

# Power Quality Products



# **Power Quality Products**





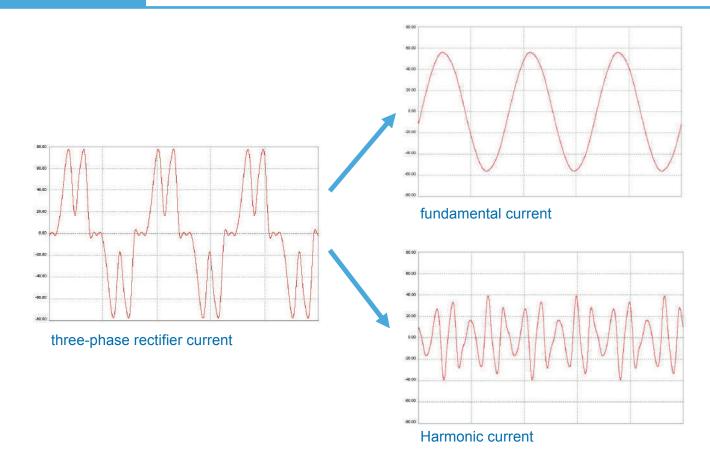


**APF SVG SPC** 

380-690V 50-600A



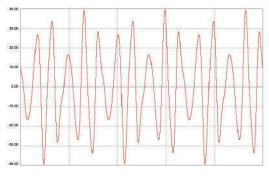
# Harmonic



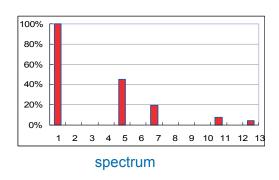


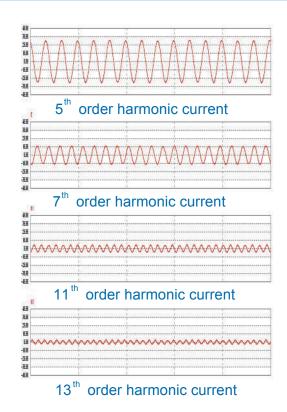


#### Harmonic



Harmonic current waveform





#### **Harmonic Index**

### **Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)**

Based on fundamental

THD<sub>F</sub> % = 
$$\frac{I_H}{I_1}$$
 x 100% =  $\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{n=2}^{1} I_n^2}}{I_1}$  x 100%

Based on total RMS

THD<sub>R</sub>% = 
$$\frac{I_H}{I_{rms}}$$
 x 100% =  $\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{n=2}^{1} I_n^2}}{I_{rms}}$  x 100%

$$I_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\sum_{h=1,2,3,..}} \frac{I_h^2}{I_h^2} = \sqrt{I_1^2 + I_2^2 + I_3^2 + I_4^2 + I_5^2 + \dots}.$$

- Note: I1 is fundamental RMS; Irms is total RMS
  - IH is total harmonic current RMS

In is harmonic current RMS for each order (n is 2, 3, 4....)





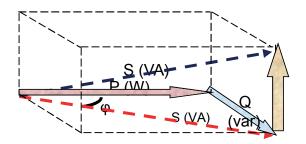
#### **Harmonic Basic**

- current harmonic distortion is due to nonlinear load
- Voltage harmonic distortion is due to voltage drop on source impedance by harmonic current
- Lower source impedance will be beneficial for harmonic current to flow to source, meantime voltage distortion is lower
- Higher voltage impedance prevent harmonic current flowing to source, but voltage distortion is also high
- The relation between source impedance and total harmonic distortion (u, i) is non-linear

#### **Harmonic Basic**

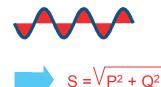
#### linear load without harmonic:

Power factor = Cosφ

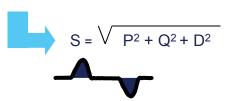


#### **Nonlinear load:**

Power factor = P/S (active power/apparent power)



- > S = apparent power
- >P = active power
- >Q = reactive power
- >D =distortion power



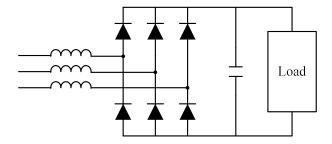




# **Typical Three Phase Nonlinear Load**

#### **6 Pulse Rectifier**

- UPS, VFD
- Current harmonics order: 6n±1



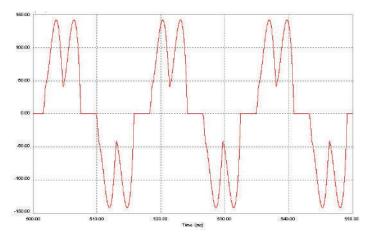


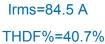


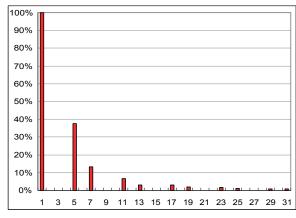


# **Typical Three Phase Nonlinear Load**

#### **6 Pulse Rectifier**







Spectrum



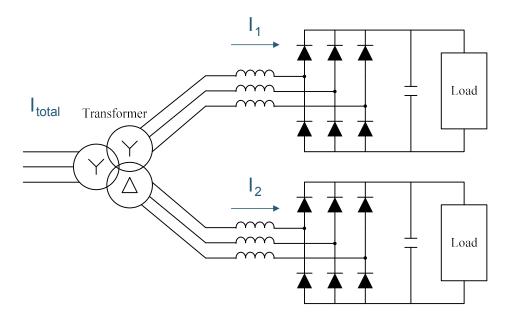




# **Typical Three Phase Nonlinear Load**

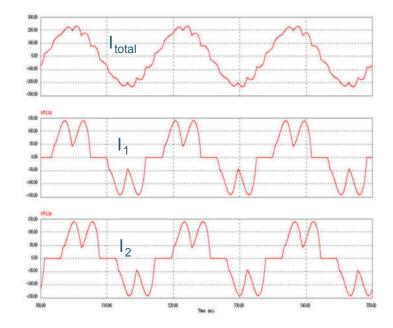
#### 12 Pulse Rectifier

• Current harmonics order:12n±1



# **Typical Three Phase Nonlinear Load**

#### **12 Pulse Rectifier**



$$THD_{F}\%=7.9\%$$

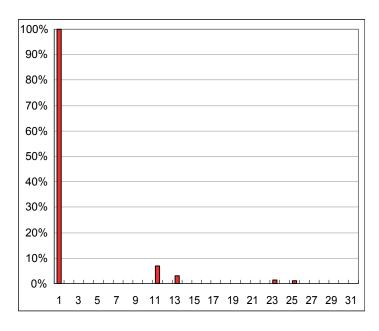
$$THD_F\% = 40.7\%$$





# **Typical Three Phase Nonlinear Load**

#### 12 Pulse Rectifier



Spectrum

#### **Harmonic Order**

$$n = k \times p \pm 1$$

n: harmonic order

k: constant 1,2,3,...

p: pulse number

# **Example:**

$$n=1*6\pm 1$$
  $\begin{cases} 5 \\ 7 \end{cases}$ 
 $n=2*6\pm 1$   $\begin{cases} 11 \\ 13 \end{cases}$ 

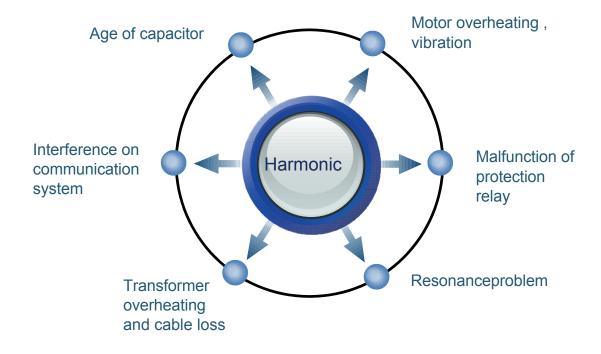


#### **Harmonic Source-Nonlinear Load**

- Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS)
- DC Power, Rectifier, DC Charger
- Variable Frequency Drive, DC Drive
- Lighting, Gas discharge lamp, Fluorescent lamp
- Welding equipment, Inductive heating, Arc furnace
- Computer and peripheral equipment
- Transformer, Reactor



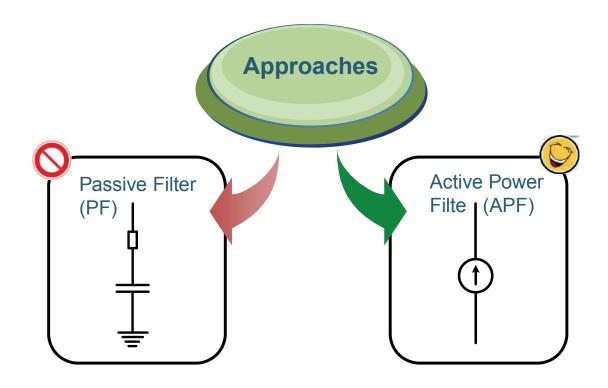
#### **Harm of Harmonics**



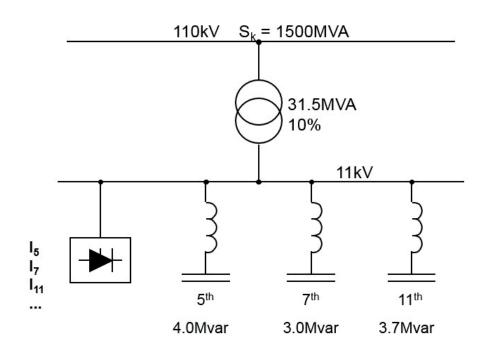




# **Solution of Harmonic**



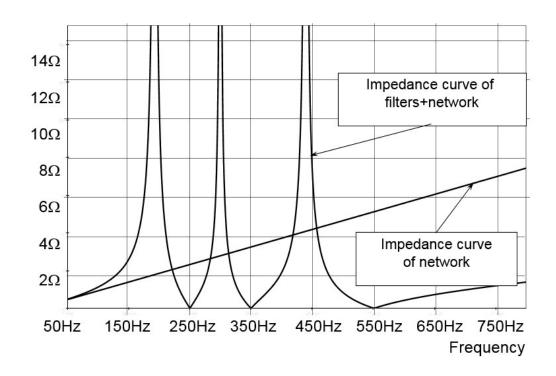
# Passive filter



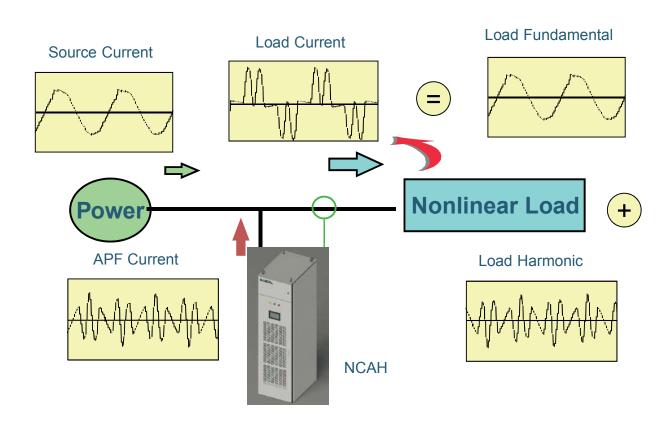




# **Passive filter**



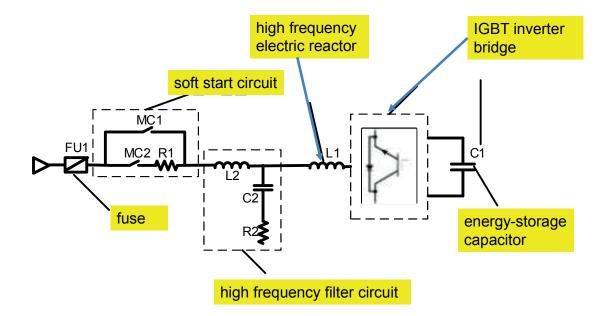
# **Active Power Filter Principle**







#### **Structure**

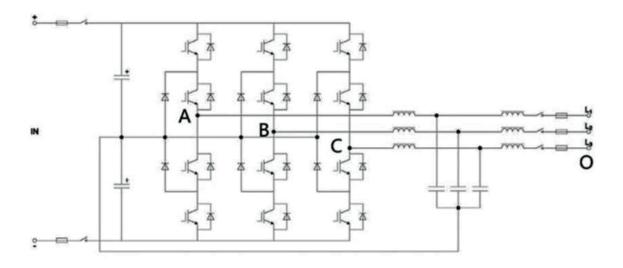


NPC PWM, 20kHz switching frequency, Compact design, High efficiency, High reliability

# **Topology**

#### Three-level inverter

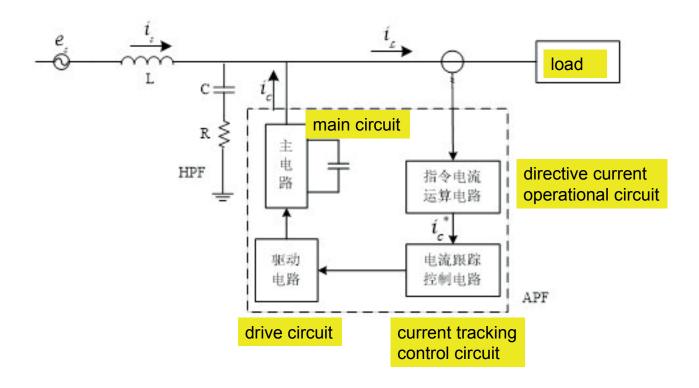
NPC mode three-level PWM inverter, high power density, high efficiency, better waveform and high reliability.



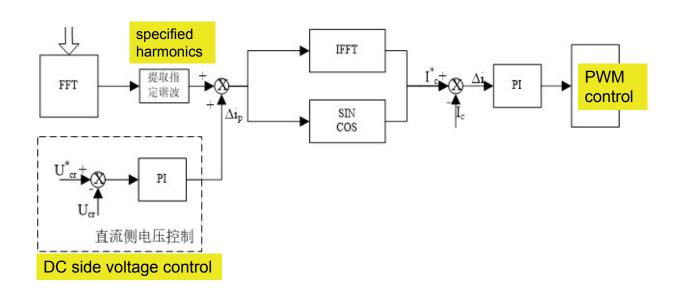




# **APF Control Principle**



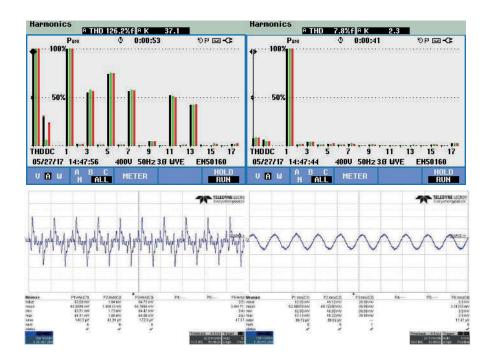
# **APF Control Principle**





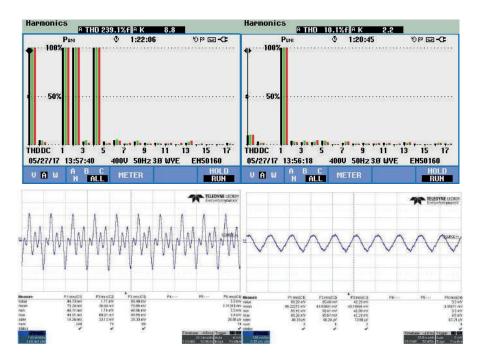


# **Harmonic Compensation Effects**



Odd harmonics

# **Harmonic Compensation Effects**



Even harmonics







#### **Product Features**

#### Modular design (Module 30A/50A/60A/100A/150A)

wall-mounted/cabinet convenient installation plug type optional, maintenance friendly

#### • Remarkable performance

harmonic elimination rate>97%
2~61 order compensation (selectable or whole)
reactive compensation range: -1~1 (adjustable)
three-phase unbalance compensation <3%
3 wire / 4 wire compatible



#### Reliable and stable

automatic resonance avoiding, automatic limiter, overvoltage, overcurrent, Germany brand IGBT chip

#### Energy saving

speed adjustable cooling fans and Isolated air duct design, hibernation/ awakening efficiency>97%

#### **Product Features**

# **Texas Instrument**DSP28377 chip



#### Control hardware

Dual core 32-bit CPU + 2CLA

Main frequency 200MHz

Each CPU equips three32-bittimers

12 channel16-bit high-accuracy ADsampling

#### Calculation

2rd generation complex calculator VCU II
Trigonometric functionscalculator TMU0
Floating point arithmetic

#### APF Response time

Instantaneous response time<25us
Total response time<5ms







#### **Product Features**

# Global leader power semiconductor



# 3-level topology structure lower voltag estress per each IGBT optimize output waveform high performance, low power consumption

- High-performancedrivecircuit self-designed,stable and reliable special design,high-efficiency safety design, comprehensive protection
- Highquality
   GermanybrandIGBT
   domestic leading brand inductor and capacitor
   long service life

