# **CLOUD AND NETWORK SECURITY**

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CS-CNS07-24006

Week 4: Assignment 1

**Packet Tracer: Switch Security** 

**Configuration** 

#### **INTRODUCTIONS**

This is a compressive lab to review Layer 2 security features. I did VLAN and secure Switch configuration. After the configurations, I will test the connectivity of the devices. The objectives of this lab include:

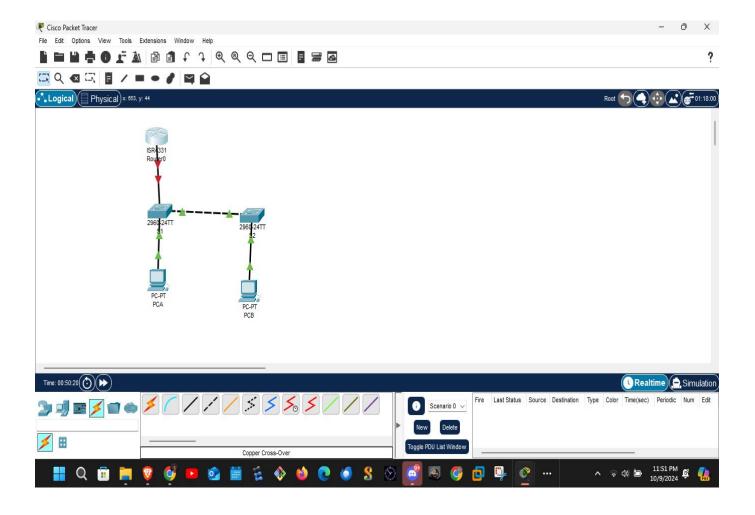
- 1. Part 1: Configure the Network Devices. Cable the network
  - Configure R1.
  - Configure and verify basic switch settings.
- 2. Part2: Configure VLANs on Switches.
  - Configure VLAN 10
  - ➤ Configure the SVI for VLAN 10

- ➤ Configure VLAN 333 with the name Native on S1 and S2.
- ➤ Configure VLAN 999 with the name ParkingLot on S1 and S2.
- 3. Part3: Configure Switch Security.
  - > Implement 802.1Q trunking.
  - Configure access ports.
  - Secure and disable unused switchports.
  - > Document and implement port security features.
  - > Implement DHCP snooping security.
  - > Implement PortFast and BPDU guard.
  - Verify end-to-end-connectivity.

### Part 1: Configure the Network Devices.

#### Step 1: Cable the network.

- 1. Cable the network as in the topology.
- 2. Initialize the devices.

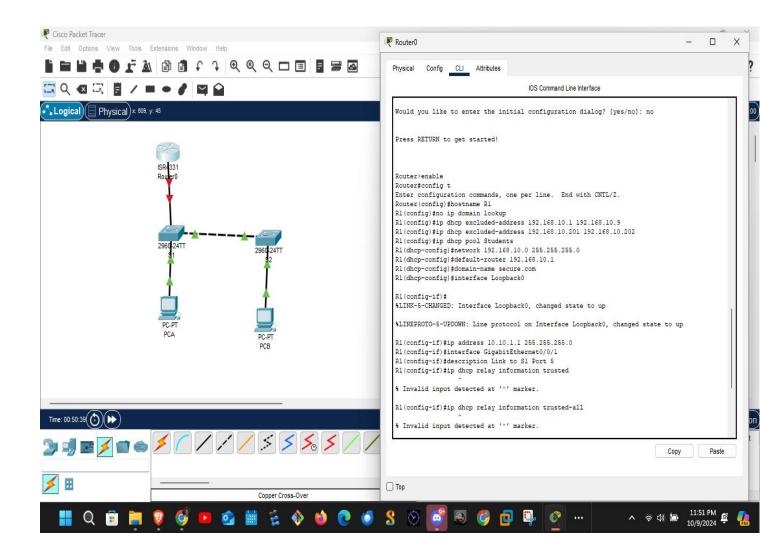


#### Step 2: Configure R1.

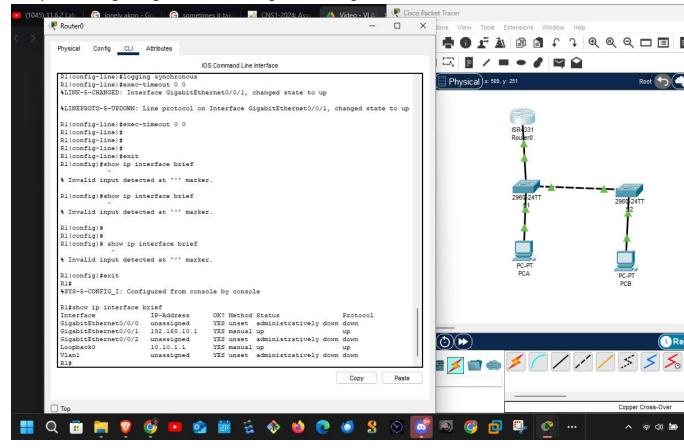
1. Load the following configuration script on R1.

```
enable configure
terminal hostname
R1 no ip domain
lookup
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.10.1 192.168.10.9 ip
dhcp excluded-address 192.168.10.201 192.168.10.202
!
ip dhcp pool Students network
192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0 default-
router 192.168.10.1 domain-name
secure.com
!
interface Loopback0
```

```
ip address 10.10.1.1 255.255.255.0 !
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
description Link to S1 Port 5 ip
dhcp relay information trusted
ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0
no shutdown !
line con 0 logging
synchronous exectimeout 0 0
```



2. Verify the running-configuration on R1 using the following command:



R1# show ip interface brief

3. Verify IP addressing and interfaces are in an up / up state (troubleshoot as necessary).

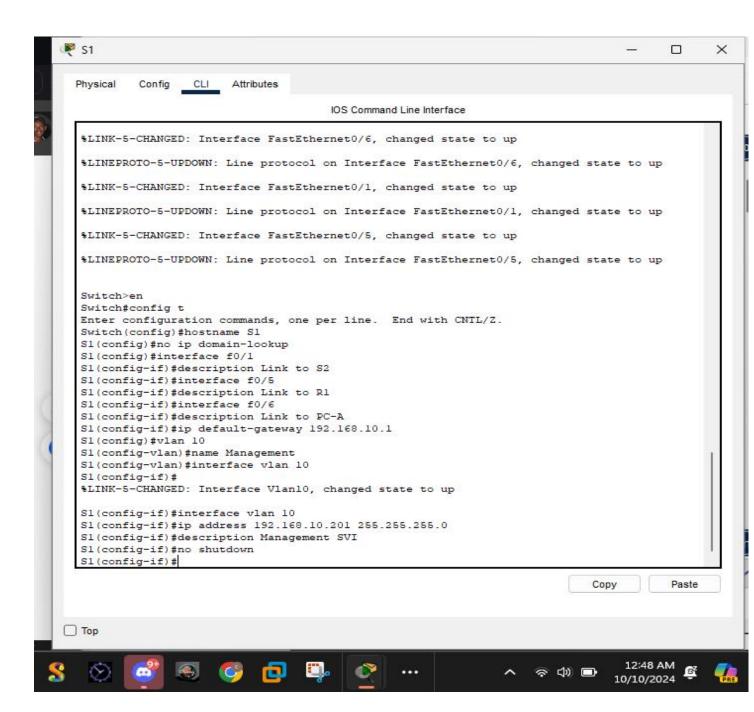
#### Step 3: Configure and verify basic switch settings.

