EXP-5.2:

AIM:

Understand how to automate testing and deployment using GitHub Actions. Learn to trigger workflows on code pushes, run tests automatically, and deploy artifacts to your hosting environment.

PROCEDURE-

Step 1: Create Workflow File

- In your repository, create a directory named `.github/workflows` if it does not already exist.
- Inside `.github/workflows`, create a file named `main.yml`.

Step 2: Add Workflow Configuration

- Copy and paste the following YAML configuration into `main.yml`:

```
```yaml
name: CI/CD Pipeline
on:
 push:
 branches:
 - main
jobs:
 build-test-deploy:
 runs-on: ubuntu-latest
 steps:
 - name: Checkout code
 uses: actions/checkout@v4
 - name: Set up Node.js
```

uses: actions/setup-node@v4

with:

node-version: 18

- name: Install dependencies

run: npm install
- name: Run tests
run: npm test

 name: Build project run: npm run build

- This configuration triggers the workflow whenever you push to the main branch, sets up Node.js, installs dependencies, runs tests, and builds the project.

# **Step 3: Commit and Push**

- Stage and commit the workflow file:

```sh git add .github/workflows/main.yml git commit -m "Add CI/CD pipeline workflow" git push origin main

- This will upload the workflow file to your repository.

Step 4: Observe Workflow Runs

- Go to your repository on GitHub.
- Click on the "Actions" tab.
- You'll see your workflow running after the push. Status will display as queued, running, succeeded, or failed.

Step 5: Configure Deployment (OPTIONAL)

Deploy to GitHub Pages

- Uncomment and add these steps to your workflow if you want to deploy to GitHub Pages:

```yaml

- name: Deploy to GitHub Pages

uses: peaceiris/actions-gh-pages@v4

with:

```
github_token: ${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }} publish_dir: ./build
```

- Make sure your build artifacts (static files) go into the `./build` directory.

#### Deploy to Netlify or AWS S3

- For Netlify, use the official Netlify Action and add required secrets (see Netlify docs).
- For AWS S3, use the official S3 Action and add AWS credentials to your repo secrets.

### **Step 6: Test the Automation**

- Make a small code change and push it to the main branch.
- Monitor the workflow status in the "Actions" tab.
- Confirm that tests run and builds are produced automatically. If you set up deployment, verify that your site is updated.

## **Step 7: Create the Workflow Directory and File**

- In your project's root directory, add a folder called `.github`, and inside that, another folder called `workflows`.
- In `.github/workflows`, create a new file named `main.yml`.

# **Step 8: Configure the Workflow File**

- Paste this configuration into `.github/workflows/main.yml`:

```
"yaml
name: CI/CD Pipeline
on:
push:
branches:
- main
jobs:
build-test-deploy:
```

```
runs-on: ubuntu-latest
 steps:
 - name: Checkout code
 uses: actions/checkout@v4
 - name: Set up Node.js
 uses: actions/setup-node@v4
 with:
 node-version: 18
 - name: Install dependencies
 run: npm install
 - name: Run tests
 run: npm test
 - name: Build project
 run: npm run build
 # Optional Deploy to GitHub Pages
 # - name: Deploy to GitHub Pages
 # uses: peaceiris/actions-gh-pages@v4
 # with:
 github_token: ${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}
 publish_dir: ./build
 #
- This will check out the code, set up Node.js, run 'npm install', 'npm test',
and `npm run build` on each push to main.
Step 9: Commit and Push Your Workflow
```

- Save all your changes, then run these commands:

```
```sh
git add .github/workflows/main.yml
git commit -m "Add GitHub Actions CI/CD pipeline"
git push origin main
```

- This updates your GitHub repository with the workflow file.

Step 10: View Workflow Status in GitHub

- Go to your repository on GitHub.
- Click on the "Actions" tab next to "Code."
- You'll see your workflow listed, and a run will start automatically for your latest push.

Step 11: Configure Deployment (Optional)

- If you want to deploy to GitHub Pages, make sure your build outputs to a `build` directory.
- In your workflow file, uncomment the deployment step and adjust `publish_dir` if needed.
- For Netlify or S3, use their respective deployment actions and add secrets/tokens as needed.

OUTPUT:

