Discrete Structure (12/07/2021)

Submitted to:

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Ans 1:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <set>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
int isMember(multiset<int> A)
    cout << "\nEnter an element to find in the set\n";</pre>
    int c;
    cin >> c;
    if (A.count(c))
        cout << "The element is present\n";</pre>
    else
        cout << "There is no such element present\n";</pre>
int powerSet(multiset<int> A)
    cout<<"The Power set is: "<<endl;</pre>
    for (int counter = 0; counter < pow(2, A.size()); counter++)</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < A.size(); j++)
             if (counter & (1 << j))</pre>
                  auto first = A.begin();
                 std::advance(first, j);
                  cout << *first;</pre>
        cout << endl;</pre>
    }
int dispSet(multiset<int> A)
    cout << "Entered set is: \n";</pre>
    for (auto it = A.begin(); it != A.end(); ++it)
        cout << " " << *it;</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Cardinality of entered set is:";</pre>
```

```
cout << A.size();</pre>
    return 0;
int inputSet(multiset<int> A)
    int c = 1;
    cout << "Enter the elements in the set- \n";</pre>
    while (c)
        int n;
        cin >> n;
        A.insert(n);
        cout << "Do you want to enter more?<0/1>\n";
        cin >> c;
    dispSet(A);
    isMember(A);
    powerSet(A);
    return 0;
int main()
    multiset<int> A;
    inputSet(A);
    return 0;
```

Ans 2:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class SET{
    private:
        int* setA;
        int* lengthOfSetA;
        int* setB;
        int* lengthOfSetB;
        int* intersectionSet;
        int* lengthOfIntersectionSet;
        int* unionSet;
        int* lengthOfUnionSet;
        int* universalSet;
        int* lengthOfUniversalSet;
        int* complementSet;
        int* lengthOfComplementSet;
        int* setA_SetB;
        int* lengthOfsetA_SetB;
        int* setB_SetA;
        int* lengthOfsetB_SetA;
        int* symmetricDifferenceSet;
```

```
int* lengthOfsymmetricDifferenceSet;
        string** cartesianSet;
    public:
        SET(void);
        void line(void);
        void setData(int* &setA,int* &setB,int* &lengthOfSetA , int* &lengthOfSetB);
        void makeItSet();
        void display(int* &set ,int* &lengthOfSet);
        void display();
        void intersectionOfTwoSet();
        bool subSet();
        void unionOfTwoSet();
        void unionOfTwoSet(int* &setA,int* &setB,int* &lengthOfSetA , int* &lengthOfSetB);
        void complementOfSet(int* &set , int* &lengthOfSet);
        void cartesianProduct();
        void DiffSetA SetB();
        void DiffSetB_SetA();
        void symmetricDifference();
        void executeCode(SET* &user);
        void mainMenu(void);
        void secondSubMenu(SET* &user);
        void thirdSubMenu(SET* &user);
        void fourthSubMenu(SET* &user);
};
SET::SET(){
    this->universalSet = new int[10];
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
        universalSet[i] = i+1;
    this->lengthOfUniversalSet=new int(10);
void SET::setData(int* &setA,int* &setB,int* &lengthOfSetA , int* &lengthOfSetB){
    this->setA = setA;
    this->setB = setB;
    this->lengthOfSetA=lengthOfSetA;
    this->lengthOfSetB=lengthOfSetB;
bool SET::subSet(){
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetB; i++)</pre>
    {
        bool flag = false;
        for (int j = 0; j<*lengthOfSetA; j++)</pre>
            if (setB[i]==setA[j])
                flag=true;
```

```
if(!flag){
            return false;
    return true;
void SET::unionOfTwoSet(){
    this->unionSet = new int[*lengthOfSetA+*lengthOfSetB];
    this->lengthOfUnionSet = new int(0);
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetA; i++){
        unionSet[i] = setA[i];
        *lengthOfUnionSet+=1;
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetB; i++){</pre>
        bool flag = true;
        for(int j = 0; j < *lengthOfSetA; j++){</pre>
            if (setB[i]==setA[j])
                flag=false;
            }
        if(flag){
            unionSet[*lengthOfUnionSet] = setB[i];
            *lengthOfUnionSet+=1;
    display(unionSet,lengthOfUnionSet);
void SET::unionOfTwoSet(int* &setA,int* &setB,int* &lengthOfSetA , int* &lengthOfSetB){
    this->unionSet = new int[*lengthOfSetA+*lengthOfSetB];
    this->lengthOfUnionSet = new int(0);
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetA; i++){
        unionSet[i] = setA[i];
        *lengthOfUnionSet+=1;
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetB; i++){</pre>
        bool flag = true;
        for(int j = 0; j < *lengthOfSetA; j++){</pre>
            if (setB[i]==setA[j])
                flag=false;
        if(flag){
            unionSet[*lengthOfUnionSet] = setB[i];
            *lengthOfUnionSet+=1;
```

```
display(unionSet,lengthOfUnionSet);
void SET::intersectionOfTwoSet(){
    this->lengthOfIntersectionSet=new int(0);
    this->intersectionSet = new int[*lengthOfSetA];
    for(int i=0 ; i<*lengthOfSetA ; i++){</pre>
        bool flag = false;
        for(int j =0 ; j<*lengthOfSetB ; j++){</pre>
            if(this->setA[i] == this->setB[j]){
                flag=true;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(flag){
            this->intersectionSet[*lengthOfIntersectionSet] = this->setA[i];
            *(lengthOfIntersectionSet)+=1;
    display(intersectionSet,lengthOfIntersectionSet);
void SET::makeItSet(){
    int* lengthOfUniqueSetA=new int(0);
    int* lengthOfUniqueSetB=new int(0);
    int* uniqueSetA = new int[*lengthOfSetA];
    int* uniqueSetB = new int[*lengthOfSetB];
    for(int i=0; i<*lengthOfSetA; i++){</pre>
        bool flag = true;
        for(int j =0 ; j<*lengthOfSetA ; j++){</pre>
            if(setA[i]==uniqueSetA[j]){
                flag=false;
                break;
        if(flag){
            uniqueSetA[*(lengthOfUniqueSetA)] = setA[i];
            *(lengthOfUniqueSetA)+=1;
    }
    for(int i=0; i<*lengthOfSetB; i++){</pre>
        bool flag = true;
        for(int j =0 ; j<*lengthOfSetB ; j++){</pre>
            if(setB[i]==uniqueSetB[j]){
                flag=false;
                break;
        if(flag){
```

```
uniqueSetB[*(lengthOfUniqueSetB)] = setB[i];
            *(lengthOfUniqueSetB)+=1;
    }
    this->lengthOfSetA = lengthOfUniqueSetA;
    this->lengthOfSetB = lengthOfUniqueSetB;
                 = uniqueSetA;
    this->setA
    this->setB
                      = uniqueSetB;
    line();
    cout<<"SET-A : ";</pre>
    display(setA,lengthOfSetA);
    cout<<"SET-B : ";</pre>
    display(setB,lengthOfSetB);
void SET::complementOfSet(int* &set , int* &lengthOfSet){
    this->lengthOfComplementSet = new int(0);
    this->complementSet=new int[*lengthOfUniversalSet];
    display(universalSet,lengthOfUniversalSet);
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfUniversalSet; i++)</pre>
        bool check = false;
        for(int j=0 ; j< *lengthOfSet ;j++){</pre>
            if(universalSet[i]==set[j]){
                check=true;
                break;
        if(check){
            continue;
        complementSet[*lengthOfComplementSet] = universalSet[i];
        *lengthOfComplementSet+=1;
    display(complementSet,lengthOfComplementSet);
void SET::cartesianProduct(){
    cartesianSet = new string*[*lengthOfSetA];
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetA; i++)</pre>
    {
        cartesianSet[i] = new string[*lengthOfSetB];
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetA; i++)</pre>
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < *lengthOfSetB; j++)</pre>
            cartesianSet[i][j]=to_string(setA[i])+","+to_string(setB[j]);
    display();
void SET::display(int* &set ,int* &lengthOfSet){
```

```
int* pointerOfSet = set;
    cout<<"[";
    for(int i = 0 ; i<*lengthOfSet ; i++){</pre>
        cout<<*pointerOfSet++;</pre>
        if(i!=(*lengthOfSet-1)){
             cout<<" ,";</pre>
    cout<<"]"<<endl;</pre>
void SET::display(){
    cout<<"[ "<<endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetA; i++)</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < *lengthOfSetB; <math>j++)
             cout<< "(" << cartesianSet[i][j]<<")";</pre>
             if(i!= *lengthOfSetA-1 || j!= *lengthOfSetB-1 ){
                 cout<<" ,";</pre>
        cout<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"]"<<endl;</pre>
void SET::DiffSetA_SetB(){
    setA_SetB
                        = new int[*lengthOfSetA];
    lengthOfsetA_SetB = new int(0);
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetA; i++)</pre>
        bool notPresent = true;
        for (int j = 0; j < *lengthOfSetB; j++)</pre>
             if(setA[i]==setB[j]){
                 notPresent=false;
                 break;
        if(notPresent){
             setA_SetB[*lengthOfsetA_SetB]=setA[i];
             *lengthOfsetA_SetB+=1;
    display(setA_SetB,lengthOfsetA_SetB);