1. Configure the hostname for switches S1 and S2.

Open configuration window

Switch# config t

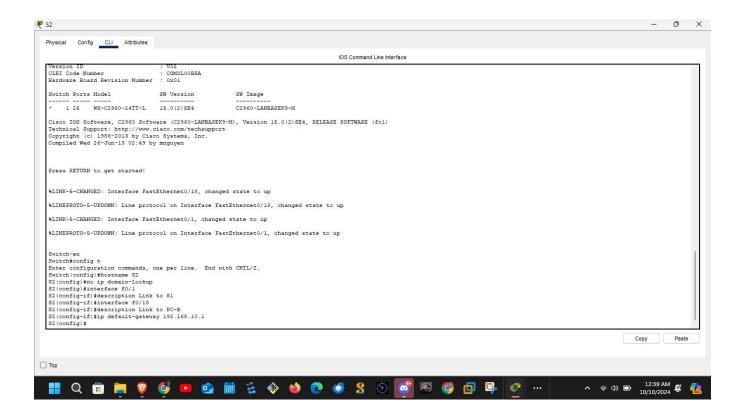
Switch(config)# hostname S1



Open configuration window

Switch# config t

Switch(config)# hostname S2



2. Prevent unwanted DNS lookups on both switches.

S1(config)# no ip domain-lookup

S2(config)# no ip domain-lookup

3. Configure interface descriptions for the ports that are in use in S1 and S2.

S1(config)# interface f0/1

S1(config-if)# description Link to S2

S1(config-if)# interface f0/5

S1(config-if)# description Link to R1

S1(config-if)# interface f0/6

S1(config-if)# description Link to PC-A

Physical

Config CLI Attributes

IOS Command Line Int

```
Switch(config) #hostname S1
Sl(config) #no ip domain-lookup
S1(config)#interface f0/1
Sl(config-if) #description Link to S2
S1(config-if)#interface f0/5
Sl(config-if) #description Link to Rl
S1(config-if) #interface f0/6
S1(config-if) #description Link to PC-A
S1(config-if) #ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1
S1(config) #vlan 10
S1(config-vlan) #name Management
S1(config-vlan) #interface vlan 10
S1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan10, changed state to up
Sl(config-if)#interface vlan 10
S1(config-if) #ip address 192.168.10.201 255.255.255.0
S1(config-if) #description Management SVI
S1(config-if) #no shutdown
S1(config-if)#vlan 10
Sl(config-vlan) #name Management
S1(config-vlan)#interface vlan 10
S1(config-if) #vlan 333
Sl(config-vlan) #name Native
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 999
Sl(config-vlan) #name ParkingLot
S1(config-vlan) #interface f0/1
Sl(config-if) #switchport mode trunk
S1(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan10, changed state to up
S1(config-if) #switchport trunk native vlan 333
S1(config-if)#
```

























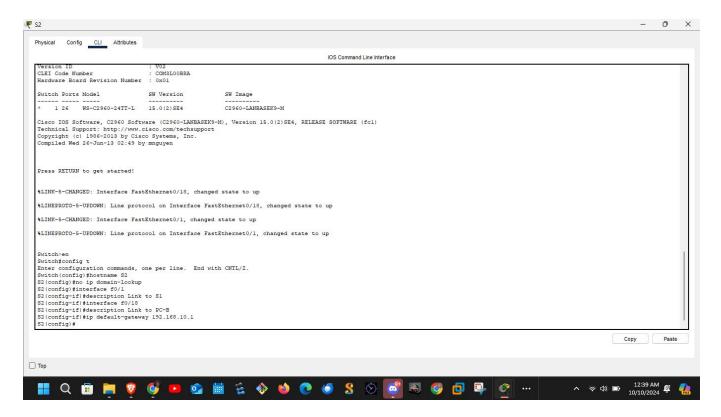








S2(config)# interface f0/1
S2(config-if)# description Link to S1
S2(config-if)# interface f0/18
S2(config-if)# description Link to PC-B



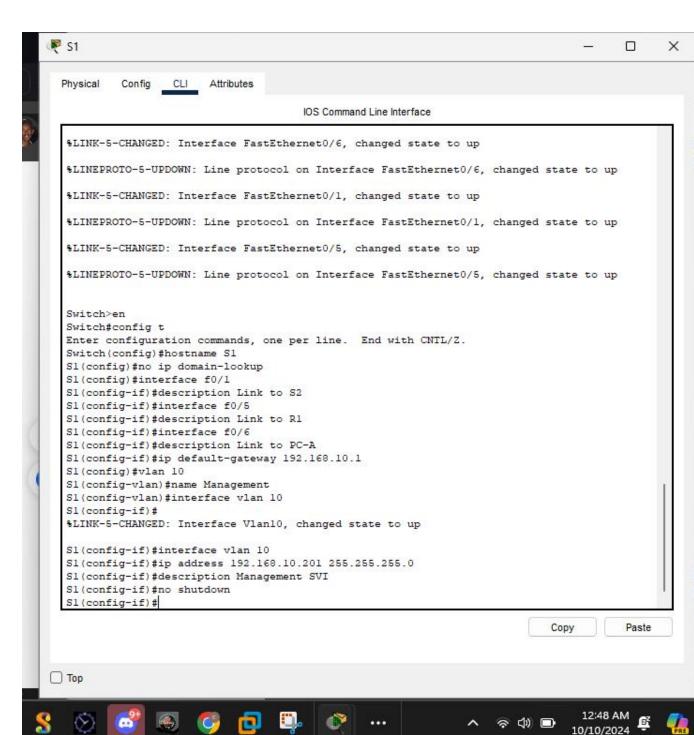
Set the default-gateway for the Management VLAN to 192.168.10.1 on both switches.

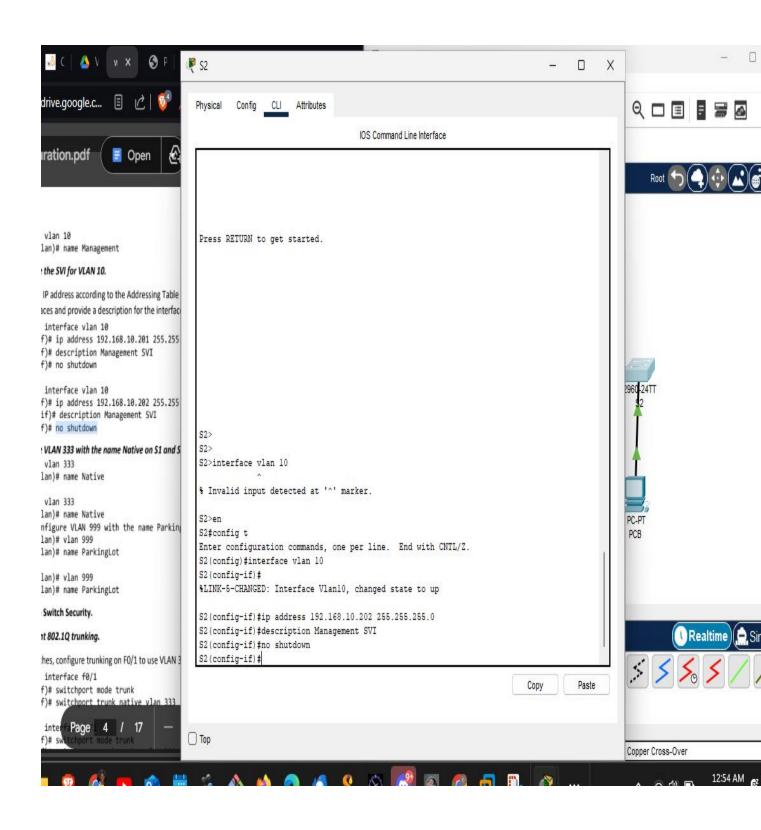
S1(config)# ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1 S2(config)# ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1 In the above figures respectivley for S1 and S2

# Part 2: Configure VLANs on Switches.

#### Step 1: Configure VLAN 10.

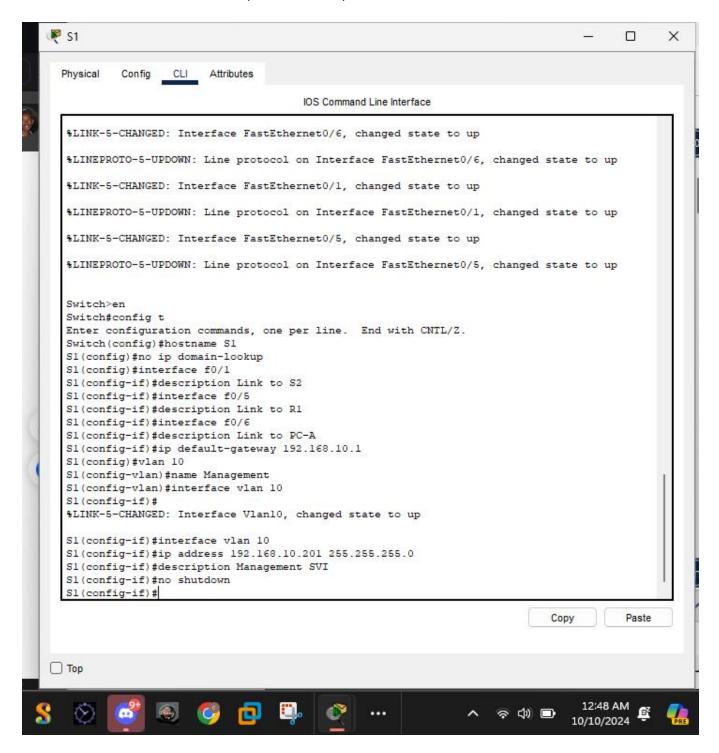
1. Add VLAN 10 to S1 and S2 and name the VLAN Management.

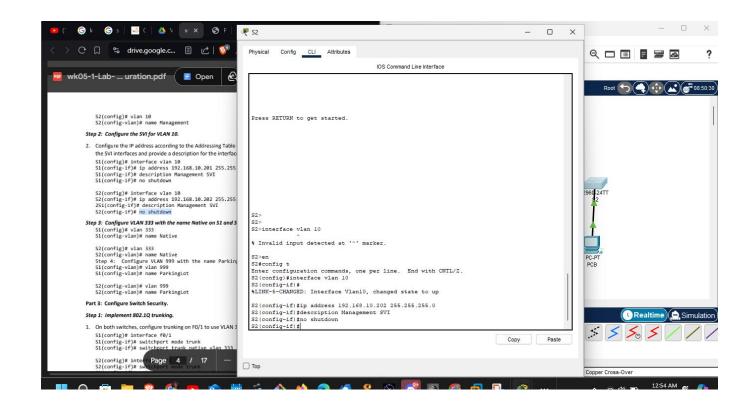




#### Step 2: Configure the SVI for VLAN 10.

2. Configure the IP address according to the Addressing Table for SVI for VLAN 10 on S1 and S2. Enable the SVI interfaces and provide a description for the interface.





Step 3: Configure VLAN 333 with the name Native on S1 and S2.



Physical Config CLI Attributes IOS Command Line Interface Switch(config) #hostname Sl Sl(config) #no ip domain-lookup S1(config)#interface f0/1 S1(config-if) #description Link to S2 S1(config-if) #interface f0/5 Sl(config-if) #description Link to Rl Sl(config-if) #interface f0/6 Sl(config-if) #description Link to PC-A S1(config-if)#ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1 S1(config)#vlan 10 S1(config-vlan)#name Management S1(config-vlan)#interface vlan 10 S1(config-vlan)#interface vlan 10 %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan10, changed state to up S1(config-if)#interface vlan 10 S1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.10.201 255.255.255.0 S1(config-if)#description Management SVI S1(config-if) #no shutdown Si(config-if) #no shutdown
Sl(config-if) #vlan 10
Sl(config-vlan) #name Management
Sl(config-vlan) #interface vlan 10
Sl(config-if) #vlan 333
Sl(config-vlan) #name Native
Sl(config-vlan) #vlan 999
Sl(config-vlan) #name ParkingLot
Sl(config-vlan) #name ParkingLot
Sl(config-vlan) #interface f0/1 S1(config-vlan)#interface f0/1 S1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk S1(config-if)# %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan10, changed state to up S1(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 333 S1(config-if)#







































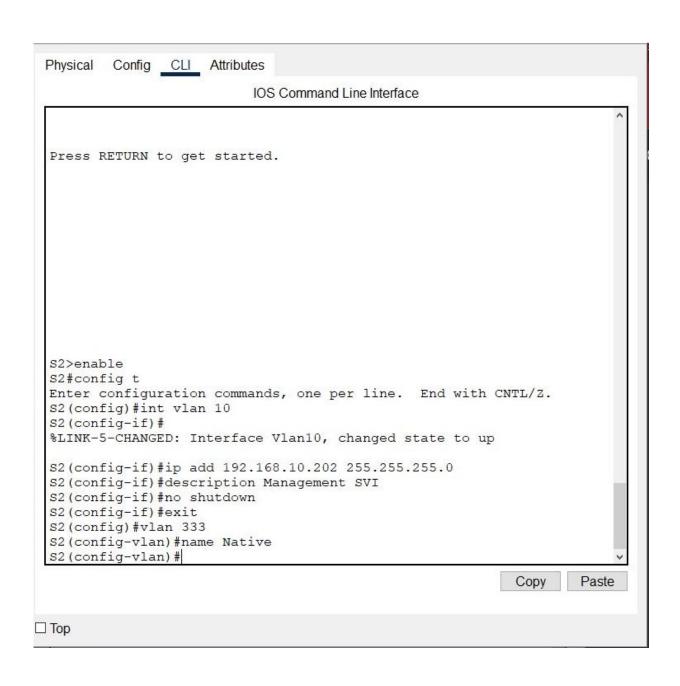






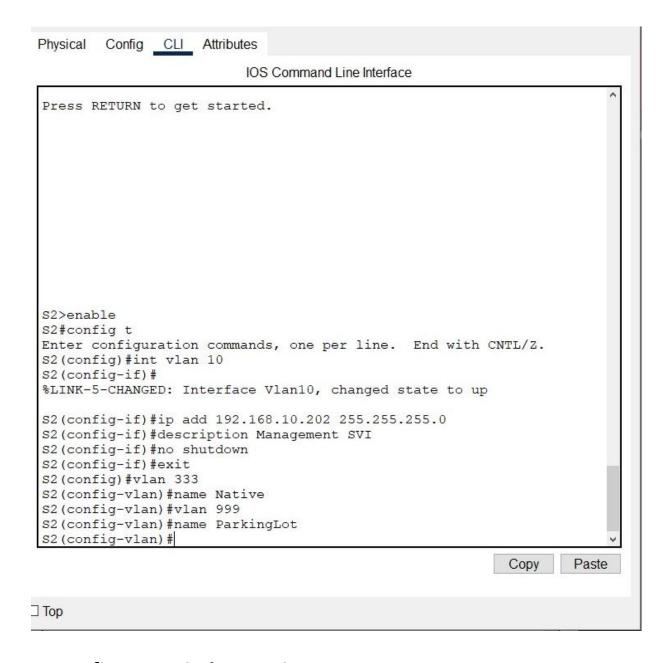






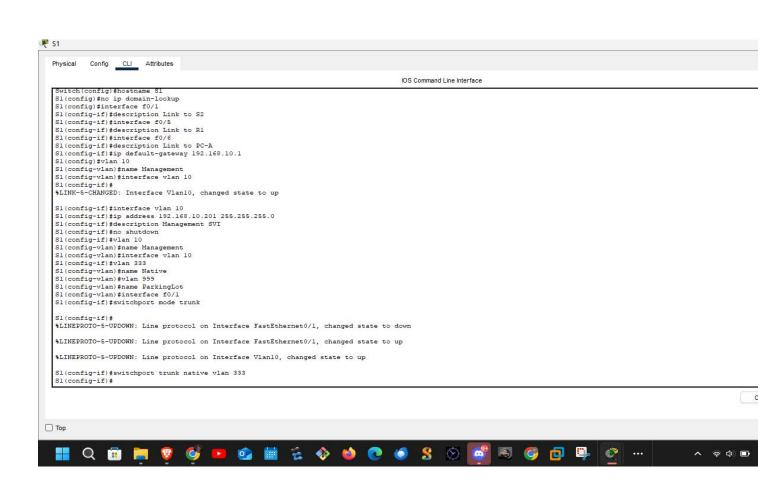
Step 4: Configure VLAN 999 with the name ParkingLot on S1 and S2.

```
Physical
         Config CLI Attributes
                       IOS Command Line Interface
  S1>enable
 S1#ip int show brief
  % Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
 S1#ip show int brief
  % Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
  S1#config t
 Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/
 S1(config) #int vlan 10
 S1(config-if) #ip add 192.168.10.201 255.255.255.0
  S1(config-if) #description Management SVI
 S1(config-if) #no shutdown
 S1(config-if)#exit
 S1(config) #vlan 333
 S1(config-vlan) #name Native
 S1(config-vlan)#vlan 999
 S1(config-vlan) #name ParkingLot
 S1(config-vlan)#
                                                    Copy
                                                             Paste
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```



# **Part 3: Configure Switch Security.**

1. On both switches, configure trunking on FO/1 to use VLAN 333 as the native VLAN.

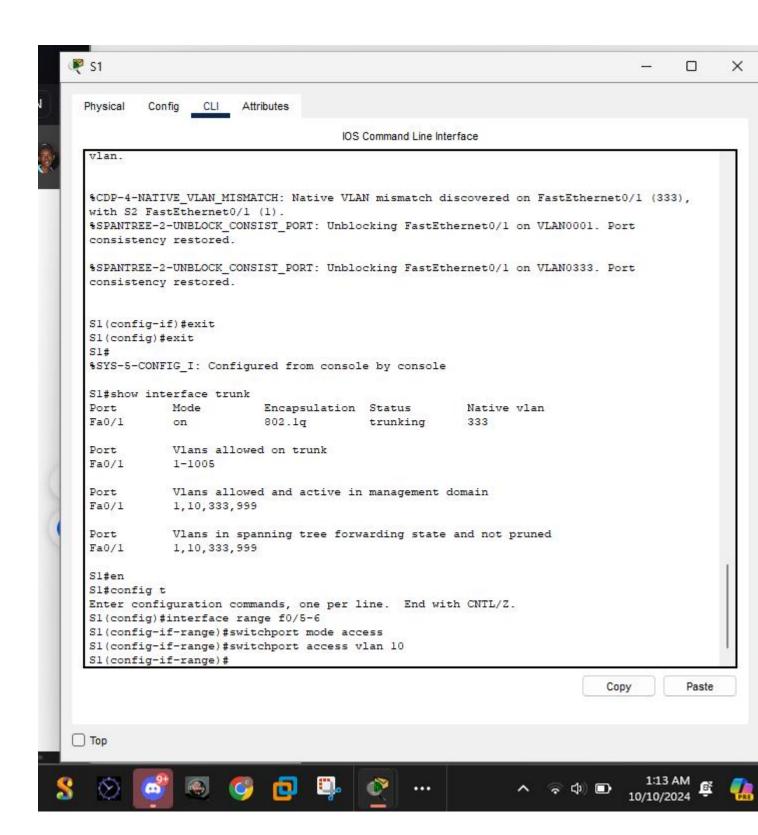




2. Verify that trunking is configured on both switches.

```
Physical Config CLI Attributes
                      IOS Command Line Interface
Enter configuration commands, one per fine.
Z.
S1 (config) #int
%CDP-4-NATIVE VLAN MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch
discovered on FastEthernet0/1 (1), with S2 FastEthernet0/1
(333)
% Incomplete command.
S1(config)#int f0/1
S1(config-if) #switchport mode trunk
S1(config-if) #switchport trunk native vlan 333
S1(config-if)#exit
S1(config)#exit
S1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
S1#show interface trunk
Port
            Mode
                          Encapsulation Status
Native vlan
Fa0/1
            on
                          802.1q
                                         trunking
                                                        333
Port
            Vlans allowed on trunk
Fa0/1
            1-1005
Port.
            Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Fa0/1
            1,10,333,999
            Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not
Port
pruned
Fa0/1
            1,10,333,999
S1#
                                                  Copy
                                                           Paste
```

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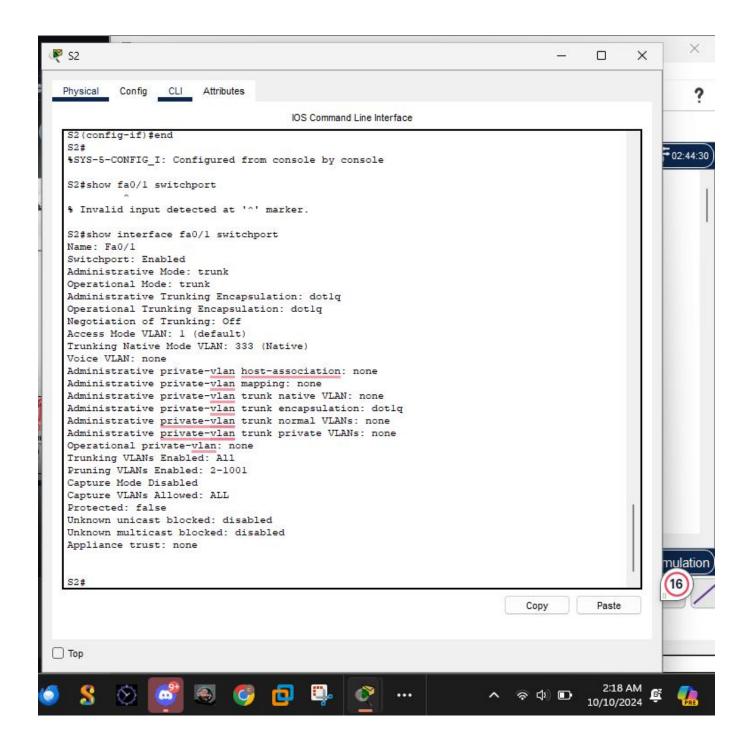
3. Disable DTP negotiation on F0/1 on S1 and S2.

```
Physical
         Config CLI Attributes
                       IOS Command Line Interface
  (333)
 % Incomplete command.
 S1(config)#int f0/1
 S1(config-if) #switchport mode trunk
 S1(config-if) #switchport trunk native vlan 333
 S1(config-if) #exit
 S1(config)#exit
 S1#
 %SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
 S1#show interface trunk
                           Encapsulation Status
 Port.
             Mode
 Native vlan
                           802.1q
 Fa0/1
                                       trunking
                                                         333
             on
 Port
             Vlans allowed on trunk
             1-1005
 Fa0/1
 Port
             Vlans allowed and active in management domain
 Fa0/1
             1,10,333,999
             Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not
 Port
 pruned
 Fa0/1
              1,10,333,999
 Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/
 S1(config)#int f0/1
 S1(config-if) #switchport nonegotiate
 S1(config-if)#
                                                   Copy
                                                           Paste
☐ Top
```



4. Verify with the show interfaces command.

Physical	Config CL	.I Attributes			
		IOS Com	mand Line Int	erface	
Press R	ETURN to ç	get started			
Z. S1(conf: S1#	onfigurati	on command Configured	- T		End with CNTL/
		switchport unking: Of		e Negotia	ation
					Copy Paste
Тор					

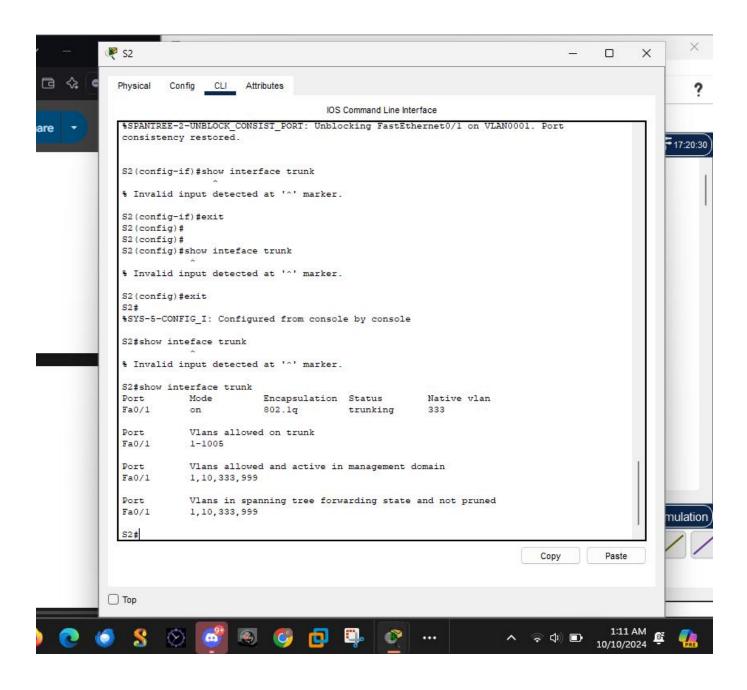


### Step 2: Configure access ports.

1. On S1, configure F0/5 and F0/6 as access ports that are associated with VLAN 10.

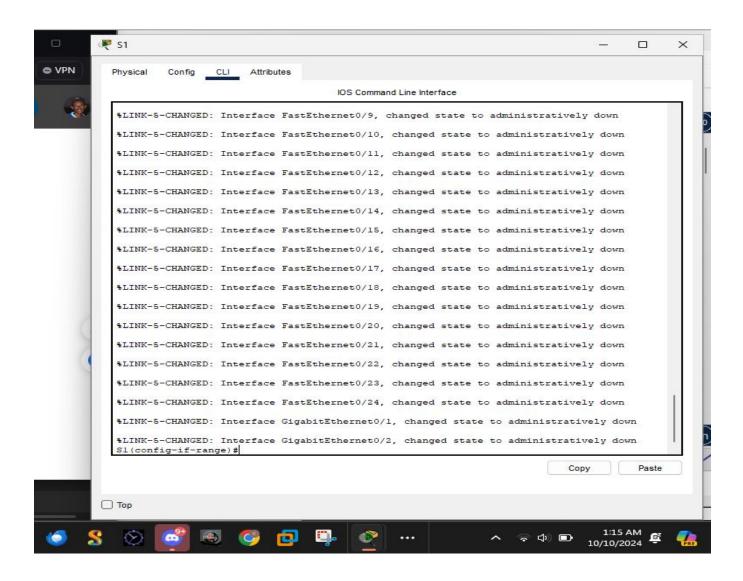


2. On S2, configure F0/18 as an access port that is associated with VLAN 10.

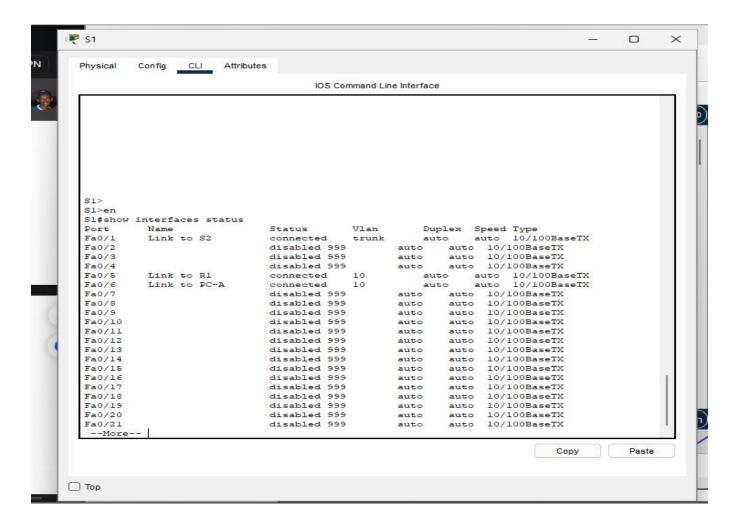


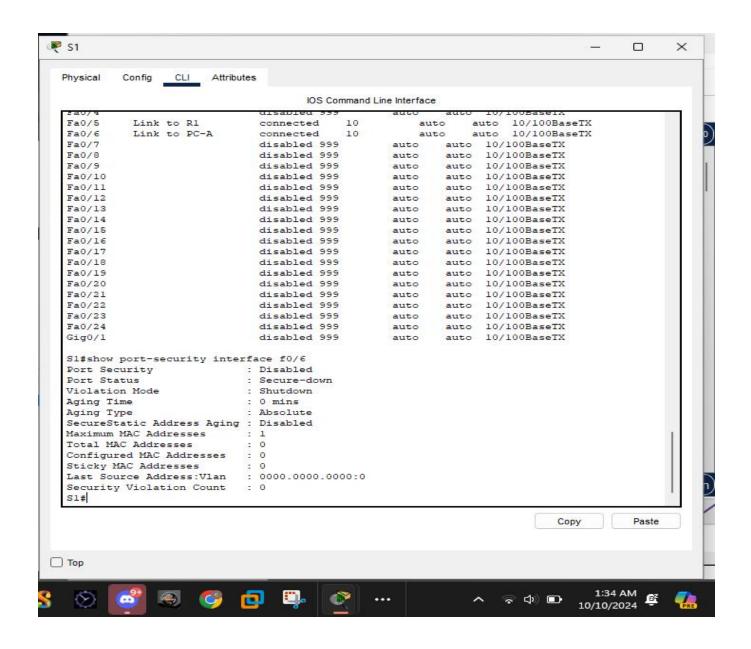
# Step 3: Secure and disable unused switchports.

1. On S1 and S2, move the unused ports from VLAN 1 to VLAN 999 and disable the unused ports.



2. Verify that unused ports are disabled and associated with VLAN 999 by issuing the show command.

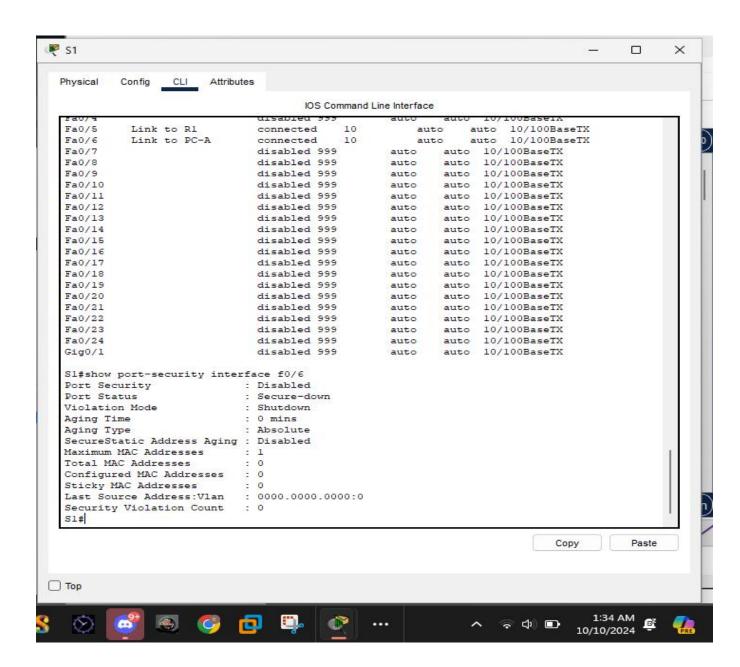


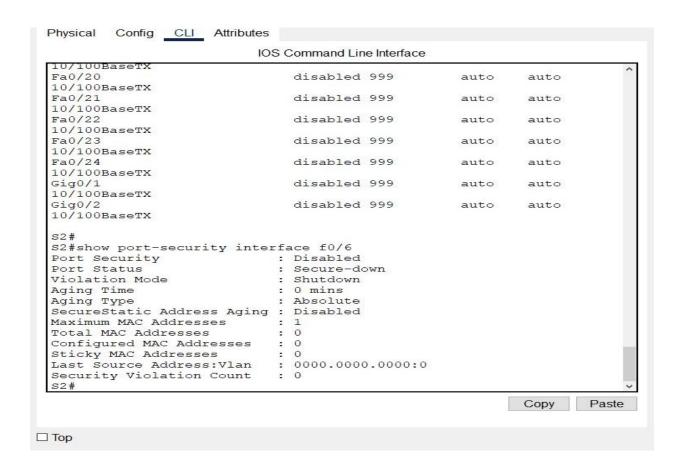


3. v

#### Step 4: Document and implement port security features.

1. On S1, issue the show port-security interface f0/6 command to display the default port security settings for interface F0/6. Record your answers in the table below.

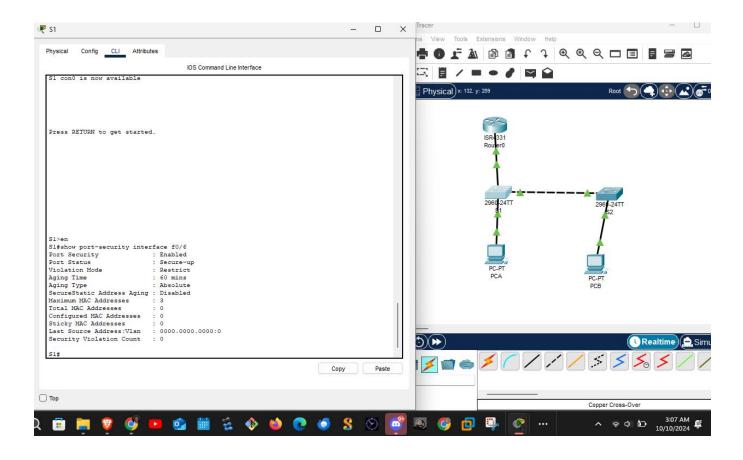




2. On S1, enable port security on F0/6 with the following settings:

• Maximum number of MAC addresses: 3

Violation type: restrict Aging time: 60 min Aging type: inactivity



3. Verify port security on S1 F0/6.

