

# Winning Space Race with Data Science

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### Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

### **Executive Summary**

#### **Summary of methodologies**

- Data collection
- Data wrangling
- EDA with data visualization
- EDA with SQL
- Building an interactive map with Folium
- Building a Dashboard with Plotly Dash
- Predictive analysis (Classification)

#### **Summary of all results**

- Exploratory data analysis results
- Interactive analytics demo in screenshots
- Predictive analysis results

#### Introduction

#### Project background and context

We predicted if the Falcon 9 first stage will land successfully. SpaceX advertises Falcon 9 rocket launches on its website, with a cost of 62 million dollars; other providers cost upward of 165 million dollars each, much of the savings is because SpaceX can reuse the first stage. Therefore, if we can determine if the first stage will land, we can determine the cost of a launch. This information can be used if an alternate company wants to bid against SpaceX for a rocket launch.

#### Common problems that needed solving.

- What influences if the rocket will land successfully?
- The effect each relationship with certain rocket variables will impact in determining the success rate of a successful landing.
- What conditions does SpaceX have to achieve to get the best results and ensure the best rocket success landing rate.



### Methodology

#### **Data collection methodology**

- SpaceX Rest API
- (Web Scrapping) from Wikipedia

#### **Performed data wrangling (Transforming data for Machine Learning)**

One Hot Encoding data fields for Machine Learning and dropping irrelevant columns

#### Performed exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL

• Plotting: Scatter Graphs, Bar Graphs to show relationships between variables to show patterns of data.

# Performed interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash Performed predictive analysis using classification models

How to build, tune, evaluate classification models

### Methodology

- The following datasets was collected by
- We worked with SpaceX launch data that is gathered from the SpaceX REST API.
- This API will give us data about launches, including information about the rocket used, payload delivered, launch specifications, landing specifications, and landing outcome.
- Our goal is to use this data to predict whether SpaceX will attempt to land a rocket or not.
- The SpaceX REST API endpoints, or URL, starts with api.spacexdata.com/v4/.
- Another popular data source for obtaining Falcon 9 Launch data is web scraping Wikipedia using BeautifulSoup.

### Data Collection – SpaceX API

- 1. Getting Response from API
- 2. Converting Response to a .json file
- 3. Apply custom functions to clean data
- 4. Assign list to dictionary then dataframe
- 5. Filter dataframe and export to flat file (.csv)

```
spacex url="https://api.spacexdata.com/v4/launches/past"
response = requests.get(spacex url).json()
response = requests.get(static json url).json()
data = pd.json normalize(response)
getLaunchSite(data)
getPayloadData(data)
getCoreData(data)
getBoosterVersion(data)
launch dict = {'FlightNumber': list(data['flight number']),
 'Date': list(data['date']),
 'BoosterVersion':BoosterVersion,
 'PayloadMass':PayloadMass,
 'Orbit':Orbit,
 'LaunchSite':LaunchSite,
 'Outcome':Outcome,
 'Flights':Flights,
 'GridFins':GridFins,
 'Reused':Reused,
 'Legs':Legs,
 'LandingPad':LandingPad,
 'Block': Block,
 'ReusedCount':ReusedCount,
 'Serial':Serial,
 'Longitude': Longitude,
'Latitude': Latitude}
data falcon9 = df.loc[df['BoosterVersion']!="Falcon 1"]
data falcon9.to csv('dataset part 1.csv', index=False)
```

### **Data Collection - Scraping**

#### 1 .Getting Response from HTML

```
page = requests.get(static_url)
```

#### 2. Creating BeautifulSoup Object

```
soup = BeautifulSoup(page.text, 'html.parser')
```

#### 3. Finding tables

```
html_tables = soup.find_all('table')
```

#### 4. Getting column names

```
column_names = []
temp = soup.find_all('th')
for x in range(len(temp)):
    try:
    name = extract_column_from_header(temp[x]
    if (name is not None and len(name) > 0):
        column_names.append(name)
    except:
    pass
```

#### 5. Creation of dictionary

```
launch_dict= dict.fromkeys(column_names)

# Remove an irrelvant column

del launch_dict['Date and time ( )']

launch_dict['Flight No.'] = []
launch_dict['Launch site'] = []
launch_dict['Payload'] = []
launch_dict['Payload mass'] = []
launch_dict['Orbit'] = []
launch_dict['Customer'] = []
launch_dict['Launch outcome'] = []
launch_dict['Version Booster']=[]
launch_dict['Booster landing']=[]
launch_dict['Date']=[]
launch_dict['Time']=[]
```

#### 6. Appending data to keys

```
extracted_row = 0

#Extract each table
for table_number,table in enumerate(
    # get table row
    for rows in table.find_all("tr");
        #check to see if first table
```

### 7. Converting dictionary to dataframe

```
df = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(launch_dict)
```

#### 8. Dataframe to .CSV

```
df.to_csv('spacex_web_scraped.csv', index=False)
```

### **Data Wrangling**

#### Introduction

In the data set, there are several different cases where the booster did not land successfully. Sometimes a landing was attempted but failed due to an accident; for example, True Ocean means the mission outcome was successfully landed to a specific region of the ocean while False Ocean means the mission outcome was unsuccessfully landed to a specific region of the ocean. True RTLS means the mission outcome was successfully landed to a ground pad False RTLS means the mission outcome was unsuccessfully landed to a ground pad. True ASDS means the mission outcome was successfully landed on a drone ship False ASDS means the mission outcome was unsuccessfully landed on a drone ship. We mainly convert those outcomes into Training Labels with 1 means the booster successfully landed 0 means it was unsuccessful.

#### **Process**

Perform Exploratory Data Analysis EDA on dataset

Calculate the number of launches at each site

Calculate the number and occurrence of each orbit

Calculate the number and occurrence of mission outcome per orbit type

Export dataset as .csv

Create a landing outcome label from Outcome column

Work out success rate for every landing in dataset

### **EDA** with Data Visualization

#### **Scatter Graphs**

Flight Number VS. Payload Mass

Flight Number VS. Launch Site

Payload VS. Launch Site

Orbit VS. Flight Number

Payload VS. Orbit Type

Orbit VS. payload Mass

Scatter plot shows how much one variable is affected by another. The relationship between two variable is called their correlation. scatter plots usually consist of a large body of data

#### **Bar Graph**

Mean VS. Orbit

A bar diagram makes it easy to compare sets of data between different group at a glance.

The graph represents categories on one axis and a discrete value in the other. The goal is to show the relationship betwen two axes. Bar charts can also show big changes in

#### **Line Graph**

Success rate VS. Year

Line graphs are useful in that they show data variables and trends very clearly and can help to make predictions about the results of data not yet recorded

### EDA with SQL

#### Performed SQL queries to gather information about the dataset.

For example of some questions we were asked about the data we needed information about. Which we are using SQL queries to get the answers in the dataset :

- Displaying the names of the unique launch sites in the space mission
- Displaying 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'KSC'
- Displaying the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)
- Displaying average payload mass carried by booster version F9 vl.l
- Listing the date where the successful landing outcome in drone ship was achieved.
- Listing the names of the boosters which have success in ground pad and have payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000
- Listing the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
- Listing the names of the booster\_versions which have carried the maximum payload mass.
- Listing the records which will display the month names, successful landing\_outcomes in ground pad ,booster versions, launch\_site for the months in year 2017
- Ranking the count of successful landing\_outcomes between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20 in descending order.

### Build an Interactive Map with Folium

**To visualize the Launch Data into an interactive map**. We took the Latitude and Longitude Coordinates at each launch site and added a Circle Marker around each launch site with a label of the name of the launch site.

We assigned the dataframe launch\_outcomes(failures, successes) to classes O and 1 with Green and Red markers on the map in a MarkerCluster()

**Using Haversine's formula** we calculated the distance from the Launch Site to various landmarks to find various trends about what is around the Launch Site to measure patterns. Lines are drawn on the map to measure distance to landmarks

#### Example of some trends in which the Launch Site is situated in.

- Are launch sites in close proximity to railways? No
- Are launch sites in close proximity to highways? No
- Are launch sites in close proximity to coastline? Yes
- •Do launch sites keep certain distance away from cities? Yes

### Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

# Used Python Anywhere to host the website live 24/7 so your can play around with the data and view the data

The dashboard is built with Flask and Dash web framework.

#### **Graphs**

- Pie Chart showing the total launches by a certain site/all sites
  - -display relative proportions of multiple classes of data.
  - -size of the circle can be made proportional to the total quantity it represents.

### Scatter Graph showing the relationship with Outcome and Payload Mass (Kg) for the different Booster Versions

- It shows the relationship between two variables.
- It is the best method to show you a non-linear pattern.
- The range of data flow, i.e. maximum and minimum value, can be determined.
- Observation and reading are straightforward.

### Predictive Analysis (Classification)

#### **BUILDING MODEL**

- Load our dataset into NumPy and Pandas
- Transform Data
- Split our data into training and test data sets
- Check how many test samples we have
- Decide which type of machine learning algorithms we want to use
- Set our parameters and algorithms to GridSearchCV
- Fit our datasets into the GridSearchCV objects and train our dataset.

#### **EVALUATING MODEL**

- Check accuracy for each model
- Get tuned hyperparameters for each type of algorithms
- Plot Confusion Matrix

#### **IMPROVING MODEL**

- Feature Engineering
- Algorithm Tuning

#### FINDING THE BEST PERFORMING CLASSIFICATION MODEL

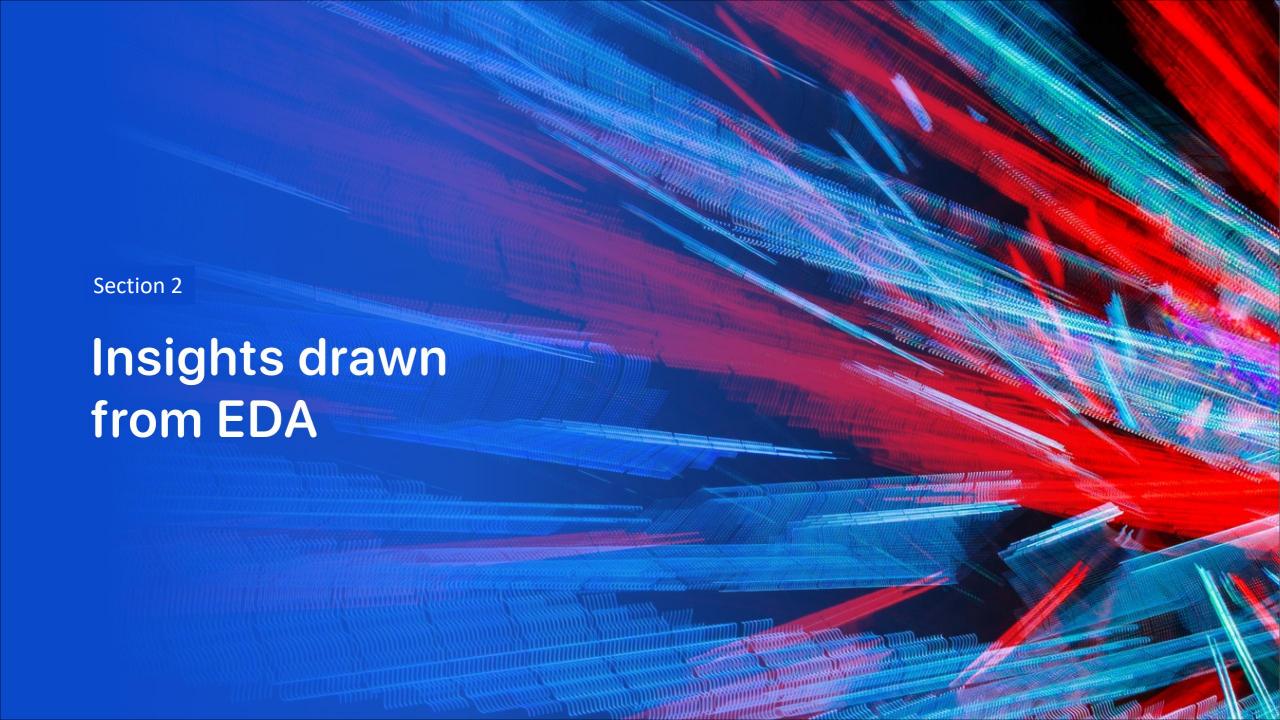
- The model with the best accuracy score wins the best performing model
- In the notebook there is a dictionary of algorithms with scores at the bottom of the notebook.

