

NAME

gettid – get thread identification

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
pid_t gettid(void);
```

DESCRIPTION

gettid() returns the caller's thread ID (TID). In a single-threaded process, the thread ID is equal to the process ID (PID, as returned by **getpid(2)**). In a multithreaded process, all threads have the same PID, but each one has a unique TID. For further details, see the discussion of **CLONE_THREAD** in **clone(2)**.

RETURN VALUE

On success, returns the thread ID of the calling process.

ERRORS

This call is always successful.

VERSIONS

The **gettid()** system call first appeared on Linux in kernel 2.4.11.

CONFORMING TO

gettid() is Linux-specific and should not be used in programs that are intended to be portable.

NOTES

Glibc does not provide a wrapper for this system call; call it using **syscall(2)**.

The thread ID returned by this call is not the same thing as a POSIX thread ID (i.e., the opaque value returned by **pthread_self(3)**).

SEE ALSO

clone(2), **fork(2)**, **getpid(2)**

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 3.22 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, and information about reporting bugs, can be found at <http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.