```
S1#show port-security int fa0/6
 Port Security
                            : Enabled
 Port Status
                            : Secure-up
 Violation Mode
                            : Restrict
 Aging Time
                            : 60 mins
 Aging Type
                            : Absolute
 SecureStatic Address Aging : Disabled
                           : 3
 Maximum MAC Addresses
 Total MAC Addresses
                            : 0
 Configured MAC Addresses : 0
 Sticky MAC Addresses : 0
 Last Source Address: Vlan : 0000.0000.0000:0
 Security Violation Count
                          : 0
 S1#
                                                         Copy
                                                                 Paste
□ Top
```

lan Mac Address	Туре	Ports
emaining Age		7
ins)		1
	28 2222	12222
otal Addrossos in	System (excluding one mac	nor nort) . O
	t in System (excluding one mac)	
1#	/ In Dybbom (encluding enc.	mae per pere, . reer
, N		>
7		>

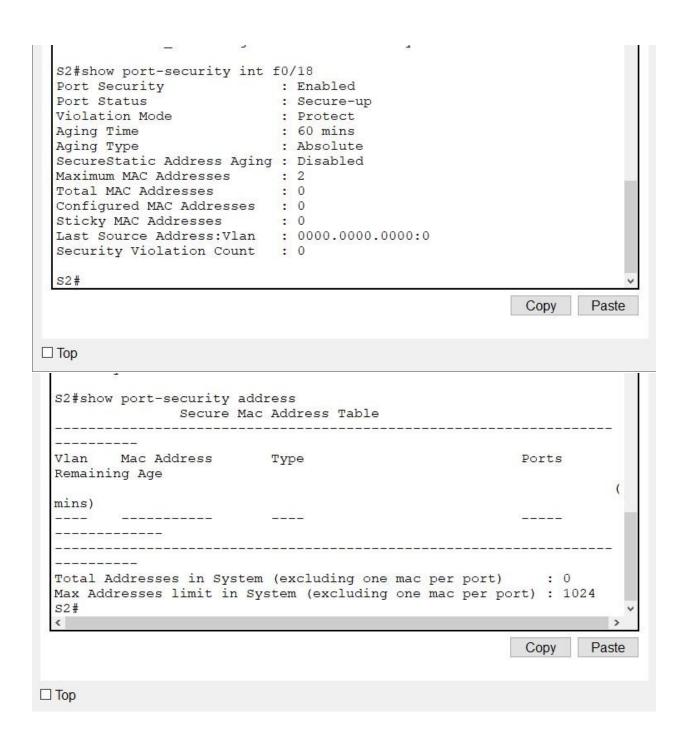
4. Enable port security for F0/18 on S2. Configure the port to add MAC addresses learned on the port automatically to the running configuration.

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. S2(config) #int fa0/18
S2(config-if) #switchport port-security
S2(config-if) #switchport port-security mac-address sticky
```

- 5. Configure the following port security settings on S2 F/18:
  - Maximum number of MAC addresses: 2
  - Violation type: **Protect**
  - Aging time: 60 min

```
S2(config-if) #switchport port-security maximum 2
S2(config-if) #switchport port-security violation protect
S2(config-if) #switchport port-security aging time 60
S2(config-if) #
```

6. Verify port security on S2 F0/18.



### Step 5: Implement DHCP snooping security.

1. On S2, enable DHCP snooping and configure DHCP snooping on VLAN 10.



2. Configure the trunk port on S2 as a trusted port.

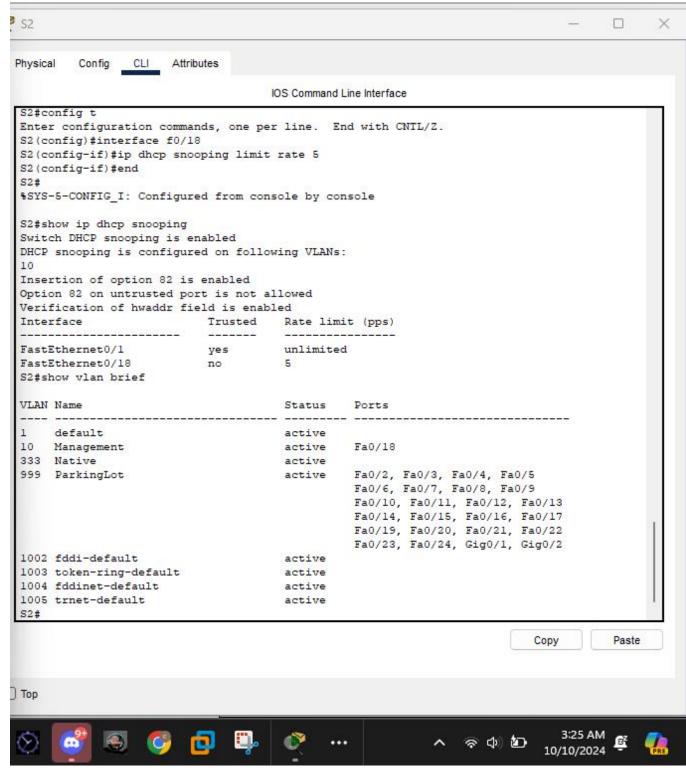
```
S2(config) #int f0/1
S2(config-if) #ip dhcp snooping trust
S2(config-if) #exit
```