#### **Product Features**

#### • Modulardesign, flexibleconfiguration

- canbe expandedlater per requirement, up to 16 modules, low initial investment
- easymaintenance, high reliability

#### Cabinetorwall-mountedinstallation

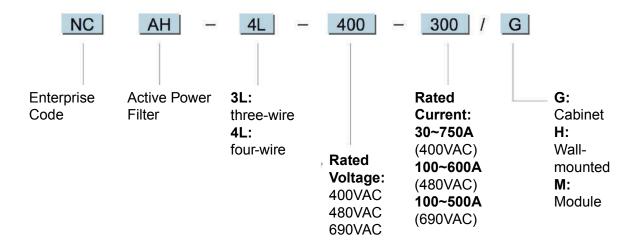
- cabinettype,or modules can be placed in customer'sswitchgear
- wall-mountedinstallationtosavespaceandcost
- APFcan be paralleled for capacity expansion up to 10 units







# **APF Product Model**



# **APF Specifications**

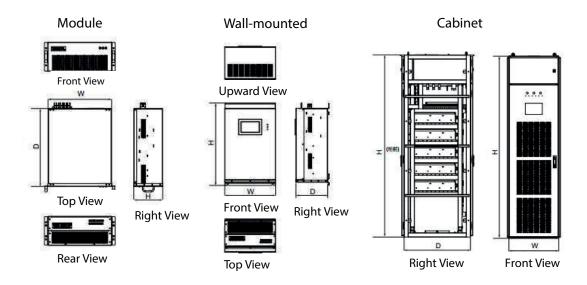
rated current	30/50/60A	100A 150A	100-750A		100-600A	100-500A
rated voltage	380V (-40% ~ +20%) 480V (-40% ~ +20%) 690V (-40% ~ +20%)					
controller	DSP based full-digital control					
compensation current of neutral line	triple phase current					
filter capacity	$2\sim$ 61 order (selectable or whole compensation)					
harmonic elimination rate	>97%					
Line frequency	50Hz/60Hz ± 5%					
line structure	three-phase three-wire /three-phase four-wire					
topology	three-level NPC					
three-phase unbalance compensation capacity	<3%					
reactive compensation	-1∼1 (adjustable)					
response time	<5ms complete response; <25us transient response					
automatic current limiting	yes					
switching frequency	20 kHz (adjustable)					
cooling method	air cooling, speed adjustable					
noise level	<60dBA					
efficiency	≥97%					
protection function	overvoltage, undervoltage, overcurrent, over-temperature etc.					
HMI	standard 7 inch colorized touch screen or customized					
communication interface	RS485/CAN/internet access					
installation	wall-mounted/cabinet cabinet					
color	RAL7032(optional)					
storage temperature	-40~70 ℃					
operation temperature	-10~50 ℃					
humidity	<95% non-condensing					
altitude	<1500m ( derating when exceed 1500m)					
enclosure	IP21 or customized					





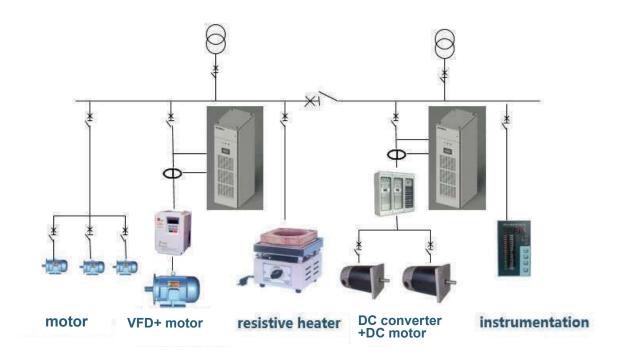


# **APF Size Outline**



Module & Wall-mounted	Module size (W*D*H mm)	Wall-mounted size (W*D*H mm) Weight (kg)
30A/50A/60A(400V)	450*545*205	450*265*545 35
100A(400V)	450*645*230	450*290*645 45
150A(400V)	550*645*290	550*350*645 60
Cabinet	Size(W*D*H mm)	Weight (kg)
100-750A (400V)	600*800*2200	200-600
100-600A (480V)	800*1000*2200	200-600
100-500A (690V)	800*1000*2200	200-600

# **Distributed Compensation**







# **Centralized Compensation**