void SET::DiffSetB_SetA(){
    setB_SetA
                         = new int[*lengthOfSetB];
    lengthOfsetB_SetA = new int(0);
    for (int i = 0; i < *lengthOfSetB; i++)</pre>
```

```
bool notPresent = true;
       for (int j = 0; j < *lengthOfSetA; j++)</pre>
           if(setB[i]==setA[j]){
              notPresent=false;
              break;
           }
       if(notPresent){
           setB_SetA[*lengthOfsetB_SetA]=setB[i];
           *lengthOfsetB_SetA+=1;
   display(setB_SetA,lengthOfsetB_SetA);
void SET::symmetricDifference(){
   unionOfTwoSet(setA_SetB,setB_SetA,lengthOfsetA_SetB,lengthOfsetB_SetA);
void SET::executeCode(SET* &user){
   cout<<"----"<<endl;
   user->mainMenu();
   int choice ;
   cin.clear();
   // cin.ignore();
   cout<<"~~~~~"<<endl;
   cout<<"Please enter your choice : ";cin>>choice;
   cin.ignore();
   switch (choice) {
       case 1:
           if(user->subSet()){
              cout<<"Yes, Set(B) is subset of Set(A) "<<endl;</pre>
           else{
              cout<<"No,Set(B) isn't a subset of Set(A) "<<endl;</pre>
          executeCode(user);
          break;
       case 2:
           secondSubMenu(user);
           executeCode(user);
          break;
       case 3:
           thirdSubMenu(user);
           executeCode(user);
          break;
       case 4:
           fourthSubMenu(user);
           executeCode(user);
           break;
       case 5:
```

```
user->cartesianProduct();
           executeCode(user);
           break;
       case 6:
           exit(0);
           break;
       default:
           cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;
           cout<<"Invalid Choice!!"<<endl;</pre>
           cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;</pre>
           break;
   // cin.ignore();
   cin.clear();
   cin.ignore();
   // executeCode(user);
void SET::mainMenu(void){
   cout<<"1.Check whether SET-B is a subset of SET-A?"<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"2.Union or Intersection of two Sets."<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"3.Complement of a SET."<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"4.Set difference and Symmetric difference of two Set."<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"5.Cartesian product of Set."<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"6.Exit."<<endl;</pre>
void SET::secondSubMenu(SET* &user){
   cout<<"1.Union of two Sets."<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"2.Intersection of two Sets."<<endl;</pre>
   int subChoice;
   // cin.ignore();
   cin.clear();
   cout<<"Please enter your choice : ";cin>>subChoice;
    if(subChoice==1){
       user->unionOfTwoSet();
   else if(subChoice==2){
       user->intersectionOfTwoSet();
   else{
       cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;
       cout<<"Invalid Choice!!"<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;
       cin.clear();
       cin.ignore();
       secondSubMenu(user);
void SET::thirdSubMenu(SET* &user){
```

```
cout<<"1.Complement of Set(A)."<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"2.Complement of Set(B)."<<endl;</pre>
   int subChoice;
   cin.clear();
   // cin.ignore();
   cout<<"Please enter your choice : ";cin>>subChoice;
   if(subChoice==1){
      user->complementOfSet(setA,lengthOfSetA);
   }
   else if(subChoice==2){
      user->complementOfSet(setB,lengthOfSetB);
   }
   else{
      cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"Invalid Choice!!"<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;
      cin.clear();
      cin.ignore();
      thirdSubMenu(user);
void SET::fourthSubMenu(SET* &user){
   cout<<"1.Set(A) - Set(B)."<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"2.Set(B) - Set(A)."<<endl;</pre>
   int subChoice;
   cin.clear();
   cout<<"Please enter your choice : ";cin>>subChoice;
   if(subChoice==1){
      user->DiffSetA_SetB();
   else if(subChoice==2){
      user->DiffSetB_SetA();
   else{
      cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"Invalid Choice!"<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"- - - - - - - "<<endl;
      cin.clear();
      cin.ignore();
      fourthSubMenu(user);
void SET::line(){
   cout<<"----"<<endl;
int main(){
   int arr1[] = {5,2,3,1};
   int arr2[] = \{1,2,6,8,7\};
   int* parr1 = arr1;
   int* parr2 = arr2;
```

```
int* l1 = new int(4);
int* l2 = new int(5);
SET* user = new SET();
user->setData(parr1,parr2,l1,l2);
user->makeItSet();
user->executeCode(user);
return 0;
}
```