3. Limit the untrusted port, F18 on S2, to five DHCP packets per second.

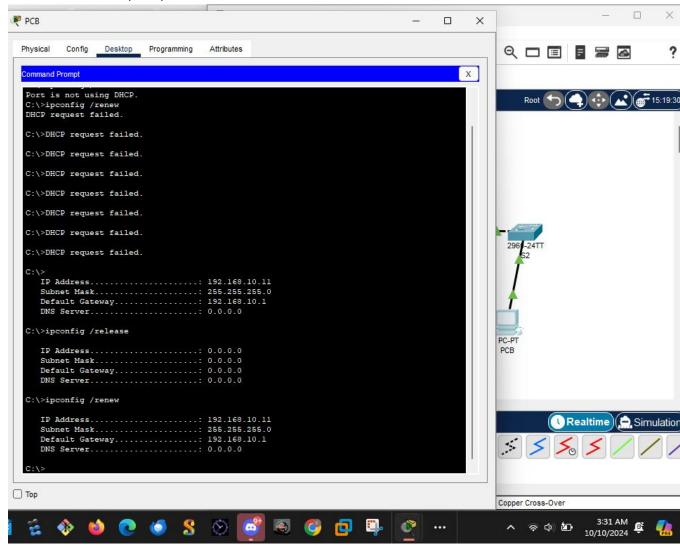
```
S2(config) #int f0/18
S2(config-if) #ip dhcp snooping rate 5
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

S2(config-if) #ip dhcp snooping limit rate 5
S2(config-if) #end
S2#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

4. Verify DHCP Snooping on S2.

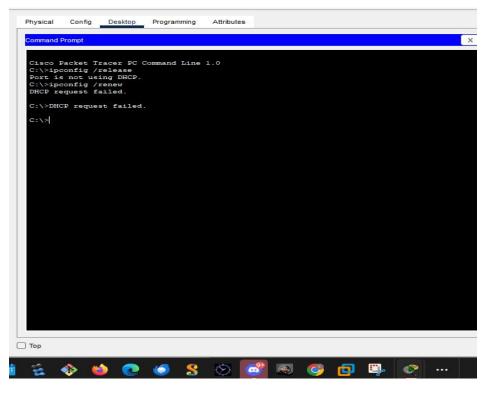


6. From the command prompt on PC-B, release and then renew the IP address.

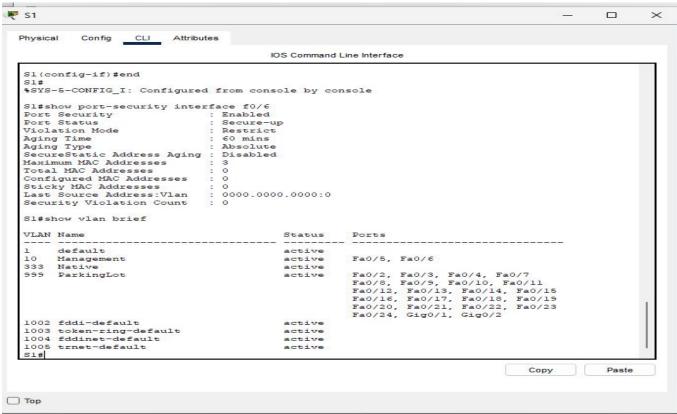


At first I had problem as the request was failing but I resolved the issue

3

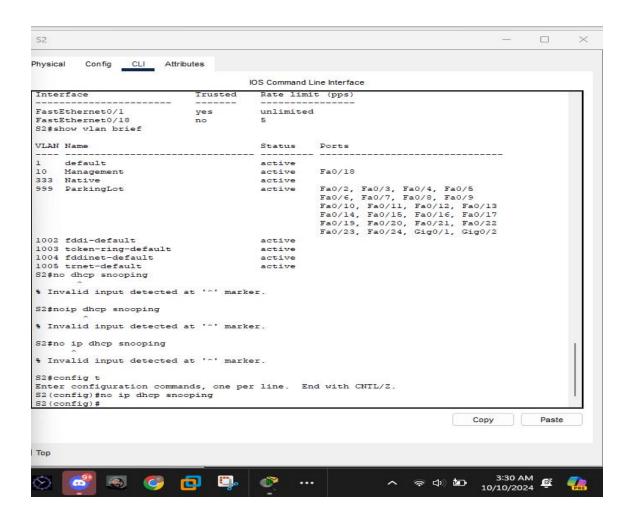


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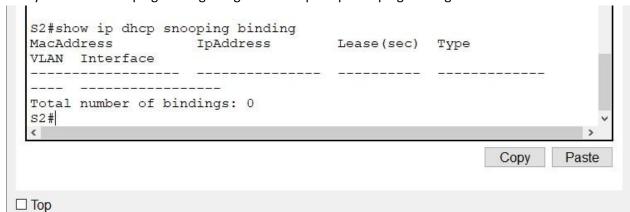


...

3:26 AM 5 4 10/10/2024

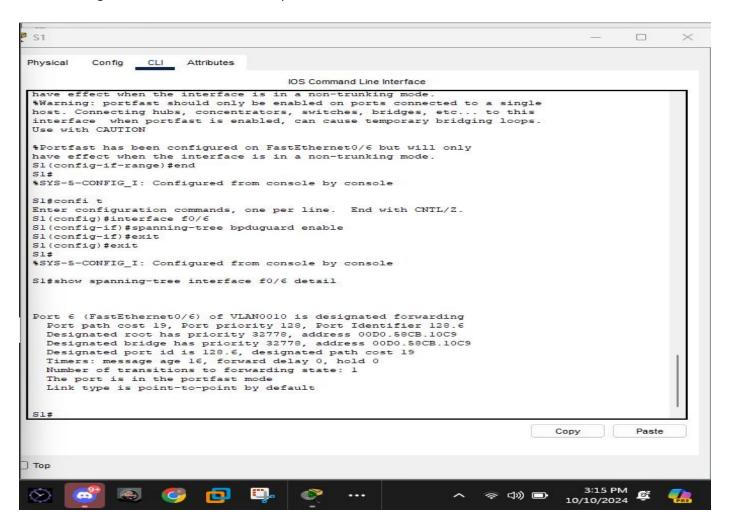


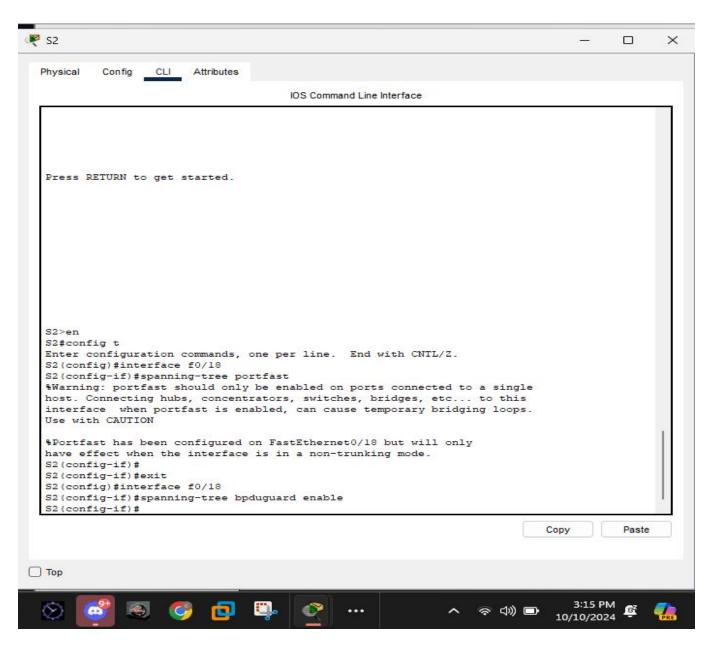
7. Verify the DHCP snooping binding using the show ip dhcp snooping binding command.



#### Step 6: Implement PortFast and BPDU guard.

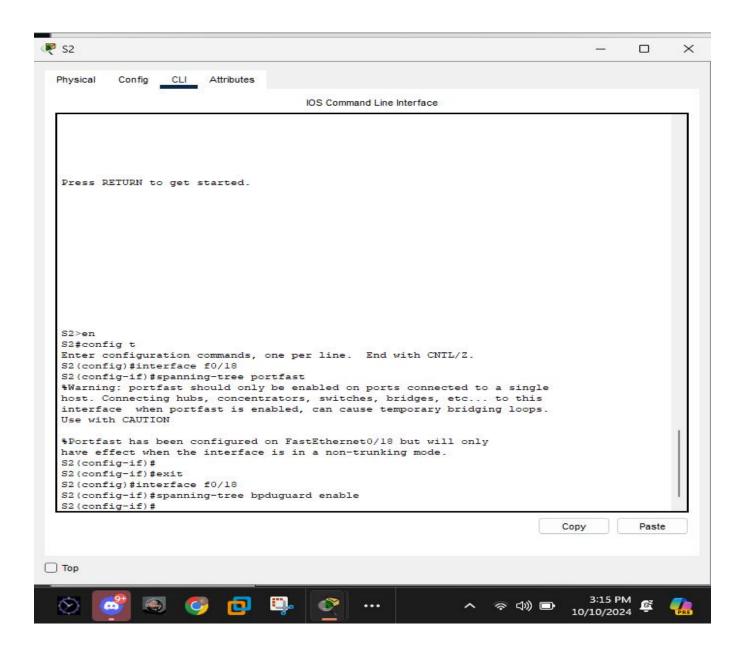
1. Configure PortFast on all the access ports that are in use on both switches.



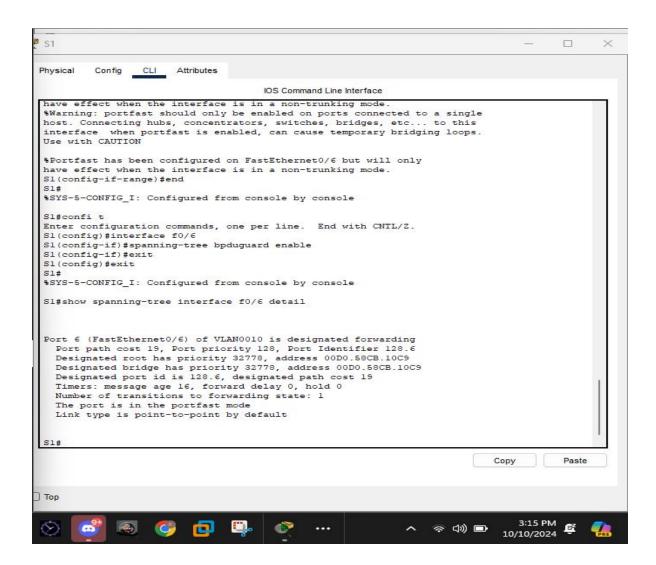


2.

3. Enable BPDU guard on S1 and S2 VLAN 10 access ports connected to PC-A and PC-B.



4. Verify that BPDU guard and PortFast are enabled on the appropriate ports.



### Step 7: Verify end-to-end connectivity.

Verify PING connectivity between all devices in the IP Addressing Table. If the pings fail, you may need to disable the firewall on the PC hosts.

**№** PC-A — □ ×

```
Physical
        Config Desktop Programming
                                     Attributes
                                                                      X
 Command Prompt
 Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
 C:\>ping 192.168.10.1
 Pinging 192.168.10.1 with 32 bytes of data:
 Reply from 192.168.10.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
 Reply from 192.168.10.1: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=255
 Reply from 192.168.10.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
 Reply from 192.168.10.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
 Ping statistics for 192.168.10.1:
      Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
 Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 1ms
 C:\>ping 192.168.10.201
 Pinging 192.168.10.201 with 32 bytes of data:
 Request timed out.
 Reply from 192.168.10.201: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
 Reply from 192.168.10.201: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
 Reply from 192.168.10.201: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
 Ping statistics for 192.168.10.201:
      Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
 Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
 C:\>
☐ Top
```

```
C:\>ping 192.168.10.202

Pinging 192.168.10.202 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.10.202: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.10.202: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.10.202: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.10.202:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

