NAME

perfmonctl – interface to PMU

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <syscall.h>
#include <perfmon.h>
```

long perfmonctl(int fd, **int** cmd, **void** *arg, **int** narg);

DESCRIPTION

perfmonctl system call provides an interface to PMU (performance monitoring unit). PMU consists of PMD (performance monitoring data) registers and PMC (performance monitoring control) registers, where are gathered the hardware statistic.

perfmonctl will apply a function *cmd* to input arguments *arg*. The number of arguments is defined by input variable *narg*. *fd* specifies the perfmon context to operate on.

The implemented commands *cmd* are:

PFM_CREATE_CONTEXT

```
set up a context
```

```
perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_CREATE_CONTEXT , pfarg_context_t *ctxt, 1);
```

The fd parameter is ignored. A new context is created as specified in ctxt and its file descriptor is returned in ctxt->ctx fd.

The file descriptor, apart from passing it to **perfmonctl**, can be used to read event notifications (type **pfm_msg_t**) using the **read**(2) system call. Both **select**(2) and **poll**(2) can be used to wait for event notifications.

The context can be destroyed using the **close**(2) system call.

```
PFM_WRITE_PMCS
```

```
set PMC registers
```

perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_WRITE_PMCS , pfarg_pmc_t *pmcs, n);

PFM WRITE PMDS

```
set PMD registers
```

```
perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_WRITE_PMDS , pfarg_pmd_t * pmds, n);
```

PFM_READ_PMDS

```
read PMD registers
```

```
perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_READ_PMDS , pfarg_pmd_t * pmds, n);
```

PFM START

```
start monitoring
```

```
perfmonctl(int\ \mathit{fd}, PFM\_START\ , arg\ , 1);
```

```
perfmonctl(int fd, PFM START, NULL, 0);
```

PFM STOP

```
stop monitoring
```

```
perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_START, NULL, 0);
```

PFM_LOAD_CONTEXT

attach the context to a thread

```
perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_LOAD_CONTEXT ,pfarg_load_t *largs,1);
```

PFM_UNLOAD_CONTEXT

detach the context from a thread **perfmonctl(int** fd, PFM_UNLOAD_CONTEXT, NULL, 0);

PFM_RESTART

restart monitoring after recieving an overflow notification **perfmonctl(int** fd, **PFM_RESTART**, **NULL**, **0**);

PFM CREATE EVTSETS

create or modify event sets

perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_CREATE_EVTSETS, pfarg_setdesc_t *desc , n);

PFM DELETE EVTSETS

delete event sets

perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_DELETE_EVTSET, pfarg_setdesc_t *desc , n);

PFM_GETINFO_EVTSETS

get information about event sets perfmonctl(int fd, PFM_GETINFO_EVTSETS, pfarg_setinfo_t *info, n);

RETURN VALUE

performctl returns zero when the operation is successful. On error -1 is returned and an error code is set in **errno**.

AVAILABILITY

This syscall is implemented only on the IA-64 architecture since kernel 2.6.

SEE ALSO

gprof(1), The perfmon2 interface specification