Ans 3&4:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Relation
public:
    int f = 0;
    int rel[4][4] = \{\{1, 1, 1\},\
                       \{1, 1, 1\},\
                       {1, 1, 1}};
    int checkReflexive()
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
             if (rel[i][0] != 1)
                 cout << "Not reflexive ";</pre>
                 return 0;
        cout << "Reflexive ";</pre>
        f++;
        return 0;
    int checkSymmetric()
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
             for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                 if (rel[i][j] == 1 && rel[j][i] != 1)
                      cout << "Not symmetric ";</pre>
                      return 0;
                 }
             }
        cout << "Symmetric ";</pre>
         f++;
        return 0;
```

```
int checkAntiSymmetric()
{
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
            if (rel[i][j] == 1 && rel[j][i] != 1)
                 cout << "Antisymmetric ";</pre>
                 f++;
                 return 0;
             }
    cout << "Not Antisymmetric ";</pre>
    return 0;
}
int checkTransitive()
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
             for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++)
                 if (rel[i][j] && rel[j][k] && !rel[i][k])
                     cout << "Not Transitive ";</pre>
                     return 0;
        }
    f++;
    cout << "Transitive ";</pre>
    return 0;
int checkEqui()
    checkReflexive();
    cout << ", ";
    checkSymmetric();
    cout << "and ";</pre>
    checkTransitive();
    if (f == 3)
        cout << "so in conclusion the relation is an Equivalence relation";</pre>
    else
        cout << "so in conclusion the relation is not an Equivalence relation";</pre>
int checkParOrder()
```

```
checkReflexive();
         cout << ", ";
         checkAntiSymmetric();
         cout << "and ";</pre>
         checkTransitive();
         if (f == 3)
             cout << "so in conclusion the relation is a Partial order relation";</pre>
         else
             cout << "so in conclusion the relation is not a Partial order relation";</pre>
};
int main()
    Relation r;
    int n;
    while (n != 7)
         cout << "\nWhat do you want to do with this relation?\n";</pre>
         cout << "1.Check Symmetry\n";</pre>
         cout << "2.Check Reflexivity\n";</pre>
         cout << "3.Check Antisymmetry\n";</pre>
         cout << "4.Check Transitivity\n";</pre>
         cout << "5.Check Equivalence\n";</pre>
         cout << "6.Check Partial Order\n";</pre>
         cout << "7.Exit\n";</pre>
         cin >> n;
         switch (n)
         case (1):
             cout << "The relation is ";</pre>
             r.checkSymmetric();
             break;
         case (2):
             cout << "The relation is ";</pre>
             r.checkReflexive();
             break;
         case (3):
             cout << "The relation is ";</pre>
             r.checkAntiSymmetric();
             break;
         case (4):
             cout << "The relation is ";</pre>
             r.checkTransitive();
             break;
         case (5):
             cout << "The relation is ";</pre>
             r.checkEqui();
             break;
         case (6):
```

