### **NAME**

autofs.conf – autofs configuration

## **DESCRIPTION**

Configuration settings used by automount(8) may be changed in the configuration file /etc/autofs.conf.

This file contains two primary sections, autofs and amd.

Configuration entries may be present at the beginning of the configuration file without a section header and are implicitly included as part of the **autofs** section.

Each section name is enclosed in square brackets with spaces between the brackets and the section name. The **amd** section may be followed by further sections, named by the top level mount point path, that contain per mount configuration settings.

# **SECTION autofs CONFIGURATION OPTIONS**

Configuration settings available are:

### timeout

Sets the default mount timeout in seconds. The internal program default is 10 minutes, but the default installed configuration overrides this and sets the timeout to 5 minutes to be consistent with earlier autofs releases.

### negative timeout

Set the default timeout for caching failed key lookups (program default 60). If the equivalent command line option is given it will override this setting.

## mount\_wait

Set the default time to wait for a response from a spawned mount(8) before sending it a SIGTERM. Note that we still need to wait for the RPC layer to timeout before the sub-process exits so this isn't ideal but it is the best we can do. The default is to wait until mount(8) returns without intervention.

### umount wait

Set the default time to wait for a response from a spawned umount(8) before sending it a SIGTERM. Note that we still need to wait for the RPC layer to timeout before the sub-process exits so this isn't ideal but it is the best we can do.

### browse mode

Maps are browsable by default (program default "yes").

# $mount\_nfs\_default\_protocol$

Specify the default protocol used by **mount.nfs**(8) (program default 3). Since we can't identify this default automatically we need to set it in the autofs configuration.

# append\_options

Determine whether global options, given on the command line or per mount in the master map, are appended to map entry options or if the map entry options replace the global options (program default "yes", append options).

# logging

set default log level "none", "verbose" or "debug" (program default "none").

# force\_standard\_program\_map\_env

override the use of a prefix with standard environment variables when a program map is executed. Since program maps are run as the privileded user setting these standard environment variables opens automount(8) to potential user privilege escalation when the program map is written in a language that can load components from, for example, a user home directory (program default "no").

# **LDAP Configuration**

Configuration settings available are:

### ldap timeout

Set the network response timeout (default 8). Set timeout value for the synchronous API calls. The default is the LDAP library default of an infinite timeout.

# ldap\_network\_timeout

Set the network response timeout (default 8).

## ldap\_uri

A space seperated list of server uris of the form cproto>://<server>[/] where cproto> can be ldap or ldaps. The option can be given multiple times. Map entries that include a server name override this option and it is then not used. Default is an empty list in which case either the server given in a map entry or the LDAP configured default is used. This uri list is read at startup and whenever the daemon receives a HUP signal.

#### search base

The base dn to use when searching for amap base dn. This entry may be given multiple times and each will be checked for a map base dn in the order they occur in the configuration. The search base list is read at startup and whenever the daemon receives a HUP signal.

## map\_object\_class

The map object class. In the **nisMap** schema this corresponds to the class **nisMap** and in the **auto-mountMap** schema it corresponds to the class **automountMap**.

# entry\_object\_class

The map entry object class. In the **nisMap** schema this corresponds to the class **nisObject** and in the **automountMap** schema it corresponds to the class **automount**.

## map\_attribute

The attribute used to identify the name of the map to which this entry belongs. In the **nisMap** schema this corresponds to the attribute **nisMapName** and in the **automountMap** schema it corresponds to the attribute **ou** or **automountMapName**.

### entry attribute

The attribute used to identify a map key. In the **nisMap** schema this corresponds to the attribute **cn** and in the **automountMap** schema it corresponds to the attribute **automountKey**.

# value\_attribute

The attribute used to identify the value of the map entry. In the **nisMap** schema this corresponds to the attribute **nisMapEntry** and in the **automountMap** schema it corresponds to the attribute **automountInformation**.

#### NOTE:

It is essential that entries use class and attribute in a consistent manner for correct operation of autofs. For example mixing **cn** and **automountKey** attributes in **automount** schema will not work as expected.

# auth\_conf\_file

This configuration option may be used to specify an alternate location for the ldap authentication configuration file. See **autofs ldap auth.conf**(5) for more information.

## SECTION and CONFIGURATION OPTIONS

A number of the amd configuration options are not used by autofs, some because they are not relevant within autofs, some because they are done differently in autofs and others that are not yet implemented.

Since mount\_type is always autofs (because there's no user space NFS server) the configuration entries

relating to that aren't used. Also, server availability is done differently within autofs so the options that relate to the amd server monitoring sub-system are also not used.

These options are mount\_type, auto\_attrcache, portmap\_program, nfs\_vers\_ping, nfs\_allow\_any\_interface, nfs\_allow\_insecure\_port, nfs\_proto, nfs\_retransmit\_counter, nfs\_retransmit\_counter\_top, nfs\_retransmit\_counter\_top, nfs\_retransmit\_counter\_toplvl, nfs\_retry\_interval, nfs\_retry\_interval\_udp, nfs\_retry\_interval\_top, nfs\_retry\_interval\_toplvl and nfs\_vers.

Other options that are not used within the autofs implementation:

# log\_file, truncate\_log

sends its output to syslog so an alternate log file (or truncating the log) can't be used.

## print\_pid

There's no corresponding option for this within autofs.