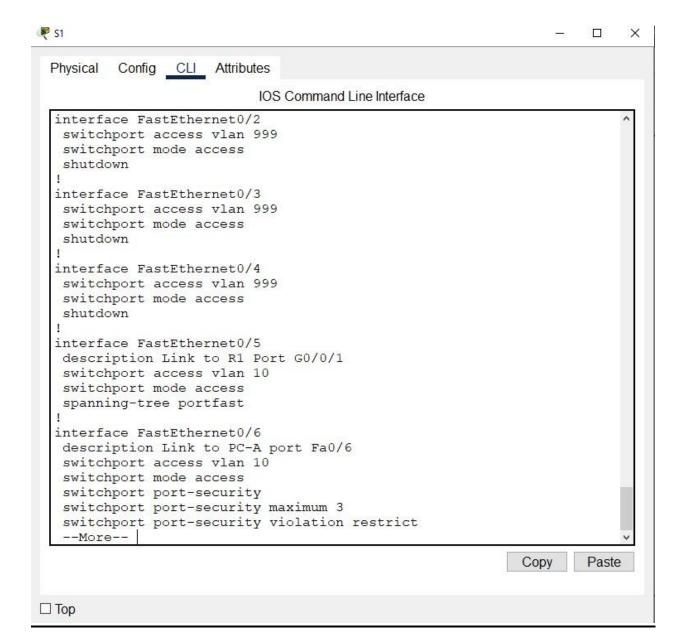
Close configuration window

### **Questions to answer**

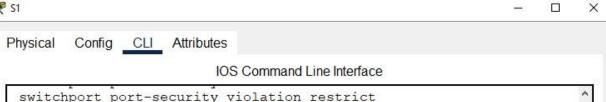
- 1. In reference to Port Security on S2, why is there no timer value for the remaining age in minutes when sticky learning was configured? This switch does not support the port security aging of sticky secure addresses.
- 2. In reference to Port Security on S2, if you load the running-config script on S2, why will PC-B on port 18 never get an IP address via DHCP? Port security is set for only two MAC addresses and port 18 has two "sticky" MAC address bound to the port. Additionally, the violation is protect, which will never send a console/syslog message or increment the violation counter.
- 3. In reference to Port Security, what is the difference between the absolute aging type and inactivity aging type? If the inactivity type is set, then the secure addresses on the port will be removed only if there is no data traffic from the secure source addresses for the specified time period. If the absolute type is set, then all secure addresses on this port age out exactly after the time specified ends

## **Device Configurations – Final**





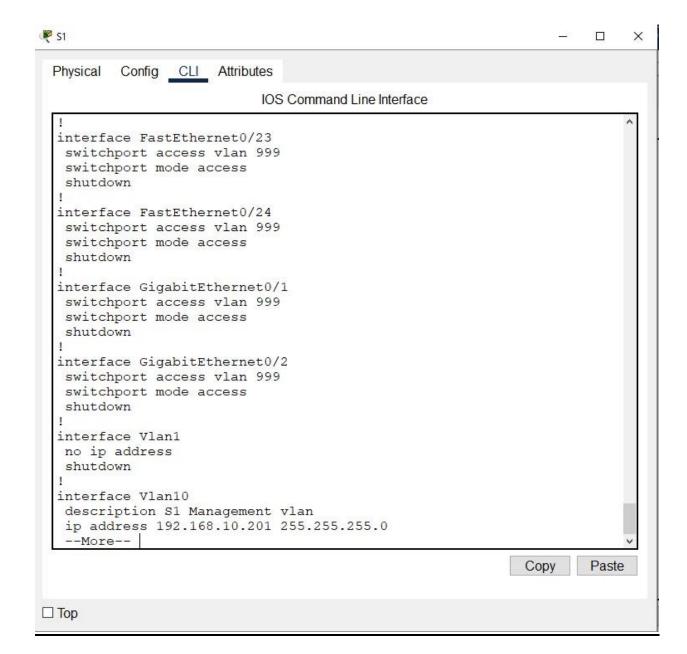
₹ S1



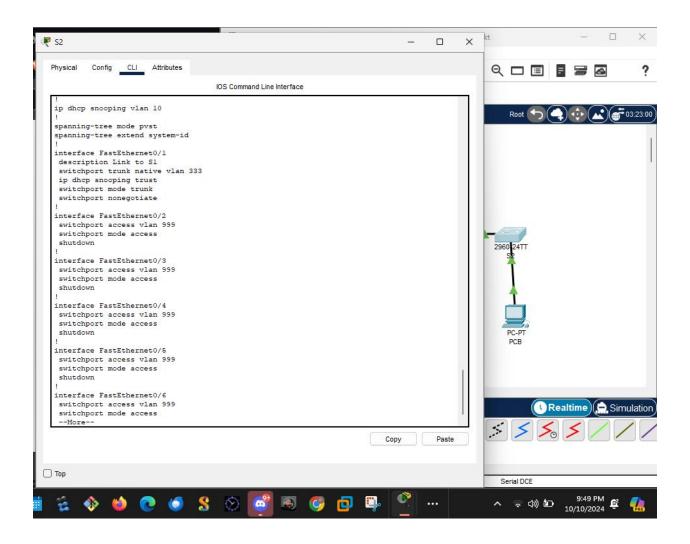
```
switchport port-security aging time 60
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
interface FastEthernet0/7
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/8
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
1
interface FastEthernet0/9
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/10
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/11
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
```

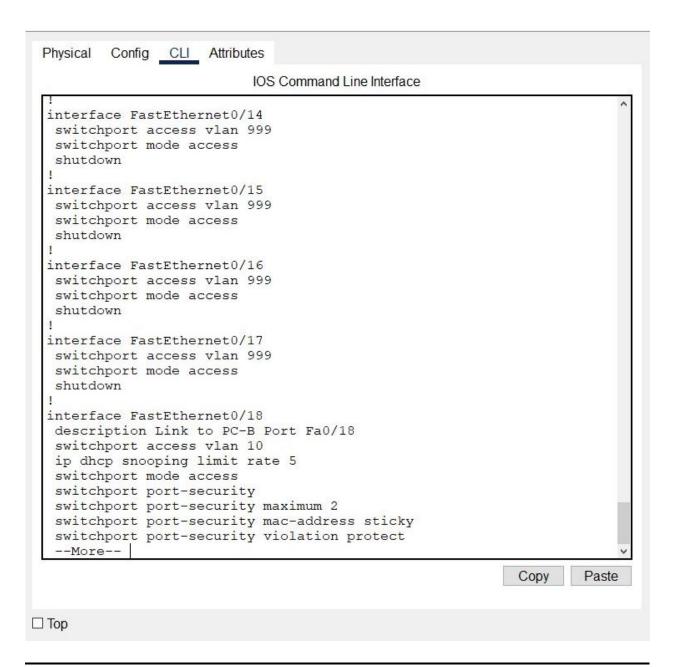
Paste Copy

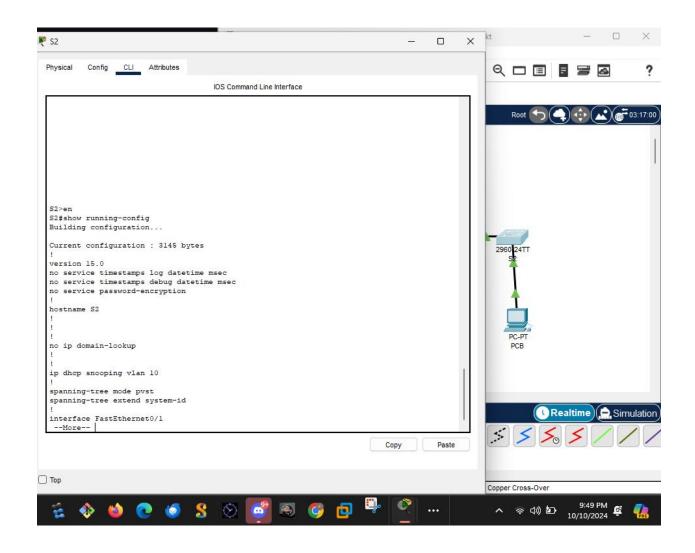
☐ Top



```
×
₹ S1
                                                                     Config CLI Attributes
 Physical
                           IOS Command Line Interface
  shutdown
  interface Vlan10
  description S1 Management vlan
  ip address 192.168.10.201 255.255.255.0
  ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1
  line con 0
  line vty 0 4
  login
  line vty 5 15
  login
  1
  !
  1
  end
```











# **CONCLUSION**

In this lab, I learned how to configure VLANs on Switches, how to configure Switch Security. After the configurations have been saved, I was able to verify my configuration by testing for network connectivity.

I met a lot of new concepts which were new to me, which made me to research more to ensure I learn a lot on the areas. I surely learnt a lot.