

Id Attribute

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“Id” is short for “identification”. One of the most popular attributes is the id attribute.

The id attribute specifies a unique name for an HTML element.

For example, you can assign a specific `<p>` element the id (name) “paragraph” as follows:

```
<p id="paragraph">This is some text.</p>
```

Now that you have that id, you can reference (bring up; refer to) it in your code later.

You will learn exactly how to do this and why it's useful in an upcoming step.

Ids are specific and you can only utilize one id per element. For example, you cannot assign the same `<h1>` element two different ids. Also, you cannot use the same id name for two different elements. For example, this would be incorrect:

```
<h2 id="heading"></h2>  
<h3 id="heading"></h3>
```

Ids must be specific to one element and cannot contain any spaces.