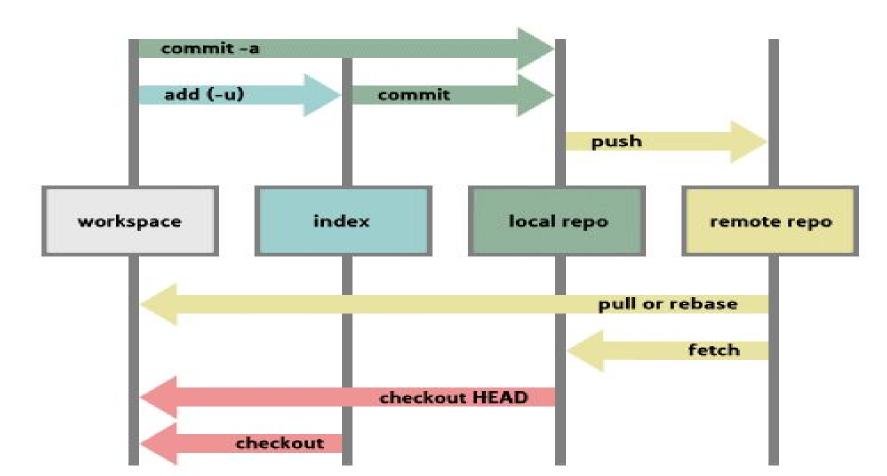
LOCAL REPO

- First make a folder in your computer
 - Initialize git
 - git init
- Add a File to the Folder
 - o git status
 - o git add <fileName>
 - o it commit -m "<commit Message>"

LOG & DIFF

- Show me the logs git
 - o git log
- Show me the difference git
 - o git diff

GIT WORKFLOW



GIT IGNORE

- Create a file called .gitignore
 - Write the file names that should be ignored by git
 - Commit the file

GitHub %

FORK AND CLONE

- Fork a Repository
 - Browse to a desired repository on GitHub
 - Click on the fork button at the top
- Clone a Repo
 - o git clone <repo url>

PULL

- git pull https://github.com/cosai/test
- git remote add origin https://github.com/cosai/test
- Make Changes
- git commit -am <Commit Message>
- git push origin master

GO BACK TO

- An easy way to bring last commit to staging area:
 - o git reset --soft HEAD~1
- Revert last commit
 - o git reset --hard HEAD~1(Danger!)



S.L.G. 25 Sep 2013 10:33 pm

Thank You!