### Results

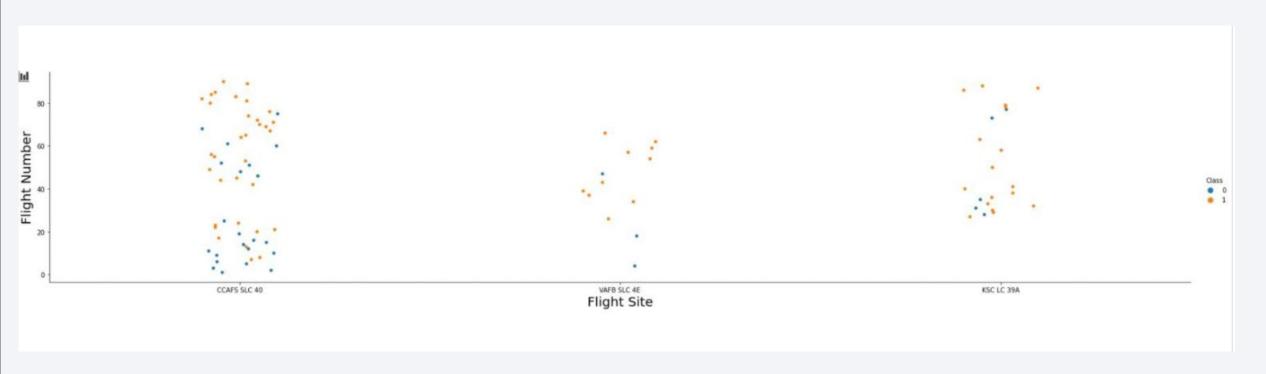
**Exploratory data analysis results** 

Interactive analytics demo in screenshots

**Predictive analysis results** 



### Payload vs. Launch Site



The more amount of flight at a launch site the greater the success rate at a launch site

# Flight Number vs. Launch Site

 Show a scatter plot of Flight Number vs. Launch Site

# Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

 Show a bar chart for the success rate of each orbit type

# Flight Number vs. Orbit Type

 Show a scatter point of Flight number vs. Orbit type

# Payload vs. Orbit Type

 Show a scatter point of payload vs. orbit type

# Launch Success Yearly Trend

 Show a line chart of yearly average success rate

### All Launch Site Names

- · Find the names of the unique launch sites
- · Present your query result with a short explanation here

# Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

- Find 5 records where launch sites begin with `CCA`
- · Present your query result with a short explanation here

### Total Payload Mass

- · Calculate the total payload carried by boosters from NASA
- · Present your query result with a short explanation here

### Average Payload Mass by F9 vl.1

- Calculate the average payload mass carried by booster version F9
   v1.1
- · Present your query result with a short explanation here

# First Successful Ground Landing Date

- Find the dates of the first successful landing outcome on ground pad
- · Present your query result with a short explanation here

### Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

• List the names of boosters which have successfully landed on drone ship and had payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000

· Present your query result with a short explanation here

### Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

- Calculate the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
- · Present your query result with a short explanation here

# Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

- List the names of the booster which have carried the maximum payload mass
- · Present your query result with a short explanation here

### 2015 Launch Records

• List the failed landing\_outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for in year 2015

• Present your query result with a short explanation here

### Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

• Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order

· Present your query result with a short explanation here



# < Folium Map Screenshot 1>

• Replace < Folium map screenshot 1> title with an appropriate title

• Explore the generated folium map and make a proper screenshot to include all launch sites' location markers on a global map