### use tcpwrappers, show statfs entries

There's no user space NFS server to control access to so this option isn't relevant. The show\_statfs\_entries can't be implemented for the same reason.

# debug\_mtab\_file

There's no user space NFS server and autofs avoids using file based mtab whenever possible.

## sun\_map\_syntax

Sun map format is handled by autofs itself.

### plock, show\_statfs\_entries, preferred\_amq\_port

Are not supported by autofs.

# ldap\_cache\_maxmem, ldap\_cache\_seconds

External ldap caching is not used by autofs.

# ldap\_proto\_version

autofs always attempts to use the highest available ldap protocol version.

# cache\_duration, map\_reload\_interval, map\_options

The mapentry cache is continually updated and stale entries cleaned on re-load, which is done when map changes are detected so these configuration entries are not used by autofs.

### localhost address

This is not used within autofs. This configuration option was only used in the amd user space server code and is not relevant within autofs.

Options that are handled differently within autofs:

# pid\_file

To specify a pid file name a command line option must be used on startup.

### print version

Program version and feature information is obtained by using the automount command line option "-V".

## debug\_options, log\_options

autofs has somewhat more limited logging and debug logging options. When the log\_options options is encountered it is converted to the nearest matching autofs logging option. Since the configuration option debug\_options would be handled the same way it is ignored.

## restart mounts

This option has no sensible meaning within autofs because autofs always tries to re-connect to existing mounts. While this has its own set of problems not re-connecting to existing mounts always results in a non-functional automount tree if mounts were busy at the last shutdown (as is also the case with amd when using mount\_type autofs).

### forced unmounts

Detaching mounts often causes serious problems for users of existing mounts. It is used by autofs in some cases, either at the explicit request of the user (with a command line or init option) and in some special cases during program operation but is avoided whenever possible.

A number of configuration options are not yet implemented:

## search\_path

Always a little frustrating, the compiled in map location should be used to locate maps but isn't in some cases. This requires work within autofs itself and that will (obviously) include implementing this configuration option for the amd map parser as well.

### fully qualified hosts

Not yet implemented.

### unmount\_on\_exit

Since autofs always tries to re-connect to mounts left mounted from a previous shutdown this is a sensible option to implement and that will be done.

### browsable dirs

Not yet implemented.

# exec\_map\_timeout

A timeout is not currently used for for program maps, might be implemented.

## tag

The tag option is not implemented within autofs.

Supported options:

### arch, karch, os, osver

These options default to what is returned from uname(2) and can be overridden if required.

**full\_os** This option has no default and must be set in the configuration if used in maps.

#### cluster

If not set defaults to the host domain name. This option corresponds to the HP\_UX cluster name (according to the amd source) and is probably not used in Linux but is set anyway.

vendor This option has a default value of "unknown", it must be set in the configuration if used in maps.

# auto dir

Is the base name of the mount tree used for external mounts that are sometimes needed by amd maps. Its default value is "/a".

#### map\_type

Specifies the autofs map source, such as file, nis, ldap etc. and has no default value set.

# map\_defaults

This option is used to override /defaults entries within maps and can be used to provide different defaults on specific machines without having to modify centrally managed maps. It is empty by default.

### search path

Colon seperated paths to search for maps that are not specified as a full path.

## dismount\_interval

Is equivalent to the autofs timeout option. It is only possible to use this with type "auto" mounts due to the way the autofs kernel module performs expiry. It takes its default value from the autofs internal defaulti of 600 seconds.

# autofs\_use\_lofs

If set to "yes" autofs will attempt to use bind mounts for type "auto" when possible.

### nis domain

Allows setting of a domain name other than the system default.

## local\_domain

Is used to override (or set) the host domain name.

# normalize\_hostnames

If set to "yes" then the contents of \${rhost} is translated in its official host name.

### domain strip

If set to "yes" the domain name part of the host is strippped when normalizing hostnames. This can be useful when using of the same maps in a multiple domain environment.

### normalize slashes

This option is set to "yes" by default and will collapse multiple unescaped occurrences of "/" to a single "/".

## selectors in defaults, selectors on default

This option has a default value of "no". If set to "yes" then any defaults entry will be checked for selectors to determine the values to be used. selectors\_in\_defaults is the preferred option to use.

### ldap\_base

iThis option has no default value. It must be set to the base dn that is used for queries if ldap is to be used as a map source.

# ldap\_hostports

This option has no default value set. It must be set to the URI of the LDAP server to be used for lookups wheni ldap is used a map source. It may contain a comma or space seperated list of LDAP URIs.

## hesiod\_base

Sets the base name used for hesiod map sources.

## linux\_ufs\_mount\_type

This is an aditional configuration option for the autofs amd format parser implementation.

There's no simple way to determine what the system default filesystem is and am-utils needs to be continually updated to do this and can easily get it wrong ayway. So allow it to be set in the configuration.

# **EXAMPLE**

```
[ autofs ]
timeout = 300
browse_mode = no

[ amd ]
dismount_interval = 300
map_type = nis
autofs_use_lofs = no

[ /expamle/mount ]
dismount_interval = 60
map_type = file
```

# SEE ALSO

automount(8), auto.master(5), autofs\_ldap\_auth.conf(5)

### **AUTHOR**

This manual page was written by Ian Kent <raven@themaw.net>.