LOTUS TEMPLE

Introduction

The Lotus Temple, located in New Delhi, India, is one of the most unique and beautiful architectural marvels in the country. Shaped like a lotus flower, it is a Bahá'í House of Worship and a symbol of peace, purity, and unity. Its serene atmosphere and stunning design attract millions of visitors from across the globe every year.

Architectural Beauty

The temple was completed in **1986** and designed by Iranian architect **Fariborz Sahba**. It is made of **white marble** and consists of **27 free-standing petals** arranged in clusters to form the shape of a blooming

lotus. The temple has **nine doors** that open into a central prayer hall that can hold around **2,500 people**. The design is inspired by the lotus, a symbol that is sacred in many religions such as Hinduism, Buddhism, and Jainism.

Spiritual and Cultural Significance

The Lotus Temple belongs to the **Bahá'í Faith**, which believes in **unity of all religions and humanity**. Unlike other religious places,
the temple has **no idols, rituals, or sermons**. People of **all faiths and backgrounds** are welcome to sit in silence,
meditate, and pray according to their own
beliefs. It promotes values like **peace**, **equality, and brotherhood**.

Tourist Attraction

Apart from its spiritual purpose, the Lotus
Temple is a major tourist attraction in Delhi.
Its beautiful gardens, calm ambiance, and
striking design make it a favorite among
visitors. The temple has received numerous
international awards for its architectural
excellence and has been featured in various
magazines and documentaries around the
world.

Conclusion

The Lotus Temple is not just a place of worship, but also a symbol of **unity**, **beauty**, **and peace**. It teaches us to respect all religions and live in harmony. Visiting the temple leaves one with a sense of calm and inspiration. It truly stands as a modern

architectural wonder and a spiritual haven for people from all walks of life.