# < Folium Map Screenshot 2>

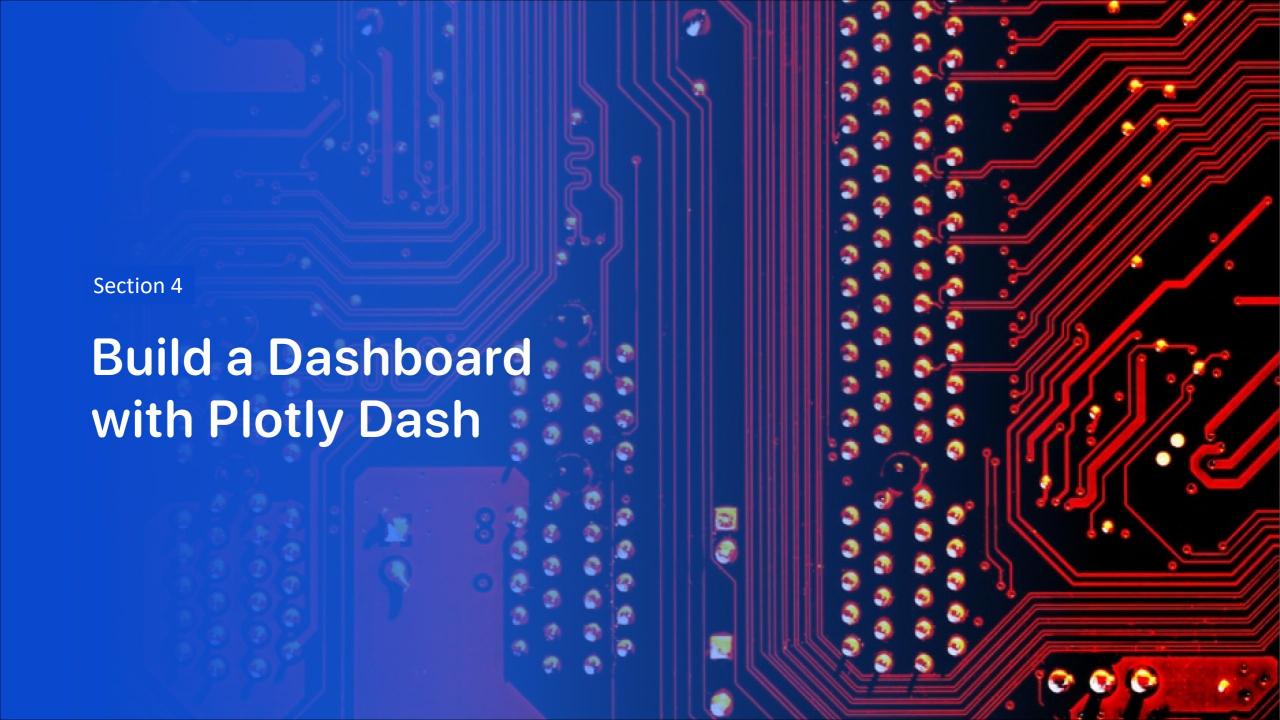
• Replace < Folium map screenshot 2> title with an appropriate title

• Explore the folium map and make a proper screenshot to show the color-labeled launch outcomes on the map

# < Folium Map Screenshot 3>

• Replace < Folium map screenshot 3> title with an appropriate title

• Explore the generated folium map and show the screenshot of a selected launch site to its proximities such as railway, highway, coastline, with distance calculated and displayed



# < Dashboard Screenshot 1>

• Replace < Dashboard screenshot 1> title with an appropriate title

• Show the screenshot of launch success count for all sites, in a piechart

# < Dashboard Screenshot 2>

• Replace < Dashboard screenshot 2> title with an appropriate title

• Show the screenshot of the piechart for the launch site with highest launch success ratio

# < Dashboard Screenshot 3>

• Replace < Dashboard screenshot 3> title with an appropriate title

 Show screenshots of Payload vs. Launch Outcome scatter plot for all sites, with different payload selected in the range slider

• Explain the important elements and findings on the screenshot, such as which payload range or booster version have the largest success rate, etc.



### Classification Accuracy

• Visualize the built model accuracy for all built classification models, in a bar chart

• Find which model has the highest classification accuracy

## Confusion Matrix

• Show the confusion matrix of the best performing model with an explanation

# Conclusions

- Point 1
- Point 2
- Point 3
- Point 4

•

### Appendix

 Include any relevant assets like Python code snippets, SQL queries, charts, Notebook outputs, or data sets that you may have created during this project