```
cout << "The relation is ";
    r.checkParOrder();
    break;

case (7):
    cout << "Thank You!";
    break;

default:
    cout << "Please enter a number between 1-5\n";
}
}</pre>
```

Ans 13:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <set>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;
int exOR()
    cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1
0) << "x XOR y\n";
    cout << " -----
                                  ----\n";
    for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
            cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
            cout << "
            printf("%d", i ^ j);
            cout << "\n";</pre>
    return 0;
int conj()
    cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1
0) << "x AND y\n";</pre>
    cout << "
    for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
            cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
            cout << " ";
            printf("%d", i && j);
            cout << "\n";</pre>
    return 0;
```

```
int disj()
    cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1
0) << "x OR y\n";</pre>
    cout << "
                                 -----\n";
    for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
            cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
            cout << " ";
            printf("%d", i || j);
            cout << "\n";</pre>
    return 0;
int cond()
    cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1
0) << "x --> y\n";
    cout << "
               -----\n";
    for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
            cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
            cout << "
            printf("%d", !i || j);
            cout << "\n";</pre>
    }
    return 0;
int biCond()
    cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1
0) << "x <--> y n";
    cout << " ---
                                 -----\n";
    for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
            cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
            printf("%d", ((!i || j) && (!j || i)));
            cout << "\n";</pre>
    }
    return 0;
int exNOR()
```

```
cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1)</pre>
0) << "x XOR y\n";
    cout << " -----\n";
   for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
       for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
           cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
           cout << " ";
           printf("%d", !(i ^ j));
           cout << "\n";</pre>
   return 0;
int neg()
    cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(7) << "x'\n";
   cout << " -----\n";
   for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
       cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
       cout << " ";
       printf("%d", !i);
       cout << "\n";</pre>
   return 0;
int nand()
   cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1
0) << "x NAND y\n";
   cout << "
             ----\n";
   for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
       for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
           cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
           cout << " ";
           printf("%d", !(i && j));
           cout << "\n";</pre>
   return 0;
int nor()
   cout << setw(5) << "x" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << "y" << setw(5) << "|" << setw(1
0) << "x NOR y\n";</pre>
   cout << " -----\n";
   for (int i = 0; i <= 1; i++)
       for (int j = 0; j <= 1; j++)
```

```
cout << setw(5) << i << setw(5) << "|" << setw(5) << j << setw(5) << "|";</pre>
              cout << "
              printf("%d", !(i \mid j));
              cout << "\n";</pre>
    return 0;
int main()
    conj();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    disj();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    exOR();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    cond();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    biCond();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    exNOR();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    neg();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    nand();
    cout << "\n\n";</pre>
    nor();
```

Ans 14:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int recurrenceOne(int n)
{
    if (n == 0)
        return 1;
    return recurrenceOne(n - 1) + n;
}
int recurrenceTwo(int n)
{
    if (n == 0)
        return 1;
    return recurrenceTwo(n - 1) + n * n;
}
int recurrenceThree(int n)
{
    if (n == 1)
        return 1;
```

```
return 2 * recurrenceThree(n / 2) + n;
int main()
    int n, ch;
    cout << "Choose Recurrence Relation to Evaluate:\n"</pre>
         \langle \langle " (1) T(n) = T(n-1) + n \text{ and } T(0) = 1 \backslash n"
                (2) T(n) = T(n - 1) + n^2 and T(0) = 1 n
         << " (3) T(n) = 2 * T(n / 2) + n and T(1) = 1\n";
    cout << "Enter Choice: ";</pre>
    cin >> ch;
    switch (ch)
    case 1:
        cout << "\nEnter Value of n: ";</pre>
        cin >> n;
        cout << "\nValues for T(n) = T(n - 1) + n:\n";
        for (int i = n; i >= 0; i--)
             if (i == 0)
                 cout << "T(0) = " << recurrenceOne(i)
                       << endl;
             else
                 cout << "T(" << i << ") = T(" << (i - 1)
                       << ") + " << i << " = "
                       << recurrenceOne(i)</pre>
                       << endl;
        break;
    case 2:
        cout << "\nEnter Value of n: ";</pre>
        cin >> n;
        cout << "\nValues for T(n) = T(n - 1) + n^2:\n";
        for (int i = n; i >= 0; i--)
             if (i == 0)
                 cout << "T(0) = " << recurrenceTwo(i)</pre>
                       << endl;
             else
                 cout << "T(" << i << ") = T(" << (i - 1)
                       << recurrenceTwo(i)</pre>
                       << endl;
        }
        break;
    case 3:
        cout << "\nEnter Value of n: ";</pre>
        cin >> n;
        cout << "\nValues for T(n) = 2 * T(n / 2) + n:\n";
        for (int i = n; i >= 1; i--)
             if (i == 1)
                 cout << "T(1) = " << recurrenceThree(i)</pre>
```